

Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)

Annual Client-Level Data Report

2019



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Data presented are for clients reported to the HRSA HAB AIDS Drug Assistance Program Data Report (ADR) reporting system for calendar years 2015 through 2019.

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Information about the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program: ryanwhite.hrsa.gov

Information about the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program AIDS Drug Assistance Program: ryanwhite.hrsa.gov/about/parts-and-initiatives/part-b-adap

Educational and technical assistance materials about HIV infection and the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program: targethiv.org

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COMMENTARY

The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP), first enacted by U.S. Congress in 1990, provides a comprehensive system of direct HIV health care, essential support services, and medications for more than half a million people with HIV in the United States. The RWHAP has five statutorily defined Parts that provide funding for core medical and support services, technical assistance, clinical training, and the development of innovative care models to meet the needs of different communities and populations affected by HIV. The RWHAP provides grant funding to all 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and six U.S. Pacific territories to support HIV care and treatment services. The RWHAP legislation authorizes a portion of RWHAP Part B funds to be designated for the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP), which provides U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)–approved medications to low-income people with HIV.

RWHAP ADAP, hereafter referred to as ADAP, funds may be used to provide HIV and HIV-related prescription drugs and access to medications through the purchase of health care coverage for eligible clients and, in some circumstances, for services that enhance access to, adherence to, and monitoring of drug treatments. The ADAP is critical to ensuring that people with HIV are able to afford and adhere to medication regimens and remain virally suppressed. People with HIV who reach and maintain an undetectable viral load can live a close to normal life span and have effectively no risk of sexually transmitting the virus to an HIV-negative partner. The medication and health care coverage assistance offered by ADAP is crucial for attaining optimal health outcomes among people with HIV, for preventing further transmission of the virus, and, ultimately, for ending the HIV epidemic.

HISTORY OF HRSA’S RWHAP AIDS DRUG ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The RWHAP is administered by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB). The RWHAP legislation was first enacted in 1990 when Congress passed the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency (CARE) Act to address the crisis of the HIV epidemic in the United States. This legislation has been amended and reauthorized four times: in 1996, 2000, 2006, and, most recently, in 2009 as the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Extension Act of 2009.

In 1987, the FDA approved the drug azidothymidine (AZT, zidovudine, Retrovir) to treat HIV in the United States [1]. At that time, the cost of this drug was approximately \$10,000 per year, per person—this prohibitive cost prevented access to life-saving medication for most people with HIV [2]. In 1991, HRSA launched the AZT Drug Reimbursement Program with \$30 million approved by Congress under a public health emergency provision, allowing access to HIV treatment for low-income people with HIV [2]. HRSA’s AZT Drug Reimbursement Program laid the foundation for ADAP, which was authorized under the CARE Act in 1996 as a separate line item under Title II (Part B) and classified as a core medical service.

Each state or territory operates an ADAP, and each is unique due to the state or territory’s HIV prevalence, health care system, and administrative structures used to ensure HIV medications are available to eligible people with HIV [2]. The purpose of ADAP, as stated in the RWHAP legislation, is “to provide therapeutics to treat HIV or prevent the serious deterioration of health arising from HIV in eligible individuals, including measures for the prevention and treatment of opportunistic infections” [3]. To be eligible to receive ADAP services, a client must have a documented diagnosis of HIV, have low income (as defined by the recipient and may be determined based on percent of Federal Poverty Level [FPL]), and meet the residency criteria established by the ADAP within its service area [4].

Since Congress first appropriated funds for ADAP in 1996, ADAPs have expanded considerably, as has the availability of antiretroviral therapy (ART). Between 1996 and its reauthorization in 2000, ADAP funding increased from \$52 million to \$528 million. In addition, for the first time in 2000, ADAPs were permitted to pay health care coverage costs to support coverage of HIV-related medications [2,5]. In 2006, Congress appropriated additional funding in a continued effort to reach underserved populations. During the 2009 reauthorization of ADAP, funding levels reached approximately \$900 million in fiscal year 2011 [1–3,5] and have remained largely consistent.

The significant increases in ADAP funding since the program was first appropriated underscore the important need for ADAP services for people with HIV. The important role of ADAPs is evidenced by the following:

- Increased and improved HIV testing, resulting in more people knowing their HIV status
- Increased number of people on ART after the U.S. Public Health Service’s guidelines indicated the need for early treatment of people with HIV
- More people with HIV living longer
- More intensive use of HIV drugs for long-term HIV survivors
- Increased cost-sharing associated with health care coverage
- Increased cost of medications and health care coverage
- Increased number of people who are virally suppressed, which reduces transmission

As is true for the entire RWHAP, ADAPs serve as the payor of last resort. ADAP grant recipients and subrecipients are expected to enroll clients into health care coverage for which the client may be eligible (i.e., Medicare, Medicaid, or other public and private plans). ADAPs coordinate with other payors and programs to ensure clients have access to HIV medications [2,5].

ABOUT THE ADAP CLIENT-LEVEL DATA REPORT

This report is HRSA HAB’s publication of national ADAP client-level data from the ADAP Data Report (ADR) reporting system. It includes client-level data for all clients enrolled in ADAP during calendar years 2015 through 2019, as submitted to HRSA by ADAPs from each of the 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. A national partner organization, NASTAD, also publishes an annual report called the *National RWHAP Part B and ADAP Monitoring Project Report* [5], which is based on aggregate-level data it collects directly from RWHAP Part B and ADAPs. The NASTAD report conceptualizes the ADAP structure, budget, and service utilization within the broader RWHAP Part B system.

Data submitted through the ADR include client demographics, socioeconomic factors (e.g., income as a percentage of the FPL, health care coverage), and service utilization among ADAP clients. These data can be used to evaluate the reach and impact of ADAP on a national level.

The ADR data do not include information about clients receiving non-ADAP RWHAP services, such as core medical and support services; however, many ADAP clients also receive these services. Together, ADAP services and RWHAP direct care and support services create a comprehensive system of care and treatment for low-income people with HIV. Data for clients receiving non-ADAP RWHAP services are reported to HRSA through the RWHAP Services Report (RSR) and are published annually in the *RWHAP Annual Client-Level Data Report* [6].

HIGHLIGHTS OF ANALYSES

As mentioned earlier, each state or territory operates an ADAP, and each is unique based on the state or territory's HIV prevalence, health care system, and administrative structures used to ensure HIV medications are available to eligible people with HIV [2]. Due to these contextual differences, please use care when interpreting these data.

RWHAP AIDS Drug Assistance Program Clients

ADAPs served nearly 297,000 people with HIV in 2019. From 2015 through 2019, the total number of people with HIV enrolled in ADAP increased by more than 37,000 clients, from 259,531 clients in 2015 to 296,930 clients in 2019 (Table 1). By state, the data have shown variability since 2015 (Table 8); these shifts may be attributed to a variety of reasons, including changes to data collection, each state's health care landscape, eligibility requirements, or other factors.

The majority of ADAP clients are male. In 2019, 77.7% of clients were cisgender male (i.e., non-transgender male; hereafter referred to as *male*), 20.9% were cisgender female (hereafter referred to as *female*), and 1.5% identified as transgender (1.2% transgender female [i.e., assigned male sex at birth]; 0.2% transgender male [i.e., assigned female sex at birth]; 0.1% clients with another gender identity) (Table 1).¹ The gender distribution of ADAP clients has remained largely consistent since 2015. Please see Technical Notes for additional information about gender categories.

Seven out of 10 ADAP clients are from racial/ethnic minority populations. In 2019, 40.0% of clients self-identified as Black/African American, 26.9% as Hispanic/Latino, and less than 2% each as Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, and people of multiple races. White clients represented 29.8% of all ADAP clients. These race/ethnicity distributions have remained consistent since 2015 (Table 1).

ADAP clients from racial/ethnic minority populations are younger than White clients. In 2019, 58.6% of White ADAP clients were aged 50 years or older, compared with 43.9% of American Indians/Alaska Natives, 42.2% of Native Hawaiians/Pacific Islanders, 38.7% of Blacks/African Americans, 36.8% of Hispanics/Latinos, 36.4% of clients of multiple races, and 32.8% of Asians (Table 2).

More than half of female ADAP clients are Black/African American. In 2019, among female ADAP clients with a reported race/ethnicity, 57.0% were Black/African American, 22.6% were Hispanic/Latina, 17.6% were White, and less than 2% each were Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, or multiple races (Table 3). In comparison, 35.3% of male clients were Black/African American, 33.4% were White, and 27.9% were Hispanic/Latino.

Socioeconomic Factors Among ADAP Clients

More than one-third of all ADAP clients have no health care coverage. In 2019, 38.4% of ADAP clients had no health care coverage (Table 1). Although this percentage has remained largely consistent since 2015, it varies by race/ethnicity. Compared with White clients with no health care coverage (22.0%), 49.3% of Hispanic/Latino clients and 43.8% of Black/African American clients had no health care coverage in 2019 (Table 2). This percentage also varies by gender. The percentages of clients with no health care coverage was 38.5% among male clients and 37.3% among female clients. Lack of coverage was higher among transgender clients: 48.3% among transgender male clients, 50.2% among transgender female clients, and 60.4% among clients of other gender identities (Table 3).

¹ Due to rounding, percentages may not sum to 100.0%.

Higher percentages of ADAP clients from racial/ethnic minority populations are living at or below 100% FPL compared with White ADAP clients. In 2019, among race/ethnicity groups, American Indians/Alaska Natives had the highest percentage of clients at or below 100% FPL (49.4%), followed by Blacks/African Americans (48.3%), Hispanics/Latinos (47.9%), clients of multiple races (41.2%), Native Hawaiians/Pacific Islanders (35.5%), Asians (35.4%), and Whites (33.5%) (Table 2).

Higher percentages of female and transgender ADAP clients are living at or below 100% FPL compared with male clients. In 2019, among female clients, 51.2% were living at or below 100% FPL, compared with 41.1% of male clients. Among transgender male clients, transgender female clients, and clients of other gender identities, 52.5%, 61.4%, and 63.1%, respectively, were living at or below 100% FPL (Table 3).

Service Utilization

The percentages of clients receiving full-pay medication assistance only or medication cost-sharing assistance have decreased, whereas increased percentages of clients are receiving health care coverage premium assistance, or a combination of services. Among ADAP clients with service utilization information in 2019, 46.8% received full-pay medication assistance only, a decrease from 52.6% in 2015. The percentage of clients receiving multiple services increased from 23.8% in 2015 to 30.3% in 2019 (Table 1). These differences may be attributed to changes in the health care landscape during this timeframe.

The percentage of clients receiving full-pay medication assistance is higher among clients younger than age 50, and the percentage receiving medication co-pay/deductible assistance is higher among clients aged 50 years and older. In 2019, 69.0% of clients accessing full-pay medication assistance were younger than age 50. In comparison, among clients accessing medication co-pay/deductible assistance, 68.1% were aged 50 years and older. The distributions of clients receiving insurance premium assistance or receiving multiple services were relatively even between clients older and younger than 50 years of age (Table 7).

For each assistance type, distribution differs by HHS Region. In 2019, among clients receiving medication co-pay/deductible assistance, the highest percentage was in Region 9 (26.0%; Arizona, California, Guam, Hawaii, and Nevada). Among ADAP clients receiving full-pay medication only, the highest percentage was in Region 4 (38.6%; Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee). Region 4 also had the highest percentage of ADAP clients receiving multiple services (20.9%) and insurance premium assistance (17.2%) compared with other regions (Table 7).

TECHNICAL NOTES

The ADAP Data Report (ADR) is the HHS, HRSA, HAB's primary source of annual client-level data to evaluate the reach of the ADAP on a national level. The ADR allows HRSA HAB to describe individuals using the program, describe ADAP-funded services being used, and delineate costs associated with these services [7].

The ADR was developed and implemented in 2013. RWHAP Part B ADAP recipients in the 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands are required to submit ADR data as a condition of the Part B grant award (the remaining five U.S. Pacific territories do not have this requirement). The ADR consists of two components: (1) the Recipient Report and (2) the Client Report. The Recipient Report is a collection of information about ADAP administration, funding, and policies. The Client Report (or client-level data) is a collection of de-identified records that includes each ADAP client's basic demographic data, enrollment and certification information, and client-level data for clients enrolled during the calendar year reporting period (January 1 to December 31) [7].

Although the ADR may include clients who received both ADAP and non-ADAP RWHAP services during the reporting period, ADR data do not include information on non-ADAP RWHAP services (e.g., outpatient ambulatory health services), nor does the ADR collect information to identify which clients overlap with non-ADAP RWHAP services. Client-level data from non-ADAP RWHAP services are reported through another data system and are published annually in the *RWHAP Annual Client-Level Data Report* [6].

PRESENTATION OF DATA

The data in this report include information received by HRSA HAB for all ADAP clients during calendar years 2015–2019. The purpose of the client demographics is to describe the sociodemographic characteristics of all clients **enrolled** in ADAP, **regardless of whether they received services** (i.e., a client can be enrolled in ADAP but not use the service) [7].

- Tables 1–7: National-level data—Numbers and percentages of ADAP clients, presented by year, selected demographic stratifications, HHS region, and ADAP (i.e., non-RSR) services received
- Tables 8–13: State-level data—Numbers and percentages of ADAP clients by state, presented by selected demographic stratifications

Tables 1–7 display subtotals and the overall totals for each subpopulation. The subtotals are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation. In some cases, percentages may not sum to 100.0% because of rounding. Because of missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total.

ADAP Clients

To be eligible for enrollment in ADAP services, a client must have a documented diagnosis of HIV, have low-income, and meet the residency criteria established by the ADAP within its service area [4]. An ADAP client is any person who is certified as eligible to receive ADAP services during the reporting period, regardless of whether the person used ADAP services during the reporting period. In the event of a funding shortage, clients may be placed on a waiting list; however, in 2019, there were no ADAP waiting lists [7].

Age Group

Recipients are required to report the ADAP client's year of birth. This information is used to calculate the client's age during the designated year as a discrete variable. For tables displaying age groups (Tables 1–7), client ages were categorized to align with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National HIV Surveillance System age group delineations. The age group delineations are as follow: <13, 13–14, 15–19, 20–24, 25–29, 30–34, 35–39, 40–44, 45–49, 50–54, 55–59, 60–64, and ≥65 years. In Table 9, client ages were categorized using broader age group delineations: <13, 13–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, 55–64, and ≥65 years.

Race/Ethnicity

Recipients reported race/ethnicity information for ADAP clients according to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) reporting standards. The OMB standards have five categories for race: American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and White. Data on ethnicity have two categories: (1) Hispanic or Latino, and (2) not Hispanic or Latino. Race and ethnicity are submitted as separate variables and combined for analysis. In the analysis, the race/ethnicity variable is categorized as American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, White, and multiple races (two or more categories of race reported).

In this report, clients categorized as Hispanic/Latino may have had any race also reported. Clients categorized by race (e.g., Black/African American) are non-Hispanic/Latino; however, the number of clients reported in each “non-Hispanic/Latino” race category may include clients with missing data for Hispanic/Latino ethnicity.

ADAP recipients are expected to make every effort to obtain and report race and ethnicity based on each client's self-report. Self-identification is the preferred means of obtaining this information.

Gender

Gender designations in this report are cisgender (non-transgender) male, cisgender female, or transgender. Transgender is an umbrella term for people whose gender identity and/or expression is different from their sex assigned at birth. Because of the unique health needs of transgender people with HIV, they are discussed separately from cisgender people and are specifically identified as being transgender. HRSA HAB collaborated with the transgender community and other experts in sexual orientation and gender identity data collection methods to successfully designate transgender people receiving HIV care and treatment from RWHAP providers in order to best inform program decisions.

Reporting and analysis to determine transgender identity

Transgender variable options for ADR data reporting include transgender female-to-male (FTM), transgender male-to-female (MTF), and transgender other, which includes people who do not identify with the provided transgender variable options and/or do not identify with the binary options of male/female (e.g., nonbinary, two-spirit, genderqueer). Self-identification is the preferred means of obtaining this information.

HRSA HAB requires ADAP recipients to report gender using a two-step method: *sex assigned at birth* (male or female), and *current gender* (male, female, FTM, MTF, and transgender other). Gender data were analyzed using the two-step method for determining gender identity, which takes into account *sex assigned at birth* and *current gender*. When the reported *current gender* is different from the *sex assigned at birth*, the analysis determines gender using an algorithm designed specifically for this purpose.

Language used in this report

In this report, for analyses that include clients of all ages, cisgender male clients are referred to as *male*, cisgender female clients as *female*, transgender FTM clients as *transgender male*, and transgender MTF clients as *transgender female*. For analyses that include only clients aged 13 years and older, clients are referred to as *men*, *women*, *transgender men*, and *transgender women*, respectively. Clients designated under the *transgender other* variable option are referred throughout as *clients with another gender identity*, or in the data tables as *other gender identity*.

Federal Poverty Level

Federal poverty level (FPL) characterizes the client's annual household income as a percentage of the FPL at the end of the reporting period. The poverty levels were categorized as 0–100% FPL, 101–138% FPL, 139–250% FPL, 251–400% FPL, and >400% FPL.

Health Care Coverage

Recipients are required to report all sources of health care coverage that each ADAP client had for any part of the reporting period, regardless of whether the ADAP paid for it. Health care coverage was categorized as private employer, private individual, Medicare, Medicaid, Medicare and Medicaid (dual eligibility), Veterans Administration, Indian Health Service, other plan, multiple coverages, and no coverage. The Medicaid classification also includes the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) and other public state health care coverage programs. The Medicare Part D classification is a stand-alone prescription drug coverage insurance for clients on Medicare.

ADAP Services

ADAP services include both full-pay medication assistance and health care coverage premium and cost-sharing assistance, which are provided to eligible clients enrolled in ADAP. All ADAP funds, regardless of their source (e.g., state funds, RWHAP Part B ADAP Base, RWHAP Part B Base, RWHAP Part B Supplemental Funding, ADAP Emergency Relief Funds, RWHAP Part A contributions, 340B rebates, ADAP Crisis Task Force Rebates), are reported in the ADR [6].

Medication assistance (i.e., full-pay medication support) is the use of ADAP funds to purchase FDA-approved medications for the treatment of HIV or for the prevention and treatment of other opportunistic infections commonly associated with HIV and to support a client's retention in care.

Health care coverage assistance is the use of ADAP funds to pay for one or more of the following:

- Full premium payment
- Partial premium payment
- Medication co-pay/deductible (including Medicare Part D coinsurance, co-payment, or donut hole coverage)

A full premium payment is when the ADAP pays 100% of the client's health care coverage premium. A partial payment is when the ADAP pays a portion (i.e., <100%) of the health care coverage premium. A medication co-pay/deductible is when the ADAP pays the co-pay/deductible for the client's HIV-related medication, including Medicare Part D–related costs. Medication co-pays, deductibles, and coinsurance are considered health care coverage assistance services, not medication services [7].

Region

HHS uses 10 geographic designations for classifying regions of the United States that encompass all states and territories. The classification of states and territories within these regions are as follows:

- Region 1: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont
- Region 2: New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands
- Region 3: Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia
- Region 4: Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee
- Region 5: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin
- Region 6: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas
- Region 7: Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska
- Region 8: Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming
- Region 9: Arizona, California, Guam, Hawaii, Nevada
- Region 10: Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington

The six U.S. Pacific jurisdictions are included in HHS Region 9; however, only Guam submits client-level data. The other jurisdictions, therefore, are not included in this report. Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands are included in Region 2.

State

State data are displayed in Tables 8–13. Clients enrolled in ADAP in multiple states are not de-duplicated and are included in each state’s data; however, these clients make up less than 1% of all ADAP clients. In addition, data presented by state include data for all clients served by state ADAPs and are not separated by the type of ADAP-specific funding used (i.e., RWHAP Part B, RWHAP Part B Supplemental, and ADAP Emergency Relief Funds).

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ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV prevention resources: cdc.gov/hiv

Health Resources and Services Administration, HIV/AIDS programs: ryanwhite.hrsa.gov

HIV.gov, the nation’s source for timely and relevant federal HIV policies, programs, and resources: hiv.gov

RWHAP Compass Dashboard, a user-friendly, interactive data tool to visualize the reach, impact, and outcomes of the RWHAP: ryanwhite.hrsa.gov/data/dashboard

TargetHIV, tools for the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Community: targethiv.org

Table 1. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by year and selected characteristics and ADAP services received, 2015–2019—United States and 3 territories

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Age group (yr)										
<13	207	0.1	229	0.1	233	0.1	216	0.1	213	0.1
13–14	58	<0.1	53	<0.1	56	<0.1	71	<0.1	72	<0.1
15–19	732	0.3	702	0.3	718	0.3	767	0.3	823	0.3
20–24	9,740	3.8	9,682	3.6	9,156	3.4	9,299	3.3	9,502	3.2
25–29	23,221	8.9	24,343	9.1	25,102	9.4	26,471	9.3	26,853	9.0
30–34	25,013	9.6	26,573	10.0	27,592	10.3	30,488	10.7	33,612	11.3
35–39	27,259	10.5	28,127	10.6	28,272	10.5	29,847	10.5	31,490	10.6
40–44	29,608	11.4	28,436	10.7	27,618	10.3	29,056	10.2	30,287	10.2
45–49	38,474	14.8	36,828	13.8	34,595	12.9	34,213	12.0	33,375	11.2
50–54	42,448	16.4	42,321	15.9	40,466	15.1	40,775	14.3	39,376	13.3
55–59	30,372	11.7	32,319	12.1	33,935	12.7	37,289	13.1	39,538	13.3
60–64	17,822	6.9	19,656	7.4	21,110	7.9	24,061	8.4	26,088	8.8
≥65	14,574	5.6	16,877	6.3	19,321	7.2	22,548	7.9	25,701	8.7
Subtotal	259,528	100.0	266,146	100.0	268,174	100.0	285,101	100.0	296,930	100.0
Race/ethnicity										
American Indian/Alaska Native	1,025	0.4	1,036	0.4	1,026	0.4	1,120	0.4	1,131	0.4
Asian	4,177	1.6	4,373	1.7	4,611	1.7	4,945	1.7	5,255	1.8
Black/African American	100,155	39.2	104,487	39.7	104,912	39.5	111,119	39.1	118,199	40.0
Hispanic/Latino ^a	62,595	24.5	68,103	25.9	70,285	26.4	74,810	26.4	79,367	26.9
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	471	0.2	456	0.2	405	0.2	494	0.2	533	0.2
White	84,672	33.1	82,522	31.3	82,045	30.9	88,638	31.2	88,090	29.8
Multiple races	2,675	1.0	2,275	0.9	2,489	0.9	2,766	1.0	2,933	1.0
Subtotal	255,770	100.0	263,252	100.0	265,773	100.0	283,892	100.0	295,508	100.0
Gender										
Male	200,649	77.7	206,441	77.7	208,241	77.7	220,442	77.3	230,558	77.7
Female	55,799	21.6	57,076	21.5	56,643	21.1	60,931	21.4	61,930	20.9
Transgender male	48	<0.1	69	<0.1	389	0.1	352	0.1	545	0.2
Transgender female	1,375	0.5	2,053	0.8	2,683	1.0	2,942	1.0	3,521	1.2
Other gender identity	277	0.1	159	0.1	202	0.1	422	0.1	294	0.1
Subtotal	258,148	100.0	265,798	100.0	268,158	100.0	285,089	100.0	296,848	100.0
Federal poverty level										
0–100%	119,600	46.9	118,171	45.0	117,535	44.5	122,516	43.5	127,739	43.5
101–138%	32,748	12.9	32,593	12.4	30,818	11.7	31,910	11.3	31,498	10.7
139–250%	68,318	26.8	70,392	26.8	71,038	26.9	76,828	27.3	79,535	27.1
251–400%	30,111	11.8	34,577	13.2	36,539	13.8	41,345	14.7	44,466	15.1
>400%	4,018	1.6	6,591	2.5	8,136	3.1	9,051	3.2	10,630	3.6
Subtotal	254,795	100.0	262,324	100.0	264,066	100.0	281,650	100.0	293,868	100.0
Health care coverage										
Private employer	19,865	8.0	20,326	7.8	25,697	9.7	22,107	7.8	23,689	8.3
Private individual	30,960	12.4	41,025	15.8	38,085	14.4	48,181	17.1	51,403	18.0
Medicare	35,151	14.1	35,672	13.8	36,999	14.0	41,300	14.6	38,249	13.4
Medicaid	29,842	12.0	29,956	11.6	28,149	10.6	30,755	10.9	31,037	10.9
Medicare and Medicaid	7,952	3.2	8,562	3.3	9,022	3.4	9,607	3.4	9,620	3.4
Veterans Administration	130	0.1	169	0.1	123	<0.1	168	0.1	183	0.1
Indian Health Service	19	<0.1	27	<0.1	31	<0.1	54	<0.1	57	<0.1
Other plan	10,040	4.0	4,216	1.6	2,399	0.9	716	0.3	533	0.2
No coverage	99,015	39.7	98,774	38.1	102,298	38.6	108,492	38.4	109,599	38.4
Multiple coverages	16,511	6.6	20,216	7.8	22,033	8.3	21,014	7.4	20,925	7.3
Subtotal	249,485	100.0	258,943	100.0	264,836	100.0	282,394	100.0	285,295	100.0

Table 1. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by year and selected characteristics and ADAP services received, 2015–2019—United States and 3 territories (cont.)

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Service received										
Full-pay medication support	115,069	52.6	107,424	48.9	109,374	48.4	111,167	47.7	117,039	46.8
Insurance premium assistance	7,405	3.4	9,392	4.3	11,612	5.1	10,121	4.3	11,024	4.4
Medication co-pay/deductible ^b	43,803	20.0	46,347	21.1	46,004	20.4	45,308	19.4	46,314	18.5
Multiple services	51,955	23.8	56,365	25.6	58,979	26.1	66,589	28.6	75,967	30.3
Insurance service type unspecified	359	0.2	253	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Subtotal	218,591	100.0	219,781	100.0	225,969	100.0	233,185	100.0	250,344	100.0
Total^c	259,531	—	266,147	—	268,174	—	285,101	—	296,930	—

^a Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

^b Includes Medicare Part D co-insurance, co-payment, or donut hole coverage.

^c Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Table 2. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by race/ethnicity and selected characteristics, 2019—United States and 3 territories

	American Indian/ Alaska Native		Asian		Black/ African American		Hispanic/Latino ^a		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		White		Multiple races	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Age group (yr)														
<13	2	0.2	19	0.4	131	0.1	33	<0.1	1	0.2	21	<0.1	5	0.2
13–14	0	0.0	5	0.1	47	<0.1	12	<0.1	0	0.0	7	<0.1	0	0.0
15–19	3	0.3	13	0.2	460	0.4	237	0.3	1	0.2	92	0.1	9	0.3
20–24	46	4.1	167	3.2	5,324	4.5	2,404	3.0	9	1.7	1,360	1.5	129	4.4
25–29	96	8.5	552	10.5	13,939	11.8	7,002	8.8	48	9.0	4,667	5.3	393	13.4
30–34	126	11.1	664	12.6	15,885	13.4	9,347	11.8	56	10.5	6,957	7.9	393	13.4
35–39	115	10.2	697	13.3	12,624	10.7	10,151	12.8	72	13.5	7,335	8.3	340	11.6
40–44	120	10.6	689	13.1	11,530	9.8	10,327	13.0	69	12.9	7,139	8.1	291	9.9
45–49	126	11.1	728	13.9	12,543	10.6	10,610	13.4	52	9.8	8,854	10.1	304	10.4
50–54	173	15.3	642	12.2	14,280	12.1	10,937	13.8	74	13.9	12,733	14.5	355	12.1
55–59	146	12.9	431	8.2	13,836	11.7	8,969	11.3	71	13.3	15,619	17.7	314	10.7
60–64	95	8.4	287	5.5	9,271	7.8	5,204	6.6	46	8.6	10,859	12.3	210	7.2
≥65	83	7.3	361	6.9	8,329	7.0	4,134	5.2	34	6.4	12,447	14.1	190	6.5
Subtotal	1,131	100.0	5,255	100.0	118,199	100.0	79,367	100.0	533	100.0	88,090	100.0	2,933	100.0
Gender														
Male	893	79.0	4,220	80.3	80,960	68.5	64,021	80.7	416	78.0	76,617	87.0	2,386	81.4
Female	219	19.4	933	17.8	35,092	29.7	13,928	17.6	98	18.4	10,842	12.3	486	16.6
Transgender	18	1.6	101	1.9	2,113	1.8	1,392	1.8	19	3.6	622	0.7	60	2.0
Subtotal	1,130	100.0	5,254	100.0	118,165	100.0	79,341	100.0	533	100.0	88,081	100.0	2,932	100.0
Federal poverty level														
0–100%	555	49.4	1,849	35.4	56,204	48.3	37,875	47.9	188	35.5	29,282	33.5	1,202	41.2
101–138%	127	11.3	465	8.9	11,892	10.2	8,320	10.5	62	11.7	10,169	11.6	328	11.2
139–250%	270	24.0	1,489	28.5	28,799	24.8	19,832	25.1	134	25.3	27,837	31.9	821	28.2
251–400%	148	13.2	1,077	20.6	15,914	13.7	10,727	13.6	107	20.2	15,797	18.1	456	15.6
>400%	24	2.1	345	6.6	3,483	3.0	2,296	2.9	39	7.4	4,249	4.9	109	3.7
Subtotal	1,124	100.0	5,225	100.0	116,292	100.0	79,050	100.0	530	100.0	87,334	100.0	2,916	100.0
Health care coverage														
Private employer	95	8.5	619	12.1	9,018	8.0	5,508	7.1	74	14.6	7,978	9.4	296	10.2
Private individual	146	13.1	1,244	24.4	20,187	18.0	11,700	15.0	113	22.2	17,019	20.2	748	25.7
Medicare	157	14.1	453	8.9	11,509	10.3	5,004	6.4	69	13.6	20,551	24.3	372	12.8
Medicaid	152	13.6	369	7.2	11,366	10.1	11,586	14.9	43	8.5	7,092	8.4	298	10.2
Medicare and Medicaid	58	5.2	90	1.8	3,225	2.9	1,813	2.3	14	2.8	4,241	5.0	157	5.4
Veterans Administration	0	0.0	3	0.1	63	0.1	16	<0.1	1	0.2	96	0.1	4	0.1
Indian Health Service	40	3.6	0	0.0	1	<0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	<0.1	15	0.5
Other plan	4	0.4	9	0.2	276	0.2	84	0.1	2	0.4	150	0.2	5	0.2
No coverage	264	23.7	1,881	36.8	49,210	43.8	38,376	49.3	148	29.1	18,594	22.0	715	24.5
Multiple coverages	199	17.8	439	8.6	7,417	6.6	3,685	4.7	44	8.7	8,718	10.3	303	10.4
Subtotal	1,115	100.0	5,107	100.0	112,272	100.0	77,772	100.0	508	100.0	84,440	100.0	2,913	100.0
Total^b	1,131	—	5,255	—	118,199	—	79,367	—	533	—	88,090	—	2,933	—

^a Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

^b Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Table 3. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by gender and selected characteristics, 2019—United States and 3 territories

	Male		Female		Transgender male		Transgender female		Other gender identity		Total ^a	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Age group (yr)												
<13	116	0.1	96	0.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	212	0.1
13–14	33	<0.1	38	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	71	<0.1
15–19	591	0.3	220	0.4	1	0.2	9	0.3	1	0.3	822	0.3
20–24	7,885	3.4	1,368	2.2	27	5.0	202	5.7	16	5.4	9,498	3.2
25–29	23,123	10.0	3,031	4.9	67	12.3	561	15.9	57	19.4	26,839	9.0
30–34	28,131	12.2	4,635	7.5	83	15.2	704	20.0	43	14.6	33,596	11.3
35–39	24,535	10.6	6,279	10.1	82	15.0	524	14.9	57	19.4	31,477	10.6
40–44	21,865	9.5	7,891	12.7	65	11.9	423	12.0	34	11.6	30,278	10.2
45–49	23,980	10.4	8,939	14.4	55	10.1	369	10.5	27	9.2	33,370	11.2
50–54	29,800	12.9	9,171	14.8	54	9.9	319	9.1	24	8.2	39,368	13.3
55–59	30,584	13.3	8,678	14.0	44	8.1	212	6.0	17	5.8	39,535	13.3
60–64	19,943	8.6	5,984	9.7	31	5.7	117	3.3	11	3.7	26,086	8.8
≥65	19,972	8.7	5,600	9.0	36	6.6	80	2.3	7	2.4	25,695	8.7
Subtotal	230,558	100.0	61,930	100.0	545	100.0	3,520	100.0	294	100.0	296,847	100.0
Race/ethnicity												
American Indian/Alaska Native	893	0.4	219	0.4	2	0.4	14	0.4	2	0.7	1,130	0.4
Asian	4,220	1.8	933	1.5	12	2.2	71	2.0	18	6.2	5,254	1.8
Black/African American	80,960	35.3	35,092	57.0	260	47.9	1,752	50.2	101	34.7	118,165	40.0
Hispanic/Latino ^b	64,021	27.9	13,928	22.6	136	25.0	1,121	32.1	135	46.4	79,341	26.9
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	416	0.2	98	0.2	2	0.4	17	0.5	0	0.0	533	0.2
White	76,617	33.4	10,842	17.6	127	23.4	462	13.2	33	11.3	88,081	29.8
Multiple races	2,386	1.0	486	0.8	4	0.7	54	1.5	2	0.7	2,932	1.0
Subtotal	229,513	100.0	61,598	100.0	543	100.0	3,491	100.0	291	100.0	295,436	100.0
Federal poverty level												
0–100%	93,699	41.1	31,392	51.2	284	52.5	2,136	61.4	183	63.1	127,694	43.5
101–138%	24,462	10.7	6,611	10.8	64	11.8	325	9.3	28	9.7	31,490	10.7
139–250%	64,270	28.2	14,403	23.5	130	24.0	667	19.2	50	17.2	79,520	27.1
251–400%	36,762	16.1	7,323	11.9	53	9.8	295	8.5	24	8.3	44,457	15.1
>400%	8,946	3.9	1,610	2.6	10	1.8	54	1.6	5	1.7	10,625	3.6
Subtotal	228,139	100.0	61,339	100.0	541	100.0	3,477	100.0	290	100.0	293,786	100.0
Health care coverage												
Private employer	18,981	8.6	4,479	7.6	30	5.7	193	5.7	5	1.7	23,688	8.3
Private individual	40,580	18.3	10,084	17.0	86	16.4	610	18.0	30	10.4	51,390	18.0
Medicare	31,889	14.4	6,068	10.2	48	9.2	232	6.8	8	2.8	38,245	13.4
Medicaid	20,688	9.3	9,813	16.5	70	13.4	408	12.0	40	13.9	31,019	10.9
Medicare and Medicaid	7,162	3.2	2,356	4.0	12	2.3	77	2.3	12	4.2	9,619	3.4
Veterans Administration	156	0.1	26	<0.1	0	0.0	1	<0.1	0	0.0	183	0.1
Indian Health Service	42	<0.1	15	<0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	57	<0.1
Other plan	421	0.2	103	0.2	0	0.0	8	0.2	1	0.3	533	0.2
No coverage	85,323	38.5	22,107	37.3	253	48.3	1,700	50.2	174	60.4	109,557	38.4
Multiple coverages	16,448	7.4	4,273	7.2	25	4.8	159	4.7	18	6.3	20,923	7.3
Subtotal	221,690	100.0	59,324	100.0	524	100.0	3,388	100.0	288	100.0	285,214	100.0
Total^c	230,558	—	61,930	—	545	—	3,520	—	294	—	296,847	—

* To ensure confidentiality, data have been suppressed.

^a Row totals include clients in the specified subpopulation with reported gender information.

^b Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

^c Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Table 4. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by federal poverty level and selected characteristics, 2019—United States and 3 territories

	0–100% FPL		101–138% FPL		139–250% FPL		251–400% FPL		>400% FPL	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Age group (yr)										
<13	96	0.1	19	0.1	40	0.1	40	0.1	14	0.1
13–14	34	<0.1	8	<0.1	14	<0.1	10	<0.1	3	<0.1
15–19	561	0.4	66	0.2	137	0.2	46	0.1	9	0.1
20–24	5,436	4.3	840	2.7	2,230	2.8	768	1.7	78	0.7
25–29	12,987	10.2	2,137	6.8	6,845	8.6	3,818	8.6	634	6.0
30–34	15,813	12.4	2,680	8.5	8,155	10.3	5,265	11.8	1,178	11.1
35–39	14,863	11.6	2,791	8.9	7,546	9.5	4,708	10.6	1,159	10.9
40–44	14,259	11.2	2,776	8.8	7,306	9.2	4,485	10.1	1,109	10.4
45–49	15,082	11.8	3,403	10.8	8,252	10.4	5,063	11.4	1,267	11.9
50–54	16,859	13.2	4,386	13.9	10,010	12.6	6,109	13.7	1,690	15.9
55–59	15,505	12.1	4,797	15.2	11,341	14.3	6,064	13.6	1,534	14.4
60–64	9,220	7.2	3,513	11.2	8,259	10.4	4,019	9.0	938	8.8
≥65	7,024	5.5	4,082	13.0	9,400	11.8	4,071	9.2	1,017	9.6
Subtotal	127,739	100.0	31,498	100.0	79,535	100.0	44,466	100.0	10,630	100.0
Health care coverage										
Private employer	2,787	2.2	956	3.1	7,320	9.5	9,961	23.6	2,622	27.5
Private individual	16,236	13.0	4,005	13.1	15,970	20.7	12,086	28.6	3,058	32.1
Medicare	8,003	6.4	8,336	27.2	16,574	21.5	4,359	10.3	928	9.7
Medicaid	23,675	18.9	1,887	6.2	3,686	4.8	1,513	3.6	232	2.4
Medicare and Medicaid	5,769	4.6	2,078	6.8	1,481	1.9	242	0.6	36	0.4
Veterans Administration	58	<0.1	41	0.1	44	0.1	37	0.1	3	<0.1
Indian Health Service	41	<0.1	2	<0.1	10	<0.1	4	<0.1	0	0.0
Other plan	205	0.2	46	0.2	142	0.2	111	0.3	27	0.3
No coverage	63,279	50.5	10,965	35.8	25,026	32.5	8,698	20.6	1,337	14.0
Multiple coverages	5,236	4.2	2,318	7.6	6,840	8.9	5,243	12.4	1,285	13.5
Subtotal	125,289	100.0	30,634	100.0	77,093	100.0	42,254	100.0	9,528	100.0
Total^a	127,739	—	31,498	—	79,535	—	44,466	—	10,630	—

Abbreviation: FPL, federal poverty level.

^a Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total.

Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Table 5. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by health care coverage and selected characteristics, 2019—United States and 3 territories

Age group (yr)	Private employer		Private individual		Medicare		Medicaid		Medicare and Medicaid		Veterans Administration		Indian Health Service		Other plan		No coverage		Multiple coverages	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
<13	47	0.2	12	<0.1	1	<0.1	48	0.2	1	<0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.6	73	0.1	16	0.1
13–14	20	0.1	8	<0.1	0	0.0	15	<0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.2	14	<0.1	7	<0.1
15–19	62	0.3	57	0.1	1	<0.1	156	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	12	2.3	455	0.4	42	0.2
20–24	710	3.0	1,342	2.6	24	0.1	1,126	3.6	9	0.1	8	4.4	4	7.0	68	12.8	5,409	4.9	342	1.6
25–29	2,369	10.0	4,471	8.7	133	0.3	2,959	9.5	87	0.9	8	4.4	7	12.3	72	13.5	14,283	13.0	1,250	6.0
30–34	2,991	12.6	6,187	12.0	381	1.0	3,542	11.4	178	1.9	17	9.3	5	8.8	58	10.9	17,005	15.5	1,840	8.8
35–39	2,682	11.3	5,872	11.4	683	1.8	3,521	11.3	314	3.3	6	3.3	12	21.1	53	9.9	15,297	14.0	1,833	8.8
40–44	2,602	11.0	5,846	11.4	1,121	2.9	3,448	11.1	452	4.7	5	2.7	9	15.8	35	6.6	13,849	12.6	1,783	8.5
45–49	2,893	12.2	6,822	13.3	2,201	5.8	3,601	11.6	806	8.4	12	6.6	5	8.8	59	11.1	13,632	12.4	2,168	10.4
50–54	3,578	15.1	7,914	15.4	4,671	12.2	4,388	14.1	1,522	15.8	25	13.7	7	12.3	53	9.9	12,855	11.7	2,880	13.8
55–59	3,292	13.9	7,481	14.6	7,564	19.8	4,543	14.6	2,155	22.4	31	16.9	7	12.3	63	11.8	9,737	8.9	3,155	15.1
60–64	1,919	8.1	4,559	8.9	6,729	17.6	2,760	8.9	1,698	17.7	34	18.6	1	1.8	44	8.3	5,087	4.6	2,308	11.0
≥65	524	2.2	832	1.6	14,740	38.5	930	3.0	2,398	24.9	37	20.2	0	0.0	12	2.3	1,903	1.7	3,301	15.8
Total^a	23,689	100.0	51,403	100.0	38,249	100.0	31,037	100.0	9,620	100.0	183	100.0	57	100.0	533	100.0	109,599	100.0	20,925	100.0

^a Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Table 6. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by HHS region and selected characteristics, 2019—United States and 3 territories

	Region 1		Region 2		Region 3		Region 4		Region 5		Region 6		Region 7		Region 8		Region 9		Region 10		
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Age group (yr)																					
<13	13	0.1	13	<0.1	17	0.1	38	<0.1	53	0.2	27	0.1	16	0.2	28	0.3	5	<0.1	3	<0.1	
13–14	9	0.1	8	<0.1	12	<0.1	11	<0.1	11	<0.1	3	<0.1	3	<0.1	13	0.2	1	<0.1	1	<0.1	
15–19	35	0.3	89	0.2	58	0.2	240	0.3	133	0.4	127	0.4	38	0.4	29	0.4	57	0.1	17	0.2	
20–24	189	1.4	842	2.1	752	2.7	3,586	4.5	1,134	3.5	1,369	4.0	415	4.8	231	2.9	852	2.0	132	1.4	
25–29	614	4.7	2,734	6.9	2,221	7.8	9,407	11.8	3,081	9.5	3,866	11.3	968	11.1	634	7.9	2,889	6.7	439	4.7	
30–34	814	6.2	3,786	9.6	2,890	10.2	10,930	13.7	3,764	11.6	4,687	13.8	1,151	13.2	831	10.3	4,051	9.4	708	7.6	
35–39	988	7.5	3,747	9.5	2,683	9.5	9,213	11.5	3,377	10.4	4,459	13.1	1,056	12.1	970	12.0	4,163	9.6	834	8.9	
40–44	1,079	8.2	3,956	10.0	2,631	9.3	8,499	10.6	3,183	9.8	4,009	11.8	953	10.9	883	10.9	4,164	9.6	930	10.0	
45–49	1,423	10.8	4,525	11.4	3,025	10.7	9,279	11.6	3,525	10.9	3,937	11.6	985	11.3	953	11.8	4,604	10.6	1,119	12.0	
50–54	2,024	15.4	5,678	14.3	3,779	13.3	10,454	13.1	4,171	12.9	3,922	11.5	1,044	12.0	1,082	13.4	5,841	13.5	1,381	14.8	
55–59	2,368	18.0	5,897	14.9	4,196	14.8	9,247	11.6	4,309	13.3	3,682	10.8	1,045	12.0	1,104	13.7	6,140	14.2	1,550	16.6	
60–64	1,803	13.7	4,184	10.6	2,837	10.0	5,487	6.9	2,814	8.7	2,244	6.6	572	6.6	662	8.2	4,469	10.3	1,016	10.9	
≥65	1,805	13.7	4,170	10.5	3,273	11.5	3,562	4.5	2,776	8.6	1,743	5.1	463	5.3	648	8.0	6,052	14.0	1,209	12.9	
Subtotal	13,164	100.0	39,629	100.0	28,374	100.0	79,953	100.0	32,331	100.0	34,075	100.0	8,709	100.0	8,068	100.0	43,288	100.0	9,339	100.0	
Race/ethnicity																					
American Indian/Alaska Native	40	0.3	80	0.2	37	0.1	181	0.2	96	0.3	186	0.5	50	0.6	175	2.2	187	0.4	99	1.1	
Asian	222	1.7	849	2.1	329	1.2	564	0.7	561	1.7	388	1.1	131	1.5	144	1.8	1,776	4.1	291	3.2	
Black/African American	3,812	29.6	12,223	30.9	16,291	58.3	45,096	56.6	14,704	45.5	13,834	40.7	3,626	41.6	1,359	16.8	5,927	13.8	1,327	14.4	
Hispanic/Latino ^a	3,558	27.6	19,317	48.8	3,565	12.8	13,136	16.5	4,978	15.4	10,439	30.7	962	11.0	2,183	27.1	19,426	45.2	1,803	19.6	
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	33	0.3	52	0.1	29	0.1	70	0.1	29	0.1	26	0.1	14	0.2	12	0.1	214	0.5	54	0.6	
White	5,096	39.5	6,745	17.0	7,154	25.6	20,318	25.5	11,632	36.0	8,903	26.2	3,769	43.3	3,988	49.4	14,976	34.8	5,509	59.8	
Multiple races	133	1.0	344	0.9	553	2.0	362	0.5	323	1.0	248	0.7	157	1.8	207	2.6	479	1.1	127	1.4	
Subtotal	12,894	100.0	39,610	100.0	27,958	100.0	79,727	100.0	32,323	100.0	34,024	100.0	8,709	100.0	8,068	100.0	42,985	100.0	9,210	100.0	
Gender																					
Male	9,054	68.9	29,126	73.6	20,260	71.4	61,213	76.6	25,534	79.0	26,149	76.8	6,873	78.9	6,582	81.6	37,943	87.7	7,824	83.8	
Female	3,984	30.3	10,209	25.8	7,699	27.1	17,506	21.9	6,191	19.1	7,270	21.3	1,674	19.2	1,383	17.1	4,617	10.7	1,397	15.0	
Transgender	106	0.8	244	0.6	415	1.5	1,234	1.5	606	1.9	646	1.9	162	1.9	102	1.3	727	1.7	118	1.3	
Subtotal	13,144	100.0	39,579	100.0	28,374	100.0	79,953	100.0	32,331	100.0	34,065	100.0	8,709	100.0	8,067	100.0	43,287	100.0	9,339	100.0	
Federal poverty level																					
0–100%	6,386	48.8	19,524	49.8	9,708	34.4	41,779	53.7	12,421	38.5	16,061	47.2	4,266	49.0	3,207	40.0	11,546	26.7	2,841	30.5	
101–138%	1,310	10.0	2,774	7.1	3,314	11.7	8,405	10.8	3,385	10.5	4,575	13.4	895	10.3	945	11.8	4,662	10.8	1,233	13.2	
139–250%	2,832	21.6	7,767	19.8	7,582	26.8	18,767	24.1	9,995	31.0	10,852	31.9	2,306	26.5	2,162	27.0	14,675	33.9	2,597	27.9	
251–400%	1,991	15.2	6,803	17.3	5,481	19.4	8,244	10.6	5,503	17.1	2,366	7.0	1,163	13.4	1,286	16.0	9,482	21.9	2,147	23.1	
>400%	567	4.3	2,371	6.0	2,154	7.6	552	0.7	928	2.9	161	0.5	69	0.8	415	5.2	2,919	6.7	494	5.3	
Subtotal	13,086	100.0	39,239	100.0	28,239	100.0	77,747	100.0	32,232	100.0	34,015	100.0	8,699	100.0	8,015	100.0	43,284	100.0	9,312	100.0	
Health care coverage																					
Private employer	683	5.3	2,195	5.6	1,202	5.9	4,728	6.1	3,329	10.5	2,122	6.2	1,232	14.2	1,445	18.1	5,364	12.4	1,389	14.9	
Private individual	1,912	14.9	6,717	17.0	5,997	29.6	16,079	20.7	3,918	12.3	3,048	9.0	3,458	39.7	1,175	14.7	7,090	16.4	2,009	21.6	
Medicare	1,234	9.6	3,859	9.8	3,249	16.0	6,291	8.1	4,937	15.5	4,316	12.7	676	7.8	1,503	18.8	10,774	24.9	1,410	15.1	
Medicaid	4,710	36.6	9,369	23.8	1,102	5.4	3,153	4.1	6,319	19.9	1,957	5.8	482	5.5	1,803	22.5	1,169	2.7	973	10.5	
Medicare and Medicaid	2,081	16.2	2,357	6.0	290	1.4	335	0.4	2,113	6.6	247	0.7	337	3.9	136	1.7	644	1.5	1,080	11.6	
Veterans Administration	9	0.1	1	<0.1	10	<0.1	62	0.1	21	0.1	2	<0.1	22	0.3	5	0.1	26	0.1	25	0.3	
Indian Health Service	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	<0.1	0	0.0	41	0.1	0	0.0	13	0.2	1	<0.1	0	0.0	
Other plan	4	<0.1	127	0.3	107	0.5	143	0.2	118	0.4	7	<0.1	6	0.1	7	0.1	13	<0.1	1	<0.1	
No coverage	1,534	11.9	11,560	29.3	4,761	23.5	44,710	57.6	8,521	26.8	21,204	62.4	1,226	14.1	965	12.1	14,483	33.5	635	6.8	
Multiple coverages	696	5.4	3,252	8.2	3,569	17.6	2,111	2.7	2,508	7.9	1,063	3.1	1,264	14.5	951	11.9	3,723	8.6	1,788	19.2	
Subtotal	12,863	100.0	39,437	100.0	20,287	100.0	77,614	100.0	31,784	100.0	34,007	100.0	8,703	100.0	8,003	100.0	43,287	100.0	9,310	100.0	
Total^b	13,164	—	39,629	—	28,374	—	79,953	—	32,331	—	34,075	—	8,709	—	8,068	—	43,288	—	9,339	—	

Note: See Technical Notes for the states/territories included in each region.

^a Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

^b Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Table 7. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by ADAP service received and selected characteristics, 2019—United States and 3 territories

	Full-pay medication support		Insurance premium assistance		Medication co-pay/ deductible ^a		Multiple services		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Age group (yr)									
<13	66	0.1	5	<0.1	38	0.1	26	<0.1	135
13–14	25	<0.1	0	0.0	21	<0.1	10	<0.1	56
15–19	455	0.4	11	0.1	72	0.2	78	0.1	616
20–24	5,289	4.5	197	1.8	648	1.4	1,450	1.9	7,584
25–29	13,916	11.9	813	7.4	1,744	3.8	5,473	7.2	21,946
30–34	16,791	14.3	1,132	10.3	2,534	5.5	7,599	10.0	28,056
35–39	15,502	13.2	1,163	10.5	2,695	5.8	7,391	9.7	26,751
40–44	14,310	12.2	1,075	9.8	2,902	6.3	7,521	9.9	25,808
45–49	14,455	12.4	1,278	11.6	4,113	8.9	8,801	11.6	28,647
50–54	14,455	12.4	1,617	14.7	6,497	14.0	10,916	14.4	33,485
55–59	11,730	10.0	1,692	15.3	8,364	18.1	11,522	15.2	33,308
60–64	6,626	5.7	1,147	10.4	6,501	14.0	7,844	10.3	22,118
≥65	3,419	2.9	894	8.1	10,185	22.0	7,336	9.7	21,834
Subtotal	117,039	100.0	11,024	100.0	46,314	100.0	75,967	100.0	250,344
Race/ethnicity									
American Indian/Alaska Native	303	0.3	79	0.7	200	0.4	262	0.3	844
Asian	1,833	1.6	248	2.3	888	1.9	1,600	2.1	4,569
Black/African American	49,995	42.9	3,225	29.4	15,626	33.9	28,356	37.6	97,202
Hispanic/Latino ^b	44,500	38.1	2,224	20.3	8,302	18.0	15,483	20.5	70,509
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	148	0.1	26	0.2	108	0.2	151	0.2	433
White	19,193	16.5	5,002	45.6	20,409	44.3	28,670	38.0	73,274
Multiple races	699	0.6	154	1.4	552	1.2	976	1.3	2,381
Subtotal	116,671	100.0	10,958	100.0	46,085	100.0	75,498	100.0	249,212
Gender									
Male	89,010	76.1	9,105	82.6	36,979	79.8	60,135	79.2	195,229
Female	25,916	22.2	1,789	16.2	8,949	19.3	14,911	19.6	51,565
Transgender male	247	0.2	20	0.2	51	0.1	106	0.1	424
Transgender female	1,650	1.4	102	0.9	314	0.7	757	1.0	2,823
Other gender identity	176	0.2	6	0.1	19	<0.1	46	0.1	247
Subtotal	116,999	100.0	11,022	100.0	46,312	100.0	75,955	100.0	250,288
Federal poverty level									
0–100%	69,844	60.2	2,956	26.9	9,771	21.2	19,564	25.8	102,135
101–138%	11,356	9.8	1,277	11.6	6,421	13.9	6,925	9.1	25,979
139–250%	24,933	21.5	3,926	35.8	16,093	34.9	26,394	34.8	71,346
251–400%	8,589	7.4	2,305	21.0	10,847	23.5	18,207	24.0	39,948
>400%	1,325	1.1	508	4.6	3,007	6.5	4,660	6.2	9,500
Subtotal	116,047	100.0	10,972	100.0	46,139	100.0	75,750	100.0	248,908
HHS Region									
Region 1	1,440	1.2	862	7.8	3,963	8.6	2,808	3.7	9,073
Region 2	21,240	18.1	675	6.1	3,775	8.2	10,789	14.2	36,479
Region 3	4,698	4.0	1,008	9.1	3,936	8.5	13,617	17.9	23,259
Region 4	45,143	38.6	1,901	17.2	7,879	17.0	15,860	20.9	70,783
Region 5	8,778	7.5	1,491	13.5	4,847	10.5	8,601	11.3	23,717
Region 6	19,260	16.5	1,087	9.9	3,947	8.5	4,507	5.9	28,801
Region 7	976	0.8	980	8.9	1,757	3.8	4,121	5.4	7,834
Region 8	1,177	1.0	315	2.9	2,016	4.4	2,713	3.6	6,221
Region 9	13,573	11.6	1,322	12.0	12,022	26.0	10,171	13.4	37,088
Region 10	754	0.6	1,383	12.5	2,172	4.7	2,780	3.7	7,089
Total^c	117,039	—	11,024	—	46,314	—	75,967	—	250,344

^a Includes Medicare Part D co-insurance, co-payment, or donut hole coverage.

^b Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

^c Subtotals for each subpopulation are displayed to reflect the denominator used for the percentage calculation of each subpopulation; due to missing data, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Table 8. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by year and state, 2015–2019—United States and 3 territories

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	N	N	N	N	N
State					
Alabama	2,697	3,101	3,468	3,865	4,300
Alaska	142	109	90	78	89
Arizona	2,444	2,706	2,992	3,620	4,105
Arkansas	975	1,246	1,202	1,918	2,172
California	35,631	33,135	33,303	34,779	35,789
Colorado	4,532	4,966	5,293	5,515	5,773
Connecticut	2,580	2,366	2,332	2,544	2,194
Delaware	1,669	1,925	1,814	1,824	1,801
District of Columbia	1,426	1,511	1,435	1,309	1,305
Florida	19,733	22,634	24,212	26,844	28,668
Georgia	10,242	11,009	11,759	12,735	13,414
Hawaii	406	399	427	481	493
Idaho	233	323	343	353	393
Illinois	10,522	11,307	12,353	13,302	13,978
Indiana	3,265	3,422	3,204	3,509	3,932
Iowa	489	559	646	778	848
Kansas	1,611	1,574	1,591	1,680	1,727
Kentucky	3,358	3,453	3,464	3,810	4,635
Louisiana	7,706	8,042	4,625	4,730	5,330
Maine	995	1,026	1,064	1,081	1,113
Maryland	7,291	7,215	7,099	7,149	7,211
Massachusetts	7,840	7,732	7,629	7,620	7,958
Michigan	3,450	3,617	3,498	3,844	4,091
Minnesota	3,235	3,474	3,756	3,869	2,243
Mississippi	2,276	2,315	2,508	2,764	3,006
Missouri	4,431	3,927	4,576	4,574	5,081
Montana	347	363	368	369	299
Nebraska	804	847	925	943	1,053
Nevada	1,075	1,921	2,170	2,639	2,890
New Hampshire	623	638	658	589	711
New Jersey	6,629	6,223	6,367	6,322	6,401
New Mexico	501	498	528	561	643
New York	22,360	22,078	21,585	23,807	24,914
North Carolina	9,321	9,741	10,314	10,825	11,244
North Dakota	229	258	313	319	343
Ohio	5,099	4,994	5,170	5,503	6,087
Oklahoma	1,855	1,978	2,071	2,325	2,395
Oregon	3,632	3,679	3,940	3,997	4,060
Pennsylvania	8,454	8,036	8,123	8,483	8,947
Rhode Island	798	829	791	718	733
South Carolina	6,006	6,090	6,118	6,007	5,989
South Dakota	299	315	353	366	408
Tennessee	7,246	7,630	6,749	9,893	8,697
Texas	22,522	22,487	22,752	21,941	23,535
Utah	855	921	898	950	1,013
Vermont	399	413	430	448	455
Virginia	6,836	7,482	7,720	8,079	8,586
Washington	3,785	4,093	4,273	4,530	4,797
West Virginia	607	584	518	526	524
Wisconsin	1,241	1,900	1,920	1,953	2,000
Wyoming	154	201	214	226	232
Subtotal	250,856	257,292	259,951	276,894	288,605
Territory					
Guam	12	13	10	9	11
Puerto Rico	8,484	8,682	8,061	8,038	8,194
U.S. Virgin Islands	179	160	152	160	120
Subtotal	8,675	8,855	8,223	8,207	8,325
Total	259,531	266,147	268,174	285,101	296,930

Note: Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% the total ADAP population.

Table 9. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by age group and state, 2019—United States and 3 territories

State	<13 yrs		13–24 yrs		25–34 yrs		35–44 yrs		45–54 yrs		55–64 yrs		≥65 yrs		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Alabama	0	0.0	264	6.1	1,418	33.0	1,100	25.6	928	21.6	530	12.3	60	1.4	4,300
Alaska	0	0.0	4	4.5	14	15.7	18	20.2	28	31.5	18	20.2	7	7.9	89
Arizona	4	0.1	128	3.1	715	17.4	777	18.9	965	23.5	1,001	24.4	515	12.5	4,105
Arkansas	2	0.1	132	6.1	552	25.4	503	23.2	483	22.2	377	17.4	123	5.7	2,172
California	0	0.0	682	1.9	5,555	15.5	6,848	19.1	8,719	24.4	8,836	24.7	5,149	14.4	35,789
Colorado	18	0.3	179	3.1	1,049	18.2	1,236	21.4	1,451	25.1	1,316	22.8	524	9.1	5,773
Connecticut	1	<0.1	38	1.7	224	10.2	356	16.2	574	26.2	661	30.1	340	15.5	2,194
Delaware	0	0.0	43	2.4	228	12.7	260	14.4	444	24.7	589	32.7	237	13.2	1,801
District of Columbia	2	0.2	24	1.8	171	13.1	241	18.5	282	21.6	350	26.8	235	18.0	1,305
Florida	9	<0.1	1,038	3.6	5,943	20.7	6,088	21.2	7,779	27.1	6,319	22.0	1,492	5.2	28,668
Georgia	1	<0.1	905	6.7	4,725	35.2	3,360	25.0	2,725	20.3	1,551	11.6	147	1.1	13,414
Hawaii	1	0.2	7	1.4	53	10.8	71	14.4	90	18.3	158	32.0	113	22.9	493
Idaho	0	0.0	15	3.8	79	20.1	90	22.9	99	25.2	79	20.1	31	7.9	393
Illinois	11	0.1	597	4.3	3,097	22.2	2,974	21.3	3,354	24.0	2,928	20.9	1,017	7.3	13,978
Indiana	5	0.1	147	3.7	893	22.7	904	23.0	917	23.3	802	20.4	264	6.7	3,932
Iowa	0	0.0	35	4.1	149	17.6	177	20.9	217	25.6	194	22.9	76	9.0	848
Kansas	3	0.2	96	5.6	338	19.6	392	22.7	418	24.2	361	20.9	119	6.9	1,727
Kentucky	7	0.2	166	3.6	929	20.0	1,015	21.9	1,195	25.8	1,014	21.9	309	6.7	4,635
Louisiana	1	<0.1	160	3.0	1,060	19.9	1,212	22.7	1,213	22.8	1,210	22.7	474	8.9	5,330
Maine	6	0.5	18	1.6	89	8.0	202	18.1	295	26.5	351	31.5	152	13.7	1,113
Maryland	5	0.1	137	1.9	1,057	14.7	1,323	18.3	1,721	23.9	1,970	27.3	998	13.8	7,211
Massachusetts	3	<0.1	145	1.8	908	11.4	1,204	15.1	2,062	25.9	2,567	32.3	1,069	13.4	7,958
Michigan	8	0.2	128	3.1	783	19.1	713	17.4	961	23.5	1,018	24.9	480	11.7	4,091
Minnesota	19	0.8	96	4.3	400	17.8	496	22.1	554	24.7	449	20.0	229	10.2	2,243
Mississippi	1	<0.1	236	7.9	926	30.8	725	24.1	636	21.2	385	12.8	97	3.2	3,006
Missouri	11	0.2	280	5.5	1,410	27.8	1,197	23.6	1,133	22.3	847	16.7	203	4.0	5,081
Montana	0	0.0	7	2.3	43	14.4	62	20.7	75	25.1	85	28.4	27	9.0	299
Nebraska	2	0.2	45	4.3	222	21.1	243	23.1	261	24.8	215	20.4	65	6.2	1,053
Nevada	0	0.0	92	3.2	613	21.2	630	21.8	670	23.2	612	21.2	273	9.4	2,890
New Hampshire	2	0.3	10	1.4	83	11.7	120	16.9	198	27.8	222	31.2	76	10.7	711
New Jersey	5	0.1	184	2.9	1,160	18.1	1,354	21.2	1,689	26.4	1,524	23.8	485	7.6	6,401
New Mexico	2	0.3	9	1.4	94	14.6	110	17.1	147	22.9	208	32.3	73	11.4	643
New York	5	<0.1	549	2.2	4,342	17.4	4,915	19.7	6,054	24.3	5,998	24.1	3,051	12.2	24,914
North Carolina	1	<0.1	566	5.0	2,673	23.8	2,248	20.0	2,715	24.1	2,220	19.7	821	7.3	11,244
North Dakota	3	0.9	22	6.4	77	22.4	97	28.3	82	23.9	46	13.4	16	4.7	343
Ohio	8	0.1	227	3.7	1,232	20.2	1,089	17.9	1,467	24.1	1,467	24.1	597	9.8	6,087
Oklahoma	1	<0.1	90	3.8	560	23.4	526	22.0	607	25.3	484	20.2	127	5.3	2,395
Oregon	3	0.1	52	1.3	478	11.8	775	19.1	1,120	27.6	1,123	27.7	509	12.5	4,060
Pennsylvania	2	<0.1	279	3.1	1,543	17.2	1,561	17.4	2,150	24.0	2,252	25.2	1,160	13.0	8,947
Rhode Island	1	0.1	14	1.9	89	12.1	122	16.6	187	25.5	229	31.2	91	12.4	733
South Carolina	6	0.1	320	5.3	1,503	25.1	1,270	21.2	1,542	25.7	1,094	18.3	254	4.2	5,989
South Dakota	3	0.7	14	3.4	52	12.7	115	28.2	108	26.5	95	23.3	21	5.1	408
Tennessee	13	0.1	342	3.9	2,220	25.5	1,906	21.9	2,213	25.4	1,621	18.6	382	4.4	8,697
Texas	21	0.1	1,108	4.7	6,287	26.7	6,117	26.0	5,409	23.0	3,647	15.5	946	4.0	23,535
Utah	2	0.2	47	4.6	207	20.4	296	29.2	261	25.8	162	16.0	38	3.8	1,013

Table 9. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by age group and state, 2019—United States and 3 territories (cont.)

	<13 yrs		13–24 yrs		25–34 yrs		35–44 yrs		45–54 yrs		55–64 yrs		≥65 yrs		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State															
Vermont	0	0.0	8	1.8	35	7.7	63	13.8	131	28.8	141	31.0	77	16.9	455
Virginia	8	0.1	327	3.8	2,043	23.8	1,837	21.4	2,054	23.9	1,727	20.1	590	6.9	8,586
Washington	0	0.0	79	1.6	576	12.0	881	18.4	1,253	26.1	1,346	28.1	662	13.8	4,797
West Virginia	0	0.0	12	2.3	69	13.2	92	17.6	153	29.2	145	27.7	53	10.1	524
Wisconsin	2	0.1	83	4.2	440	22.0	384	19.2	443	22.2	459	23.0	189	9.5	2,000
Wyoming	2	0.9	4	1.7	37	15.9	47	20.3	58	25.0	62	26.7	22	9.5	232
Subtotal	210	0.1	10,190	3.5	59,443	20.6	60,342	20.9	70,290	24.4	63,065	21.9	25,065	8.7	288,605
Territory															
Guam	0	0.0	1	9.1	4	36.4	1	9.1	1	9.1	2	18.2	2	18.2	11
Puerto Rico	1	<0.1	204	2.5	1,011	12.3	1,409	17.2	2,425	29.6	2,531	30.9	613	7.5	8,194
U.S. Virgin Islands	2	1.7	2	1.7	7	5.8	25	20.8	35	29.2	28	23.3	21	17.5	120
Subtotal	3	<0.1	207	2.5	1,022	12.3	1,435	17.2	2,461	29.6	2,561	30.8	636	7.6	8,325
Total	213	0.1	10,397	3.5	60,465	20.4	61,777	20.8	72,751	24.5	65,626	22.1	25,701	8.7	296,930

Notes: Percentages shown are based on the row total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% the total ADAP population.

Table 10. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by race/ethnicity and state, 2019—United States and 3 territories

State	American Indian/ Alaska Native		Asian		Black/ African American		Hispanic/Latino ^a		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		White		Multiple races		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Alabama	2	<0.1	11	0.3	2,937	68.3	175	4.1	0	0.0	1,059	24.6	116	2.7	4,300
Alaska	2	2.2	6	6.7	18	20.2	17	19.1	0	0.0	45	50.6	1	1.1	89
Arizona	59	1.4	66	1.6	591	14.4	1,533	37.3	4	0.1	1,752	42.7	100	2.4	4,105
Arkansas	6	0.3	10	0.5	964	44.4	177	8.1	4	0.2	992	45.7	19	0.9	2,172
California	105	0.3	1,517	4.3	4,637	13.1	16,804	47.4	141	0.4	11,999	33.8	283	0.8	35,486
Colorado	58	1.0	106	1.8	960	16.6	1,753	30.4	7	0.1	2,728	47.3	161	2.8	5,773
Connecticut	7	0.3	18	0.9	783	37.2	655	31.1	3	0.1	639	30.4	0	0.0	2,105
Delaware	2	0.1	1	0.1	1,149	63.8	148	8.2	0	0.0	491	27.3	10	0.6	1,801
District of Columbia	0	0.0	9	0.7	834	63.9	285	21.8	0	0.0	177	13.6	0	0.0	1,305
Florida	36	0.1	201	0.7	11,680	40.8	9,219	32.2	32	0.1	7,355	25.7	109	0.4	28,632
Georgia	16	0.1	116	0.9	10,211	76.7	1,155	8.7	12	0.1	1,792	13.5	3	<0.1	13,305
Hawaii	3	0.6	77	15.6	23	4.7	68	13.8	45	9.1	232	47.1	45	9.1	493
Idaho	4	1.0	4	1.0	45	11.5	72	18.3	0	0.0	256	65.1	12	3.1	393
Illinois	20	0.1	247	1.8	6,983	50.0	3,184	22.8	15	0.1	3,437	24.6	89	0.6	13,975
Indiana	10	0.3	101	2.6	1,592	40.5	399	10.2	5	0.1	1,820	46.3	0	0.0	3,927
Iowa	5	0.6	27	3.2	221	26.1	114	13.4	1	0.1	473	55.8	7	0.8	848
Kansas	13	0.8	33	1.9	489	28.3	318	18.4	2	0.1	828	47.9	44	2.5	1,727
Kentucky	12	0.3	49	1.1	1,590	34.3	326	7.0	6	0.1	2,586	55.8	66	1.4	4,635
Louisiana	12	0.2	30	0.6	3,315	62.4	393	7.4	6	0.1	1,545	29.1	15	0.3	5,316
Maine	10	0.9	7	0.6	234	21.0	58	5.2	0	0.0	766	68.8	38	3.4	1,113
Maryland	17	0.2	63	0.9	5,186	73.6	739	10.5	0	0.0	1,007	14.3	35	0.5	7,047
Massachusetts	14	0.2	150	1.9	2,476	31.6	2,514	32.1	27	0.3	2,577	32.9	79	1.0	7,837
Michigan	13	0.3	62	1.5	1,977	48.3	268	6.6	4	0.1	1,710	41.8	57	1.4	4,091
Minnesota	21	0.9	67	3.0	811	36.2	369	16.5	3	0.1	923	41.2	49	2.2	2,243
Mississippi	4	0.1	10	0.3	2,351	78.2	69	2.3	1	<0.1	558	18.6	13	0.4	3,006
Missouri	18	0.4	40	0.8	2,598	51.1	311	6.1	10	0.2	1,998	39.3	106	2.1	5,081
Montana	15	5.0	3	1.0	10	3.3	24	8.0	0	0.0	240	80.3	7	2.3	299
Nebraska	14	1.3	31	2.9	318	30.2	219	20.8	1	0.1	470	44.6	0	0.0	1,053
Nevada	20	0.7	110	3.8	676	23.4	1,021	35.3	21	0.7	991	34.3	51	1.8	2,890
New Hampshire	2	0.3	22	3.1	121	17.0	101	14.2	2	0.3	452	63.7	10	1.4	710
New Jersey	3	<0.1	117	1.8	2,671	41.7	2,416	37.7	8	0.1	1,062	16.6	124	1.9	6,401
New Mexico	17	2.7	5	0.8	30	4.7	353	55.4	1	0.2	222	34.9	9	1.4	637
New York	77	0.3	730	2.9	9,455	38.0	8,850	35.5	44	0.2	5,521	22.2	218	0.9	24,895
North Carolina	82	0.7	85	0.8	7,241	64.9	1,240	11.1	6	0.1	2,509	22.5	0	0.0	11,163
North Dakota	12	3.5	4	1.2	161	46.9	19	5.5	0	0.0	126	36.7	21	6.1	343
Ohio	13	0.2	44	0.7	2,643	43.4	419	6.9	2	<0.1	2,862	47.0	104	1.7	6,087
Oklahoma	103	4.3	44	1.8	536	22.4	286	12.0	1	<0.1	1,218	50.9	205	8.6	2,393
Oregon	50	1.3	82	2.1	299	7.6	744	18.9	22	0.6	2,734	69.5	0	0.0	3,931
Pennsylvania	11	0.1	123	1.4	4,097	47.1	1,328	15.3	28	0.3	3,116	35.8	0	0.0	8,703
Rhode Island	0	0.0	10	1.4	155	22.4	205	29.6	1	0.1	321	46.4	0	0.0	692
South Carolina	10	0.2	20	0.3	4,175	69.7	390	6.5	3	0.1	1,336	22.3	55	0.9	5,989
South Dakota	70	17.2	0	0.0	111	27.2	35	8.6	0	0.0	182	44.6	10	2.5	408
Tennessee	19	0.2	72	0.8	4,911	56.5	562	6.5	10	0.1	3,123	35.9	0	0.0	8,697
Texas	48	0.2	299	1.3	8,989	38.2	9,230	39.3	14	0.1	4,926	21.0	0	0.0	23,506
Utah	12	1.2	30	3.0	99	9.8	317	31.3	4	0.4	543	53.6	8	0.8	1,013

Table 10. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by race/ethnicity and state, 2019—United States and 3 territories (cont.)

	American Indian/ Alaska Native		Asian		Black/ African American		Hispanic/Latino ^a		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		White		Multiple races		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State															
Vermont	7	1.6	15	3.4	43	9.8	25	5.7	0	0.0	341	78.0	6	1.4	437
Virginia	6	0.1	128	1.5	4,944	57.6	1,050	12.2	1	<0.1	1,945	22.7	504	5.9	8,578
Washington	43	0.9	199	4.1	965	20.1	970	20.2	32	0.7	2,474	51.6	114	2.4	4,797
West Virginia	1	0.2	5	1.0	81	15.5	15	2.9	0	0.0	418	79.8	4	0.8	524
Wisconsin	19	1.0	40	2.0	698	34.9	339	17.0	0	0.0	880	44.0	24	1.2	2,000
Wyoming	8	3.4	1	0.4	18	7.8	35	15.1	1	0.4	169	72.8	0	0.0	232
Subtotal	1,131	0.4	5,247	1.8	118,102	41.1	71,316	24.8	530	0.2	87,926	30.6	2,931	1.0	287,183
Territory															
Guam	0	0.0	6	54.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	27.3	2	18.2	0	0.0	11
Puerto Rico	0	0.0	2	<0.1	19	0.2	8,017	97.8	0	0.0	154	1.9	2	<0.1	8,194
U.S. Virgin Islands	0	0.0	0	0.0	78	65.0	34	28.3	0	0.0	8	6.7	0	0.0	120
Subtotal	0	0.0	8	0.1	97	1.2	8,051	96.7	3	<0.1	164	2.0	2	<0.1	8,325
Total	1,131	0.4	5,255	1.8	118,199	40.0	79,367	26.9	533	0.2	88,090	29.8	2,933	1.0	295,508

Notes: Percentages shown are based on the row total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% the total ADAP population.

^a Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race.

Table 11. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by gender and state, 2019—United States and 3 territories

State	Male		Female		Transgender male		Transgender female		Other gender identity		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Alabama	3,217	74.8	992	23.1	16	0.4	75	1.7	0	0.0	4,300
Alaska	72	80.9	16	18.0	0	0.0	1	1.1	0	0.0	89
Arizona	3,472	84.6	576	14.0	5	0.1	52	1.3	0	0.0	4,105
Arkansas	1,673	77.0	483	22.2	2	0.1	14	0.6	0	0.0	2,172
California	31,625	88.4	3,556	9.9	44	0.1	559	1.6	4	<0.1	35,788
Colorado	4,788	83.0	893	15.5	8	0.1	83	1.4	0	0.0	5,772
Connecticut	1,474	67.4	703	32.1	3	0.1	6	0.3	1	<0.1	2,187
Delaware	1,160	64.4	623	34.6	1	0.1	17	0.9	0	0.0	1,801
District of Columbia	943	72.3	320	24.5	1	0.1	41	3.1	0	0.0	1,305
Florida	22,047	76.9	6,231	21.7	61	0.2	312	1.1	17	0.1	28,668
Georgia	10,482	78.1	2,696	20.1	7	0.1	217	1.6	12	0.1	13,414
Hawaii	445	90.3	43	8.7	1	0.2	4	0.8	0	0.0	493
Idaho	313	79.6	76	19.3	0	0.0	3	0.8	1	0.3	393
Illinois	10,949	78.3	2,665	19.1	50	0.4	314	2.2	0	0.0	13,978
Indiana	3,008	76.5	860	21.9	4	0.1	60	1.5	0	0.0	3,932
Iowa	650	76.7	192	22.6	0	0.0	6	0.7	0	0.0	848
Kansas	1,371	79.4	323	18.7	1	0.1	32	1.9	0	0.0	1,727
Kentucky	3,602	77.7	955	20.6	7	0.2	70	1.5	1	<0.1	4,635
Louisiana	4,058	76.1	1,185	22.2	4	0.1	83	1.6	0	0.0	5,330
Maine	831	74.7	271	24.3	1	0.1	10	0.9	0	0.0	1,113
Maryland	4,654	64.5	2,453	34.0	56	0.8	47	0.7	1	<0.1	7,211
Massachusetts	5,316	66.9	2,561	32.2	3	<0.1	65	0.8	0	0.0	7,945
Michigan	3,331	81.4	723	17.7	2	<0.1	34	0.8	1	<0.1	4,091
Minnesota	1,650	73.6	563	25.1	2	0.1	26	1.2	2	0.1	2,243
Mississippi	2,246	74.7	713	23.7	3	0.1	44	1.5	0	0.0	3,006
Missouri	4,031	79.3	948	18.7	1	<0.1	101	2.0	0	0.0	5,081
Montana	265	88.6	33	11.0	0	0.0	1	0.3	0	0.0	299
Nebraska	821	78.0	211	20.0	18	1.7	3	0.3	0	0.0	1,053
Nevada	2,391	82.7	441	15.3	1	<0.1	56	1.9	1	<0.1	2,890
New Hampshire	513	72.2	191	26.9	1	0.1	6	0.8	0	0.0	711
New Jersey	4,479	70.0	1,881	29.4	3	<0.1	38	0.6	0	0.0	6,401
New Mexico	565	87.9	75	11.7	0	0.0	3	0.5	0	0.0	643
New York	19,064	76.7	5,624	22.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	176	0.7	24,864
North Carolina	8,340	74.2	2,752	24.5	3	<0.1	145	1.3	4	<0.1	11,244
North Dakota	216	63.0	127	37.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	343
Ohio	4,956	81.4	1,055	17.3	4	0.1	71	1.2	1	<0.1	6,087
Oklahoma	1,951	81.5	419	17.5	3	0.1	22	0.9	0	0.0	2,395
Oregon	3,536	87.1	486	12.0	3	0.1	34	0.8	1	<0.1	4,060
Pennsylvania	6,725	75.2	2,129	23.8	12	0.1	81	0.9	0	0.0	8,947
Rhode Island	554	75.6	173	23.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	0.8	733
South Carolina	4,482	74.8	1,431	23.9	5	0.1	71	1.2	0	0.0	5,989
South Dakota	266	65.2	142	34.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	408
Tennessee	6,797	78.2	1,736	20.0	16	0.2	147	1.7	1	<0.1	8,697
Texas	17,902	76.1	5,108	21.7	156	0.7	296	1.3	63	0.3	23,525
Utah	865	85.4	139	13.7	3	0.3	6	0.6	0	0.0	1,013

Table 11. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by gender and state, 2019—United States and 3 territories (cont.)

	Male		Female		Transgender male		Transgender female		Other gender identity		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State											
Vermont	366	80.4	85	18.7	2	0.4	2	0.4	0	0.0	455
Virginia	6,348	73.9	2,086	24.3	3	<0.1	149	1.7	0	0.0	8,586
Washington	3,903	81.4	819	17.1	15	0.3	60	1.3	0	0.0	4,797
West Virginia	430	82.1	88	16.8	4	0.8	2	0.4	0	0.0	524
Wisconsin	1,640	82.0	325	16.3	2	0.1	32	1.6	1	0.1	2,000
Wyoming	182	78.4	49	21.1	0	0.0	1	0.4	0	0.0	232
Subtotal	224,965	78.0	59,225	20.5	537	0.2	3,502	1.2	294	0.1	288,523
Territory											
Guam	10	90.9	1	9.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11
Puerto Rico	5,520	67.4	2,647	32.3	8	0.1	19	0.2	0	0.0	8,194
U.S. Virgin Islands	63	52.5	57	47.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	120
Subtotal	5,593	67.2	2,705	32.5	8	0.1	19	0.2	0	0.0	8,325
Total	230,558	77.7	61,930	20.9	545	0.2	3,521	1.2	294	0.1	296,848

Notes: Percentages shown are based on the row total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% the total ADAP population.

Table 12. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by federal poverty level and state, 2019—United States and 3 territories

	0–100% FPL		101–138% FPL		139–250% FPL		251–400% FPL		>400% FPL		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State											
Alabama	2,969	69.0	353	8.2	727	16.9	248	5.8	3	0.1	4,300
Alaska	29	32.6	10	11.2	37	41.6	12	13.5	1	1.1	89
Arizona	1,088	26.5	591	14.4	1,396	34.0	966	23.5	63	1.5	4,104
Arkansas	1,051	48.4	289	13.3	500	23.0	287	13.2	45	2.1	2,172
California	9,424	26.3	3,546	9.9	12,104	33.8	7,877	22.0	2,835	7.9	35,786
Colorado	2,192	38.0	657	11.4	1,461	25.3	1,085	18.8	378	6.5	5,773
Connecticut	1,520	69.3	113	5.2	341	15.5	213	9.7	7	0.3	2,194
Delaware	810	48.2	196	11.7	367	21.8	232	13.8	77	4.6	1,682
District of Columbia	450	34.5	178	13.6	340	26.1	249	19.1	88	6.7	1,305
Florida	12,782	44.6	3,420	11.9	8,520	29.7	3,903	13.6	43	0.2	28,668
Georgia	7,590	64.5	1,172	10.0	2,227	18.9	760	6.5	22	0.2	11,771
Hawaii	142	28.8	88	17.8	198	40.2	59	12.0	6	1.2	493
Idaho	184	50.3	63	17.2	103	28.1	12	3.3	4	1.1	366
Illinois	6,906	49.4	1,207	8.6	3,396	24.3	1,939	13.9	530	3.8	13,978
Indiana	1,873	47.6	462	11.7	1,218	31.0	379	9.6	0	0.0	3,932
Iowa	189	22.5	52	6.2	340	40.4	245	29.1	15	1.8	841
Kansas	828	47.9	215	12.4	427	24.7	236	13.7	21	1.2	1,727
Kentucky	2,142	50.9	469	11.1	919	21.8	557	13.2	123	2.9	4,210
Louisiana	1,038	19.5	575	10.8	2,297	43.1	1,361	25.5	59	1.1	5,330
Maine	423	38.0	159	14.3	297	26.7	179	16.1	55	4.9	1,113
Maryland	2,224	30.8	978	13.6	2,021	28.0	1,477	20.5	511	7.1	7,211
Massachusetts	3,875	48.7	798	10.0	1,630	20.5	1,235	15.5	420	5.3	7,958
Michigan	648	16.2	525	13.1	1,731	43.2	902	22.5	203	5.1	4,009
Minnesota	517	23.0	123	5.5	713	31.8	864	38.5	26	1.2	2,243
Mississippi	1,561	54.4	414	14.4	761	26.5	129	4.5	3	0.1	2,868
Missouri	2,838	55.9	500	9.8	1,224	24.1	494	9.7	25	0.5	5,081
Montana	108	36.4	59	19.9	97	32.7	29	9.8	4	1.3	297
Nebraska	411	39.1	128	12.2	315	30.0	188	17.9	8	0.8	1,050
Nevada	888	30.7	435	15.1	973	33.7	579	20.0	15	0.5	2,890
New Hampshire	205	30.8	89	13.4	206	31.0	139	20.9	26	3.9	665
New Jersey	1,475	24.5	482	8.0	1,807	30.0	1,692	28.1	560	9.3	6,016
New Mexico	141	24.2	63	10.8	251	43.1	128	22.0	0	0.0	583
New York	9,828	39.4	2,263	9.1	5,920	23.8	5,097	20.5	1,806	7.2	24,914
North Carolina	6,117	54.4	1,611	14.3	2,887	25.7	629	5.6	0	0.0	11,244
North Dakota	120	35.0	47	13.7	119	34.7	56	16.3	1	0.3	343
Ohio	1,985	32.6	761	12.5	2,070	34.0	1,102	18.1	169	2.8	6,087
Oklahoma	1,066	44.5	373	15.6	647	27.0	306	12.8	3	0.1	2,395
Oregon	1,531	37.7	537	13.2	1,017	25.0	747	18.4	228	5.6	4,060
Pennsylvania	2,081	23.3	956	10.7	2,446	27.3	2,262	25.3	1,202	13.4	8,947
Rhode Island	221	30.2	89	12.1	238	32.5	151	20.6	34	4.6	733
South Carolina	2,844	47.5	459	7.7	1,434	23.9	942	15.7	310	5.2	5,989
South Dakota	196	48.0	44	10.8	136	33.3	32	7.8	0	0.0	408
Tennessee	5,774	66.4	507	5.8	1,292	14.9	1,076	12.4	48	0.6	8,697
Texas	12,765	54.2	3,275	13.9	7,157	30.4	284	1.2	54	0.2	23,535
Utah	515	53.5	96	10.0	295	30.6	48	5.0	9	0.9	963
Vermont	142	33.6	62	14.7	120	28.4	74	17.5	25	5.9	423
Virginia	4,011	46.8	914	10.7	2,212	25.8	1,169	13.6	264	3.1	8,570
Washington	1,097	22.9	623	13.0	1,440	30.0	1,376	28.7	261	5.4	4,797
West Virginia	132	25.2	92	17.6	196	37.4	92	17.6	12	2.3	524
Wisconsin	492	24.8	307	15.5	867	43.7	317	16.0	0	0.0	1,983
Wyoming	76	32.9	42	18.2	54	23.4	36	15.6	23	10.0	231
Subtotal	119,514	41.9	31,467	11.0	79,491	27.8	44,451	15.6	10,625	3.7	285,548
Territory											
Guam	4	36.4	2	18.2	4	36.4	1	9.1	0	0.0	11
Puerto Rico	8,172	99.7	14	0.2	8	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	8,194
U.S. Virgin Islands	49	42.6	15	13.0	32	27.8	14	12.2	5	4.3	115
Subtotal	8,225	98.9	31	0.4	44	0.5	15	0.2	5	0.1	8,320
Total	127,739	43.5	31,498	10.7	79,535	27.1	44,466	15.1	10,630	3.6	293,868

Abbreviation: FPL, federal poverty level.

Notes: Percentages shown are based on the row total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Data are not de-duplicated across states. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% the total ADAP population.

Table 13. AIDS Drug Assistance Program clients (non-RSR), by ADAP service received and state, 2019—United States and 3 territories

	Full-pay medication support		Insurance premium assistance		Medication co-pay/ deductible ^a		Multiple services		Total N
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
State									
Alabama	921	22.6	282	6.9	9	0.2	2,871	70.3	4,083
Alaska	28	35.9	1	1.3	13	16.7	36	46.2	78
Arizona	957	30.1	59	1.9	1,548	48.6	620	19.5	3,184
Arkansas	707	37.8	0	0.0	781	41.8	382	20.4	1,870
California	11,831	37.9	1,013	3.2	9,661	31.0	8,683	27.8	31,188
Colorado	609	14.2	151	3.5	1,794	41.7	1,747	40.6	4,301
Connecticut	943	51.7	253	13.9	416	22.8	212	11.6	1,824
Delaware	1,001	83.1	18	1.5	0	0.0	186	15.4	1,205
District of Columbia	481	53.3	84	9.3	195	21.6	142	15.7	902
Florida	17,311	65.3	1,162	4.4	2,106	7.9	5,917	22.3	26,496
Georgia	11,264	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11,264
Hawaii	60	13.3	124	27.6	120	26.7	146	32.4	450
Idaho	283	83.5	0	0.0	53	15.6	3	0.9	339
Illinois	4,696	49.5	487	5.1	878	9.3	3,427	36.1	9,488
Indiana	1,302	43.1	73	2.4	766	25.4	877	29.1	3,018
Iowa	103	12.8	6	0.7	243	30.1	454	56.3	806
Kansas	257	18.5	80	5.7	624	44.8	431	31.0	1,392
Kentucky	741	21.4	117	3.4	1,147	33.2	1,454	42.0	3,459
Louisiana	563	11.9	578	12.3	855	18.1	2,716	57.6	4,712
Maine	52	8.7	128	21.3	229	38.1	192	31.9	601
Maryland	904	14.9	428	7.1	2,089	34.5	2,631	43.5	6,052
Massachusetts	197	3.7	378	7.0	2,708	50.4	2,094	38.9	5,377
Michigan	762	22.0	121	3.5	1,493	43.2	1,082	31.3	3,458
Minnesota	471	27.0	36	2.1	503	28.8	735	42.1	1,745
Mississippi	2,677	93.2	1	<0.1	0	0.0	193	6.7	2,871
Missouri	460	9.9	282	6.0	886	19.0	3,036	65.1	4,664
Montana	50	18.8	121	45.5	2	0.8	93	35.0	266
Nebraska	156	16.0	612	63.0	4	0.4	200	20.6	972
Nevada	714	31.7	126	5.6	693	30.7	722	32.0	2,255
New Hampshire	99	18.8	0	0.0	325	61.8	102	19.4	526
New Jersey	3,015	52.1	38	0.7	124	2.1	2,608	45.1	5,785
New Mexico	17	3.9	396	91.2	0	0.0	21	4.8	434
New York	10,480	46.4	629	2.8	3,453	15.3	8,035	35.6	22,597
North Carolina	7,428	76.7	0	0.0	1,707	17.6	553	5.7	9,688
North Dakota	51	19.6	7	2.7	81	31.2	121	46.5	260
Ohio	1,168	27.3	521	12.2	957	22.3	1,638	38.2	4,284
Oklahoma	613	27.6	59	2.7	514	23.1	1,035	46.6	2,221
Oregon	235	9.7	1,067	43.8	854	35.1	278	11.4	2,434
Pennsylvania	16	0.2	21	0.3	0	0.0	7,892	99.5	7,929
Rhode Island	149	26.5	12	2.1	221	39.3	181	32.1	563
South Carolina	2,428	45.7	75	1.4	1,129	21.3	1,678	31.6	5,310
South Dakota	27	8.2	2	0.6	0	0.0	302	91.2	331
Tennessee	2,373	31.2	264	3.5	1,781	23.4	3,194	42.0	7,612
Texas	17,360	88.7	54	0.3	1,797	9.2	353	1.8	19,564
Utah	414	47.0	28	3.2	80	9.1	359	40.7	881
Vermont	0	0.0	91	50.0	64	35.2	27	14.8	182
Virginia	2,172	32.6	432	6.5	1,422	21.3	2,646	39.7	6,672
Washington	208	4.9	315	7.4	1,252	29.5	2,463	58.1	4,238
West Virginia	124	24.8	25	5.0	230	46.1	120	24.0	499
Wisconsin	379	22.0	253	14.7	250	14.5	842	48.8	1,724
Wyoming	26	14.3	6	3.3	59	32.4	91	50.0	182
Subtotal	109,283	45.1	11,016	4.5	46,116	19.0	75,821	31.3	242,236
Territory									
Guam	11	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11
Puerto Rico	7,742	96.9	0	0.0	162	2.0	83	1.0	7,987
U.S. Virgin Islands	3	2.7	8	7.3	36	32.7	63	57.3	110
Subtotal	7,756	95.7	8	0.1	198	2.4	146	1.8	8,108
Total	117,039	46.8	11,024	4.4	46,314	18.5	75,967	30.3	250,344

Notes: Percentages shown are based on the row total. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0%.

Data are not de-duplicated. Clients may be counted in multiple states; however, these clients make up less than 1% the total ADAP population.

^a Includes Medicare Part D co-insurance, co-payment, or donut hole coverage.