

Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)

Annual Data Report

2022

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Data presented are for clients reported to the HRSA HAB ADAP Data Report (ADR) reporting system for calendar years 2018 through 2022.

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Information about the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program: ryanwhite.hrsa.gov

Information about the RWHAP AIDS Drug Assistance Program: ryanwhite.hrsa.gov/about/parts-and-initiatives/part-b-adap

Educational and technical assistance materials about HIV and RWHAP: targethiv.org

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COMMENTARY

The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) provides a comprehensive system of HIV health care, essential support services, and medications for more than half a million people with HIV in the United States. The RWHAP has five statutorily defined Parts that provide funding for core medical and support services, technical assistance, clinical training, and the development of innovative models of care to meet the needs of communities and populations affected by HIV. The RWHAP legislation authorizes that a portion of RWHAP Part B funds be designated for the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP), which provides U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)–approved medications and health care coverage to people with HIV who have lower incomes. RWHAP ADAP provides grant funding to all 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and six U.S. Pacific territories.

RWHAP ADAP, hereafter referred to as ADAP, funds may be used to provide HIV and HIV-related medications and access to medications through the purchase of health care coverage for eligible clients and, in some circumstances, for services that enhance access to, adherence to, and monitoring of treatments. ADAP is critical to ensuring that people with HIV can afford and adhere to medication regimens and remain virally suppressed. People with HIV who reach and maintain viral suppression cannot sexually transmit HIV to their partners and can live longer and healthier lives. The medication and health care coverage assistance offered by ADAP is crucial for attaining optimal HIV health outcomes among people with HIV, for preventing further transmission of the virus, and, ultimately, for ending the HIV epidemic.



HISTORY OF HRSA'S RWHAP AIDS DRUG ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The RWHAP is administered by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB). The RWHAP legislation was first enacted in 1990 when Congress passed the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency (CARE) Act to address the crisis of the HIV epidemic in the United States. This statute has been amended and reauthorized in 1996, 2000, 2006, and, most recently, in 2009 as the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Extension Act of 2009.

In 1987, the FDA approved the drug zidovudine (AZT) to treat HIV in the United States [1]. At that time, the cost of this drug was about \$10,000 per year, per person—preventing access for most people with HIV [1]. In 1991, HRSA launched the AZT Drug Reimbursement Program with \$30 million appropriated by Congress under a public health emergency provision, allowing low-income people with HIV access to HIV treatment [1]. HRSA's AZT Drug Reimbursement Program laid the foundation for ADAP, which was authorized under the CARE Act in 1996 as a separate line item under Title II (Part B) and classified as a core medical service.

Each state or territory operates an ADAP. Each ADAP is unique due to the state's or territory's HIV epidemic, health care system, and administrative structures used to ensure that HIV medications are available to eligible people with HIV [1]. The purpose of ADAP, as stated in the RWHAP statute, is “to provide therapeutics to treat HIV or prevent the serious deterioration of health arising from HIV in eligible individuals, including measures for the prevention and treatment of opportunistic infections” [2]. To be eligible to receive ADAP services, a client must have a documented diagnosis of HIV, have low income (as defined by the recipient; may be determined based on percentage of the federal poverty level [FPL]), and meet the residency criteria established by that jurisdiction's ADAP [3].

Since Congress first appropriated funds for ADAP in 1996, ADAPs have expanded considerably, as has the availability of antiretroviral therapy (ART). Between 1996 and ADAP's reauthorization in 2000, funding for ADAP increased from \$52 million to \$528 million. In addition, for the first time in 2000, ADAPs were permitted to pay health care coverage costs to support coverage of HIV-related medications [1,2]. In 2006, Congress appropriated additional funding in a continued effort to reach underserved populations. During the 2009 reauthorization of ADAP, the funding level reached approximately \$900 million in fiscal year 2011 [1,2] and has remained generally level since then.

The important role of ADAPs is evidenced by the following:

- Increased and improved HIV testing, resulting in more people knowing their HIV status
- Increased number of people on ART after the HHS guidelines indicated the need for early treatment of people with HIV [4]
- More people with HIV living longer
- Increased cost of medications and health care coverage
- Increased number of people who are virally suppressed, which reduces transmission

As is true for the entire RWHAP, ADAPs serve as the payor of last resort. ADAP grant recipients and subrecipients are expected to enroll clients into health care coverage for which the client may be eligible (i.e., Medicare, Medicaid, or other public and private plans). ADAPs coordinate with other payors and programs to ensure clients have access to HIV medications [1].



ABOUT THE ADAP DATA REPORT

This report is HRSA HAB's annual publication of national ADAP data from the ADAP Data Report (ADR) reporting system. It includes de-identified data for all clients enrolled in ADAP during calendar years 2018 through 2022, as submitted to HRSA by ADAPs from each of the 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. A national partner organization, NASTAD (formerly known as the National Alliance of State and Territorial AIDS Directors), also publishes an annual report called the *National RWHAP Part B ADAP Monitoring Project Annual Report*, which places the ADAP structure, budget, and service utilization within the broader RWHAP Part B system. NASTAD's report is based on aggregate-level, point-in-time data that NASTAD collects directly from RWHAP Part B and ADAPs. Therefore, the information presented in this RWHAP ADAP Annual Data Report, based on client-level data across the calendar year, may differ from the information presented in NASTAD's report.

Data submitted through the ADR include client demographics, socioeconomic factors (e.g., income as a percentage of the FPL, health care coverage), and service utilization among clients enrolled in ADAP. These data can be used to evaluate the reach and impact of ADAP on national and state/territory levels.

An ADAP client is any person who is certified as eligible to receive ADAP services during the reporting period, regardless of whether they used ADAP services during the reporting period. The ADR data do not include information about clients receiving non-ADAP RWHAP Parts A–D services, such as core medical and support services; however, many ADAP clients also receive these services [7]. Together, ADAP services and RWHAP direct health care and support services create a comprehensive system of care and treatment for people with HIV. Data for clients receiving non-ADAP RWHAP Parts A–D

services are reported to HRSA through the RWHAP Services Report (RSR) and are published annually in the RWHAP Annual Data Report [6].



REPORT CONSIDERATIONS

This report updates the most recent *RWHAP ADAP Annual Data Report* (published in September 2023) with one new year of data: January 2022 through December 2022. ADAP client data for the state of Maryland (2021) and service-received data for the state of Indiana (2022) are not included in this report or the accompanying tables as the data were unavailable at the time of publication.

The Ending the HIV Epidemic in the U.S. (EHE) initiative, which began in 2020, aims to reduce new HIV transmissions, expanding on the RWHAP’s comprehensive system of care to focus on people with HIV who are unaware of their status and people with HIV who are not receiving regular care [7]. The EHE initiative impacts the RWHAP and ADAP by connecting new and re-engaged people with HIV to medical care rapidly and effectively to reach sustained viral suppression. To reflect this impact, two new data tables were added to this report focused on newly enrolled ADAP clients showing (1) selected characteristics and ADAP services received by year and (2) number enrolled by year and state (Tables 1b and 6b).

As mentioned previously, each state or territory operates a unique ADAP, which may introduce some variability in reported data.



HIGHLIGHTS OF ANALYSES

ADAP Clients

ADAPs served nearly 300,000 people with HIV in 2022. From 2018 through 2022, the total number of people with HIV enrolled in ADAP increased by about 6,000 clients, from 285,101 clients in 2018 to 291,170 clients in 2022 (Table 1a). Among those clients, 34,848 (12.0%) were newly enrolled in ADAP. The total number of ADAP clients has not increased proportionately with the number of new ADAP clients, likely due to disenrollments. Reasons for disenrollment include ineligibility, failure to recertify,

noncompliance with medication adherence, death, or other reasons. By state, the data have shown variability since 2018 (Table 6a, Table 6b); these shifts may be attributed to a variety of reasons, including changes to data collection, each state’s health care landscape, eligibility requirements, or other factors.

ADAPs served

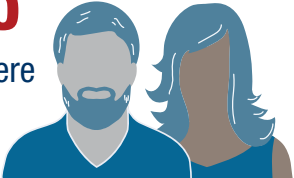
291,170

people with HIV

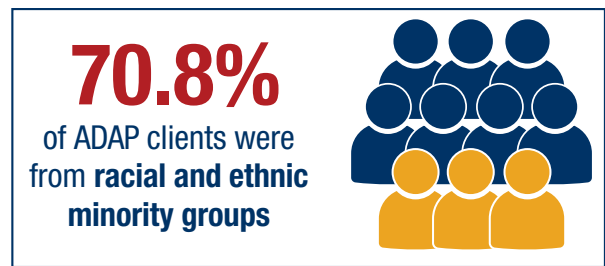
Nearly half of ADAP clients are aged 50 years or older. In 2022, ADAP clients aged 50 years or older accounted for 46.8% of all ADAP clients, an increase from 43.7% of clients in 2018 (Table 1a). By comparison, only 25.5% of new ADAP clients in 2022 were aged 50 years or older (Table 1b).

46.8%

of ADAP clients were aged 50 years and older



Seven out of 10 ADAP clients are from racial/ethnic minority populations. In 2022, 37.9% of clients self-identified as Black/African American, 29.7% as Hispanic/Latino, and less than 2% each as Asian, people of multiple races, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander. White clients represented 29.2% of all ADAP clients. These race/ethnicity distributions have remained consistent since 2018 (Table 1a).



ADAP clients from racial/ethnic minority populations are younger than White clients. In 2022, 63.4% of White ADAP clients were aged 50 years or older, compared with 49.2% of American Indian/Alaska Native clients, 41.9% of Black/African American clients, 40.8% of clients of multiple races, 40.5% of Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander clients, 38.1% of Hispanic/Latino clients, and 37.7% of Asian clients (Table 2).

Socioeconomic Factors Among ADAP Clients

Nearly half of ADAP clients are living at or below 100% FPL. In 2022, 43.6% of ADAP clients were living at or below 100% FPL, remaining stable since 2018 (43.5%) (Table 1a). By comparison, more than half (57.4%) of newly enrolled ADAP clients in 2022 were living at or below 100% FPL, an increase since 2018 (50.9%) (Table 1b).

Higher percentages of ADAP clients from racial and ethnic minority groups are living at or below 100% FPL compared to White ADAP clients. In 2022, Hispanic/Latino clients had the highest percentage at or below 100% FPL (49.9%), followed by American Indian/Alaska Native clients (47.8%), Black/African American clients (47.4%), clients of multiple races (39.3%), Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander clients (36.8%), Asian clients (35.0%), and White clients (32.7%) (Table 2).

More than one-third of all ADAP clients have no health care coverage, and more than one-half of newly enrolled ADAP clients have no health care coverage. In 2022, 34.8% of ADAP clients had no health care coverage (Table 1a). Although this percentage has remained largely consistent since 2018, it varies by race/ethnicity. While 17.7% of White clients had no health care coverage, 47.7% of Hispanic/Latino clients and 37.7% of Black/African American clients had no health care coverage in 2022 (Table 2). More than half (55.9%) of newly enrolled ADAP clients had no health care coverage in 2022, a small increase since 2018 (52.4%) (Table 1b).

Service Utilization

An increased percentage of clients are receiving a combination of ADAP services. The percentage of clients receiving multiple services increased from 28.6% in 2018 to 31.8% in 2022 (Table 1a). Less than half (43.8%) received only full-pay medication support in 2022. By comparison, among newly enrolled ADAP clients in 2022, 70.4% received only full-pay medication support and 14.8% received multiple services (Table 1b).

The percentage of clients receiving only full-pay medication support is highest among younger adults, whereas the percentage receiving only medication co-pay/deductible assistance is highest among older adults. In 2022, the percentage of clients who received only full-pay medication support was highest among young adult clients aged 20 to 24 years (70.5%) and lower for each older age group up to those aged 65 years and older (14.3%). The percentage of clients who received only

medication co-pay/deductible assistance was lowest among younger adults aged 20 to 24 years (8.2%) and higher for each older age group up to those aged 65 years and older (45.1%). The percentages of clients who received multiple ADAP services ranged from 18.0% among those aged 20 to 24 years to 36.2% among those aged 65 and older, generally increasing by each older age group. The distributions of the percentages of clients receiving only health care coverage premium assistance were low (average 5.4%) and relatively even across age groups (Table 5).

The distribution of ADAP services received differs for clients from racial and ethnic minority groups and White clients. Compared with clients of other races/ethnicities, higher percentages of Black/African American and Hispanic/Latino clients received only full-pay medication support (46.6% and 60.8%, respectively), and lower percentages of Black/African American and Hispanic/Latino clients received only medication co-pay (17.3% and 11.0%, respectively) or multiple services (29.9% and 24.4%, respectively). Hispanic/Latino clients had the lowest percentage to receive only health care coverage premium assistance (3.8%). By comparison, White clients had the lowest percentage to receive only full-pay medication support (21.6%), the highest percentage to receive only medication co-pay/deductible assistance (29.4%), and the highest percentage to receive multiple services (42.1%) (Table 5).

TECHNICAL NOTES

The ADR is HRSA HAB's primary source of annual data to evaluate the reach of ADAP on a national level. The ADR allows HRSA HAB to describe individuals enrolled in the program, the ADAP-funded services being used, and the costs associated with these services [8].

The ADR was developed and implemented in 2013. RWHAP Part B ADAP recipients in the 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands are required to submit ADR data as a condition of the Part B grant award (the remaining five U.S. Pacific territories do not have this requirement). The ADR consists of two components: (1) the Recipient Report and (2) the Client Report. The Recipient Report is a collection of information about ADAP administration, funding, and policies.

The Client Report is a collection of de-identified client data that includes each ADAP client's basic demographic data, enrollment and certification information, and de-identified data for clients enrolled during the calendar year reporting period (January 1 to December 31) [8].

Although the ADR may include clients who received both ADAP and non-ADAP RWHAP services during the reporting period, ADR data do not include information on non-ADAP RWHAP services (e.g., outpatient ambulatory health services), nor does the ADR collect information to identify which clients overlap with non-ADAP RWHAP services. De-identified client data from non-ADAP RWHAP services are reported through another data system and are published annually in the *RWHAP Annual Data Report* [6].

PRESENTATION OF DATA

The data in this report include information received by HRSA HAB for all ADAP clients during calendar years 2018–2022. The purpose of the client demographics is to describe the sociodemographic characteristics of all clients **enrolled in ADAP, regardless of whether they received services** (i.e., a client can be enrolled in ADAP but not use a service) [8].

- Tables 1–5: National-level data—Numbers and percentages of ADAP clients, presented by year, selected demographic variables, HHS region, and ADAP (i.e., non-RSR) services received
- Tables 6–10: State/territory-level data—Numbers and percentages of ADAP clients by state or territory, presented by selected demographic variables and ADAP (i.e., non-RSR) services received

Tables 1–5 display subtotals and the overall totals for each subpopulation. The subtotals are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation. In some cases, percentages may not sum to 100.0% due to rounding. Due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total.

ADAP Clients

To be eligible to receive ADAP services, a client must have a documented diagnosis of HIV, have low income (as defined by the recipient; may be determined based on percentage of the FPL), and meet the residency criteria established by that jurisdiction's ADAP [3]. An ADAP client is any person who is certified as eligible to receive ADAP services during the reporting period, regardless of whether the person used ADAP services during the reporting period. In the event of a funding shortage, clients may be placed on a waiting list; however, in 2022, there were no ADAP waiting lists. A newly enrolled ADAP client is a client who has enrolled during the reporting period for the first time ever in the state [8].

Age Group

ADAP recipients are required to report the ADAP client's year of birth. This information is used to calculate the client's age during the designated year as a discrete variable. For tables displaying age groups (Tables 1–5), client ages were categorized to align with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National HIV Surveillance System age group delineations. The age group delineations are as follows: <13, 13–14, 15–19, 20–24, 25–29, 30–34, 35–39, 40–44, 45–49, 50–54, 55–59, 60–64, and ≥65 years. In Table 7, client ages were categorized using broader age group delineations: <13, 13–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, 55–64, and ≥65 years [9].

Race/Ethnicity

ADAP recipients reported race/ethnicity information for ADAP clients according to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) reporting standards from the reporting year. The OMB standards have five categories for race: American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and White. Data on ethnicity have two categories: (1) Hispanic

or Latino and (2) not Hispanic or Latino. Race and ethnicity are submitted as separate variables and combined for analysis. In the analysis, the race/ethnicity variable is categorized as American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, White, and multiple races (two or more categories of race reported).

In this report, clients categorized as Hispanic/Latino may have had race reported as well. Clients categorized by race (e.g., Black/African American) are non-Hispanic/Latino; however, the number of clients reported in each “non-Hispanic/Latino” race category may include clients with missing data for Hispanic/Latino ethnicity.

ADAP recipients are expected to make every effort to obtain and report race and ethnicity based on each client's self-report. Self-identification is the preferred means of obtaining this information.

Federal Poverty Level

FPL characterizes the client's annual household income as a percentage of the FPL at the end of the reporting period. The poverty levels were categorized as 0–100% FPL, 101–138% FPL, 139–250% FPL, 251–400% FPL, and >400% FPL [9].

Health Care Coverage

ADAP recipients report all sources of health care coverage that each ADAP client had for any part of the reporting period, regardless of whether the ADAP paid for it. Health care coverage was categorized as private employer, private individual, Medicare, Medicaid, Medicare and Medicaid (dual eligibility), Veterans Administration, Indian Health Service, other plan, multiple coverages, and no coverage.

The Medicaid classification also includes the Children's Health Insurance Program (or CHIP) and other public state health care coverage programs. The Medicare Part D classification is a stand-alone prescription drug coverage insurance for clients on Medicare. Medicare Part C (or Medicare Advantage Plan) is another Medicare health plan choice offered by private companies approved by Medicare that offers Part A, Part B and Medicare prescription drug coverage (Part D).

ADAP Services

ADAP services include both full-pay medication assistance and health care coverage premium and cost-sharing assistance, which are provided to eligible clients enrolled in ADAP. All ADAP funds, regardless of their source (e.g., state funds, RWHAP Part B ADAP Base, RWHAP Part B Base, RWHAP Part B Supplemental Funding, ADAP Emergency Relief Funds, RWHAP Part A contributions, 340B rebates, ADAP Crisis Task Force Rebates), are reported in the ADR [8].

Medication assistance (i.e., full-pay medication support) is the use of ADAP funds to purchase FDA-approved medications for the treatment of HIV or for the prevention and treatment of opportunistic infections commonly associated with HIV and to support a client's retention in care.

Health care coverage assistance is the use of ADAP funds to pay for one or more of the following:

- Full premium payment
- Partial premium payment
- Medication co-pay/deductible (including Medicare Part D coinsurance, co-payment, or donut hole coverage)

A full premium payment means the ADAP pays 100% of the client's health care coverage premium. A partial payment means the ADAP pays a portion (i.e., <100%) of the health care coverage premium. A medication co-pay/deductible means the ADAP pays the co-pay/deductible for the client's HIV-related medication, including Medicare Part D–related costs. Medication co-pays, deductibles, and coinsurance are considered ADAP health care coverage assistance services, not ADAP medication assistance services [8].

States and Territories

State data are displayed in Tables 6–10. Clients enrolled in ADAP in multiple states are not de-duplicated and are included in each state's data; however, these clients make up less than 1% of all ADAP clients. In addition, data presented by state include data for all clients served by state ADAPs and are not separated by the type of ADAP-specific funding used (i.e., RWHAP Part B, RWHAP Part B Supplemental, and ADAP Emergency Relief Funds).

REFERENCES

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ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV prevention resources: cdc.gov/hiv

Health Resources and Services Administration, HIV/AIDS programs: ryanwhite.hrsa.gov

HIV.gov, the nation’s source for timely and relevant federal HIV policies, programs, and resources: [HIV.gov](https://hiv.gov)

HRSA Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Part B Grant Awards: ryanwhite.hrsa.gov/about/parts-and-initiatives/part-b-adap/fy-2022-grant-awards

Table 1a. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by year and selected characteristics and ADAP services received, 2018–2022—United States and 3 territories

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Age group (yrs)										
<13	216	0.1	213	0.1	169	0.1	126	<0.1	126	<0.1
13–14	71	<0.1	72	<0.1	68	<0.1	54	<0.1	47	<0.1
15–19	767	0.3	823	0.3	636	0.2	471	0.2	511	0.2
20–24	9,299	3.3	9,502	3.2	8,716	2.9	7,648	2.6	7,161	2.5
25–29	26,471	9.3	26,853	9.0	25,311	8.4	22,816	7.9	21,429	7.4
30–34	30,488	10.7	33,612	11.3	35,236	11.7	34,191	11.8	34,583	11.9
35–39	29,847	10.5	31,490	10.6	31,923	10.6	31,426	10.9	32,279	11.1
40–44	29,056	10.2	30,287	10.2	31,275	10.4	30,452	10.5	30,536	10.5
45–49	34,213	12.0	33,375	11.2	31,436	10.5	28,787	10.0	28,198	9.7
50–54	40,775	14.3	39,376	13.3	38,442	12.8	35,118	12.1	33,231	11.4
55–59	37,289	13.1	39,538	13.3	39,911	13.3	37,932	13.1	36,850	12.7
60–64	24,061	8.4	26,088	8.8	28,284	9.4	28,620	9.9	30,345	10.4
≥65	22,548	7.9	25,701	8.7	29,378	9.8	31,648	10.9	35,873	12.3
Subtotal	285,101	100.0	296,930	100.0	300,785	100.0	289,289	100.0	291,169	100.0
Race/ethnicity										
American Indian/Alaska Native	1,120	0.4	1,131	0.4	1,027	0.3	1,063	0.4	992	0.3
Asian	4,945	1.7	5,255	1.8	5,253	1.8	5,073	1.8	5,090	1.8
Black/African American	111,119	39.1	118,199	40.0	118,139	39.5	108,904	38.0	109,284	37.9
Hispanic/Latino ^a	74,810	26.4	79,367	26.9	82,445	27.6	82,606	28.8	85,666	29.7
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	494	0.2	533	0.2	529	0.2	603	0.2	486	0.2
White	88,638	31.2	88,090	29.8	88,588	29.6	86,031	30.0	84,061	29.2
Multiple races	2,766	1.0	2,933	1.0	2,858	1.0	2,416	0.8	2,395	0.8
Subtotal	283,892	100.0	295,508	100.0	298,839	100.0	286,696	100.0	287,974	100.0
Federal poverty level										
0–100%	122,516	43.5	127,739	43.5	140,851	47.7	133,617	46.9	123,608	43.6
101–138%	31,910	11.3	31,498	10.7	28,241	9.6	27,055	9.5	26,832	9.5
139–250%	76,828	27.3	79,535	27.1	68,975	23.4	68,980	24.2	70,699	24.9
251–400%	41,345	14.7	44,466	15.1	40,281	13.6	44,286	15.6	49,359	17.4
>400%	9,051	3.2	10,630	3.6	8,431	5.7	10,807	3.8	13,018	4.6
Subtotal	281,650	100.0	293,868	100.0	286,779	100.0	284,745	100.0	283,516	100.0
Health care coverage										
Private employer	22,107	7.8	23,689	8.3	21,530	7.4	20,596	7.2	21,857	7.7
Private individual	48,181	17.1	51,403	18.0	55,621	19.1	59,613	20.9	61,714	21.7
Medicare	41,300	14.6	38,249	13.4	38,969	13.4	39,714	13.9	40,788	14.3
Medicaid	30,755	10.9	31,037	10.9	31,381	10.8	29,221	10.2	30,872	10.8
Medicare and Medicaid	9,607	3.4	9,620	3.4	9,951	3.4	10,693	3.7	10,788	3.8
Veterans Administration	168	0.1	183	0.1	198	0.1	175	0.1	164	0.1
Indian Health Service	54	<0.1	57	<0.1	83	<0.1	65	<0.1	32	<0.1
Other plan	716	0.3	533	0.2	1,939	0.7	421	0.1	620	0.2
No coverage	108,492	38.4	109,599	38.4	108,589	37.4	104,226	36.5	98,990	34.8
Multiple coverages	21,014	7.4	20,925	7.3	22,379	7.7	20,576	7.2	18,807	6.6
Subtotal	282,394	100.0	285,295	100.0	290,640	100.0	285,300	100.0	284,632	100.0

Table 1a. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by year and selected characteristics and ADAP services received, 2018–2022—United States and 3 territories (cont.)

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Service received										
Full-pay medication support	111,167	47.7	117,039	46.8	115,718	48.9	107,334	45.5	98,263	43.8
Health care coverage premium assistance	10,121	4.3	11,024	4.4	12,635	5.0	10,914	4.6	12,648	5.6
Medication co-pay/deductible ^b	45,308	19.4	46,314	18.5	47,600	19.0	40,568	17.2	42,280	18.8
Multiple services	66,589	28.6	75,967	30.3	67,793	27.1	76,866	32.6	71,367	31.8
Subtotal	233,185	100.0	250,344	100.0	243,746	100.0	235,682	100.0	224,558	100.0
Total^c	285,101	—	296,930	—	300,785	—	289,289	—	291,170	—

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Note: ADAP client data for 2020 for federal poverty level and service received for the state of Pennsylvania, ADAP client data for 2021 for the state of Maryland, and ADAP client data for 2022 for service received for the state of Indiana are not included in this table as the data are unavailable at the time of publication.

^a Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

^b Includes Medicare Part D co-insurance, co-payment, or donut hole coverage.

^c Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100.0%.

Table 1b. Newly enrolled AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by year and selected characteristics and ADAP services received, 2018–2022—United States and 3 territories

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Age group (yrs)										
<13	64	0.2	71	0.2	51	0.1	34	0.1	37	0.1
13–14	20	<0.1	17	<0.1	13	<0.1	9	<0.1	9	<0.1
15–19	406	1.0	522	1.3	305	0.9	223	0.8	263	0.8
20–24	3,500	8.4	3,731	9.4	3,022	8.6	2,475	8.5	2,600	7.5
25–29	6,857	16.5	6,997	17.6	5,853	16.7	4,940	16.9	5,377	15.4
30–34	5,917	14.2	6,431	16.2	6,045	17.2	5,275	18.1	6,416	18.4
35–39	4,933	11.9	4,900	12.3	4,335	12.3	3,849	13.2	4,894	14.0
40–44	4,012	9.6	3,836	9.7	3,442	9.8	2,955	10.1	3,686	10.6
45–49	4,059	9.8	3,471	8.7	2,891	8.2	2,215	7.6	2,675	7.7
50–54	4,107	9.9	3,375	8.5	3,008	8.6	2,261	7.7	2,634	7.6
55–59	3,546	8.5	2,869	7.2	2,643	7.5	2,067	7.1	2,413	6.9
60–64	2,149	5.2	1,808	4.6	1,703	4.9	1,395	4.8	1,813	5.2
≥65	2,046	4.9	1,669	4.2	1,791	5.1	1,500	5.1	2,030	5.8
Subtotal	41,616	100.0	39,697	100.0	35,102	100.0	29,198	100.0	34,847	100.0
Race/ethnicity										
American Indian/Alaska Native	181	0.4	191	0.5	166	0.5	132	0.5	127	0.4
Asian	789	1.9	806	2.0	683	2.0	570	2.0	630	1.9
Black/African American	19,135	46.4	17,137	43.6	14,411	41.6	10,776	38.3	12,587	37.3
Hispanic/Latino ^a	9,632	23.4	10,047	25.5	9,093	26.3	8,682	30.9	11,167	33.1
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	77	0.2	84	0.2	83	0.2	74	0.3	67	0.2
White	11,005	26.7	10,645	27.1	9,843	28.4	7,652	27.2	8,859	26.3
Multiple races	429	1.0	439	1.1	345	1.0	243	0.9	307	0.9
Subtotal	41,248	100.0	39,349	100.0	34,624	100.0	28,129	100.0	33,744	100.0
Federal poverty level										
0–100%	20,989	50.9	21,481	54.2	20,420	58.5	16,771	58.0	19,839	57.4
101–138%	3,904	9.5	3,302	8.3	2,629	7.5	2,113	7.3	2,367	6.8
139–250%	9,655	23.4	9,040	22.8	6,689	19.2	5,660	19.6	6,670	19.3
251–400%	5,537	13.4	4,784	12.1	3,678	10.5	3,570	12.3	4,595	13.3
>400%	1,184	2.9	1,015	2.6	1,461	4.2	816	2.8	1,121	3.2
Subtotal	41,269	100.0	39,622	100.0	34,877	100.0	28,930	100.0	34,592	100.0
Health care coverage										
Private employer	2,488	6.0	2,822	7.4	2,422	7.1	2,022	7.0	2,738	7.9
Private individual	4,948	12.0	3,325	8.7	3,369	9.8	3,638	12.5	3,378	9.8
Medicare	3,390	8.2	2,277	6.0	2,217	6.5	1,845	6.3	2,289	6.6
Medicaid	4,836	11.7	4,928	13.0	3,883	11.3	3,063	10.5	4,421	12.8
Medicare and Medicaid	607	1.5	544	1.4	620	1.8	448	1.5	696	2.0
Veterans Administration	41	0.1	33	0.1	37	0.1	30	0.1	35	0.1
Indian Health Service	17	<0.1	25	0.1	24	0.1	9	<0.1	10	<0.1
Other plan	138	0.3	118	0.3	361	1.1	76	0.3	171	0.5
No coverage	21,642	52.4	22,374	58.8	19,452	56.8	16,690	57.4	19,324	55.9
Multiple coverages	3,195	7.7	1,597	4.2	1,841	5.4	1,253	4.3	1,508	4.4
Subtotal	41,302	100.0	38,043	100.0	34,226	100.0	29,074	100.0	34,570	100.0

Table 1b. Newly enrolled AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by year and selected characteristics and ADAP services received, 2018–2022—United States and 3 territories (cont.)

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Service received										
Full-pay medication support	18,761	62.2	21,343	70.2	18,824	71.0	14,924	69.3	16,789	70.4
Health care coverage premium assistance	1,484	4.9	1,103	3.6	1,021	3.9	831	3.9	790	3.3
Medication co-pay/deductible ^b	4,100	13.6	2,963	9.8	2,696	10.2	2,214	10.3	2,756	11.6
Multiple services	5,800	19.2	4,975	16.4	3,976	15.0	3,578	16.6	3,522	14.8
Subtotal	30,145	100.0	30,384	100.0	26,517	100.0	21,547	100.0	23,857	100.0
Total^c	41,616	—	39,697	—	35,102	—	29,198	—	34,848	—

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Note: ADAP client data for 2020 for federal poverty level and service received for the state of Pennsylvania, ADAP client data for 2021 for the state of Maryland, and ADAP client data for 2022 for service received for the state of Indiana are not included in this table as the data are unavailable at the time of publication.

^a Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

^b Includes Medicare Part D co-insurance, co-payment, or donut hole coverage.

^c Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100.0%.

Table 2. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by race/ethnicity and selected characteristics, 2022—United States and 3 territories

	American Indian/ Alaska Native		Asian		Black/ African American		Hispanic/Latino ^a		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		White		Multiple races		
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	Total N
Age group (yrs)															
<13	0	0.0	14	0.3	67	0.1	26	<0.1	0	0.0	13	<0.1	4	0.2	124
13–14	1	0.1	4	0.1	26	<0.1	7	<0.1	0	0.0	6	<0.1	2	0.1	46
15–19	1	0.1	17	0.3	248	0.2	177	0.2	1	0.2	50	0.1	8	0.3	502
20–24	25	2.5	113	2.2	3,541	3.2	2,273	2.7	11	2.3	919	1.1	83	3.5	6,965
25–29	89	9.0	407	8.0	9,953	9.1	6,895	8.0	43	8.8	3,347	4.0	247	10.3	20,981
30–34	109	11.0	665	13.1	15,476	14.2	11,057	12.9	55	11.3	6,298	7.5	354	14.8	34,014
35–39	90	9.1	684	13.4	12,930	11.8	11,088	12.9	58	11.9	6,707	8.0	266	11.1	31,823
40–44	98	9.9	656	12.9	11,088	10.1	11,195	13.1	60	12.3	6,887	8.2	267	11.1	30,251
45–49	91	9.2	611	12.0	10,211	9.3	10,268	12.0	61	12.6	6,518	7.8	184	7.7	27,944
50–54	132	13.3	619	12.2	11,719	10.7	10,477	12.2	40	8.2	9,729	11.6	243	10.1	32,959
55–59	129	13.0	495	9.7	12,638	11.6	9,710	11.3	68	14.0	13,293	15.8	266	11.1	36,599
60–64	115	11.6	326	6.4	10,019	9.2	6,700	7.8	47	9.7	12,720	15.1	219	9.1	30,146
≥65	112	11.3	479	9.4	11,368	10.4	5,793	6.8	42	8.6	17,573	20.9	252	10.5	35,619
Subtotal	992	100.0	5,090	100.0	109,284	100.0	85,666	100.0	486	100.0	84,060	100.0	2,395	100.0	287,973
Federal poverty level															
0–100%	469	47.8	1,758	35.0	49,594	47.4	42,294	49.9	176	36.8	26,957	32.7	930	39.3	122,178
101–138%	105	10.7	408	8.1	9,058	8.7	7,476	8.8	54	11.3	9,303	11.3	233	9.8	26,637
139–250%	224	22.8	1,322	26.3	24,058	23.0	18,876	22.3	129	27.0	24,907	30.2	599	25.3	70,115
251–400%	154	15.7	1,140	22.7	17,472	16.7	12,999	15.3	94	19.7	16,576	20.1	493	20.8	48,928
>400%	30	3.1	401	8.0	4,501	4.3	3,179	3.7	25	5.2	4,647	5.6	111	4.7	12,894
Subtotal	982	100.0	5,029	100.0	104,683	100.0	84,824	100.0	478	100.0	82,390	100.0	2,366	100.0	280,752
Health care coverage															
Private employer	87	8.8	561	11.1	8,564	8.1	4,697	5.5	61	12.7	7,474	9.0	268	11.3	21,712
Private individual	130	13.2	1,510	29.9	24,209	23.0	16,927	19.9	110	22.9	17,891	21.6	533	22.5	61,310
Medicare	150	15.2	499	9.9	12,021	11.4	5,135	6.0	60	12.5	22,324	27.0	350	14.8	40,539
Medicaid	136	13.8	390	7.7	10,627	10.1	11,438	13.4	48	10.0	7,815	9.5	332	14.0	30,781
Medicare and Medicaid	70	7.1	93	1.8	3,467	3.3	1,932	2.3	15	3.1	5,029	6.1	151	6.4	10,757
Veterans Administration	0	0.0	5	0.1	51	<0.1	24	<0.1	2	0.4	79	0.1	2	0.1	163
Indian Health Service	18	1.8	0	0.0	3	<0.1	3	<0.1	0	0.0	1	<0.1	7	0.3	32
Other plan	0	0.0	11	0.2	273	0.3	214	0.3	3	0.6	113	0.1	6	0.3	620
No coverage	221	22.4	1,554	30.8	39,627	37.7	40,638	47.7	130	27.1	14,630	17.7	390	16.5	97,190
Multiple coverages	174	17.6	423	8.4	6,269	6.0	4,207	4.9	51	10.6	7,295	8.8	331	14.0	18,750
Subtotal	986	100.0	5,046	100.0	105,111	100.0	85,215	100.0	480	100.0	82,651	100.0	2,370	100.0	281,854
Total ^b	992	—	5,090	—	109,284	—	85,666	—	486	—	84,061	—	2,395	—	287,974

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

^a Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.^b Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100.0%.

Table 3. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by federal poverty level and selected characteristics, 2022—United States and 3 territories

	0–100% FPL		101–138% FPL		139–250% FPL		251–400% FPL		>400% FPL	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Age group (yrs)										
<13	53	<0.1	8	<0.1	28	<0.1	21	<0.1	12	0.1
13–14	15	<0.1	1	<0.1	10	<0.1	18	<0.1	2	<0.1
15–19	327	0.3	31	0.1	78	0.1	53	0.1	10	0.1
20–24	3,993	3.2	494	1.8	1,531	2.2	759	1.5	130	1.0
25–29	10,630	8.6	1,252	4.7	4,569	6.5	3,456	7.0	707	5.4
30–34	16,592	13.4	2,038	7.6	7,169	10.1	5,881	11.9	1,499	11.5
35–39	15,181	12.3	2,171	8.1	6,640	9.4	5,571	11.3	1,521	11.7
40–44	14,155	11.5	2,365	8.8	6,395	9.0	5,181	10.5	1,513	11.6
45–49	12,832	10.4	2,269	8.5	6,214	8.8	4,906	9.9	1,299	10.0
50–54	14,367	11.6	3,002	11.2	7,581	10.7	5,874	11.9	1,662	12.8
55–59	14,744	11.9	3,928	14.6	9,218	13.0	6,478	13.1	1,765	13.6
60–64	10,954	8.9	3,780	14.1	8,612	12.2	5,166	10.5	1,359	10.4
≥65	9,765	7.9	5,493	20.5	12,653	17.9	5,995	12.1	1,539	11.8
Subtotal	123,608	100.0	26,832	100.0	70,698	100.0	49,359	100.0	13,018	100.0
Health care coverage										
Private employer	2,215	1.8	654	2.4	5,613	8.0	10,095	20.5	3,201	24.6
Private individual	18,490	15.0	4,325	16.2	17,830	25.3	16,545	33.6	4,349	33.4
Medicare	8,644	7.0	8,554	32.0	16,700	23.7	5,493	11.1	1,299	10.0
Medicaid	23,690	19.2	1,549	5.8	3,430	4.9	1,605	3.3	363	2.8
Medicare and Medicaid	6,512	5.3	2,239	8.4	1,599	2.3	325	0.7	62	0.5
Veterans Administration	49	<0.1	32	0.1	41	0.1	29	0.1	11	0.1
Indian Health Service	11	<0.1	0	0.0	10	<0.1	11	<0.1	0	0.0
Other plan	348	0.3	35	0.1	133	0.2	78	0.2	25	0.2
No coverage	57,925	47.0	7,744	28.9	19,852	28.1	10,058	20.4	2,336	18.0
Multiple coverages	5,406	4.4	1,629	6.1	5,339	7.6	5,038	10.2	1,357	10.4
Subtotal	123,290	100.0	26,761	100.0	70,547	100.0	49,277	100.0	13,003	100.0
Total^a	123,608	—	26,832	—	70,699	—	49,359	—	13,018	—

Abbreviations: FPL, federal poverty level; RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

^a Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100.0%.

Table 4. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by health care coverage and age, 2022—United States and 3 territories

	Private employer		Private individual		Medicare		Medicaid		Medicare and Medicaid		Veterans Administration		Indian Health Service		Other plan		No coverage		Multiple coverages	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Age group (yrs)																				
<13	32	0.1	9	<0.1	0	0.0	41	0.1	1	<0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.5	29	<0.1	7	<0.1
13–14	19	0.1	3	<0.1	0	0.0	6	<0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	13	<0.1	5	<0.1
15–19	55	0.3	47	0.1	0	0.0	142	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7	1.1	238	0.2	17	0.1
20–24	490	2.2	1,151	1.9	18	<0.1	1,116	3.6	7	0.1	6	3.7	1	3.1	60	9.7	3,799	3.8	302	1.6
25–29	1,719	7.9	4,273	6.9	67	0.2	2,395	7.8	60	0.6	7	4.3	3	9.4	62	10.0	11,060	11.2	1,079	5.7
30–34	2,948	13.5	7,519	12.2	267	0.7	3,853	12.5	177	1.6	10	6.1	7	21.9	96	15.5	16,688	16.9	1,811	9.6
35–39	2,732	12.5	7,508	12.2	472	1.2	3,684	11.9	273	2.5	5	3.0	7	21.9	61	9.8	14,689	14.8	1,869	9.9
40–44	2,565	11.7	7,368	11.9	869	2.1	3,622	11.7	451	4.2	12	7.3	5	15.6	76	12.3	13,072	13.2	1,712	9.1
45–49	2,396	11.0	7,187	11.6	1,366	3.3	3,221	10.4	613	5.7	7	4.3	4	12.5	75	12.1	11,120	11.2	1,673	8.9
50–54	2,806	12.8	8,693	14.1	2,999	7.4	3,829	12.4	1,176	10.9	19	11.6	2	6.3	60	9.7	10,857	11.0	2,162	11.5
55–59	3,061	14.0	9,203	14.9	5,994	14.7	4,282	13.9	2,039	18.9	26	15.9	1	3.1	42	6.8	9,060	9.2	2,537	13.5
60–64	2,182	10.0	7,046	11.4	7,343	18.0	3,314	10.7	2,101	19.5	36	22.0	1	3.1	40	6.5	5,659	5.7	2,176	11.6
≥65	852	3.9	1,707	2.8	21,393	52.4	1,367	4.4	3,890	36.1	36	22.0	1	3.1	38	6.1	2,706	2.7	3,456	18.4
Total	21,857	100.0	61,714	100.0	40,788	100.0	30,872	100.0	10,788	100.0	164	100.0	32	100.0	620	100.0	98,990	100.0	18,806	100.0

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Table 5. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by ADAP service received and selected characteristics, 2022—United States and 3 territories

	Full-pay medication support		Health care coverage premium assistance		Medication co-pay/ deductible ^a		Multiple services		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Age group (yrs)									
<13	24	37.5	0	0.0	22	34.4	18	28.1	64
13–14	12	31.6	2	5.3	16	42.1	8	21.1	38
15–19	215	68.7	9	2.9	49	15.7	40	12.8	313
20–24	3,492	70.5	165	3.3	404	8.2	892	18.0	4,953
25–29	9,943	63.5	732	4.7	1,296	8.3	3,697	23.6	15,668
30–34	15,204	59.4	1,366	5.3	2,316	9.0	6,713	26.2	25,599
35–39	13,608	55.6	1,472	6.0	2,452	10.0	6,942	28.4	24,474
40–44	12,577	53.6	1,351	5.8	2,648	11.3	6,891	29.4	23,467
45–49	10,994	49.7	1,303	5.9	2,880	13.0	6,949	31.4	22,126
50–54	11,179	42.6	1,570	6.0	4,326	16.5	9,146	34.9	26,221
55–59	10,187	35.3	1,835	6.4	6,385	22.1	10,422	36.2	28,829
60–64	6,689	28.0	1,566	6.6	6,454	27.0	9,171	38.4	23,880
≥65	4,139	14.3	1,277	4.4	13,032	45.1	10,478	36.2	28,926
Subtotal	98,263	43.8	12,648	5.6	42,280	18.8	71,367	31.8	224,558
Race/ethnicity									
American Indian/Alaska Native	219	33.4	59	9.0	191	29.2	186	28.4	655
Asian	1,401	35.2	238	6.0	888	22.3	1,453	36.5	3,980
Black/African American	37,521	46.6	5,016	6.2	13,939	17.3	24,127	29.9	80,603
Hispanic/Latino ^b	43,332	60.8	2,715	3.8	7,838	11.0	17,400	24.4	71,285
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	126	34.7	22	6.1	91	25.1	124	34.2	363
White	13,743	21.6	4,384	6.9	18,649	29.4	26,714	42.1	63,490
Multiple races	397	23.3	141	8.3	469	27.6	694	40.8	1,701
Subtotal	96,739	43.6	12,575	5.7	42,065	18.9	70,698	31.8	222,077
Federal poverty level									
0–100%	59,491	66.1	3,693	4.1	8,211	9.1	18,583	20.7	89,978
101–138%	7,209	35.7	1,292	6.4	5,512	27.3	6,200	30.7	20,213
139–250%	18,095	30.9	3,887	6.6	13,661	23.3	22,907	39.1	58,550
251–400%	8,907	21.4	2,879	6.9	11,088	26.7	18,710	45.0	41,584
>400%	1,821	16.8	730	6.7	3,553	32.7	4,745	43.7	10,849
Subtotal	95,523	43.2	12,481	5.6	42,025	19.0	71,145	32.2	221,174
Total ^c	98,263	—	12,648	—	42,280	—	71,367	—	224,558

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Note: Percentages shown are based on the row total. ADAP client data for 2022 for services received for the state of Indiana are not included in this table as the data are unavailable at the time of publication.

^a Includes Medicare Part D co-insurance, co-payment, or donut hole coverage.

^b Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

^c Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100.0%.

Table 6a. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by year and state, 2018–2022—United States and 3 territories

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	N	N	N	N	N
State					
Alabama	3,865	4,300	4,539	4,588	4,655
Alaska	78	89	99	87	90
Arizona	3,620	4,105	4,632	4,427	4,406
Arkansas	1,918	2,172	2,250	2,262	2,337
California	34,779	35,789	35,716	35,573	34,691
Colorado	5,515	5,773	5,693	5,751	5,994
Connecticut	2,544	2,194	1,976	1,875	1,848
Delaware	1,824	1,801	1,761	1,720	1,666
District of Columbia	1,309	1,305	1,243	1,078	1,080
Florida	26,844	28,668	29,640	30,660	31,254
Georgia	12,735	13,414	13,413	13,641	16,783
Hawaii	481	493	507	445	408
Idaho	353	393	359	331	368
Illinois	13,302	13,978	13,126	14,446	12,246
Indiana	3,509	3,932	4,144	3,999	6,268
Iowa	778	848	908	854	886
Kansas	1,680	1,727	1,757	1,806	1,869
Kentucky	3,810	4,635	5,122	5,430	5,654
Louisiana	4,730	5,330	5,168	4,894	4,844
Maine	1,081	1,113	1,071	1,074	1,060
Maryland ^a	7,149	7,211	6,994	—	5,513
Massachusetts	7,620	7,958	7,677	7,302	6,839
Michigan	3,844	4,091	3,853	3,619	3,561
Minnesota	3,869	2,243	2,139	1,982	1,690
Mississippi	2,764	3,006	3,111	3,272	3,257
Missouri	4,574	5,081	4,848	4,768	4,189
Montana	369	299	318	316	312
Nebraska	943	1,053	1,106	1,071	1,010
Nevada	2,639	2,890	3,691	3,659	3,338
New Hampshire	589	711	693	659	703
New Jersey	6,322	6,401	6,338	6,786	7,621
New Mexico	561	643	788	594	478
New York	23,807	24,914	24,330	23,277	22,510
North Carolina	10,825	11,244	11,595	11,855	11,912
North Dakota	319	343	336	366	411
Ohio	5,503	6,087	6,065	5,463	4,889
Oklahoma	2,325	2,395	2,465	2,402	1,471
Oregon	3,997	4,060	4,021	4,055	3,869
Pennsylvania	8,483	8,947	8,413	7,266	6,809
Rhode Island	718	733	701	523	492
South Carolina	6,007	5,989	5,919	5,597	5,517
South Dakota	366	408	424	440	423
Tennessee	9,893	8,697	9,115	8,481	8,400
Texas	21,941	23,535	28,086	28,497	25,739
Utah	950	1,013	1,091	884	963
Vermont	448	455	432	415	319
Virginia	8,079	8,586	7,684	5,297	5,140
Washington	4,530	4,797	4,704	4,894	4,857
West Virginia	526	524	509	435	343
Wisconsin	1,953	2,000	1,871	1,632	1,553
Wyoming	226	232	228	224	253
Subtotal	276,894	288,605	292,669	280,972	282,788
Territory					
Guam	9	11	15	19	18
Puerto Rico	8,038	8,194	8,001	8,196	8,168
U.S. Virgin Islands	160	120	100	102	196
Subtotal	8,207	8,325	8,116	8,317	8,382
Total	285,101	296,930	300,785	289,289	291,170

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Note: Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% of the total ADAP population.

^a ADAP client data for 2021 for the state of Maryland are not included in this table as the data are unavailable at the time of publication.

Table 6b. Newly enrolled AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by year and state, 2018–2022—United States and 3 territories

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	N	N	N	N	N
State					
Alabama	660	598	589	480	523
Alaska	13	25	24	14	15
Arizona	829	943	1,122	745	695
Arkansas	514	419	339	321	343
California	4,116	4,468	3,990	3,718	3,719
Colorado	1,380	802	1,044	667	706
Connecticut	334	355	256	221	258
Delaware	158	147	133	136	151
District of Columbia	211	235	167	102	152
Florida	4,438	4,081	3,599	3,550	3,967
Georgia	2,567	2,550	1,985	1,903	2,446
Hawaii	105	78	77	25	36
Idaho	86	104	83	87	90
Illinois	1,724	1,617	1,097	1,026	1,093
Indiana	571	564	490	342	2,083
Iowa	182	155	143	62	155
Kansas	248	245	188	231	219
Kentucky	472	455	497	20	510
Louisiana	590	736	485	681	766
Maine	114	98	63	84	79
Maryland ^a	5,383	711	601	—	406
Massachusetts	636	758	405	455	487
Michigan	633	584	339	323	301
Minnesota	411	1,018	438	272	261
Mississippi	554	544	464	402	417
Missouri	253	336	465	484	430
Montana	62	52	140	58	52
Nebraska	139	156	320	315	152
Nevada	852	632	829	592	515
New Hampshire	15	54	40	41	61
New Jersey	805	795	899	624	823
New Mexico	102	109	117	77	53
New York	2,134	2,913	2,125	1,978	2,675
North Carolina	1,469	1,673	1,446	1,364	1,414
North Dakota	62	72	46	66	83
Ohio	688	840	571	422	1,364
Oklahoma	380	418	361	218	146
Oregon	334	334	237	245	275
Pennsylvania	1,167	1,189	673	637	707
Rhode Island	32	75	49	38	33
South Carolina	856	841	727	574	679
South Dakota	38	34	25	19	44
Tennessee	1,171	977	987	855	869
Texas	1,323	3,452	4,679	2,883	2,661
Utah	176	170	205	213	178
Vermont	38	36	26	28	10
Virginia	997	733	531	463	716
Washington	493	494	317	427	394
West Virginia	67	69	58	22	0
Wisconsin	262	262	154	161	171
Wyoming	30	12	26	15	14
Subtotal	40,874	39,018	34,671	28,686	34,397
Territory					
Guam	3	5	4	6	14
Puerto Rico	724	662	424	505	422
U.S. Virgin Islands	15	12	3	1	15
Subtotal	742	679	431	512	451
Total	41,616	39,697	35,102	29,198	34,848

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Note: Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% of the total ADAP population.

^a ADAP client data for 2021 for the state of Maryland are not included in this table as the data are unavailable at the time of publication.

Table 7. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by age group and state, 2022—United States and 3 territories

	<13 yrs		13–24 yrs		25–34 yrs		35–44 yrs		45–54 yrs		55–64 yrs		≥65 yrs		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State															
Alabama	0	0.0	206	4.4	1,471	31.6	1,274	27.4	1,001	21.5	625	13.4	78	1.7	4,655
Alaska	0	0.0	4	4.4	12	13.3	16	17.8	17	18.9	26	28.9	15	16.7	90
Arizona	4	0.1	111	2.5	654	14.8	744	16.9	854	19.4	1,120	25.4	919	20.9	4,406
Arkansas	1	<0.1	113	4.8	558	23.9	557	23.8	478	20.5	446	19.1	184	7.9	2,337
California	0	0.0	471	1.4	5,046	14.5	6,737	19.4	7,050	20.3	8,542	24.6	6,845	19.7	34,691
Colorado	7	0.1	173	2.9	1,106	18.5	1,324	22.1	1,214	20.3	1,425	23.8	744	12.4	5,993
Connecticut	2	0.1	29	1.6	223	12.1	343	18.6	411	22.2	487	26.4	353	19.1	1,848
Delaware	1	0.1	34	2.0	212	12.7	256	15.4	331	19.9	544	32.7	288	17.3	1,666
District of Columbia	0	0.0	11	1.0	127	11.8	207	19.2	201	18.6	288	26.7	246	22.8	1,080
Florida	2	<0.1	738	2.4	6,485	20.7	7,007	22.4	7,048	22.6	7,561	24.2	2,413	7.7	31,254
Georgia	0	0.0	779	4.6	5,402	32.2	4,540	27.1	3,146	18.7	2,423	14.4	493	2.9	16,783
Hawaii	0	0.0	0	0.0	27	6.6	54	13.2	59	14.5	135	33.1	133	32.6	408
Idaho	0	0.0	13	3.5	72	19.6	73	19.8	65	17.7	80	21.7	65	17.7	368
Illinois	7	0.1	338	2.8	2,257	18.4	2,666	21.8	2,686	21.9	2,854	23.3	1,438	11.7	12,246
Indiana	20	0.3	219	3.5	1,269	20.2	1,442	23.0	1,332	21.3	1,404	22.4	582	9.3	6,268
Iowa	1	0.1	17	1.9	142	16.0	205	23.1	203	22.9	196	22.1	122	13.8	886
Kansas	1	0.1	87	4.7	375	20.1	383	20.5	428	22.9	427	22.8	168	9.0	1,869
Kentucky	8	0.1	162	2.9	1,123	19.9	1,294	22.9	1,261	22.3	1,272	22.5	534	9.4	5,654
Louisiana	0	0.0	88	1.8	794	16.4	1,069	22.1	1,028	21.2	1,150	23.7	715	14.8	4,844
Maine	2	0.2	13	1.2	89	8.4	173	16.3	226	21.3	335	31.6	222	20.9	1,060
Maryland	0	0.0	69	1.3	607	11.0	944	17.1	1,131	20.5	1,582	28.7	1,180	21.4	5,513
Massachusetts	0	0.0	88	1.3	716	10.5	1,075	15.7	1,437	21.0	2,150	31.4	1,373	20.1	6,839
Michigan	3	0.1	50	1.4	483	13.6	633	17.8	648	18.2	1,018	28.6	726	20.4	3,561
Minnesota	5	0.3	57	3.4	250	14.8	349	20.7	350	20.7	399	23.6	280	16.6	1,690
Mississippi	0	0.0	201	6.2	921	28.3	826	25.4	694	21.3	468	14.4	147	4.5	3,257
Missouri	3	0.1	149	3.6	1,094	26.1	1,076	25.7	901	21.5	752	18.0	214	5.1	4,189
Montana	1	0.3	3	1.0	52	16.7	66	21.2	59	18.9	92	29.5	39	12.5	312
Nebraska	1	0.1	31	3.1	168	16.6	211	20.9	251	24.9	243	24.1	105	10.4	1,010
Nevada	1	<0.1	82	2.5	621	18.6	753	22.6	658	19.7	785	23.5	438	13.1	3,338
New Hampshire	3	0.4	12	1.7	89	12.7	108	15.4	151	21.5	219	31.2	121	17.2	703
New Jersey	3	<0.1	191	2.5	1,433	18.8	1,744	22.9	1,592	20.9	1,827	24.0	831	10.9	7,621
New Mexico	0	0.0	4	0.8	57	11.9	74	15.5	96	20.1	152	31.8	95	19.9	478
New York	3	<0.1	474	2.1	3,512	15.6	4,570	20.3	4,586	20.4	5,534	24.6	3,831	17.0	22,510
North Carolina	3	<0.1	433	3.6	2,933	24.6	2,595	21.8	2,465	20.7	2,357	19.8	1,126	9.5	11,912
North Dakota	2	0.5	14	3.4	94	22.9	104	25.3	104	25.3	73	17.8	20	4.9	411
Ohio	9	0.2	101	2.1	754	15.4	851	17.4	992	20.3	1,373	28.1	809	16.5	4,889
Oklahoma	0	0.0	33	2.2	266	18.1	313	21.3	311	21.1	373	25.4	175	11.9	1,471
Oregon	3	0.1	42	1.1	381	9.8	716	18.5	860	22.2	1,141	29.5	726	18.8	3,869
Pennsylvania	3	<0.1	105	1.5	844	12.4	1,057	15.5	1,352	19.9	1,913	28.1	1,535	22.5	6,809
Rhode Island	0	0.0	10	2.0	53	10.8	81	16.5	122	24.8	141	28.7	85	17.3	492
South Carolina	4	0.1	199	3.6	1,326	24.0	1,268	23.0	1,223	22.2	1,110	20.1	387	7.0	5,517
South Dakota	1	0.2	16	3.8	67	15.8	97	22.9	99	23.4	108	25.5	35	8.3	423
Tennessee	2	<0.1	247	2.9	2,051	24.4	1,904	22.7	1,888	22.5	1,716	20.4	592	7.0	8,400
Texas	11	<0.1	1,101	4.3	6,667	25.9	6,949	27.0	5,469	21.2	4,159	16.2	1,383	5.4	25,739
Utah	0	0.0	39	4.0	227	23.6	256	26.6	222	23.1	156	16.2	63	6.5	963

Table 7. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by age group and state, 2022—United States and 3 territories (cont.)

	<13 yrs		13–24 yrs		25–34 yrs		35–44 yrs		45–54 yrs		55–64 yrs		≥65 yrs		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State															
Vermont	0	0.0	3	0.9	15	4.7	42	13.2	55	17.2	124	38.9	80	25.1	319
Virginia	3	0.1	118	2.3	955	18.6	1,094	21.3	1,065	20.7	1,154	22.5	751	14.6	5,140
Washington	3	0.1	52	1.1	513	10.6	836	17.2	1,085	22.3	1,406	28.9	962	19.8	4,857
West Virginia	0	0.0	2	0.6	27	7.9	51	14.9	86	25.1	123	35.9	54	15.7	343
Wisconsin	1	0.1	33	2.1	248	16.0	287	18.5	303	19.5	418	26.9	263	16.9	1,553
Wyoming	0	0.0	4	1.6	32	12.6	51	20.2	59	23.3	70	27.7	37	14.6	253
Subtotal	124	<0.1	7,569	2.7	54,900	19.4	61,345	21.7	59,353	21.0	64,476	22.8	35,020	12.4	282,787
Territory															
Guam	0	0.0	3	16.7	7	38.9	3	16.7	1	5.6	2	11.1	2	11.1	18
Puerto Rico	1	<0.1	143	1.8	1,092	13.4	1,429	17.5	2,027	24.8	2,663	32.6	813	10.0	8,168
U.S. Virgin Islands	1	0.5	4	2.0	13	6.6	38	19.4	48	24.5	54	27.6	38	19.4	196
Subtotal	2	<0.1	150	1.8	1,112	13.3	1,470	17.5	2,076	24.8	2,719	32.4	853	10.2	8,382
Total	126	<0.1	7,719	2.7	56,012	19.2	62,815	21.6	61,429	21.1	67,195	23.1	35,873	12.3	291,169

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Notes: Percentages shown are based on the row total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100.0%.

Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% of the total ADAP population.

Table 8. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by race/ethnicity and state, 2022—United States and 3 territories

	American Indian/ Alaska Native		Asian		Black/ African American		Hispanic/Latino ^a		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		White		Multiple races		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State															
Alabama	3	0.1	15	0.3	3,111	66.8	233	5.0	3	0.1	1,213	26.1	77	1.7	4,655
Alaska	4	4.4	10	11.1	8	8.9	23	25.6	0	0.0	44	48.9	1	1.1	90
Arizona	74	1.7	63	1.4	613	13.9	1,697	38.5	11	0.2	1,873	42.5	75	1.7	4,406
Arkansas	8	0.3	16	0.7	1,011	43.3	254	10.9	9	0.4	1,016	43.5	23	1.0	2,337
California	87	0.3	1,495	4.4	4,227	12.3	17,089	49.8	127	0.4	11,050	32.2	226	0.7	34,301
Colorado	49	0.8	101	1.7	1,047	17.5	1,958	32.7	8	0.1	2,692	44.9	139	2.3	5,994
Connecticut	4	0.3	11	0.7	532	35.2	573	37.9	0	0.0	390	25.8	0	0.0	1,510
Delaware	2	0.1	6	0.4	1,046	62.8	161	9.7	0	0.0	445	26.7	6	0.4	1,666
District of Columbia	0	0.0	8	0.7	640	59.3	288	26.7	0	0.0	143	13.2	1	0.1	1,080
Florida	38	0.1	231	0.7	11,862	38.0	11,039	35.3	36	0.1	7,881	25.2	151	0.5	31,238
Georgia	20	0.1	89	0.6	11,298	74.1	1,492	9.8	11	0.1	2,325	15.2	19	0.1	15,254
Hawaii	3	0.7	74	18.3	16	4.0	67	16.6	32	7.9	182	45.0	30	7.4	404
Idaho	3	0.8	5	1.4	26	7.1	88	23.9	1	0.3	234	63.6	11	3.0	368
Illinois	19	0.2	219	1.8	5,564	45.4	3,354	27.4	11	0.1	2,985	24.4	94	0.8	12,246
Indiana	10	0.2	147	2.3	2,765	44.1	668	10.7	8	0.1	2,576	41.1	94	1.5	6,268
Iowa	4	0.5	24	2.7	197	22.3	164	18.6	3	0.3	477	54.0	15	1.7	884
Kansas	11	0.6	39	2.1	472	25.3	385	20.6	4	0.2	916	49.0	42	2.2	1,869
Kentucky	14	0.2	61	1.1	1,921	34.0	502	8.9	8	0.1	3,060	54.1	85	1.5	5,651
Louisiana	9	0.2	29	0.6	2,873	59.3	475	9.8	3	0.1	1,424	29.4	28	0.6	4,841
Maine	6	0.6	11	1.0	237	22.4	52	4.9	0	0.0	721	68.0	33	3.1	1,060
Maryland	8	0.1	57	1.0	3,743	68.4	882	16.1	1	<0.1	733	13.4	52	0.9	5,476
Massachusetts	9	0.1	114	1.7	2,106	31.2	2,207	32.7	9	0.1	2,226	33.0	74	1.1	6,745
Michigan	12	0.3	43	1.2	1,592	44.7	274	7.7	6	0.2	1,573	44.2	61	1.7	3,561
Minnesota	12	0.7	47	2.8	512	30.3	381	22.5	2	0.1	705	41.7	31	1.8	1,690
Mississippi	3	0.1	5	0.2	2,444	75.0	90	2.8	3	0.1	702	21.6	10	0.3	3,257
Missouri	12	0.3	37	0.9	2,041	48.7	351	8.4	8	0.2	1,657	39.6	83	2.0	4,189
Montana	4	1.3	1	0.3	7	2.2	27	8.7	0	0.0	270	86.5	3	1.0	312
Nebraska	14	1.4	23	2.3	251	24.9	259	25.6	0	0.0	449	44.5	14	1.4	1,010
Nevada	16	0.5	129	3.9	775	23.2	1,261	37.8	26	0.8	1,061	31.8	69	2.1	3,337
New Hampshire	2	0.3	20	2.8	116	16.5	104	14.8	2	0.3	446	63.4	13	1.8	703
New Jersey	3	<0.1	154	2.0	3,009	39.5	3,220	42.3	7	0.1	1,153	15.1	75	1.0	7,621
New Mexico	7	1.5	5	1.0	25	5.2	275	57.5	0	0.0	164	34.3	2	0.4	478
New York	57	0.3	671	3.0	7,920	35.2	8,795	39.1	38	0.2	4,827	21.5	176	0.8	22,484
North Carolina	94	0.8	69	0.6	7,468	63.4	1,470	12.5	6	0.1	2,677	22.7	0	0.0	11,784
North Dakota	18	4.4	3	0.7	182	44.4	28	6.8	0	0.0	155	37.8	24	5.9	410
Ohio	6	0.1	36	0.7	1,910	39.1	414	8.5	2	<0.1	2,350	48.1	171	3.5	4,889
Oklahoma	55	3.7	52	3.5	264	17.9	279	19.0	2	0.1	713	48.5	106	7.2	1,471
Oregon	54	1.4	98	2.6	292	7.7	739	19.6	21	0.6	2,569	68.1	0	0.0	3,773
Pennsylvania	0	0.0	85	1.3	2,814	43.4	919	14.2	0	0.0	2,665	41.1	0	0.0	6,483
Rhode Island	0	0.0	5	1.0	97	20.3	137	28.7	0	0.0	236	49.4	3	0.6	478
South Carolina	7	0.1	28	0.5	3,637	65.9	493	8.9	4	0.1	1,293	23.4	55	1.0	5,517
South Dakota	59	13.9	1	0.2	104	24.6	40	9.5	0	0.0	190	44.9	29	6.9	423
Tennessee	20	0.2	69	0.8	4,565	54.3	746	8.9	9	0.1	2,984	35.5	7	0.1	8,400
Texas	61	0.2	295	1.2	9,488	37.1	10,875	42.5	17	0.1	4,843	18.9	0	0.0	25,579
Utah	10	1.0	20	2.1	102	10.6	421	43.7	4	0.4	398	41.3	8	0.8	963

Table 8. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by race/ethnicity and state, 2022—United States and 3 territories (cont.)

	American Indian/ Alaska Native		Asian		Black/ African American		Hispanic/Latino ^a		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		White		Multiple races		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State															
Vermont	4	1.3	6	1.9	26	8.2	25	7.9	0	0.0	254	79.9	3	0.9	318
Virginia	18	0.4	122	2.4	2,670	52.2	1,012	19.8	6	0.1	1,237	24.2	49	1.0	5,114
Washington	36	0.7	198	4.1	1,027	21.1	1,075	22.1	29	0.6	2,380	49.0	111	2.3	4,856
West Virginia	0	0.0	5	1.5	54	15.7	11	3.2	0	0.0	272	79.3	1	0.3	343
Wisconsin	11	0.7	23	1.5	404	26.0	389	25.0	1	0.1	713	45.9	12	0.8	1,553
Wyoming	12	4.7	2	0.8	14	5.5	41	16.2	1	0.4	183	72.3	0	0.0	253
Subtotal	992	0.4	5,077	1.8	109,125	39.0	77,802	27.8	479	0.2	83,725	29.9	2,392	0.9	279,592
Territory															
Guam	0	0.0	9	50.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7	38.9	2	11.1	0	0.0	18
Puerto Rico	0	0.0	2	<0.1	33	0.4	7,813	95.7	0	0.0	318	3.9	2	<0.1	8,168
U.S. Virgin Islands	0	0.0	2	1.0	126	64.3	51	26.0	0	0.0	16	8.2	1	0.5	196
Subtotal	0	0.0	13	0.2	159	1.9	7,864	93.8	7	<0.1	336	4.0	3	<0.1	8,382
Total	992	0.3	5,090	1.8	109,284	37.9	85,666	29.7	486	0.2	84,061	29.2	2,395	0.8	287,974

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Notes: Percentages shown are based on the row total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100.0%.

Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% of the total ADAP population.

^a Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

Table 9. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by federal poverty level and state, 2022—United States and 3 territories

	0–100% FPL		101–138% FPL		139–250% FPL		251–400% FPL		>400% FPL		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State											
Alabama	3,233	69.5	297	6.4	807	17.3	316	6.8	1	<0.1	4,654
Alaska	18	21.4	8	9.5	29	34.5	24	28.6	5	6.0	84
Arizona	1,295	29.4	657	14.9	1,260	28.6	1,094	24.9	92	2.1	4,398
Arkansas	998	42.7	290	12.4	540	23.1	393	16.8	116	5.0	2,337
California	9,864	28.4	3,368	9.7	10,870	31.3	7,715	22.2	2,874	8.3	34,691
Colorado	2,383	39.8	636	10.6	1,255	20.9	1,237	20.6	483	8.1	5,994
Connecticut	587	31.8	178	9.6	635	34.4	445	24.1	3	0.2	1,848
Delaware	751	45.1	193	11.6	359	21.5	276	16.6	87	5.2	1,666
District of Columbia	400	37.0	116	10.7	268	24.8	214	19.8	82	7.6	1,080
Florida	12,855	41.1	3,250	10.4	9,072	29.0	5,927	19.0	150	0.5	31,254
Georgia	7,513	62.2	929	7.7	2,337	19.3	1,236	10.2	69	0.6	12,084
Hawaii	74	18.1	75	18.4	176	43.1	80	19.6	3	0.7	408
Idaho	102	32.9	41	13.2	106	34.2	46	14.8	15	4.8	310
Illinois	6,112	49.9	1,048	8.6	2,762	22.6	1,869	15.3	455	3.7	12,246
Indiana	3,490	57.2	678	11.1	1,385	22.7	519	8.5	25	0.4	6,097
Iowa	216	25.4	65	7.7	276	32.5	245	28.9	47	5.5	849
Kansas	852	45.6	203	10.9	479	25.6	321	17.2	14	0.7	1,869
Kentucky	2,575	49.3	522	10.0	1,086	20.8	802	15.3	240	4.6	5,225
Louisiana	1,103	22.8	533	11.0	1,566	32.3	1,275	26.3	367	7.6	4,844
Maine	369	36.7	130	12.9	251	25.0	194	19.3	61	6.1	1,005
Maryland	1,275	23.1	636	11.5	1,505	27.3	1,472	26.7	625	11.3	5,513
Massachusetts	3,178	46.5	688	10.1	1,316	19.2	1,178	17.2	479	7.0	6,839
Michigan	483	14.5	408	12.2	1,283	38.4	910	27.2	256	7.7	3,340
Minnesota	310	18.3	89	5.3	538	31.8	684	40.5	69	4.1	1,690
Mississippi	1,702	59.8	232	8.2	676	23.8	231	8.1	5	0.2	2,846
Missouri	2,218	52.9	306	7.3	1,120	26.7	507	12.1	38	0.9	4,189
Montana	44	21.0	24	11.4	70	33.3	57	27.1	15	7.1	210
Nebraska	373	38.4	133	13.7	281	28.9	174	17.9	10	1.0	971
Nevada	1,153	35.2	386	11.8	900	27.5	791	24.2	42	1.3	3,272
New Hampshire	208	31.3	80	12.0	168	25.3	166	25.0	43	6.5	665
New Jersey	2,291	30.6	624	8.3	2,208	29.4	1,911	25.5	465	6.2	7,499
New Mexico	156	33.3	54	11.5	170	36.2	87	18.6	2	0.4	469
New York	10,441	46.4	1,769	7.9	4,766	21.2	3,928	17.5	1,606	7.1	22,510
North Carolina	6,715	56.4	1,467	12.3	2,926	24.6	804	6.7	0	0.0	11,912
North Dakota	154	37.5	32	7.8	111	27.0	83	20.2	31	7.5	411
Ohio	1,396	28.6	574	11.8	1,390	28.5	1,140	23.3	385	7.9	4,885
Oklahoma	221	15.0	212	14.4	594	40.4	442	30.0	2	0.1	1,471
Oregon	1,528	39.5	420	10.9	821	21.2	729	18.8	371	9.6	3,869
Pennsylvania	1,588	23.3	736	10.8	1,727	25.4	1,855	27.2	903	13.3	6,809
Rhode Island	164	34.3	41	8.6	136	28.5	99	20.7	38	7.9	478
South Carolina	2,614	47.4	388	7.0	1,172	21.2	955	17.3	388	7.0	5,517
South Dakota	147	34.8	58	13.7	158	37.4	59	13.9	1	0.2	423
Tennessee	4,832	57.5	592	7.0	1,622	19.3	1,293	15.4	61	0.7	8,400
Texas	13,649	55.5	2,046	8.3	5,392	21.9	2,346	9.5	1,172	4.8	24,605
Utah	552	57.3	78	8.1	256	26.6	63	6.5	14	1.5	963
Vermont	76	26.3	36	12.5	80	27.7	76	26.3	21	7.3	289
Virginia	1,210	23.5	520	10.1	1,628	31.7	1,326	25.8	456	8.9	5,140
Washington	1,410	29.0	607	12.5	1,227	25.3	1,311	27.0	302	6.2	4,857
West Virginia	57	16.6	69	20.1	140	40.8	72	21.0	5	1.5	343
Wisconsin	355	22.9	218	14.0	665	42.8	315	20.3	0	0.0	1,553
Wyoming	97	38.3	34	13.4	53	20.9	49	19.4	20	7.9	253
Subtotal	115,387	41.9	26,774	9.7	70,618	25.7	49,341	17.9	13,014	4.7	275,134
Territory											
Guam	8	44.4	2	11.1	6	33.3	2	11.1	0	0.0	18
Puerto Rico	8,100	99.2	35	0.4	33	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	8,168
U.S. Virgin Islands	113	57.7	21	10.7	42	21.4	16	8.2	4	2.0	196
Subtotal	8,221	98.1	58	0.7	81	1.0	18	0.2	4	<0.1	8,382
Total	123,608	43.6	26,832	9.5	70,699	24.9	49,359	17.4	13,018	4.6	283,516

Abbreviations: FPL, federal poverty level; RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Notes: Percentages shown are based on the row total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100.0%.

Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% of the total ADAP population.

Table 10. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by ADAP service received and state, 2022—United States and 3 territories

	Full-pay medication support		Insurance premium assistance		Medication co-pay/ deductible ^a		Multiple services		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State									
Alabama	842	19.1	438	9.9	68	1.5	3,056	69.4	4,404
Alaska	33	55.9	19	32.2	0	0.0	7	11.9	59
Arizona	1,042	35.1	12	0.4	1,639	55.2	278	9.4	2,971
Arkansas	761	42.3	0	0.0	793	44.1	244	13.6	1,798
California	9,916	33.1	1,481	4.9	9,087	30.4	9,442	31.6	29,926
Colorado	403	10.0	114	2.8	1,988	49.6	1,505	37.5	4,010
Connecticut	801	49.4	65	4.0	4	0.2	751	46.3	1,621
Delaware	91	11.0	11	1.3	532	64.2	195	23.5	829
District of Columbia	455	56.5	83	10.3	151	18.8	116	14.4	805
Florida	15,241	53.7	1,646	5.8	2,783	9.8	8,733	30.7	28,403
Georgia	10,566	87.5	850	7.0	56	0.5	604	5.0	12,076
Hawaii	13	3.5	112	29.9	97	25.9	152	40.6	374
Idaho	197	74.1	0	0.0	69	25.9	0	0.0	266
Illinois	2,969	39.9	315	4.2	1,119	15.0	3,033	40.8	7,436
Indiana ^b	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Iowa	117	14.5	11	1.4	172	21.3	508	62.9	808
Kansas	150	56.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	116	43.6	266
Kentucky	775	26.0	200	6.7	566	19.0	1,444	48.4	2,985
Louisiana	455	10.6	569	13.3	811	19.0	2,441	57.1	4,276
Maine	24	8.0	12	4.0	111	36.9	154	51.2	301
Maryland	713	18.0	1,777	44.8	895	22.5	584	14.7	3,969
Massachusetts	234	6.1	409	10.6	1,715	44.5	1,494	38.8	3,852
Michigan	437	14.2	145	4.7	1,526	49.5	973	31.6	3,081
Minnesota	215	15.6	67	4.9	373	27.1	719	52.3	1,374
Mississippi	2,290	73.0	42	1.3	0	0.0	804	25.6	3,136
Missouri	501	16.4	93	3.0	441	14.4	2,028	66.2	3,063
Montana	27	13.2	2	1.0	154	75.1	22	10.7	205
Nebraska	121	15.4	51	6.5	287	36.5	327	41.6	786
Nevada	197	9.7	176	8.7	217	10.7	1,440	70.9	2,030
New Hampshire	43	9.7	13	2.9	73	16.4	315	70.9	444
New Jersey	2,689	46.3	66	1.1	1,333	23.0	1,714	29.5	5,802
New Mexico	22	6.4	312	91.2	0	0.0	8	2.3	342
New York	9,347	46.6	598	3.0	2,606	13.0	7,517	37.5	20,068
North Carolina	7,072	69.0	998	9.7	1,688	16.5	498	4.9	10,256
North Dakota	40	15.1	9	3.4	132	49.8	84	31.7	265
Ohio	10	0.3	469	13.7	1,460	42.5	1,496	43.6	3,435
Oklahoma	296	23.4	28	2.2	566	44.7	376	29.7	1,266
Oregon	69	2.5	105	3.8	784	28.0	1,842	65.8	2,800
Pennsylvania	0	0.0	64	1.0	625	10.1	5,476	88.8	6,165
Rhode Island	154	31.8	51	10.5	143	29.5	137	28.2	485
South Carolina	1,867	37.7	84	1.7	1,001	20.2	1,999	40.4	4,951
South Dakota	37	11.2	2	0.6	120	36.4	171	51.8	330
Tennessee	2,107	28.0	317	4.2	1,666	22.2	3,422	45.6	7,512
Texas	15,034	89.1	59	0.3	1,326	7.9	449	2.7	16,868
Utah	297	49.7	17	2.8	113	18.9	170	28.5	597
Vermont	5	1.7	23	7.7	198	66.2	73	24.4	299
Virginia	1,187	32.5	237	6.5	968	26.5	1,260	34.5	3,652
Washington	251	6.3	269	6.7	1,209	30.2	2,279	56.9	4,008
West Virginia	32	9.4	5	1.5	170	50.0	133	39.1	340
Wisconsin	352	26.3	212	15.8	229	17.1	545	40.7	1,338
Wyoming	17	8.9	7	3.7	62	32.5	105	55.0	191
Subtotal	90,514	41.8	12,645	5.8	42,126	19.5	71,239	32.9	216,524
Territory									
Guam	12	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	12
Puerto Rico	7,732	97.5	0	0.0	148	1.9	48	0.6	7,928
U.S. Virgin Islands	5	5.3	3	3.2	6	6.4	80	85.1	94
Subtotal	7,749	96.5	3	<0.1	154	1.9	128	1.6	8,034
Total	98,263	43.8	12,648	5.6	42,280	18.8	71,367	31.8	224,558

Abbreviation: RSR, Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report.

Notes: Percentages shown are based on the row total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100.0%.

Data are not de-duplicated. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% of the total ADAP population.

^a Includes Medicare Part D co-insurance, co-payment, or donut hole coverage.

^b ADAP client data for 2022 for service received for the state of Indiana are not included in this table as the data are unavailable at the time of publication.