

Big Basin Redwoods State Park is one of many state parks located in Santa Cruz County. It is California's oldest State Park, established in 1902, earning its designation as a California Historical Landmark. Over the years, the size of the park has increased from 3,800 acres to over 18,000 acres. It is home to the largest continuous stand of ancient coast redwoods south of San Francisco. contains 10,800 acres of old-growth forest as well as recovering redwood forest. mixed conifer, oaks, chaparral and riparian habitats. The climate ranges from foggy and damp near the ocean to sunny, warm ridge tops. The park has over 81 miles of trails, many waterfalls, a wide variety of environments (from lush canyon bottoms to sparse chaparral-covered slopes), many animals (deer, raccoons, an occasional bobcat) and abundant bird life - including Steller's jays, egrets, herons and acorn woodpeckers.

Photo by Neil Simmons Photography

# County of Santa Cruz, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

> Prepared Under the Direction of Edith Driscoll Auditor-Controller



# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2019

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION





# **COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ**

#### **EDITH DRISCOLL**

AUDITOR-CONTROLLER / TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR 701 OCEAN STREET, SUITE 100, SANTA CRUZ, CA 95060-4073 (831) 454-2500

December 17, 2019

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Santa Cruz 701 Ocean Street Santa Cruz, CA 95060

Members of the Board and Fellow Citizens:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Santa Cruz (the County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is hereby submitted in accordance with the statutes of the State of California. The CAFR represents the culmination of all budgeting and accounting activities during the year and covers all funds of the County, its component units and its financial transactions.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report which is based upon a comprehensive internal control framework established for this purpose. To the best of our knowledge, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the County. The independent auditors, Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation, who have rendered an unmodified opinion thereon, have audited these statements. Their report is provided herein.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 (with amendment in 1996) and U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance, the OMB Circular Compliance Supplement and Government Auditing Standards. A single audit is intended to provide a cost-effective audit for non-Federal entities that receive federal assistance awards in that one audit is conducted in lieu of multiple audits of individual programs. These reports are available in the County's separately issued Single Audit Report.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal

controls should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide a reasonable, rather than an absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

#### PROFILE OF THE COUNTY

The County of Santa Cruz was established by an act of the State Legislature in 1850 as one of the original 27 counties of the State of California. The County is a general law county and is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors who are elected by district to serve alternating four-year terms. The Board of Supervisors appoints a County Administrative Officer (Chief Executive) to carry out its policies as set forth by County Ordinance. The Assessor-Recorder, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector, County Clerk, District Attorney and Sheriff-Coroner are elected officials and all other department heads are appointed officials.

The County's principal functions include seven major areas: general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreation and cultural services. In the public assistance and health areas, the state and federal governments mandate certain minimum levels of service. These functions are required by County ordinance or by state or federal law.

Santa Cruz is located on the Central Coast of California, and is bordered by San Mateo County to the North, Santa Clara County to the East, San Benito and Monterey Counties to the South and the Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary to the West. The County of Santa Cruz is the second smallest county in California in terms of land mass and the 23rd of 58 counties in terms of population. Approximately half of the County residents live in one of the County's four cities; Capitola, Santa Cruz, Scotts Valley, or Watsonville, with the other half living in the unincorporated County area.

In accordance with the County Budget Act in the California Government Code, the County must adopt a budget on or before October 2 for each fiscal year. The County maintains budgetary controls, whose objective is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the character level of salaries and benefits, services and supplies for each budget unit within each budgeted fund. Other charges, land, plant and improvements, and equipment are controlled by line item within each budget unit.

The encumbrance system is employed by the County to record amounts committed for purchase orders or contracts. If appropriations are not sufficient, the Board of Supervisors must approve amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments.

#### Factors Effecting Financial Conditions

The following highlights are evidence of the changing economy on a Countywide basis that includes both the unincorporated area and the four incorporated cities.

Overall, economic indicators at the national, state and local levels show that the economy continued to improve during FY 2018-2019. The Santa Cruz local economy continues to improve in the real estate and construction industries. Additionally, Sales and Use Taxes and Transient Occupancy Taxes collected increased from previous years.

Property-related tax revenues in Santa Cruz County have continued to experience steady growth. Property taxes are determined based upon assessed values. The assessed values of secured property in Santa Cruz County increased by 5.20% in 2018-2019 and has had an annual positive increase over the

past five years of 5.76%. These revenues comprised approximately 75.0% of the County's total tax revenues in fiscal year 2018-2019.

An important indicator of the local economy is retail sales. Sales tax receipts in the unincorporated County comprised approximately 10.4% of the County's total tax revenues. Sales tax receipts increased by 21.3% in fiscal year 2018-2019. The average annual increase over the past five years reflects a 7.72% growth.

The County voters passed a Cannabis Business Tax effective November 2014. The tax, currently set at 7%, resulted in the collection of \$3.4 million in taxes in 2018-2019, an increase of 9.6% over the prior year.

Tourism is important to the local economy. Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) collections, which comprise 6.9% of the County's total tax revenues, have increased an average of 10.9% over the past five years, with an increase in fiscal year 2018-2019 of 9.92%. On July 1, 2013, the voters passed a TOT rate increase on lodging facilities in the unincorporated area from 9.5% to 11%.

The County's population is estimated to be 275,221 as of January 2019, increasing by 12,859 residents or 4.9% since the April 2010 Census. The County's unemployment rate at June 30, 2019, was 6.1%, 0.6% lower than it was one year ago at 6.7%, and much lower than the high of 13.3% in 2011-2012.

#### Long Term Financial Planning

The County is committed to building and maintaining a strategic reserve. The County has maintained its General Fund reserves within the minimum level.

- Total General Fund balance was \$69.8 million at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$9.4 million from \$60.4 million from June 30, 2018.
- General Fund committed and assigned designations totaled \$56.7 million at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$4.25 million from \$52.45 million at June 30, 2018, not including \$12.0 million assigned to fund next year's budget.

In November 2014, the County Board of Supervisors adopted a modified Fund Balance Policy which revised the Policy originally adopted in 2011 by increasing the minimum fund balance in the General Fund from 7% to 10% over the following seven years. The original 2011 Fund Balance Reserve Policy established a minimum balance in the committed and assigned categories for the County General Fund at 7% of the upcoming budget year's estimated revenues. This policy has helped the County maintain a stronger fiscal position to weather economic trends while still preserving flexibility.

The committed and assigned fund balance designations of the County's General Fund at June 30, 2019, of \$56.7 million (excluding subsequent year's budget deficit assigned to fund the fiscal year 2019-2020 budget), which is 10.0% of fiscal year 2019-2020 budgeted general fund operating revenues.

Looking ahead, the General Fund is expected to meet its obligations for FY 2020-21 by closing the gap of \$6-7 million through serious belt tightening and further reductions to department requests. Revenue growth is anticipated to decline and may be unable to match the estimated expenditure growth. The General Fund is unlikely to meet its obligations without new or increased revenues and/or major cost reductions that could potentially impact programs and services. Based on revised projections, the annual budget shortfall of \$6-7 million in 2020-21 declines to a more manageable \$3 million by 2023-24, however, it could be as high as \$11-12 million, declining to \$8 million if prior year savings are not

achieved and general purpose revenues stagnate or decline further than projected. Since retirement rates may level out to a more modest average increases of 3% by FY 2023-24, revenue growth could potentially cover expenditure growth based on current operations and additional revenue increases.

At the State level, California voters approved Proposition 30 in November 2012 to temporarily increase the statewide sales tax rate and the income tax rates on wealthier individuals. This Proposition was reauthorized through Measure 55 "Tax Extension for Education and Healthcare" approved by voters in November 2016. Voters also approved Proposition 39 to close a loophole for out-of-state businesses, projected to raise about \$1 billion a year. These tax measures, coupled with the State's continuing economic growth and past budget cuts, provided California a positive economic outlook for fiscal year 2018-2019. California expects continued growth in revenue for fiscal year 2019-2020 by about 5.5%, much of which is from personal income taxes.

#### Employees' Retirement Plan

The California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) pension fund, in which Santa Cruz County employees participate, has made significant and important changes in costs and benefits. In August 2012, the State legislature adopted changes including an increased retirement age and a lowered benefit formula for new employees, a cap on the annual pension payout, and a requirement for workers to pay half of their costs. CalPERS realized a gain of 8.6% on its investments for the year ended June 30, 2018, following gains of 11.2%, 0.6%, 2.4%, 17.7%, and 13.2% for the years ended June 30, 2017, June 30, 2016, June 30, 2015, June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively.

CalPERS stated long-term 20-year investment return remains at 7.5%. The CalPERS Board of Administration adopted a Risk Mitigation Policy in November 2015 which is designed to reduce funding risk over time. The policy establishes a mechanism whereby CalPERS investment performance that significantly outperforms the discount rate triggers adjustments to the discount rate, expected investment return and strategic asset allocation targets. As modified in February 2017 a minimum excess investment return of 2% above the existing discount rate is necessary to cause a funding risk mitigation event. In December 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration voted to lower the discount rate from 7.5% to 7% over the next three years. These discount rate changes approved by the CalPERS Board of 7.375% for fiscal year 2018-19, 7.25% for fiscal year 2019-20, and 7% for fiscal year 2020-21 were used to determine the minimum employer contributions for the said fiscal years.

Beginning with Fiscal Year 2017-18 CalPERS collects employer contributions toward the plan's unfunded liability as dollar amounts instead of the prior method of a contribution rate. This change addresses potential funding issues that could arise from a declining payroll or reduction in the number of active members in the plan. The plan's normal cost contribution continues to be collected as a percentage of payroll.

County employees also participate in the CalPERS health insurance program, whose average premiums increased by 4.85% in 2019, and will increase by 2.87% in 2020.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

During the last fiscal year, under the leadership of the Board of Supervisors, several key programs and projects were successfully undertaken by the County:

 The County Administrative Officer initiated a countywide strategic planning effort in Fiscal Year 2017-2018. Throughout this process, called "Vision Santa Cruz County," County staff have engaged with internal and external stakeholders through the use of surveys, employee mixers, community forums, focus groups, and Board updates. The information gathered was used to inform and develop the strategic plan elements, and the final six-year strategic plan.

- Santa Cruz County voters passed Measure D in November 2016, a one-half cent sales tax that funds transportation projects for a 30-year period. Included in the Measure was an Expenditure Plan that specified the amount of funds and the types of projects that it would support. The County of Santa Cruz Public Works estimates it will receive an average of \$2.6 million per year for the next 30 years. The three top priorities ranked by the community were maintenance and repair of County roadways, neighborhood resurfacing projects, and neighborhood safety projects which the County has begun implementing.
- Santa Cruz voters approved Measure S for Libraries in June 2016. With approval of this measure, the Santa Cruz Libraries Facilities Financing Authority (LFFA) is authorized to distribute up to \$62 million in special tax revenues and bond proceeds to improve community libraries in Santa Cruz County. A total of \$26 million in funding has been identified for the library branches and facilities in the unincorporated areas of Santa Cruz County. The new Felton Library was the first project to break ground and others will follow thereafter.
- The County maintained organizational stability, customer service levels, and program efficiencies during recent leadership changeovers of the Director of Personnel, the Director of Public Works, the Director of General Services and Emergency Services, the Director of Human Services and the Director of Health Services.
- The Department of Public Works continued to work on the repairs related to the 2016-17 storms, which included 142 Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) storm related projects and 95 Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) project storm related projects. The projects included the placement of a temporary bridge on Swanton Road and the Valencia Road Emergency Culvert Replacement Project.
- The County Administrative Office, in collaboration with all County Departments has set a goal of reducing the organization's carbon footprint by 20% as compared to 2015. General Services will continue to identify and implement energy efficiency upgrades regarding facilities and continue to work on improving vehicle fleet fuel standards.
- The Planning Department along with MidPen Housing, the Land Trust and other partners will identify a minimum of two potential Farmworker Housing Sites. The goal is to identify potential sites and initiate affordable year-round housing projects for two to five multi-family affordable rental projects, in projects up to 12 units / 36 beds.
- The Department of General Services and Department of Parks, Open Space and Cultural Services (Parks), along with several other departments, will begin deferred maintenance and improvements to The Simpkins Swim Center. Improvements will be to replace the water slide, replaster the 50-meter pool and repair the pool deck. The goal is to improve and preserve a safe facility for the community to utilize.
- The Department of General Services and Department of Public Works will complete a new parking area, add (11) electric vehicle charging stations, and roll out a redesigned parking program at the Government Center. The goal is to increase the number of parking spaces in order to accommodate the parking needs of both the public and employees at the Government Center and to accommodate the increased demand for charging stations for electric vehicles.

- The Board approved a 15-year license agreement with CEMEX at the former Davenport Cement Plant site for the construction of a new public safety communications tower that will provide the necessary coverage for law enforcement on the North Coast.
- The Health Services Agency (HSA), is in the process of implementing a Zero Day Wait Time Goal for availability of appointments at Santa Cruz County Health Care Clinics. The goal is to reduce average wait times from 1.3 days to 0 days, which will increase access to health care for patients with immediate medical needs. These goals will be achieved by hiring additional personnel and support staff, as well as utilizing all new exam room space.
- The Homeless Outreach, Proactive Engagement and Services (HOPES) Team is in the process of completing onboarding of staff to serve as a dedicated care team. The team will work with community partners to identify and refer eligible clients to the (HOPES) Program. Once the team is in place the goal is to increase client engagement by 40%, increase substance use treatment completion by 25%, and reduce client arrests six months after program engagement by 20%. HOPES will also continue to work with community partners to identify and refer eligible clients to the program.
- The County Clerk-Elections Department will upgrade the existing voting equipment purchased in 2006 to a new and more modern and accessible system that meets state and federal requirements. The department will educate the public through various community events and will conduct three of its own community forums about the new voting system.
- The Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector transitioned to a new County bank and a credit card processing service for all funds held in the County Treasury. This change improves efficiencies takes advantage of new services and decreases costs related to financial transactions.
- The Personnel Department continues to focus their efforts towards achieving long term collective
  bargaining agreements with labor unions and associations and expanding the on-line "Santa Cruz
  County Learns" Training Program to all County employees. During fiscal year 2019 Sheriff's
  Correctional Officer agreement was re-negotiated. During fiscal year 2020, the following three
  agreements will be re-negotiated: Law Enforcement, Law Enforcement Middle Management and
  Sheriff's Supervisory.
- The Agriculture Commissioner will improve access and knowledge of community services by 10%. It will partner with other County outreach departments to educate the public about invasive mosquitos and continue to evaluate and update its response and information plans for new mosquitos and diseases.
- The Agriculture Commissioner plans to reduce greenhouse emissions by 10% compared to 2018 levels in support of clean air efforts. It plans to reduce emissions by replacing aging equipment with battery models as they age out.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

State statutes require an annual audit by independent Certified Public Accountants. The firm of Brown Armstrong was selected to audit the financial statements of the County's various funds and account groups and has issued an unmodified ("Clean") opinion thereon. In addition to meeting the requirements of State law, the audit was also designed to comply with the federal Single Audit Act of 1984 (with amendment in 1996) and U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance, the OMB Circular Compliance Supplement and Government Auditing Standards. The auditors' report on the

financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in a separate Single Audit Report.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgments**

We are very proud of this CAFR and all of the County's award-winning financial reporting publications. Each publication has been prepared with great care and expertise with a goal of meeting the highest level of financial reporting preparation standards.

#### **GFOA Financial Reporting Certificate of Achievement**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Santa Cruz for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### **GFOA Budget Presentation Award**

The County received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2018. To receive this prestigious award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

#### **Acknowledgments**

I wish to express my appreciation to the staff of the Accounting Division and Audit Division, the County departments that participated in the audit process, and Brown Armstrong for their contributions, assistance, and guidance in the preparation of this report.

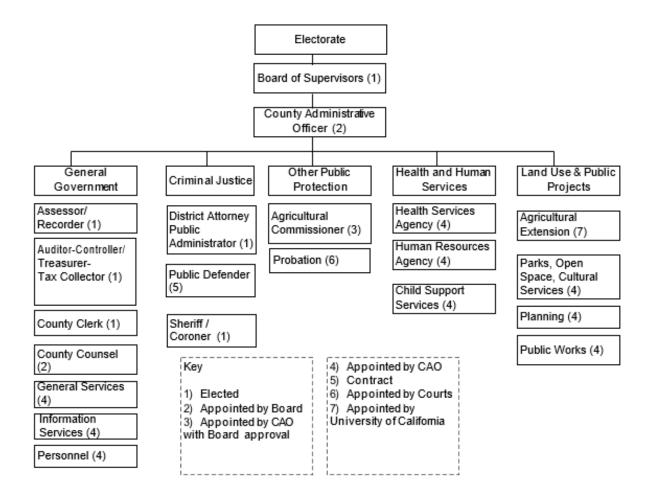
Respectfully submitted,

Edith Driscoll

Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector

Edith whiseall

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ ORGANIZATION CHART



### **Directory of Public Officials**

### **Elective Officers**

	<del></del>	Term ends
Supervisor, 1st District	John Leopold	January 2021
Supervisor, 2nd District	Zach Friend	January 2021
Supervisor, 3rd District	Ryan Coonerty	January 2023
Supervisor, 4th District	Greg Caput	January 2023
Supervisor, 5th District	Bruce McPherson	January 2021
State Senator, 17th District	Bill Monning	December 2020
State Assemblyman, 29th District	Mark Stone	December 2020
State Assemblyman, 30th District	Robert Rivas	December 2020
U.S. Congressman, 20th District	Jimmy Panetta	January 2021
U.S. Senator	Dianne Feinstein	January 2025
U.S. Senator	Kamala Harris	January 2023
U.S. Congresswoman, 18th District	Anna G. Eshoo	January 2021
Assessor-Recorder	Sean Saldavia	January 2023
Auditor-Controller Treasurer-Tax Collector	Edith Driscoll	January 2023
County Clerk-Elections	Gail Pellerin	January 2023
District Attorney-Public Administrator	Jeff Rosell	January 2023
Sheriff-Coroner	Jim Hart	January 2023

# Appointed Officers

A 1	Carlos I Dalasias
Administrative Officer	Carlos J. Palacios
Agricultural Commissioner	Juan Hidalgo
County Counsel	Dana McRae
Director of Agricultural Extension	Mark Bolda
Director of Child Support Services	Jamie Murray
Director of General Services	Michael Beaton
Director of Information Services	Kevin Bowling
Director of Human Services Department	Ellen Timberlake
Director of Planning	Kathy Molloy
Director of Public Works/Road Commissioner	Matt Machado
Director of Parks, Recreation and Cultural Services	Jeff Gaffney
Health Officer	Dr. Arnold Leff
Health Services Agency Director	Mimi Hall
Personnel Director	Ajita Patel
Probation Officer	Fernando Giraldo
Veteran's Services Officer	Dean Kaufman



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Santa Cruz County California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

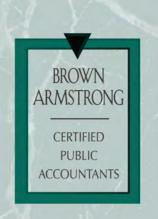
June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# FINANCIAL SECTION





# BAKERSFIELD OFFICE (MAIN OFFICE)

4200 TRUXTUN AVENUE SUITE 300 BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309 TEL 661.324.4971 FAX 661.324.4997 EMAIL info@bacpas.com

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1919 GRAND CANAL BLVD SUITE C6 STOCKTON, CA 95207 TEL 888.565.1040

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### BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Cruz Santa Cruz, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Santa Cruz, California (County), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amount and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis pages 7-21; the respective Budgetary Comparison for the General Fund, the Off Highway, Road, and Transportation Fund, and the Housing Fund on pages 118-129; the County's Retirement Plans' Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of Contributions on pages 130-138; and the County's OPEB Plan Schedule of Changes in Total Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of Contributions on pages 139-140 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, Budgetary Comparison for the Capital Projects Fund, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison for the Capital Projects Fund and the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison for the Capital Projects Fund and the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and schedules and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION
Brown Armstrong
Secountancy Corporation

Bakersfield, California December 17, 2019

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019

This section of the County of Santa Cruz (the "County") Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's basic financial statements following this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2018-2019 fiscal year by \$168,105,732 (net position). Of this amount, a negative amount of \$469,749,391 is unrestricted, \$66,434,906 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position), and \$571,420,217 is the net investment in capital assets.
- The County's total net position increased by \$960,428. The increase was due to the County's total revenues of \$606.3 million exceeding total expenses of \$605.3 million.
- As of June 30, 2019, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$190,914,690, an increase of \$18,882,835 in comparison with the prior year.
- Governmental fund revenues increased by approximately 39.5, \$4.7 million from taxes, \$6.9 million from fines, forfeits and penalties, \$1.7 million from the use of money and property, \$23.2 million from Federal and State Aid, \$0.2 million from charges for services and \$3.2 million from other revenue.
- Governmental fund expenditures increased by 2.17% or \$11,985,159. Increases in public protection of \$11.1 million, health and sanitation of \$9.1 million and public assistance of \$8.4 million were partially offset by a decrease in capital outlay of \$17.5 million.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$69,826,486, of which \$1,706,963 was nonspendable, \$19,957,098 was committed, and \$48,162,425 was assigned as shown on page 35. There was no unassigned fund balance.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) **Government-wide** financial statements, (2) **Fund** financial statements, and (3) **Notes** to the basic financial statements. Required Supplementary Information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference in assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to earned but unused vacation and sick leave.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the County can be found under Proprietary funds below.

Component units are included in our basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and that have substantially the same board as the County or provide services entirely to the County. The Santa Cruz County Sanitation District is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the County. The District is managed by the County Department of Public Works and provides sanitation services to a portion of the unincorporated areas of the County. For more detail, please refer to the Sanitation District's separately issued financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related funds which are used to account for resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are reported in the governmental funds. The governmental funds financial statements focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the County's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general, special revenue, and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Off Highway Road and Transportation Fund, Housing Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 35-38 of this report.

**Proprietary funds** are used to account for services for which the County charges customers—either outside customers or internal units or departments of the County. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The County

maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

- Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County enterprise funds used to account for the operations of the County include the County Disposal Sites CSA 9C, and the following Board of Supervisor Governed Districts: Boulder Creek CSA 7, Rolling Woods CSA 10, Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12, Freedom County Sanitation District, Davenport Sanitation District, Place de Mer CSA 2, Sand Dollar Beach CSA 5, Trestle Beach CSA 20, Summit West CSA 54, and Graham Hill CSA 57 operations.
- Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its central duplicating, information services, public works, service center, and insurance (risk management, dental and health, liability and property, workers' compensation, employee benefit staffing, and state unemployment insurance) functions. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 41-45 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds** are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The fiduciary funds the County maintains are agency, investment trust funds and private purpose trust funds. Since these funds are custodial in nature, they do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 49-51 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 57-113 of this report.

#### Required Supplementary Information (other than MD&A)

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's general fund budgetary comparison schedule and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and other post-employment obligations to retirees.

The County adopts an annual budget, which is a compilation of operating budgets from individual functional units within the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and Proprietary Funds. Budgets are adopted for all funds except for Fiduciary Funds and certain special revenue funds, namely the Financing Authorities and the Geological Hazard Abatement Districts. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund, Off Highway, Road and Transportation Fund, Housing Fund and Capital Projects Fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. These can be found on pages 118-165 of this report.

#### **Combining Statements and Schedules**

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, enterprise and internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

			An	alys	is of Net Posit	ion						
		Governmenta	I Activities Business-Type Activities					Total				
		2019	2018		2019	2018		2019	2018	0	Oollar Change	
Assets:	37	- A A A	Commence.	7	A. Seller	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		Proceedings.	Maria Caral	Έ		
Current and other assets	\$	382,946,727	\$ 296,419,601	\$	22,061,155	\$ 21,692,219	\$	405,007,882	\$ 318,111,820	\$	86,896,062	
Capital assets		604,564,452	579,254,292		32,314,323	28,261,201		636,878,775	607,515,493	2	29,363,282	
Total assets		987,511,179	875,673,893	_	54,375,478	49,953,420		1,041,886,657	925,627,313	_	116,259,344	
Deferred outflows of resources	_	139,589,437	174,029,944	_	2,457,333	3,049,457	_	142,046,770	177,079,401		(35,032,631)	
Liabilities:												
Current and other liabilities		196,172,664	127,383,833		196,172,664	1,801,223		392,345,328	129,185,056		263,160,272	
Long-term liabilities		737,375,573	720,325,546		737,375,573	24,493,613		1,474,751,146	744,819,159		729,931,987	
Total liabilities		933,548,237	847,709,379		933,548,237	26,294,836		1,867,096,474	874,004,215	Ξ	993,092,259	
Deferred inflows of resources		51,409,027	60,428,477	_	981,758	1,128,718	_	52,390,785	61,557,195	L	(9,166,410)	
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets		546,805,552	511,615,174		24,614,665	21,689,819		571,420,217	533,304,993		38,115,224	
Restricted		66,391,479	55,332,944		43,427	633,771		66,434,906	55,966,715		10,468,191	
Unrestricted		(471,053,679)	(425,382,137)		1,304,288	3,255,733		(469,749,391)	(422,126,404)		(47,622,987)	
Total net position	\$	142,143,352	\$ 141,565,981	\$	25,962,380	\$ 25,579,323	\$	168,105,732	\$ 167,145,304	\$	960,428	

#### **Analysis of Net Position**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the County, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$168,105,732 at the close of the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

The County's net investment in capital assets of \$571,420,217, or 340% of total net position, reflects investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building and structures, and equipment), net of accumulated depreciation, in the amount of \$636,878,775, less the related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets of \$65,458,558. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position, \$66,434,906, or 40% of total net position, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Of the total, 27% is restricted for capital asset acquisition, 47% is dedicated to public roads and facilities, 18% is restricted for public safety and the rest is restricted for debt service, health and various County imposed purposes.

The County's unrestricted net position of \$(469,749,391) decreased by \$47,622,987 from the prior year. This amount consists of all net position that does not meet the definition of restricted net position or net investment in capital assets. The majority of negative unrestricted net position is primarily the result of the County's unfunded pension and OPEB obligations, due to the implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75, offset by positive unrestricted net position predominantly in the County's General Fund.

	Governme	Change in Net ntal Activities		ype Activities	T	otal		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Dallas Channa	%
Revenues: Program Revenues:							Dollar Change	70
Charges for services	\$ 101,990,387	\$ 95,344,096	\$ 18,505,858	\$ 18,021,551	\$ 120,496,245	\$ 113,365,647	\$ 7,130,598	6.3%
Operating grants and contributions	279,861,083	259,971,892	1,232,105	2,856,181	281,093,188	262,828,073	18,265,115	6.9%
Capital grants and contributions	22,829,216	19,532,096	59	4	22,829,275	19,532,096	3,297,179	16.9%
General Revenues:								
Property taxes	118,050,839	117,336,994	39,924	34,923	118,090,763	117,371,917	718,846	0.6%
Other taxes	35,107,164	31,143,069	-	-	35,107,164	31,143,069	3,964,095	12.7%
Investment earnings	6,619,121	4,453,572	366,015	(24,505)	6,985,136	4,429,067	2,556,069	57.7%
Miscellaneous	19,944,622	15,915,057	1,607,679	408,527	21,552,301	16,323,584	5,228,717	32.0%
Gain on sale of assets	60,056	(7,478)	52,140	(91,004)	112,196	(98,482)	210,678	-213.9%
Total revenues	584,462,488	543,689,298	21,803,780	21,205,673	606,266,268	564,894,971	\$ 41,371,297	7.3%
Expenses:								
General government	42,773,203	39,827,934	- 4	12	\$ 42,773,203	\$ 39,827,934	\$ 2,945,269	7.4%
Public protection	195,327,268	177,635,846			195,327,268	177,635,846	17,691,422	10.0%
Public ways and facilities	27,257,982	29,193,317	1.4	- 2	27,257,982	29,193,317	(1,935,335)	-6.6%
Health and sanitation	154,535,767	141,326,763	-		154,535,767	141,326,763	13,209,004	9.3%
Public assistance	144,066,059	132,800,689	-	- 5	144,066,059	132,800,689	11,265,370	8.5%
Education	5,996,043	5,883,813	-	- 5	5,996,043	5,883,813	112,230	1.9%
Recreation and cultural services	11,772,114	11,548,714	1.5		11,772,114	11,548,714	223,400	1.9%
Interest on long-term debt	2,156,682	1,731,164			2,156,682	1,731,164	425,518	24.6%
County Disposal Sites CSA		-	17,872,548	14,859,256	17,872,548	14,859,256	3,013,292	20.3%
Boulder Creek CSA	1.3	9.0	542,155	400,639	542,155	400,639	141,516	35.3%
Rolling Woods CSA	1,1/	-	20,807	31,493	20,807	31,493	(10,686)	-33.9%
Septic Tank Maintenance CSA	1.30	- 1	1,123,854	923,420	1,123,854	923,420	200,434	21.7%
Freedom County Sanitation District		-	766,024	1,122,579	766,024	1,122,579	(356,555)	-31.8%
Davenport Sanitation District	( E)		550,626	581,024	550,626	581,024	(30,398)	-5.2%
Place De Mer CSA	-		164,055	157,126	164,055	157,126	6,929	4.4%
Sand Dollar Beach CSA	9	-	327,633	322,969	327,633	322,969	4,664	1.4%
Trestle Beach CSA	750		50,904	56,032	50,904	56,032	(5,128)	-9.2%
Summit West CSA	200		2,117	334	2,117	334	1,783	533.8%
Total expenses	583,885,117	539,948,240	21,420,723	18,454,872	605,305,840	558,403,112	46,902,728	8.4%
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	577,371	3,741,058	383,057	2,750,801	960,428	6,491,859	(5,531,431)	-85.2%
Transfers	-	338,271		(338,271)	A.	14		0.0%
Change in net position	577,371	4,079,329	383,057	2,412,530	960,428	6,491,859	(5,531,431)	-85.2%
Net position, beginning of year	141,565,981	137,486,652	25,579,323	23,166,793	167,145,304	160,653,445	6,491,859	4.0%
Net position, end of year	\$ 142,143,352	\$ 141,565,981	\$ 25,962,380	\$ 25,579,323	\$ 168,105,732	\$ 167,145,304	\$ 960,428	0.6%

Change in Net Position

#### **Analysis of Change in Net Position**

During the current fiscal year, the County's net position increased by \$960,428. This increase is explained in the governmental and business-type activity discussion below.

- **Governmental activities** increased the County's net position by \$577,371, accounting for 60% of the total increase in net position of the County.
  - Revenues increased by \$40,773,190 or 7.5% from the prior year primarily due to increases in grants and contributions of \$23.2 million. Other increases come from property taxes of \$0.7 million, investment income of \$2.2 million, other taxes of \$4.0 million, charges for services of \$6.6 million primarily due to property tax penalties, and miscellaneous revenues of \$4.0 million.
- Expenses overall increased by \$43,936,877. The majority of increases were in Public Protection,
  Health and sanitation, and Public assistance. Public protection increased by \$17.7 million. Health
  and sanitation increased by \$13.2 million. Public assistance increased by \$11.3 million. General
  government also had an increase in expenditures of \$2.9 million. All increases were primarily due
  to increases in salaries and benefits, particularly pension costs and other post-employment benefit

costs.

Overall expense increase by function follows:

		Amount	Percentage increase (decrease)
General government	\$	2,945,269	7.4%
Public protection		17,691,422	10.0%
Public ways and facilities		(1,935,335)	-6.6%
Health and sanitation		13,209,004	9.3%
Public assistance		11,265,370	8.5%
Education		112,230	1.9%
Recreation and cultural services		223,400	1.9%
Interest on long-term debt		425,518	24.6%
	\$	43,936,877	8.1%
	_		

Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$383,057 over the prior year.
Revenues and expenses increased by \$598,107 and \$2,965,851, respectively. The increase in
expenses was mainly due to increase in service and supplies of the County Disposal Site CSA9C
arising from \$1.7 million in labor costs and full staffing of positions and \$0.7 million in consulting
management fees.

Please see the following section for a more detailed analysis on the governmental and business-type activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of governmental funds reported by the County include the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds.

At June 30, 2019, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$190,914,690, an increase of \$18.9 million in comparison with the prior year. The components of total fund balance are as follows (see Note 19 – Fund Balances).

- Nonspendable fund balance, \$1,706,963, are amounts that are not spendable in form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, and are made up of (1) inventory, prepaids, and imprest cash of \$1,578,963, and (2) advances and loans of \$128,000.
- Restricted fund balance, \$121,088,204, consists of amounts with constraints put on their use by externally imposed creditors, grantors, contributions, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation. Examples of restrictions on funds are those for (1) purpose of fund (i.e., flood control, library) of \$100,892,012, (2) debt service of \$2,219,018 and (3) amounts restricted for capital asset

acquisition of \$14,955,384.

- Committed fund balance, \$19,957,098, are amounts for specific purposes determined by the Board of Supervisors, which includes (1) Natural Disasters of \$400,000, (2) Working Capital of \$6,000,000, (3) Economic Uncertainty of \$10,000,000 and (4) Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) Prudent Reserve of \$3,557,098.
- Assigned fund balance of \$48,162,425 represents amounts that are intended for specific purposes and are established by the Board of Supervisors or an official or body delegated by the governing body. Examples of assigned fund balances are (1) federally qualified health programs of \$15,051,869, (2) structural deficit of \$6,363,992, (3) projected budgetary deficit of \$12,027,270, (4) unanticipated liabilities of \$2,000,000, (5) human services programs of \$4,537,533 and (6) salary savings of \$8,794,085.
- Unassigned fund balance is currently \$0.

Revenues for governmental functions totaled \$583,713,155 in fiscal year 2018-2019, which represents an increase of \$39,468,412, or 7.3% from fiscal year 2017-2018. Expenditures for governmental functions totaling \$564,192,631 increased by \$11,985,159, or 2.17%, from fiscal year 2017-2018. In the fiscal year 2018-2019, expenditures for governmental functions exceeded revenues by \$19,520,524. Other financing uses, including interfund, exceeded other financing sources by \$637,689.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2019, the general fund's total fund balance was \$69,826,486, of which \$1,706,963 was nonspendable, and \$68,119,523 was spendable. The spendable fund balance consists of \$19,957,098 in committed fund balance, \$48,162,425 in assigned fund balance, and \$0 in unassigned fund balance. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both total fund balance and spendable fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance is14.7% of total General Fund expenditures while spendable fund balance is14.3% of total General Fund expenditures.

The Off Highway Roads and Transportation Fund is a major fund of the County. At June 30, 2019, the fund had a restricted fund balance of \$2,676,157.

The Housing Fund is a major fund of the County. At June 30, 2019, the Housing Fund's total fund balance was \$76,672,274, all of which is spendable (restricted) for the purpose of the fund.

The Capital Projects fund balance of \$8,903,939 was spendable (restricted) at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$2,171,474 from the prior year. The increase was due to a reduction in capital outlay expenses as many projects were completed in the prior year.

The following table presents the amount of revenues from various sources as well as increases or decreases from the prior year for all governmental funds:

#### Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Funds

	_	2019	% of Total	_	2018	% of Total	_	Change
Taxes	\$	153,158,003	26.24%	\$	148,480,064	27.28%	\$	4,677,939
Licenses and permits		12,591,244	2.16%		12,664,538	2.33%		(73,294)
Fines, forfeits and penalties		10,796,004	1.85%		3,870,473	0.71%		6,925,531
Use of money and property		5,929,846	1.02%		4,196,947	0.77%		1,732,899
Aid from other governments		302,690,299	51.86%		279,503,987	51.36%		23,186,312
Charges for services		78,603,137	13.47%		78,809,087	14.48%		(205,950)
Other	_	19,944,622	3.42%		16,719,647	3.07%		3,224,975
Total	\$	583,713,155	100.00%	\$	544,244,743	100.00%	\$	39,468,412

Revenues increased by \$39.5 million over the prior year. There was a \$4.7 million increase in taxes, consisting of increases of \$7.5 million in property taxes, \$1.2 million in other taxes and \$2.7 million in sales and use taxes. Increases were offset by a decrease of \$6.8 million resulting from a correction in financial reporting to move costs associated with delinquent taxes from taxes to fines, forfeits and penalties.

Fines, forfeits and penalties increased by \$6.9 million primarily due to a correction in financial reporting to move costs associated with delinquent taxes from taxes to fines, forfeits and penalties.

Use of money and property increased by \$1.7 million.

Aid from other governments increased by \$23.2 million due to increases in multiple sources including the following:

- Housing and Urban Development of \$2.1 million
- Highway Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation of \$2.1 million
- Whole Person Care of \$5.5 million
- Federal grant administration revenue of \$3.4 million
- Short/Doyle Block Grant for mental health services of \$8.5 million
- State Highway User's tax of \$3.5 million
- State Public Assistance Program revenue of \$1.9 million
- State Transportation Program revenue of \$1.8 million

These increases were offset by a decrease in revenue from State Senate Bill 1022 related to prison construction and renovation.

Charges for services decreased by \$0.2 million as a result of an increase in interfund revenue of \$4.8 million. The increase was offset by decreases of \$2.7 million in patient revenue and outpatient clinic fees and a \$2.8 million decrease in contributions from other funds.

Other revenue increased by \$3.2 million primarily as a result of insurance proceeds.

The following table presents expenditures by function compared to prior year amounts for all governmental funds:

#### Expenditures Classified by Source Governmental Funds

	_	2019	% of Total	-	2018	% of Total	-	Change
General government	\$	35,550,486	6.30%	\$	36,240,195	6.56%	\$	(689,709)
Public protection		172,236,081	30.53%		161,157,501	29.18%		11,078,580
Public ways and facilities		37,203,921	6.59%		37,324,349	6.76%		(120,428)
Health and sanitation		142,543,851	25.27%		133,423,762	24.16%		9,120,089
Public assistance		134,164,877	23.78%		125,795,624	22.78%		8,369,253
Education		5,753,143	1.02%		5,654,940	1.02%		98,203
Recreation and culture		10,460,088	1.85%		10,471,103	1.90%		(11,015)
Capital outlay		17,770,389	3.15%		35,286,850	6.39%		(17,516,461)
Debt Service - bond redemption		5,577,288	0.99%		4,576,542	0.83%		1,000,746
Debt Service -Interest and fiscal charges	_	2,932,507	0.52%		2,276,606	0.41%	_	655,901
Total	\$	564,192,631	100.00%	\$	552,207,472	100.00%	\$	11,985,159

Overall expenditures increased by \$12 million. The primary cause of the increase was a result of increased salaries and benefits expenditures of \$15 million as the addition of 31.2 positions were approved by the Board of Supervisors primarily for the implementation of Measure G funded programs including Focused Intervention Team and expansion of homeless services. The implementation of Measure G funded programs was also the primary cause for the increase in expenditures for services and supplies of \$2 million. Other charges increased by \$4.6 million as a result of increases to insurance reserves.

Other financing sources and uses are presented below, including changes from the prior year. Refer to Note 10 for more information on long-term debt.

Transfers in and out are detailed in Note 5.

#### Other Financing Sources and Uses Governmental Funds

	2019		% of Total 2018		2018	% of Total		Change		
Proceeds of long-term debt	\$	-	0.00%	\$	7,940,000	98.62%	s	(7,940,000)		
Bond premium/discount		4.	0.00%		(63,415)	-0.79%		63,415		
Inception of capital lease		30,033	-4.71%		92,489	1.15%		(62,456)		
Sale of general capital assets		4	0.00%		23,500	0.29%		(23,500)		
Miscellaneous			0.00%		143,591	1.78%		(143,591)		
Transfers in		22,489,321	-3526.69%		28,411,340	352.87%		(5,922,019)		
Transfers out	-	(23,157,043)	3631.40%	_	(28,495,998)	-353.92%	_	5,338,955		
Total	\$	(637,689)	100.00%	\$	8,051,507	100.00%	\$	(8,689,196)		

The current year excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses is presented below:

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Major	Funds			
	General Fund	Off Highway, Road and Transportation Fund	Housing Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Expenditures Net other financing sources/(uses)	\$ 500,947,633 (476,255,155) (15,274,257)	\$ 38,702,811 (31,698,154) 660,160	\$ 2,531,007 (3,708,939)	\$ 8,462,285 (17,770,389) 11,479,578	\$ 33,069,419 (34,759,994) 2,496,830	\$ 583,713,155 (564,192,631) (637,689)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning (restated)	9,418,221 60,408,265	7,664,817 (4,988,660)	(1,177,932) 77,850,206	2,171,474 6,732,465	806,255 32,029,579	18,882,835 172,031,855
Fund balances, ending	69,826,486	2,676,157	76,672,274	8,903,939	32,835,834	190,914,690

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The business-type activities had total net position of \$25,465,764 at June 30, 2019, of which \$807,672 was unrestricted.

The following table shows the enterprise funds' actual revenues, expenses and results of operations for the current fiscal year:

		Major Funds						
	County Dispos Sites CSA 90		Nonmajor Funds		Total		Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues	\$	14,956,645	\$	5,162,028	\$	20,118,673	\$	80,807,773
Operating expenses	_	(17,502,925)	_	(3,558,980)	_	(21,061,905)	_	(93,340,906)
Net operating income/(loss)		(2,546,280)		1,603,048		(943,232)		(12,533,133)
Net nonoperating revenues/(expenses)		250,083		935,551		1,185,634		645,692
Transfers in/(out)	_		_		_		_	667,722
Change in net position		(2,296,197)		2,538,599		242,402		(11,219,719)
Net position - beginning of year, as restated		6,869,185	_	18,354,177	_	25,223,362	_	(51,882,551)
Net position - end of year	\$	4,572,988	\$	20,892,776	\$	25,465,764	\$	(63,102,270)

Total enterprise fund net position increased by \$242,402. Operating revenues of \$20,118,673 increased by \$1,688,595 over the prior fiscal year. Operating expenses of \$21,061,905 increased by \$3,280,036 over the prior year, mostly from overhead costs.

The Internal Service Funds net position decreased by \$11,219,719 compared to the prior fiscal year. This was primarily due to increases in insurance reserves for the Liability and Property Insurance Fund.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

General Fund actual expenditures were approximately \$44.9 million below final budget amounts. The variance was primarily made up of salaries and employee benefits cost savings of \$14.3 million due to vacancies in funded positions; unspent appropriations for services and supplies of \$26.4 million; other charges of \$6.5 million; and \$1.00 million across other categories except Intrafund transfers which offset unspent appropriations by \$2.8 million.

**Expenditures**: The final General Fund budget was \$12,479,174 or 2.46% higher than the original budget. The primary cause of the change was due to unanticipated expenditures for services and supplies of \$10.5 million due to services offered by the Watsonville/Santa Cruz City & County Continuum of Care (CoC) and the California Emergency Solutions and Housing program resulting from a corresponding increase in unanticipated revenue. Other charges increased by \$2.7 million due to unanticipated increases in expenditures for CalWORKs housing support services and various increases in other unanticipated expenditures. Other changes were a result of budget realignments in all categories.

**Revenues**: General Fund actual revenues excluding transfers in were \$20.8 million less than final budgeted revenues primarily due to \$5.6 million less than expected revenues from charges for services and \$3.5 million less from licenses and permits. The shortfalls were slightly offset by increases in revenues from most other categories.

**Fund balance**: As a result of government-wide efforts to reduce spending, the General Fund's fund balance increased by \$10.0 million versus an estimated decrease of \$5.3 million.

For additional information, readers should refer to the letter of transmittal.

### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

## **Capital Assets**

The County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 totaled \$636,878,775 (net of accumulated depreciation of \$505,592,760). Capital assets includes land, construction in progress, infrastructure, buildings and structures, and equipment. There was a 4.83% increase in total activities for the 2018-2019 fiscal year in the amount of \$29,363,281.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	Governmen	tal A	Activities	Business-T	уре А	ctivities	To	otal	
	2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018
Land	\$ 64,007,639	\$	64,007,639	\$ 1,858,849	\$	1,858,849	\$ 65,866,488	\$	65,866,488
Construction in progress	56,029,419		50,865,790	1,080,524		2,912,412	57,109,943		53,778,202
Infrastructure	693,459,391		665,926,249				693,459,391		665,926,249
Buildings and structures	205,352,392		192,506,962	56,516,585		51,485,894	261,868,977		243,992,856
Equipment	54,187,188		50,887,575	9,979,548		8,496,265	64,166,736		59,383,840
Accumulated depreciation	(468,471,577)		(444,939,923)	(37,121,183)		(36,492,218)	(505,592,760)		(481,432,141)
Total	\$ 604,564,452	\$	579,254,292	\$ 32,314,323	\$	28,261,202	\$ 636,878,775	\$	607,515,494

Capital assets in governmental activities increased by \$25.3 million. Capital asset additions of \$48.8 million were offset by a change in depreciation of \$25.3 million. All categories of capital assets increased except land, which had no change. Of the total change, \$27.5 million related to infrastructure and \$12.8 million related to buildings and structures. The remaining \$8.5 million relates to increases in construction-in-progress and equipment.

Business-type capital assets increased by \$4.0 million. Total additions of \$4.6 million were offset by a change in deprecation of \$628,965. The increase of \$4.0 million includes decrease in construction-in-progress of \$1.8 million and increases in both building and structures of \$5.0 million and equipment of \$1.5 million.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note No. 7 on pages 80-82 of this report.

### **Long-term Debt**

The County's long-term debt for governmental and business-type activities is presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-T	ype A	ctivities		To	otal	
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Refunding certificates of participation	s	33,648,084	S	37,332,157	S	*	S	- 9	S	33,648,084	S	37,332,157
Lease revenue bonds		21,083,730		21,948,023		6,030,310		6,295,018		27,114,040		28,243,041
Lease revenue refunding bonds		1,427,567		1,495,646						1,427,567		1,495,646
Certificates of participation		5,847,488		6,429,116				-		5,847,488		6,429,116
Revenue bonds		35,000		70,000						35,000		70,000
Loans payable						142,967		192,142		142,967		192,142
Capital leases		4,097,158		5,578,553		1,544,178		2,197		5,641,336		5,580,750
Total	s	66,139,027	S	72,853,495	S	7,717,455	s	6,489,357	s	73,856,482	s	79,342,852

For the governmental activities, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$66,139,027 as compared to \$72,853,495 the prior year (excluding compensated absences, estimated claims and other postemployment benefits liability), a decrease of \$6,714,468. No new bonds were issued in the current year.

For the business-type activities, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$7,717,455 as compared to \$6,489,357 in the prior year (excluding post-closure liability and other postemployment benefits liability), an increase of \$1,228,098 due to \$1,543,405 heavy equipment capital lease for the landfill.

The County's total debt for all primary government activities decreased by \$5,486,370 or 6.9% during the current fiscal year (excluding compensated absences, estimated claims, post-closure liability and other postemployment benefits liability).

The County maintains a Standard & Poor's 'SP-1+' and a Moody's 'MIG 1' rating for short-term notes. Moody's has assigned its long-term rating on the County's general fund certificates of participation and lease revenue bonds of "A1" and its Issuer Rating of "Aa3." This rating was last reviewed by Moody's in June 2018. Standard & Poor's has assigned its long-term rating on the County's general fund certificates of participation and lease revenue bonds of "AA+". This rating was last reviewed by Standard & Poor's in November 2017. Such ratings reflect only the views of the rating agency and any desired explanation of the significance of such ratings should be obtained from the rating agency.

The component unit, Santa Cruz Sanitation District, had total long-term debt outstanding of \$ 15,681,664 as compared to \$10,895,403 in the prior year. This amount consists of \$1,513 of capital leases and \$15,680,151 of Loans Payable, \$7,000,000 of which was issued in the current year for sewer improvements during the year, retirement of debt amounted to \$2,213,739.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note No. 10 on pages 86-94 of this report.

### **RETIREMENT COSTS AND OBLIGATIONS**

### **Retirement Costs**

The County's current retirement costs consist of several components, including pension costs, other post-employment benefits (OPEB) costs and social security costs. For the 2018-2019 fiscal year, total retirement costs for the County were \$87,487,051. Of the \$87.5 million in retirement costs, the County contributed \$60.5 million. Employee contributions account for the remaining \$27.0 million. Total retirement costs included pension cost of \$54.9 million, other post-employment benefits of \$6.9 million and social security

costs of \$25.7 million. These costs reflect an increase of \$3.7 million or 4.4% compared to the prior year. The change resulted from an increase in Pension, OPEB and social security costs over the prior year of \$2.7 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.9 million, respectively.

### **Retirement Obligations**

Obligations to pay pension and OPEB benefits in the future make up the County's retirement obligation. Total retirement obligations of the County were \$650,819,972 as of June 30, 2019; \$482.3 million was the liability for pension benefits and \$168.5 million was the liability for OPEB. Total retirement obligations increased by \$16.9 million or 2.7% over the prior year. The total increase was made up of increases in pension liability and OPEB liability of \$11.3 million and \$5.6 million, respectively.

Pension plan costs and obligations are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior three years.

### **Annual Summary of Total Retirement Costs and Obligations**

		FY 2015/16		FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18		FY 2018/19
Total Pension Cost	\$	40,402,558	\$	46,744,026	\$ 52,259,332	\$	54,919,852
Total OPEB Cost		6,477,103	1	3,871	6,773,092	1	6,873,540
Total Social Security Cost		22,330,939		23,824,548	24,798,664		25,693,659
Total Retirement Cost	\$	69,210,600	\$	70,572,445	\$ 83,831,088	\$	87,487,051
Total Employee Contribution	\$	23,063,788	\$	24,808,840	\$ 26,082,530	\$	27,023,171
Total County Contribution		46,146,811		45,763,605	57,748,558		60,463,881
Total Retirement Cost	\$	69,210,600	\$	70,572,445	\$ 83,831,088	\$	87,487,051
Unfunded County Pension Liability Obligation	s	321,814,432	\$	405,524,537	\$ 470,946,789	\$	482,281,348
Unfunded County OPEB Liability Obligation		118,348,505		163,130,908	162,972,790	į.	168,538,624
Total County Unfunded Liabilities	\$	440,162,937	\$	568,655,445	\$ 633,919,579	\$	650,819,972
Miscellaneous Pension Plan Funded ratio Market Value of Assets (MVA)	-	74.3%		68.5%	70.3%		68.5%
Safety Pension Plan Funded Ratio (MVA)		74.7%		68.8%	69.3%		67.9%
Safety Sheriff Pension Plan Funded Ratio (MVA)		64.4%		59.9%	61.5%		60.5%

Additional information on Pension Plans and Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits can be found in Notes 14 and 15 of this report.

Fund financial statements record contributions to the County's pension and OPEB liabilities as expenditures.

#### FISCAL YEAR 2019-20 BUDGET AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The following factors were considered in preparing the County's operating budget for fiscal year 2019-20:

- After several years of steady growth, the 2019-20 proposed budget reflects the narrowed potential for growth to continue. The proposed budget reflects expected decreases in revenue of \$5 million in Other Financing Sources, \$35.7 million in Intergovernmental revenues, \$1.5 million in Miscellaneous and \$2.2 million in Licenses & Permit fees primarily from reduced construction and cannabis license fees. The proposed budget also reflects expected increases from Taxes of \$11.6, Charges for Services of \$6.9 million and Interest Earnings of \$0.9 million.
- Total Governmental Fund budgeted revenues show a projected increase of 13.5%, or \$76.6 million, comparing 2019-20 budget to 2018-19 actual revenues. The 2019-20 budget shows an increase in General Fund total revenues of 10.8%, or \$55.4 million, compared to 2018-19 actual revenues.
- The budget appropriations for total Governmental Fund expenditures for fiscal year 2019-20 includes a 22.6% increase, or \$124.2 million, when compared to 2018-19.
- As of June 30, 2019, the available spendable General Fund balance was \$68.7 million. Of this amount, \$20 million was Committed and \$48.8 million is Assigned, but remains available for appropriation.
- There was an increase of 74.11 positions in the County. Departments within the General Government added 3 positions, the Health and Human Services department added 40.7 positions, Land use and community services added 4.91 positions and 25.5 positions were to Public Safety & Justice.

#### REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Auditor-Controller's Office, County of Santa Cruz, 701 Ocean Street, Room 100, Santa Cruz, CA 95060.



## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

			Drive	nary Government				
		Governmental		usiness-Type				Component
		Activities	_	Activities		Total		Unit
ASSETS	_						-	
	\$	223,867,208	\$	10,264,941	S	234,132,149	\$	15,542,639
Cash and investments	3	9.280.584	\$	8,012,205	\$	17,292,789	Þ	7,000,000
Restricted cash		68,657,201				70,974,137		1,072
Receivables, net				2,316,936				1,072
Due from other funds		16,871,153 240,000		755 520		16,871,153		-
Deposits with others		500000000000000000000000000000000000000		755,532		995,532		12 200
Inventory		462,390		182,196		644,586		13,299
Prepaid items		1,599,400				1,599,400		
Due from other governments		159,103		20.700		159,103		
Loans receivable		60,545,063		32,729		60,577,792		
Land held for resale		1,633,241				1,633,241		
Notes receivable		445.12		***		11111		55,077
Advances to other entities		128,000		9441210		128,000		
Internal balances		(496,616)		496,616		-		-
Capital Assets:								
Nondepreciable assets		120,037,058		2,939,373		122,976,431		7,054,029
Depreciable assets, net		484,527,394		29,374,950		513,902,344		126,348,447
Total assets		987,511,179		54,375,478		1,041,886,657		156,014,563
							1	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		913,503				913,503		
Deferred loss on bond refunding		The second secon		0.040.000				
Deferred pensions		131,809,050		2,310,208		134,119,258		
Deferred OPEB	_	6,866,884	_	147,125	_	7,014,009	_	
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	139,589,437	-	2,457,333		142,046,770	-	-
LIABILITIES								
Payables		41,181,322		2,853,067		44,034,389		4,703,968
Accrued interest payable		675,839		132,266		808,105		54,697
"그리고 보이다"의 이번에 전혀 이번에 사용하는 아이들은 그는 그는 그들은 그들은 그들은 것이다.		46,795,000				46,795,000		- 1
Tax and revenue anticipation notes payable		16,871,153				16,871,153		
Advances from other funds		45,904,776				45,904,776		
Advances from grantors and third parties		40,004,770				45,554,776		
Compensated absences:		24,135,695				24,135,695		
Due within one year		4,330,706				4,330,706		1.7
Due in more than one year		4,330,700				4,330,700		-
Estimated claims:		44 425 200				44 425 200		
Due within one year		14,435,360		7		14,435,360		
Due in more than one year		33,945,000				33,945,000		
Other long-term liabilities:		2 100 010		100				
Due within one year		6,173,519		480,727		6,654,246		574,503
Due in more than one year		59,965,508		14,737,000		74,702,508		15,107,161
OPEB liability		165,148,084		3,390,540		168,538,624		
Net pension liability	100	473,986,275		8,295,073		482,281,348		
Total liabilities		933,548,237		29,888,673		963,436,910		20,440,329
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred pensions		40,647,272		762,502		41,409,774		
Deferred OPEB		10,761,755		219,256		10,981,011		1
		51,409,027	_	981,758	-	52,390,785	_	
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	31,403,027	_	301,730	_	32,330,763	_	
NET POSITION		NA TENER				400000000000000000000000000000000000000		To Service
Net investment in capital assets		546,805,552		24,614,665		571,420,217		124,720,812
Restricted for:								
Debt service		3,867,157		-		3,867,157		4
Capital asset acquisition		17,995,473		-		17,995,473		
Public safety		12,022,104		4		12,022,104		
Health and public assistance		1,128,221				1,128,221		
Public ways and facilities		31,378,524				31,378,524		
Other		5345) 21523		43,427		43,427		
Unrestricted		(471,053,679)		1,304,288		(469,749,391)		10,853,422
	_		•		•		•	
Total net position	\$	142,143,352	\$	25,962,380	\$	168,105,732	\$	135,574,234

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Expenses		Program Revenues										
Functions/Programs	1			Fees, Fines and Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Total				
Primary government:		7.5												
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	42,773,203	\$	26,431,528	\$	12,437,558	\$		\$	38,869,086				
Public protection		195,327,268		23,899,214		53,034,310		126,615		77,060,139				
Public ways and facilities		27,257,982		7,085,304		8,946,911		22,702,601		38,734,816				
Health and sanitation		154,535,767		39,863,109		103,638,645				143,501,754				
Public assistance		144,066,059		1,070,589		101,503,423				102,574,012				
Education		5,996,043		989		120,044		-		121,033				
Recreation and cultural		11,772,114		3,354,164		12,878				3,367,042				
Debt service		2,156,682		285,490		167,314	_			452,804				
Total governmental activities		583,885,117		101,990,387		279,861,083	=	22,829,216		404,680,686				
Business-type activities:														
County Disposal Sites CSA 9C		17,872,548		14,757,572		415,983				15,173,555				
Boulder Creek CSA 7		542,155		510,949						510,949				
Rolling Woods CSA 10		20,807		104,130						104,130				
Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12		1,123,854		1,191,292						1,191,292				
Freedom County Sanitation District		766,024		988,340		4				988,340				
Davenport Sanitation District		550,626		523,019		816,122				1,339,141				
Place de Mer CSA 2		164,055		94,340		-		59		94,399				
Sand Dollar Beach CSA 5		327,633		285,556						285,556				
Trestle Beach CSA 20		50,904		50,521				-		50,521				
Summit West CSA 54		2,117		139				-		139				
Total business-type activities		21,420,723		18,505,858	_	1,232,105		59		19,738,022				
Total primary government	\$	605,305,840	\$	120,496,245	\$	281,093,188	\$	22,829,275	\$	424,418,708				
Component unit:														
Santa Cruz County Sanitation District	\$	24,091,030	\$	25,664,972	\$		\$	- 1	\$	25,664,972				

#### General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Property transfer fees

Sales and use taxes

Transient occupancy taxes

Other taxes

Total taxes

Interest and investment earnings

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position before prior period adjustment

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Governmental	and Cha	susiness-Type				Component
Activities		Activities	_	Total	_	Unit
(3,904,117	) \$	-	\$	(3,904,117)		
(118,267,129		-		(118, 267, 129)		
11,476,834				11,476,834		
(11,034,013	)	(*)		(11,034,013)		
(41,492,047	)			(41,492,047)		
(5,875,010	)	4		(5,875,010)		
(8,405,072	)			(8,405,072)		
(1,703,878	)			(1,703,878)		
(179,204,431	)	100		(179,204,431)		
		(2,698,993)		(2,698,993)		
		(31,206)		(31,206)		
		83,323		83,323		
		67,438		67,438		
		222,316		222,316		
		788,515		788,515		
		(69,656)		(69,656)		
		(42,077)		(42,077)		
		(383)		(383)		
		(1,978)		(1,978)		
	. v =	(1,682,701)		(1,682,701)		
(179,204,431	) \$	(1,682,701)	\$	(180,887,132)		
					\$	1,573,94
118,050,839		39,924		118,090,763		-
2,586,323		4		2,586,323		-
13,971,185				13,971,185		-
9,216,903		4.5		9,216,903		4.0
9,332,753				9,332,753	_	- 24
153,158,003		39,924		153,197,927		
6,619,121		366,015		6,985,136		263,23
60,056		52,140		112,196		
19,944,622		1,607,679		21,552,301		
179,781,802		2,065,758		181,847,560		263,23
577,371		383,057		960,428		1,837,17
141,565,981		25,579,323		167,145,304		133,737,05
			_		_	



## **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



## GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**General Fund** – The General Fund is used to account for sources and uses of financial resources traditionally associated with governments, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Off Highway, Road, and Transportation Fund – The Off Highway, Road, and Transportation Fund provides for the construction and maintenance of County roads, along with transportation planning activities. Revenues consist primarily of State and Federal grants, State taxes, and a State subvention from vehicle license fees.

**Housing Fund** – The Housing Fund is primarily used to account for Community Development Block Grant Programs. The principal sources of revenues are State grants and housing rehabilitation loan repayments.

**Capital Projects Fund** – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of land, and acquisition and construction of major facilities other than those financed by the proprietary funds.

**Nonmajor Governmental Funds** – Nonmajor Governmental Funds is the aggregate of all the nonmajor governmental funds.



## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	Major Funds											
		General Fund		Off Highway, Road and Transportation Fund		Housing Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	145,693,586	\$		\$	14,805,089	\$	10,214,846	\$	25,326,176	\$	196,039,697
Restricted cash and investments				10.00		-				9,280,584		9,280,584
Receivables, net		44,043,651		21,909,841		-		1,410,122		1,004,478		68,368,092
Due from other funds		164,342				- 2		198,170		612,324		974,836
Due from other governments		-		1/5				159,103				159,103
Loans receivable				14		60,545,063				-		60,545,063
Deposits with others		90,000		-						6		90,000
Prepaids		1,544,021		-				-		1.2		1,544,021
Land held for resale		16,350				1,616,891				-		1,633,241
Advances to other entities	1	128,000				-				-		128,000
Total assets	\$	191,679,950	\$	21,909,841	\$	76,967,043	\$	11,982,241	\$	36,223,562	\$	338,762,637
LIABILITIES												
Payables	s	29.583.107	\$	1.741.418	S	294,769	S	3,078,302	\$	2,967,098	S	37,664,694
Tax and revenue anticipation notes payable		46,795,000										46,795,000
Due to other funds		612,324		16,508,642						362,511		17,483,477
Advances from grantors and third parties		44,863,033		983,624						58,119		45,904,776
Total liabilities		121,853,464	_	19,233,684	Ξ	294,769	_	3,078,302	Ξ	3,387,728		147,847,947
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		1,706,963										1,706,963
Restricted				2,676,157		76,672,274		8,903,939		32,835,834		121,088,204
Committed		19,957,098		-						-		19,957,098
Assigned		48,162,425				- 2.47		-		1.2		48,162,425
Total fund balances		69,826,486		2,676,157	Ξ	76,672,274	Ξ	8,903,939		32,835,834	Ξ	190,914,690
Total liabilities and fund balances	s	191,679,950	\$	21,909,841	\$	76,967,043	s	11,982,241	\$	36,223,562	\$	338,762,637

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 190,914,690
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. (Net of \$10,512,496 of internal service fund capital assets.)		592,904,912
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position are not reported in the governmental funds.		124,717,326
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:		
Internal service funds included in governmental activities		(63,102,271)
Transfer of internal service funds to business-type activities		(496,616)
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the governmental funds.		
Refunding certificates of participation, including premium	(33,648,084)	
Lease revenue bonds	(21,083,730)	
Lease revenue refunding bonds, including premium	(1,427,567)	
Certificates of participation, including premium	(5,847,488)	
Revenue bonds	(35,000)	
Pension liability	(421,789,583)	
Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability	(145,774,862)	
Compensated absences	(23,854,866)	
Capital leases	(3,428,802)	(656,889,982)
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(675,839)
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position are not reported in the governmental funds.	1	(45,228,868)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 142,143,352

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Major	Fund	ds						
		General Fund		off Highway, Road and ransportation Fund		Housing Fund	Ca	pital Projects Fund	G	Nonmajor covernmental Funds	-	Total Sovernmental Funds
REVENUES:												
Taxes	\$	129,859,218	\$	3,243,303	\$		\$		\$	20,055,482	\$	153,158,003
Licenses and permits		12,547,996		-		-		100		43,248		12,591,244
Fines, forfeits and penalties		10,755,614				741 1410		(679)		41,069		10,796,004
Use of money and property		4,998,934		(273,805)		458,079		93,025		653,613		5,929,846
Aid from other governments		261,544,845		31,454,190		558,671		7,531,836		1,600,757		302,690,299
Charges for services		64,226,435		2,586,525		831,618		315,984		10,642,575		78,603,137
Other	_	17,014,591	_	1,692,598	_	682,639	_	522,119	_	32,675	_	19,944,622
Total revenues		500,947,633	_	38,702,811	_	2,531,007	_	8,462,285		33,069,419	_	583,713,155
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government		35,099,570		1.5				-		450,916		35,550,486
Public protection		157,631,400				-		ė.		14,604,681		172,236,081
Public ways and facilities		209,586		31,698,154						5,296,181		37,203,921
Health and sanitation		142,511,500								32,351		142,543,851
Public assistance		130,455,938				3,708,939		-				134,164,877
Education		135,342		0.5						5,617,801		5,753,143
Recreation and cultural		8,754,471				-		-		1,705,617		10,460,088
Debt service:												
Principal		551,940		-		-		-		5,025,348		5,577,288
Interest		794,395		-		-		4		1,925,303		2,719,698
Fiscal charges		111,013		-				- (market 1978)		101,796		212,809
Capital outlay	-	-	_	-	_	•	_	17,770,389	_	- 2	_	17,770,389
Total expenditures	_	476,255,155	_	31,698,154	_	3,708,939		17,770,389	_	34,759,994	_	564,192,631
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		24,692,478	_	7,004,657		(1,177,932)		(9,308,104)	_	(1,690,575)	_	19,520,524
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers in		2,629,243		660,160				12,061,354		7,138,564		22,489,321
Transfers out		(17,933,533)				-		(581,776)		(4,641,734)		(23,157,043)
Inception of capital lease	_	30,033	_		_		_		_		_	30,033
Total other financing sources (uses)	=	(15,274,257)		660,160	_		_	11,479,578	_	2,496,830		(637,689)
Net change in fund balances		9,418,221		7,664,817		(1,177,932)		2,171,474		806,255		18,882,835
Fund balances - beginning		60,408,265		(4,988,660)		77,850,206		6,732,465		32,029,579		172,031,855
Fund balances - ending	\$	69,826,486	\$	2,676,157	\$	76,672,274	\$	8,903,939	\$	32,835,834	\$	190,914,690

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 18,882,835
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were different because:		
Governmental funds reported acquisitions of capital assets as part of capital outlay expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense:		
Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure, and other related capital assets	47,569,038	
Retirement of capital assets	(371,702)	
Less current year depreciation	(22,845,710)	24,351,626
Issuance of long-term debt provided current financial resources to the governmental funds, but		
issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Also,		
the governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums and discounts when debt is first		
issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:		
Inception of capital lease	(30,033)	(30,033)
Repayment of debt principal was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:		
Refunding certificates of participation	3,620,000	
Certificates of participation	575,000	
Lease revenue bonds	855,000	
Lease revenue refunding bonds	68,918	
Local agency revenue bonds	35,000	
Capital leases	1,027,256	6,181,174
Some expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in the governmental		
funds:		
Amortization of bond premium/discount	79,155	
Change in accrued interest payable	199,902	
Change in compensated absences	(71,888)	
Change in deferred loss on bond refunding	(107,118)	
Change in other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	(3,846,087)	
Change in net pension liability	(33,701,821)	(37,447,857)
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual		100712 w.d.
funds. The net income of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities.		(11,219,719)
Reverse of prior year transfer of internal service funds to business-type activities.		355,961
Transfer of internal service funds to business-type activities.		(496,616)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 577,371

## PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Proprietary Funds** – Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

**Enterprise Funds** – The Enterprise Funds are used to account for County operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the County in using this type of fund is to determine that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing these services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

**County Disposal Sites CSA 9C** – The County Disposal Sites CSA 9C Fund is used to account for the activities of the County's refuse utility, which provides refuse pick-up services, recycling services, and a sanitary landfill for residents of the County.

*Internal Service Funds* – The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.



## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

		Business-T County Disposal tes CSA 9C	Гуре	Activities - Enter Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	prise	Funds Total		Sovernmental Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS								
Current assets:  Cash and investments  Restricted cash	\$	5,512,698 8,012,205	\$	4,752,243	\$	10,264,941 8,012,205	\$	27,827,511
Receivables Due from other funds		703,901		1,613,035		2,316,936		289,109 16,508,642
Deposits with others Inventory Prepaid items		738,696 182,196		16,836		755,532 182,196		150,000 462,390 55,379
Total current assets	-	15.149.696	_	6,382,114	_	21,531,810		45,293,031
Noncurrent assets:	-							
Loans receivable Capital assets:				32,729		32,729		
Land Construction in progress		1,858,849		1,080,524		1,858,849 1,080,524		97,087 5,750
Depreciable: Buildings and structures		32,043,489		24,473,097		56,516,586		3,998,400
Equipment Accumulated depreciation		9,897,962 (26,901,061)		81,586 (10,220,123)		9,979,548 (37,121,184)		32,998,875 (25,440,572)
Capital assets, net	-	16.899.239	_	15.415.084	_	32,314,323	_	11,659,540
Total noncurrent assets	-	16,899,239	_	15,447,813	_	32,347,052	_	11,659,540
Total assets	-	32,048,935	_	21.829.927	_	53,878,862	_	56,952,571
	-	02,040,000	_	21,020,027		00,070,002	_	00,002,071
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pension		2,310,208		4		2,310,208		14,062,925
Deferred OPEB		147,125				147,125		809,186
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,457,333	Ξ			2,457,333	=	14,872,111
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:		2.44		476.411		10000000		2010022
Payables		2,059,441 274,707		793,626 50,500		2,853,067 325,207		3,516,628
Current portion of long-term liabilities Capital leases		155,520		50,500		155,520		506,164
Claims liability		-		-				14,435,360
Compensated absences, due within one year		404 700		-		400 000		3,501,038
Accrued interest payable	-	131,708	_	558	_	132,266	_	24 252 422
Total current liabilities	1.4	2,621,376	_	844,684	_	3,466,060	_	21,959,190
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term liabilities		5,755,603		92,467		5,848,070		
Capital leases		1,388,658		100		1,388,658		162,192
Claims liability								33,945,000
Closure and postclosure care costs liability  Compensated absences, due in more than one year		7,500,272				7,500,272		1,110,497
OPEB liability		3,390,540		Ú.		3,390,540		19,373,222
Net pension liability	-	8,295,073	_		_	8,295,073	_	52,196,692
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	26,330,146	_	92,467	_	26,422,613	_	106,787,603
Total liabilities		28,951,522	_	937,151	_	29,888,673	_	128,746,793
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred pension		762,502				762,502		4,918,717
Deferred OPEB		219,256	_	-	_	219,256	_	1,261,442
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	981,758	_		_	981,758	_	6,180,159
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Postricted for		9,324,751		15,289,914		24,614,665		10,992,074
Restricted for: Debt service				43,427		43,427		1,488,808
Unrestricted		(4,751,763)	_	5,559,435	_	807,672	_	(75,583,152)
Total net position	\$	4,572,988	\$	20,892,776		25,465,764 496,616	\$	(63,102,270)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activitie	e related to enternri	an funda						

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	100	Business-Ty	ype A	Activities - Ente	rprise	Funds	G	overnmental
		County		Nonmajor				Activities
		Disposal		Enterprise				Internal
	S	ites CSA 9C	_	Funds	_	Total	S	ervice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	14,757,572	\$	3,748,286	\$	18,505,858	\$	79,911,961
Other revenues	4	199,073		1,413,742	_	1,612,815	_	895,812
Total operating revenues	( <del></del>	14,956,645	_	5,162,028	_	20,118,673	_	80,807,773
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and employee benefits		JA 3.75		30 A				46,085,646
Services and supplies		15,974,826		3,061,294		19,036,120		19,587,079
Insurance and compensation claims						5		25,395,468
Depreciation and amortization		1,528,099		497,686		2,025,785		2,272,713
Total operating expenses	_	17,502,925	=	3,558,980	_	21,061,905	=	93,340,906
Operating income (loss)		(2,546,280)	_	1,603,048	_	(943,232)		(12,533,133)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Intergovernmental		415,987		816,181		1,232,168		-
Interest and investment income		280,927		85,088		366,015		689,275
Property taxes		3		39,924		39,924		
Gain on disposal of capital assets		47,000		2		47,000		60,056
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(238,301)		-		(238, 301)		(20,846)
Interest expense		(255,530)		(5,642)		(261,172)		(82,793)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		250,083	Ξ	935,551	Ξ	1,185,634	_	645,692
Income (loss) before transfers		(2,296,197)		2,538,599		242,402		(11,887,441)
Transfers in		- 4		- 4		- 1		1,077,840
Transfers out		-				1.5		(410,118)
Change in net position	_	(2,296,197)		2,538,599		242,402		(11,219,719)
Net position - beginning		6,869,185		18,354,177		25,223,362		(51,882,551)
Net position - ending	\$	4,572,988	\$	20,892,776		25,465,764	\$	(63,102,270)
Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities						242,402		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund	activities relate	ed to enterprise	fund	ds	_	140,655		
Change in Net Positon of Business-type Activities per Government	nent-Wide Fina	ancial Stateme	nts		\$	383,057		



## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental			
	County Disposal			Nonmajor Enterprise				Activities
								Internal
	s	Sites CSA 9C		Funds		Total	S	ervice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	14,063,888	\$	3,748,981	\$	17,812,869	\$	79,810,984
Receipts from interfund charges for services								(7,399,872)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(5,153,217)		(561,603)		(5,714,820)		(26,023,688)
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits								(37,212,246)
Payments to other funds for services provided		(7,967,793)		(603,391)		(8,571,184)		
Payments for judgments and claims				-				(16,137,247)
Other receipts				1,413,168		1,413,168		17,847,317
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		942,878		3,997,155		4,940,033	=	10,885,248
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Transfers from other funds		3.		0.4				1,077,840
Transfers to other funds						4		(8,885,871)
Operating grants		415,989		(887,456)		(471,467)		
Property taxes				39,929		39,929		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	10	415,989	Ξ	(847,527)		(431,538)		(7,808,031)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND								
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,842,072)		(3,464,234)		(6,306,306)		(3,238,601)
Proceeds from capital related debt		1,543,405				1,543,405		
Principal paid on capital debt		(266,131)		(49,176)		(315,307)		(516,723)
Interest paid on capital debt		(229,905)		(5,642)		(235,547)		(82,793)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		47,000				47,000		25,643
Net cash provided (used) by capital								
and related financing activities		(1,747,703)	_	(3,519,052)	_	(5,266,755)	_	(3,812,474)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Interest on investments		280,927		85,088		366,015		640,102
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		280,927	=	85,088		366,015	=	640,102
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	=	(107,909)	_	(284,336)	_	(392,245)	_	(95,155)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:								
Beginning of year		13,632,812		5,036,579		18,669,391		27,922,666
End of year	\$	13,524,903	\$	4,752,243	\$	18,277,146	\$	27,827,511

(Continued)

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental	
		County	1	Nonmajor				Activities	
		Disposal	1	Enterprise				Internal	
	s	ites CSA 9C		Funds	_	Total	_ S	ervice Funds	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)									
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING									
ACTIVITIES:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,546,280)	\$	1,603,048	\$	(943,232)	\$	(12,533,133)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	-								
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization		1,528,099		497,686		2,025,785		2,272,713	
Changes in assets and liabilities:									
(Increase) decrease in:									
Receivables		427,502		128		427,630		(150,152)	
Due from other funds								9,551,633	
Deposits with others		(727,215)		-		(727,215)			
Inventory		(917)				(917)		(447,581)	
Prepaid items		-						40,706	
Increase (decrease) in:									
Payables		1,633,748		1,896,293		3,530,041		3,277,660	
Accrued salaries and benefits								8,873,402	
Closure and postclosure care liability		627,941				627,941			
Total adjustments		3,489,158		2,394,107		5,883,265		23,418,381	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	942,878	\$	3,997,155	\$	4,940,033	\$	10,885,248	
Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities:									
Purchase of machinery, equipment and vehicles on account		5,083,308		3,437,896		8,521,204		3,238,601	



## FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Fiduciary Funds** – The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

**Agency Funds** – The Agency Funds are used to account for the receipt and disbursement of various taxes, deposits, deductions, and property collected by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental entities or other organizations.

**Investment Trust Fund** – The Investment Trust Fund is used to account for the investment pool that is managed by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities.

**Private Purpose Trust Fund** – The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to report resources of other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.



## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	 Agency Funds	_	Investment Trust Fund		Private Purpose Trust Fund		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 50,749,438	\$	531,043,627	\$	14,449,294		
Restricted cash with fiscal agents	-1		-		4,502		
Receivables	12,202,377		C-				
Prepaid insurance	-		-		1,531,097		
Capital assets, net					9,114,559		
Total assets	\$ 62,951,815	\$	531,043,627	\$	25,099,452		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Loss on refunding of debt	\$ -	\$		\$	272,471		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 	\$	- Y	\$	272,471		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 6,798,376	\$		\$	7,295		
Interest payable					2,860,730		
Due to other governmental units	23,253,533		-				
Agency funds held for others	32,899,906		-				
Long-term debt	-		1.5		209,050,412		
Total liabilities	\$ 62,951,815	\$		\$	211,918,437		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred tax increment revenue	\$	\$	-	\$	563,927		
Gain on refunding of debt					1,122,557		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ -	\$		\$	1,686,484		
NET POSITION							
Net position held in trust	\$ 7	\$	531,043,627	\$	(188,232,998)		



## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Investment Trust Fund	P	rivate Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Contributions to investment pool	\$	1,521,430,601	\$	
Total contributions		1,521,430,601		-
Investment income		9,875,778		228,383
Incremental property taxes		2.0		17,287,620
Other revenue		-	-	59,615
Total Additions	_	1,531,306,379	_	17,575,618
DEDUCTIONS				
Distributions from investment pool		1,584,330,844		0.00
Payments in accordance with enforceable obligations		<u> </u>		7,748,568
Total Deductions		1,584,330,844	_	7,748,568
Change in net position held in trust		(53,024,465)		9,827,050
Net position held in trust - beginning of year		584,068,092		(198,060,048)
Net position held in trust - end of year	\$	531,043,627	\$	(188,232,998)



# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

# A. Reporting Entity

The County of Santa Cruz (County) was established by an act of the State Legislature of California in 1850 and is governed by a five-member elected Board of Supervisors (the Board). The Board is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. The County provides various services on a countywide basis including law and justice, education, detention, social, health, hospital, fire protection, road construction, road maintenance, transportation, park and recreation facilities, elections and records, communications, planning, zoning, and tax collection.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP), the accompanying basic financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the Board is considered to be financially accountable. Component units are entities that meet any one of the following tests:

- 1. The Board appoints the voting majority of the board and:
  - is able to impose its will on the component unit and/or
  - is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the component unit
- 2. The component unit is fiscally dependent upon the County.
- 3. The financial statements of the County would be misleading if data from the component unit were omitted.

The basic financial statements include both blended and discretely presented component units. The blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the Government-Wide Financial Statements since it does not have a shared governing body nor is it of exclusive or almost exclusive benefit to the primary government.

#### **Blended Component Units**

The following entities serve citizens of the County and provide for the construction and maintenance of County parks and recreation, police protection, mosquito abatement, fire protection, street lighting, roads, flood control, sewer, and refuse disposal districts. They are reported as if they were part of the primary government because they are governed by the Board. The Board establishes the work program and adopts the budget. Administrative services are provided by various departments of the County.

Santa Cruz County Flood Control and Water Conservation District – Zone 7

Santa Cruz County Flood Control and Water Conservation District – Zone 7 (Zone 7) was established to provide funding for the local share of proposed Army Corps of Engineers flood control projects on the Pajaro River, Salsipuedes Creek, and Corralitos Creek. Zone 7 is governed by a seven-member board consisting of a Board of Directors and two additional members, one appointed by the City of Watsonville and another appointed by the Pajaro Valley Water Management Agency. Administrative services are provided by the County's Department of Public Works. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Department of Public Works at 701 Ocean Street, Room 410, Santa Cruz, CA 95060.

## A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

# Blended Component Units, (Continued)

Santa Cruz County Financing Authorities

The Santa Cruz County Financing Authorities (Authorities) facilitate financing for the County. The Authorities are established and governed by the Board and are not legally required to adopt a budget. Administrative services are provided by the County. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the County at 701 Ocean Street, Room 100, Santa Cruz, CA 95060.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Santa Cruz County Sanitation District

The Santa Cruz County Sanitation District (District) is included as a discretely presented component unit of the County because: 1) the Board appoints the District's governing board, and 2) the District has an ongoing relationship with the County. The District is governed by a three-member board and managed by the County's Department of Public Works under the direction of the District Board of Directors. The District, as a component unit, is presented separately from the primary government in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Administrative services are provided by the County Department of Public Works and central support departments (i.e., personnel, purchasing, treasury, etc.). Complete financial statements may be obtained from the County, 701 Ocean Street, Room 410, Santa Cruz, CA 95060.

#### Districts Governed by the Board of Supervisors

#### Public Protection

- Aptos Seascape County Service Area (CSA) 3
- County Fire Protection CSA 48
- Police Protection CSA 38
- Pajaro Storm Drain Maintenance District
- Pajaro Dunes Fire Protection CSA 4
- Pajaro Dunes Station Maintenance Fund
- Pajaro Dunes Station Assessment District Reserve
- Santa Cruz County Flood Control and Water Conservation Zone 4
- Santa Cruz County Flood Control and Water Conservation Zone 5
- Santa Cruz County Flood Control and Water Conservation Zone 6
- Santa Cruz County Flood Control and Water Conservation Zone 8
- Santa Cruz County Flood Control and Water Conservation Zone General

#### Health and Sanitation

Pasatiempo Rolling Woods Sewer District

#### Recreation and Culture

- Streetscape CSA 9E
- Parks and Recreation District CSA 11
- CSA 11 Zone E
- CSA 11L Lompico Community

## A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### Public Wavs and Facilities

- County Highway Lighting CSA 9
- County Highway Residential Lighting CSA 9 Zone A
- School Crossing Guard CSA 9 Zone B
- County Road Maintenance CSA 9D Zone 1
- County Road Maintenance CSA 9D Zone 2
- CSA 9D Zone 3
- Hutchinson Road CSA 13
- Oakflat Road CSA 13A
- Huckleberry Woods Road CSA 15
- Robak Drive CSA 16
- Empire Acres CSA 17
- Whitehouse Canyon CSA 18
- Westdale Drive CSA 21
- Kelly Hill CSA 22
- Old Ranch Road CSA 23
- Pineridge CSA 24
- Viewpoint Road CSA 25
- Hidden Valley CSA 26
- Lomond Terrace CSA 28
- Glenwood Acres CSA 30
- View Circle CSA 32
- Soquel Village Parking Improvement
- Underground Utilities #4-41st Ave.

- Redwood Drive CSA 33
- Larsen Road CSA 34
- County Estates CSA 35
- Forest Glen CSA 36
- Roberts Road CSA 37
- Reed Street CSA 39
- Ralston Way CSA 40
- Loma Prieta CSA 41
- Sunlit Lane CSA 42
- Bonita-Encino Drive CSA 43
- Sunbeam Woods CSA 44
- Pinecrest CSA 46
- Braemoor CSA 47
- Vineyard CSA 50
- Hopkins Gulch CSA 51
- Upper Pleasant Valley CSA 52
- Mosquito Abatement CSA 53
- Riverdale Park Road CSA 55
- Felton Grove CSA 56
- Mansfield Street Assessment Dist.
- Ridge Drive CSA 58
- McGaffigan Mill Road CSA 59
- Soquel Village CSA 9F

#### Geologic Hazard Abatement Districts (GHAD)

- Corralitos GHAD
- Mid-County GHAD
- Heartwood GHAD

The following Board of Supervisors Governed District funds are reported as Enterprise Funds (Sewer and Refuse Disposal Districts):

- Boulder Creek CSA 7
- Rolling Woods CSA 10
- Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12
- Freedom County Sanitation District
- **Davenport County Sanitation District**

- County Disposal Sites CSA 9C
- Sand Dollar Beach CSA 5
- Trestle Beach CSA 20
- Summit West CSA 54

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below. The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose of which they are to be spent and means by which spending activities are controlled.

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

The following GASB Statements have been implemented in the current financial statements:

#### GASB Statement No. 83

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (ARO's). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. The requirements of this statement are effective for the County's fiscal year beginning after June 15, 2018. This statement does not have a significant impact on the County's financial statements.

#### GASB Statement No. 88

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, addresses the information that is disclosed in notes to the financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The requirements of this statement are effective for the County's fiscal year beginning after June 15, 2018.

# **Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements**

The following GASB Statements will become effective for fiscal years subsequent to June 30, 2019. The County is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for these GASB Statements.

#### GASB Statement No. 84

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, provides improved guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes. The requirements of this statement are effective for the County's fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2018.

#### GASB Statement No. 87

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, addresses accounting and financial reporting for leases that were previously reported as operating leases by establishing a single model for lease accounting. The impact of implementation on the County's financial statements has not been fully judged. The requirements of this statement are effective for the County's fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2019.

#### GASB Statement No. 89

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this statement are effective for the County's fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2019.

# GASB Statement No. 90

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, is intended to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this statement are effective for the County's fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2018.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 91

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, is intended to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for the County's fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2020.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The County's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the County accompanied by a total column, as well as its discretely presented component unit. Fiduciary activities of the County are not included in these statements.

These basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the County in three categories:

- Fees, fines, and charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column, if any. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to and from other funds
- · Advances to and from other funds
- Transfers in and out

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

## Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The County prepares a County-wide cost allocation plan in accordance with United States Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87. Using this directive, all indirect support costs are allocated to County funds and departments using a step-down method so that the true cost of operations can be included in determining the rates to be charged to users.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. The County has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other specialized funds.

<u>Off Highway Road and Transportation Fund</u> – accounts for the County's road and transportation fund. Revenues come primarily from State and Federal grants, State taxes, and a State subvention from vehicle license fees.

<u>Housing Fund</u> – accounts for the County's housing developments and loans. Revenues come from State and Federal awards and grants, and offsets from major housing projects as well as housing impact fees.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – used to account for the construction or acquisition of capital assets such as land, construction-in-progress, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, and infrastructure. Revenues are provided by County Lease Revenue bonds as well as contributions from the former Redevelopment Agency per the County-Redevelopment Agency Cooperation Agreement.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are recognized when "measurable" and "available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means having been earned and collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end for property tax revenues, and 180 days after year-end with limited exceptions extending the availability period for certain grant revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related liability is incurred, except for debt service expenditures (principal and interest), as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, which are reported when due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

Reconciliations of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

#### Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position; and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds. The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>County Disposal Sites CSA 9C Fund</u> – Accounts for the operation and expansion of the County's landfills and implementation of state mandated environmental health programs. User fees, service area charges and revenues from the waste recovery and recycling projects finance the fund.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – Accounts for central duplicating, information services, public works, fleet management, and self-insurance services provided to other departments, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. Internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

The other proprietary funds provide sewer collection, treatment, and disposal services as well as septic tanks and water treatment within their area of service, along with unincorporated parts of the County.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

#### Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position for all Agency Funds, the Investment Trust Fund, and the Private Purpose Trust Fund and a Statement of Changes in Net Position for the Investment Trust Fund and the Private Purpose Trust Fund. The County reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Agency Funds</u> – Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis accounting. These funds, including State and County revenue funds, tax collection funds, deposit funds, and clearing and revolving funds, account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity for individuals or other government units.

<u>Investment Trust Fund</u> – Accounts for the external portion of the County Treasurer's investment pool, which commingles resources of legally separate local governments with the County in an investment portfolio for the benefit of all participants.

<u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> – Reports resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to report the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and activities of the County of Santa Cruz Redevelopment Successor Agency.

## C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments and displayed as Cash and Investments.

Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

# C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

The County participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled *Local Agency Investment Fund* (LAIF) which has invested a portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these structured notes and asset-backed securities are subject to market risk as well as to changes in interest rates.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3), certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, are provided for deposit and investment risk in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
  - Overall
  - Custodial Credit Risk
  - Concentration of Credit Risk
- Foreign Currency Risk

All cash and investments of proprietary funds are held in the County's investment pool. Therefore, all cash and investments in the proprietary funds are considered cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows as these cash pools have the general characteristic of a demand deposit account.

#### D. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans) or "advances from/to other funds" (i.e., noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as "internal balances."

## E. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories within the various fund types consist of materials and supplies which are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Cost is determined by the weighted average cost method. A reservation of fund balance has been reported in the governmental funds to show that inventories do not constitute "available spendable resources."

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed, rather than when purchased. A reservation of fund balance has been reported in the governmental funds to show that prepaid amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources."

## F. Capital Assets

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Capital assets, which include land, construction-in-progress, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, autos and trucks, equipment under capitalized leases, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, traffic signals, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. County policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 (for equipment and vehicles) and \$25,000 (for infrastructure, buildings and structures). Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

#### F. Capital Assets (Continued)

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements** (Continued)

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Infrastructure 4-65 years
Buildings and structures 10-50 years
Equipment and vehicles 2-15 years

For infrastructure systems, the County elected to use the "Basic Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting.

The County defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the County to function. The assets include streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, etc. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements do not present General Government capital assets. Consequently, capital assets are shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

The capital assets of the enterprise funds in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements are the same as those shown in the business-type activities of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Internal Service Funds' capital assets are combined with governmental activities.

#### G. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is carried at cost. The amount equal to the carrying value of land is included in the restricted fund balance because such assets are restricted for the purpose of the fund.

#### H. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The County recognizes deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in accordance with GASB Statement No. 63 and GASB Statement No. 65. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources were items previously reported as assets and liabilities and are defined as "a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively."

#### I. Long-Term Debt

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Long-term debt and other financed obligations are reported as liabilities in Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements.

# I. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Debt issuance costs should be reported as expenses in the period incurred.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements do not present long-term debt. As such, long-term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

#### J. Compensated Absences

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

For governmental and business-type activities, compensated absences are recorded as incurred and the related expenses and liabilities are reported.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the year paid, as it is the County's policy to liquidate any unpaid compensated absences at June 30 from future resources, rather than currently available financial resources. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such funds' share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund. Vested or accumulated compensated absences in proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. Accrued but unpaid liabilities at year-end are recorded in the respective funds.

#### K. Claims Payable

The County records a liability to reflect an actuarial estimate of ultimate uninsured losses for both general liability claims (including property damage claims) and workers' compensation claims. The estimated liability for workers' compensation claims and general liability claims includes "incurred but not reported" (IBNR) claims. There is no fixed payment schedule to pay these liabilities.

#### L. Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, retirement plans (pensions) are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Pension Plans note and the required supplementary information (RSI) on page 130 of this report), regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

In general, the County recognizes a net pension liability, which represents the County's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the pension reflected in the actuarial report provided by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The net pension liability is measured as of the County's prior fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension liability are recorded, in the period incurred, as pension expense or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change. The changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources (that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience) are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective pension plan and are recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred.

## L. Pensions (Continued)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources relating to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's pension plan with CalPERS and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits' terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Projected earnings on pension investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred. Each subsequent year will incorporate an additional closed basis five-year period of recognition.

# M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's OPEB Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### N. Net Position and Fund Balances

**Government-Wide Financial Statements -** In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position is classified into the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

**Fund Financial Statements -** In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

<u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Supervisors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

## N. Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making authority, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose.

The Board of Supervisors has the authority to assign funds for a specific purpose with a simple majority vote. The same action is required to change or remove an assignment.

The County Administrative Officer also has the authority to assign funds for specific purposes, and to change or remove the assignment. The establishment, change or removal of an assignment by the County Administrative Officer must be reported to the Board of Supervisors at the next Board meeting. The Board may change or remove an assignment established by the County Administrative Officer with a simple majority vote.

An appropriation of existing fund balance to eliminate a projected budgetary deficit in the subsequent year's budget may be classified as assigned fund balance.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – the residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, and it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The County considers restricted fund balances to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the County considers Committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by Assigned amounts and then Unassigned amounts.

**Fund Balance Policy -** The County believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the County to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the County needs to maintain unrestricted fund balance in its County funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the County and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

The purpose of the County's fund balance policy is to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against reducing service levels or raising taxes and fees because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures.

The County has adopted a policy to achieve and maintain committed and assigned fund balance categories of no less than 7% of the upcoming budget year's estimated revenues.

Additional detailed information, along with the complete Fund Balance Policy can be obtained from the County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's office located at 701 Ocean Street, Room 100, Santa Cruz, CA 95060.

## Committed for Working Capital

The County has established a separate committed fund balance account for Working Capital. Funding for committed Working Capital is established by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors and will be approved annually by the Board during the budget approval process.

The County's fund that is committed for Working Capital is to be used only if the Board of Supervisors declares a fiscal emergency. Any use of funds requires a four-fifths vote of the Board of Supervisors appropriating the funds.

#### N. Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued)

## Fund Balance Policy (Continued)

# Committed for Working Capital (Continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the County's fund for Working Capital had a balance of \$6,000,000 and is included in the General Fund.

# Committed for Economic Uncertainty

The County has established a separate committed fund balance account for Economic Uncertainty. Funding for Economic Uncertainty is established by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors and will be approved annually by the Board during the budget approval process.

The County's fund that is committed for Economic Uncertainty is to be used only during recessions or periods of economic distress as measured by periods of time when the local unemployment rate exceeds 8% and/or the rate of inflation exceeds the growth in property taxes. Any use of funds requires a four-fifths vote of the Board of Supervisors appropriating the funds.

As of June 30, 2019, the County's fund for Economic Uncertainty had a balance of \$10,000,000 and is included in the General Fund.

#### Committed for Natural Disasters

The County has established a separate committed fund balance account for Natural Disasters. Funding for Natural Disasters is established by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors and will be approved annually by the Board during the budget approval process.

The purpose of the County's fund for Natural Disasters is to finance extraordinary operating costs, legal costs, and cash flow problems associated with delays in State and Federal reimbursements for any natural disaster declared by the County's Director of Emergency Services and subsequently ratified by the Board of Supervisors, and the State of California or the Federal government. Any use of funds requires a four-fifths vote of the Board of Supervisors appropriating the funds.

As of June 30, 2019, the County's fund for Natural Disasters had a balance of \$400,000 and is included in the General Fund.

#### Committed for Mental Health Service Act (MHSA) Prudent Reserve

The County has established a separate committed fund balance account for the Mental Health Service Act (MHSA) Prudent Reserve.

Welfare and Institutions Code (WIC) Section 5847(a)(7) requires each county to establish and maintain a MHSA Prudent Reserve fund to ensure that in years in which revenues for the MHSA Fund are below recent averages, the county will be able to continue to serve children, adults and seniors through the MHSA Community Services and Supports (CSS) and Prevention and Early Intervention (PEI) programs. The State provided guidance to counties that the State retains the authority to approve the use of these funds through a request from the county based on specified economic indicators established by the State. The minimum Prudent Reserve required is at least 50% of the total of MHSA funding provided to the County for CSS and PEI services. In April 2011, the California Department of Mental Health issued Notice No. 11-05 rescinding the Prudent Reserve 50% requirement and has left it to the counties' discretion to determine what their Prudent Reserve funding level should be.

As of June 30, 2019, the County's fund for the MHSA Prudent Reserve had a balance of \$3,557,098 and is included in the General Fund.

#### O. Property Tax Levy, Collection and Maximum Rates

The State of California Constitution, Article XIIIA provides that the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed 1% of its assessed value unless an additional amount for general obligation debt has been approved by the voters. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value as defined by Article XIIIA and may be increased by no more than 2% per year unless the property is sold or transferred. These general property tax rates do not apply to taxes levied to pay the interest and redemption charges on any indebtedness incurred prior to June 6, 1978, or subsequently approved by the voters. Supplemental property taxes are levied on a pro rata basis when changes in assessed valuation occur due to sales transactions or the completion of construction. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution among the counties, cities, school districts, and other districts of receipts from the 1% property tax levy.

The County assesses properties, bills for, and collects taxes as follows:

	Secured	Unsecured
Levy Dates	July 1	July 1
Lien Dates	January 1	January 1
Due Dates	November 1 and February 1	August 1
Delinquent After	December 10 and April 10	August 31
Tax Rate Per \$100	04	64
Full Cash Value	\$1	\$1
Late Penalty	10%	10%
Delinquent Interest	1-1.5% per month	1-1.5% per month

These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed. The Board annually sets the rates of the County and District taxes and levies County and district taxes as provided by law. The term "secured" refers to taxes on land and buildings, while "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than land and buildings. During fiscal year 1993-1994, the Board adopted the Alternative Method of Tax Apportionment (the Teeter Plan). Under this method, the County allocates to all taxing jurisdictions under the County, 100% of the secured property taxes billed, even if it has not yet been collected. In return, the County retains the subsequent delinquent payments and associated penalties and interest. The penalties and interest are accumulated in an Agency Fund. The County may transfer to the General Fund any excess over the reserve required by the Board and the State.

Delinquent property taxes receivables are shown on the Statement of Net Position of the property tax collections funds reported in the Agency Funds. Under California law, real property is not subject to sale for reasons of delinquent taxes until the end of the fifth year of delinquency, and the taxpayer may arrange to repay the delinquent taxes over a five-year period and any time within the five-year period, although the property is subject to a cash redemption up to the time of the sale.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned in the fiscal year of the levy. The County apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the State of California Revenue and Taxation Code. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll.

Under the alternate apportionment method, specified amounts of penalties and interest collected on delinquent secured taxes are held in trust in the secured tax losses reserve fund to fund specified tax redemption shortfalls.

#### P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the related reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

The investment pool activity is governed by the California Government Code and the County Investment Policy. The County Treasurer is responsible for managing the investment pool with deposits from the County, County school districts and various special districts pursuant to California Government Code Section 53600. The objectives of the County investment policy, in order of priority, are safety, liquidity, and yield. The County Board of Supervisors reviews the County Investment Policy annually, and all amendments to the policy require the approval of the County Board of Supervisors. Interest earned on the investment pool is distributed to the participating funds monthly using a formula based on the average daily cash balance of each fund. Interest earned through June 30, 2019, was distributed on June 30, 2019.

The following is a summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2019:

	Component Unit
	Somponent Ont
	anta Cruz County Sanitation District
	15,542,639 7,000,000
,938 \$	22,542,639
	County Total
	845,917,147 24,297,291
3,796 \$	870,214,438
4	2,789 4,938 5 7pose nd 9,294 4,502

	Cash and Investments	Restricted Cash and Investments	Total		
Primary Government and Fiduciary Funds:	1				
Cash on hand and imprest cash	\$ 4,833,203	\$ -	\$ 4,833,203		
Cash deposits in treasury pool	19,820,743		19,820,743		
Investments in treasury pool	805,720,561	1.00	805,720,561		
Restricted investments in other pools Restricted cash deposits in treasury pool:		9,797,020	9,797,020		
County Disposal Sites CSA 9C		7,500,272	7,500,272		
Total	830,374,507	17,297,292	847,671,799		
Component Unit:					
Investments in treasury pool	15,542,639		15,542,639		
Restricted investments in other banks	100	7,000,000	7,000,000		
Total	15,542,639	7,000,000	22,542,639		
Total cash and investments	\$ 845,917,146	\$ 24,297,292	\$ 870,214,438		

At June 30, 2019, the County's cash on hand, deposits, and investments consisted of:

		Treasury Pool		Other Banks/ Investment Pools	_	Total
Primary Government and Fiduciary Funds:						
Cash on hand or imprest cash	\$	109,356	\$	4,723,847	\$	4,833,203
Deposits		19,820,743		-		19,820,743
Investments	- 45	813,220,833		9,797,020		823,017,853
Total Primary Government and Fiduciary Funds_		833,150,932	_	14,520,867	_	847,671,799
Component Unit:						
Investments		15,542,639		7,000,000		22,542,639
Total Component Unit		15,542,639		7,000,000		22,542,639
Total Reporting Entity	\$	848,693,571	\$	21,520,867	\$	870,214,438
the state of the s						

The carrying amount of the County's cash deposits was \$19,820,743 at June 30, 2019, of which the bank balances were fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the County's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the County's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This California Government Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the County's name.

The fair value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the County's cash deposits. State law also allows institutions to secure County deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the County's total cash deposits. The County may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The County, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

#### A. Investments

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the California Government Code or the County's investment policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the County's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration risk.

Authorized Investment Types	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage or Amount of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	10%	None
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	100%	None
U.S. Government Agency obligations	5 years	100%	25%
Bankers' acceptances	180 days	40%	10%
Commercial paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	10%
Bank deposit	5 years	10%	10%
Repurchase agreements	1 year	100%	10%
Medium-term notes	5 years	30%	10%
Mutual funds/money market mutual funds	N/A	20%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	\$65 million	None
Joint Powers Authority investment funds	N/A	25%	10%
Supranationals	5 years	30%	10%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments were stated at cost, as the fair value adjustment at year-end was immaterial.

Investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the County's investment policy.

# B. Interest Rate Risk

The County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years or less in accordance with its investment policy.

At June 30, 2019, the County had the following investment maturities:

						Investmen	nt N	faturities (In	n Y	'ears)		
Investment Type	Fair Value		Less than 1		1 to 2		2 to 3		3 to 4		More than 4	
Local Agency Bonds	\$	24,381,126	\$	12,247,926	s	12,133,200	\$	1	\$			\$ -
U.S. Treasury Securities		275,141,780		275,141,780				-		-		1
Federal Agency Securities		179,588,665		97,038,655		42,039,800		40,510,210				
Medium-Term Notes - Other		105,058,110		64,562,760				25,016,750		15,478,600		
Money Market Mutual Funds		55,000,000		55,000,000		- 2		-		-		-
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		65,238,769		65,238,769		19		-		-		
Certificates of Deposit		95,022,400		95,022,400		- ×		-		-		-
Investment Agreements		12,000,000		12,000,000		14				-		-
Supernationals		50,948,550		35,945,100		15,003,450			_			
Total Investments	\$	862,379,400	\$	712,197,390	\$	69,176,450	\$	65,526,960	\$	15,478,600		\$ -

#### C. Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2019, in accordance with State law and the County's Investment Policy, the County did not have 5% or more of its net investment in commercial paper, corporate bonds or medium-term notes of a single organization, nor did it have 10% or more of its net investment in any one money market mutual fund. Investments in obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. government agencies, or government-sponsored enterprises are exempt from these limitations.

The following schedule is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of the County Investment Pool's fair value at June 30, 2019.

	Standard		% of
Investments Type	& Poor's	Moody's	Portfolio
Local Agency Bonds	Α	Aa3	2.83%
U.S. Treasury Securities	AA+	Aaa	31.90%
Federal Agency Securities	AA+	Aaa	20.82%
Medium-Term Notes	A/AAA	A+	12.18%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Unrated	Unrated	6.38%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Unrated	Unrated	7.56%
Certificates of Deposit	A1	P1	11.03%
Investment Agreements	Unrated	Unrated	1.39%
Supranational	AAA	Aaa	5.91%
Total			100.00%

#### D. Custodial Credit Risk

For investments and deposits held with fiscal agents, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the County's investment pool and cash with fiscal agents had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### E. Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

The County is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The County's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2019, included a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes:</u> debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities:</u> mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2019, the County had \$65,238,769 invested in LAIF, which had invested none of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities just as in the previous year. LAIF provided a fair value factor of 1.001711790 to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF. However, an adjustment was not made to reflect the fair value of LAIF, as the fair value adjustment was considered immaterial.

## F. California Asset Management Program (CAMP)

The County began participating on January 1, 2019 in California Asset Management Program (CAMP), a California Joint Powers Authority (JPA), to provide California public agencies with professional investment services. As of June 30, 2019, the County had \$50,000,000 invested in CAMP. The funds are included in Money Market Mutual Funds noted above.

#### G. Fair Value Measurements

The Pool categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets,

<u>Level 2:</u> Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active, and

<u>Level 3:</u> Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The Pool has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
Investment by Fair Value Level			N	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	ţ	Significant Jnobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Debt Securities:									
Local Agency Bonds	\$	24,381,126	\$	24,381,126	\$	4	\$	1	
U.S. Treasury Securities		275,141,780		275,141,780				.5	
Federal Agency Securities		179,588,665		179,588,665		1-3		-	
Medium-Term Notes - Other		105,058,110		105,058,110		1.2		4	
Certificates of Deposit		95,022,400		95,022,400				3.5	
Investment Agreements		12,000,000		12,000,000		-			
Supernationals		50,948,550		50,948,550		-		, · ·	
Total investments measured at fair value		742,140,631	\$	742,140,631	\$		\$	-	
Investments measures at amortized cost:									
Money Market Mutual Funds		55,000,000							
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		65,238,769							
Total pooled and directed investments	\$	862,379,400							

# **NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments at June 30, 2019, that are restricted by legal or contractual requirements are comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities	_	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Used for debt service	\$	9,280,584
Business-Type Activities	4	
County Disposal Site CSA 9C:		
Used for landfill deposits		8,012,205
Fiduciary Funds	_	
County of Santa Cruz Redevelopment Successor Agency:		
Used for debt service	_	4,502
	\$	17,297,291

# **NOTE 4 – <u>RECEIVABLES</u>**

Receivables at year-end for the County's major individual funds and nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund	Off Highway, Road and Transportation Fund	Ca	pital Projects Fund	Spe	Nonmajor eical Revenue Funds	Internal Service Funds	G	Total overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Accounts Taxes	\$41,101,636 5,276,677	\$21,909,841	\$	1,410,122	\$	1,004,478	\$ 289,109	\$	65,715,186 5,276,677
Gross receivables Less: allowance for uncollectibles	46,378,313 (2,334,662)	21,909,841		1,410,122		1,004,478	289,109		70,991,863 (2,334,662)
Net receivables	\$44,043,651	\$21,909,841	\$	1,410,122	\$	1,004,478	\$ 289,109	\$	68,657,201

	C	County Disposal es CSA 9C	Nonmajor Funds	Business-Type Activities			
Business-Type Activities: Accounts receivable	\$	703,901	\$1,613,035	s	2,316,936		

# **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

## A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Long-Term Internal Balances

At June 30, 2019, the County had the following long-term internal balances:

Internal Balances Receivable

Governmental Activities

Internal Balances Payable

Business-Type Activities \$ (496,616)

The "Internal balances" on the Statement of Net Position (Government-wide) represents the net total amount of due to/from and advances to/from between Governmental funds and Enterprise funds and between Internal Service funds and Enterprise funds. These due to/from amounts include any that are the result of allocating operating profits and losses of the Internal Service funds to the Enterprise funds (Internal Service fund allocation). The due to/from amounts that are the results of operating profits/losses of the Internal Service funds are cumulative. Each current year amount is netted with the amounts from prior year.

# B. Governmental and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

## Due to/from

The County had the following due to/from other funds as of June 30, 2019:

S	<sub>ω</sub>	Due from Other Funds									
Other Funds			General Fund	Cap	oital Projects Fund	Sei	ernal rvice inds		lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
	General Fund	\$	-	\$	- 4	\$		\$	612,324	\$	612,324
5	Off Highway, Road and Transportation					16,5	08,642		-	1	6,508,642
Due	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		164,342		198,170		-				362,512
-	Total	\$	164,342	\$	198,170	\$16,5	08,642	\$	612,324	\$1	7,483,478

All balances resulted from short-term loans used to cover operating cash deficits at year end. These amounts will be repaid in the following fiscal year.

# NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

# B. Governmental and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

# Transfers in/out

The County had the following transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019:

					Trans	fers	s In		
s Out		Gen Fu	10.00	f Highway, Roads & nsportation Fund	Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor overnment al Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
fers	General Fund	\$	-	\$ 100,160	\$10,350,402	\$	7,037,625	\$ 445,346	\$17,933,533
Transfers	Capital Projects Fund Nonmajor Governmental		-	560,000	•		21,776		581,776
	Funds	2,62	9,243		1,668,328		79,163	265,000	4,641,734
	Internal Service Funds		~		42,624		9	367,494	410,118
	Total	\$ 2,62	9,243	\$ 660,160	\$12,061,354	\$	7,138,564	\$ 1,077,840	\$23,567,161

Transfers are contributions to other funds to finance various programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 10,350,402	To finance various facilities capital projects
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	7,037,625	To Financing Authorities Fund for debt service
Internal Service Fund	252,242	To Information Services to purchase software & equipment
Off Highway Road and Transportation Fund	100,160	To Road Fund for Twin Lakes Beach Front Improvement Project
Internal Service Fund	193,104 17,933,533	To Fleet to purchase vehicles
Off Highway, Roads & Transportation Fund	560,000	To the Road Fund for improvements to Twin Lakes Beachfront
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	3,776	To Fire Protection fundt refund cash remaining from remodel
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	18,000 581,776	To Park Dedication for Art Project
General Fund	157,785	Financing Authorities to General Fund for projects
Capital Projects Fund	633,846	Financing Authorities to Capital Projects fund for Capital Projects
General Fund	5,681	Library to General Fund for Debt Service
Capital Projects Fund	957,194	Library to Capital Projects fund
Capital Projects Fund	11,999	Park Dedication to Capital Projects Fund for projects
Internal Service Fund	265,000	Flood Controll to ISD
General Fund	800,000	Public Protection to General Fund for debt service
General Fund	1,588,928	Health & Sanitation to General Fund for Mosquito Abatement Operations
Capital Projects Fund	77,288	Health & Sanitation to Capital Projects for projects and improvements
General Fund Internal Service Fund	64,850	Recreation & Culture to General Fund for debt service
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	79,163 4,641,734	From Public Protection to Public Ways & Facilities
Capital Projects Fund	42,624	Liability & Property Insurance to Capital Projects fund for Rounndtree Facility
Internal Service Fund	367,494	From Public Works Liability Insurance fund to Public Works Internal Service Fund to close Liability and Property Fund
	\$ 23 567 161	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Fund Off Highway Road and Transportation Fund Internal Service Fund  Off Highway, Roads & Transportation Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds  General Fund Capital Projects Fund General Fund Capital Projects Fund Internal Service Fund General Fund Capital Projects Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds         7,037,625           Internal Service Fund         252,242           Off Highway Road and Transportation Fund         100,160           Internal Service Fund         193,104           17,933,533         17,933,533           Off Highway, Roads & Transportation Fund         560,000           Nonmajor Governmental Funds         3,776           Nonmajor Governmental Funds         18,000           General Fund         157,785           Capital Projects Fund         633,846           General Fund         957,194           Capital Projects Fund         11,999           Internal Service Fund         265,000           General Fund         800,000           General Fund         1,588,928           Capital Projects Fund         77,288           General Fund         64,850           Internal Service Fund         79,163           Vapital Projects Fund         42,624           Internal Service Fund         42,624           Internal Service Fund         367,494

# **NOTE 6 - LOANS RECEIVABLE**

## A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*, requires the disclosure of significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year of the date of the financial statements. Following is the detail of receivable balance not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year:

First Time Homebuyer Program Homeowner Loan - Federal Grants Homeowner Loan - State Grants Mobile Home Change Out Program Mobile Home Rehab Program (Bonds) Property Tax Postemployment Loans Sorrento Oaks Total Homeowner Loans  Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab MidPen Housing - St. Stephens	5,174,523 194,552 5,926,844 4,811,980 226,949 23,069 119,274 10,000 16,487,191
Homeowner Loan - State Grants Mobile Home Change Out Program Mobile Home Rehab Program (Bonds) Property Tax Postemployment Loans Sorrento Oaks Total Homeowner Loans  Sousing Project Loans Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	5,926,844 4,811,980 226,949 23,069 119,274 10,000 16,487,191
Mobile Home Change Out Program Mobile Home Rehab Program Mobile Home Rehab Program (Bonds) Property Tax Postemployment Loans Sorrento Oaks Total Homeowner Loans  Pusing Project Loans Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	4,811,980 226,949 23,069 119,274 10,000 16,487,191
Mobile Home Rehab Program Mobile Home Rehab Program (Bonds) Property Tax Postemployment Loans Sorrento Oaks Total Homeowner Loans  Pusing Project Loans Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	226,949 23,069 119,274 10,000 16,487,191
Mobile Home Rehab Program Mobile Home Rehab Program (Bonds) Property Tax Postemployment Loans Sorrento Oaks Total Homeowner Loans  Pusing Project Loans Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	23,069 119,274 10,000 16,487,191
Mobile Home Rehab Program (Bonds) Property Tax Postemployment Loans Sorrento Oaks Total Homeowner Loans  Susing Project Loans Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	119,274 10,000 16,487,191
Property Tax Postemployment Loans Sorrento Oaks Total Homeowner Loans  Susing Project Loans Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	10,000
Sorrento Oaks Total Homeowner Loans  using Project Loans Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	16,487,191
Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	
Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	7,137,111
Aptos Cottages (Miller) CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	7,137,111
CFSC, Inc - Brommer St Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	
Golden Torch Housing for Independent People Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	2,407,200
Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	1,290,076
Marmo's McGregor McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	40,940
McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	1,642,323
McIntosh Coach Purchase #12 McIntosh Coach Purchase Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	891,748
Mercy - McIntosh (Coach Loan) Mercy - Rehab	98,000
Mercy - Rehab	80,000
Mercy - Rehab	348,666
	95,236
	4,970,330
Mid-Peninsula the Farm, Inc	2,004,265
Minto	9,611,465
Pacific Family Coach Acquisitions	63,702
Pacific Family - SCH	2,670,41
Pleasant Acres Permanent Financing	3,512,453
San Andreas	700,000
South County Housing Corp	4,907,114
St. Stephens Predevelopment	421,832
Vista Verde Family Housing	1,165,000
Total Housing Project Loans	44,057,872
Total Loans Receivable	60,545,063

The St. Stephens Predevelopment loan is an unsecured loan, which will be converted to a loan secured by the deed of trust to the property upon commencement of development. All remaining loans are housing loans secured by deeds of trust on the properties.

# NOTE 6 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

# B. Business-Type Financial Statements

The County had the following loans receivable as of June 30, 2019:

# Nonmajor business-type fund:

Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12 \$ 32,729

Total business-type loans receivable \$ 32,729

# **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

# A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The following is a summary of capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Reclass- ifications	Balance June 30, 2019
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 64,007,639	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,007,639
Construction-in-progress	50,865,790	17,927,550	$\overline{}$	(12,763,921)	56,029,419
Total capital assets,					
not being depreciated	114,873,429	17,927,550		(12,763,921)	120,037,058
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	665,926,249	27,533,142		3	693,459,391
Buildings	192,506,962	234,989	10 C to 10 **	12,610,441	205,352,392
Machinery and equipment	50,887,575	5,142,847	(1,996,714)	153,480	54,187,188
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	909,320,786	32,910,978	(1,996,714)	12,763,921	952,998,971
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(307,181,283)	(16,693,911)	-		(323,875,194)
Buildings	(100,008,867)	(4,756,704)	Contracts	•	(104,765,571)
Machinery and equipment	(37,749,773)	(3,667,808)	1,586,769		(39,830,812)
Total accumulated depreciation	(444,939,923)	(25,118,423)	1,586,769		(468,471,577)
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated, net	464,380,863	7,792,555	(409,945)	12,763,921	484,527,394
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 579,254,292	\$ 25,720,105	\$ (409,945)	\$ -	\$ 604,564,452

# NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

# A. Government-Wide Financial Statements, (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

_	Total
\$	1,407,771
	2,329,548
	16,693,911
	1,162,751
	513,644
	218,031
	520,054
	22,845,710
	2,272,713
\$	25,118,423

The following is a summary of capital assets for business-type activities:

		Balance ly 1, 2018		Additions	R	etirements		Reclass- ifications	Jı	Balance une 30, 2019
Business-Type activities:										
Capital assets, not being depreciate	ed:	0.627.75	100							
Land	\$	1,858,849	\$	1000 000	\$	•	\$		\$	1,858,849
Construction-in-progress		2,912,411	_	773,691		-	1	(2,605,578)	_	1,080,524
Total capital assets,										
not being depreciated		4,771,260	_	773,691	_		_	(2,605,578)	_	2,939,373
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings		51,485,894		2,985,820		(560,707)		2,605,578		56,516,585
Machinery and equipment		8,496,265		2,557,697		(1,074,414)				9,979,548
Total capital assets,		10.00				A 0.513				1.574.00.00
being depreciated		59,982,159	_	5,543,517		(1,635,121)	_	2,605,578	_	66,496,133
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(28,769,101)		(1,747,470)		322,407		(-)		(30, 194, 164)
Machinery and equipment		(7,723,117)	_	(278,315)	Ξ	1,074,413	_			(6,927,019)
Total accumulated depreciation		(36,492,218)	_	(2,025,785)	2	1,396,820	_	-	Ш	(37,121,183)
Total capital assets,										
being depreciated, net		23,489,941	_	3,517,732		(238,301)	_	2,605,578	_	29,374,950
Business-Type activities										
capital assets, net	\$	28,261,201	\$	4,291,423	\$	(238,301)	\$	-	\$	32,314,323

# NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

# A. Government-Wide Financial Statements, (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type functions as follows:

	Total
Business-Type Activities:	
County Disposal Sites CSA 9C	\$ 1,528,099
Boulder Creek CSA 7	70,517
Rolling Woods CSA 10	9,019
Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12	1,635
Freedom County Sanitation District	209,984
Davenport Sanitation District	169,486
Place de Mer CSA 2	5,542
Sand Dollar Beach CSA 5	31,503
Total	\$ 2,025,785

# B. Component Unit – Santa Cruz County Sanitation District (the District)

		Balance July 1, 2018	_	Additions	D	eletions	Re	classification	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2019
Nondepreciable assets:										
Construction-in-progress	\$	4,360,005	\$	3,939,390	\$	(7,019)	\$	(1,238,347)	\$	7,054,029
Total nondepreciable assets	1 2	4,360,005	_	3,939,390		(7,019)	_	(1,238,347)		7,054,029
Depreciable assets:										
Pumping stations		52,226,265		42,858		-		1000		52,269,123
Transmission systems		128,008,956		296,421		- 3		1,238,347		129,543,724
Sewage treatment capacity rights		35,148,509								35,148,509
Mobile equipment		3,200,781		396,259		-		.91		3,597,040
Other equipment	-	1,703,440		7,375		-				1,710,815
Total depreciable assets	-	220,287,951	_	742,913	_	- 4	_	1,238,347	_	222,269,211
Accumulated depreciation:										
Pumping stations		(24,919,089)		(1,056,618)				-		(25,975,707)
Transmission systems		(45, 166, 946)		(2,845,015)		-		-		(48,011,961)
Sewage treatment capacity rights		(16,740,353)		(912,948)		-				(17,653,301)
Mobile equipment		(2,751,657)		(135,775)		7		1.0		(2,887,432)
Other equipment	_	(1,254,646)	_	(137,717)			_		_	(1,392,363)
Total accumulated depreciation		(90,832,691)		(5,088,073)		-	L			(95,920,764)
Depreciable assets, net	1	129,455,260		(4,345,160)			_	1,238,347		126,348,447
Total capital assets, net	\$	133,815,265	\$	(405,770)	\$	(7,019)	\$	-	\$	133,402,476
	-									

Depreciation expense for the District at June 30, 2019, was \$5,088,073.

# NOTE 8 - SHORT-TERM DEBT - TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES

The County issues tax and revenue anticipation notes (TRAN) annually to meet current expenses, capital expenditures, and other obligations or indebtedness until sufficient taxes or revenues are collected to fund the County's operations.

Tax and revenue anticipation notes payable debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

TRAN for Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Premiums/ Discount	Accrued Interest	Ending Balance
2019	4.0%	\$	- \$46,118,250	\$ -	\$ (1,118,250)	\$ 1,795,000	\$ 46,795,000

The TRAN outstanding at June 30, 2019 was paid on July 1, 2019.

# **NOTE 9 - LEASES**

# A. Operating Leases

The County has entered into certain operating leases as lessee. Total expenditures for these operating leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, were \$2,410,282.

As of June 30, 2019, the County has future minimum operating lease payments with a remaining term in excess of one year as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	G —	overnmental Activities
2020	\$	2,363,802
2021		2,352,918
2022		2,182,265
2023		1,351,811
2024		1,164,070
2025-2029		3,156,361
2030-2034		360,671
2035-2039		330,279
2040-2044		373,680
2045-2049		422,785
2050-2054		478,342
2055-2059		541,200
2060-2064		116,492
	\$	15,194,676

# NOTE 9 - <u>LEASES</u> (Continued)

# B. Capital Leases

The County has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment, computers, vehicles, and furniture become the property of the County. The leased assets are presented as components of capital assets and the lease liabilities are presented as components of long-term debt.

Government-Wide Activities	Stated Interest Rate	Pa	sent Value of Remaining yments as of ine 30, 2019
Governmental Activities:			
Energy efficient infrastructure	3.62%	\$	3,096,673
Communications Tower	7.58%	•	222,713
Copy machines	8.5 % -11.74%		109,416
Subtotal Governmental Activities:		_	3,428,802
Internal Service Fund Activities:			
Public Works copy machines	9.0% -11.17%		10,680
Information Services copy machines	10.75%		
Information Services Phone System	5.25%		647,446
Risk Management copy machine	9.00%		10,230
Subtotal Internal Service Fund Activities:			668,356
Total government-wide capital lease obligations		\$	4,097,158
Business-type Activities			
Enterprise Fund Activities:			
County Disposal Sites CSA 9C heavy equipment	3.18%	\$	1,543,405
County Disposal Sites CSA 9C copy machines	11.17%		773
Total business-type capital lease obligations		\$	1,544,178
Component Unit Activities			
Santa Cruz County Sanitation District copy machine	10.94%	\$	1,513
Total component unit capital lease obligations		\$	1,513

Equipment, computers, vehicles, furniture, and accumulated amortization under capital leases are as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Component Unit		
Equipment, computers, furniture, and vehicles Structures and improvements	\$	3,852,166 6,041,400	\$	2,011,658	\$	4,205	
Total assets under capital leases		9,893,566		2,011,658		4,205	
Less: accumulated amortization	_	(3,581,311)	_	(5,140)		(2,627)	
Net	\$	6,312,255	\$	2,006,518	\$	1,578	

# NOTE 9 – <u>LEASES</u> (Continued)

# B. Capital Leases, (Continued)

As of June 30, 2019, capital lease annual amortization is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Activities		siness-Type Activities	Component Unit		
2020	\$	1,149,018	\$	200,134	\$	1,312	
2021		742,208		199,328		327	
2022		530,739		199,328			
2023		517,444		199,328		1,51	
2024		449,250		199,328			
2025-2028		1,347,751		797,313		-	
Total Requirements		4,736,410		1,794,759		1,639	
Less: Interest		(639,252)	_	(250,581)	_	(126)	
Present Value of Remaining Payments	\$	4,097,158	\$	1,544,178	\$	1,513	

# NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance June 30, 2018	Debt Issued or Transferred In	Debt Retired or Transferred Out	Balance June 30, 2019	Due in One Year	Due in More Than One Year
Governmental Activities Debt:						
1996 Refunding Certificates of Participation	\$ 11,825,000	\$ -	\$ (1,060,000)	\$ 10,765,000	\$ 1,115,000	\$ 9,650,000
1999 Local Agency Revenue Bonds	70,000		(35,000)	35,000	35,000	
2008 Certificates of Participation	1,565,000		(405,000)	1,160,000	215,000	945,000
2008 Unamortized bond premium	37,492		(6,816)	30,676	6,816	23,860
Subtotal	1,602,492	-	(411,816)	1,190,676	221,816	968,860
2011 Certificates of Participation	4,830,000		(170,000)	4,660,000	175,000	4,485,000
2011 Unamortized bond discount	(3,376)		188	(3,188)	(188)	(3,000)
Subtotal	4,826,624		(169,812)	4,656,812	174,812	4,482,000
2012 Lease Revenue Refunding Bond, Series A	1,509,077		(68,918)	1,440,159	71,295	1,368,864
2012 Unamortized bond discount	(13,431)		839	(12,592)	(839)	(11,753)
Subtotal	1,495,646		(68,079)	1,427,567	70,456	1,357,111
2014 Refunding Certificates of Participation	5,235,000		(275,000)	4,960,000	290,000	4,670,000
2014 Unamortized bond premium	231,551		(16,539)	215,012	16,539	198,473
Subtotal	5,466,551		(291,539)	5,175,012	306,539	4,868,473
2014 Lease Revenue Bonds	4,540,000		(190,000)	4,350,000	195,000	4,155,000
2014 Unamortized bond premium	187,320		(11,019)	176,301	11,019	165,282
Subtotal	4,727,320		(201,019)	4,526,301	206,019	4,320,282
2015 Refunding Certificates of Participation	9,505,000		(1,440,000)	8,065,000	1,480,000	6,585,000
2015 Lease Revenue Bonds	9,290,000		(250,000)	9,040,000	260,000	8,780,000
2015 Unamortized bond premium	54,118		(2,004)	52,114	2,004	50,110
Subtotal	9,344,118		(252,004)	9,092,114	262,004	8,830,110
2016 Refunding Certificates or Participation	9,680,000		(845,000)	8,835,000	885,000	7,950,000
2016 Unamortized bond premium	855,606		(47,534)	808,072	47,534	760,538
Subtotal	10,535,606	-	(892,534)	9,643,072	932,534	8,710,538
2017 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A 2017 Unamortized bond discount	7,940,000 (63,415)	1	(415,000) 3,730	7,525,000 (59,685)	415,000 (3,730)	7,110,000 (55,955)
Subtotal	7,876,585		(411,270)	7,465,315	411,270	7,054,045
Subtotal bonds and loans payable	67,274,942		(5,233,073)	62,041,869	5,215,450	56,826,419
OPEB liability	140,977,368	4,797,494		145,774,862		145,774,862
Compensated absences	23,782,978	20,823,942	(20,752,055)	23,854,865	20,634,657	3,220,208
Capital leases	4,426,025	30,033	(1,027,256)	3,428,802	451,905	2,976,897
Total governmental activities	\$ 236,461,313	\$ 25,651,469	\$ (27,012,384)	\$ 235,100,398	\$ 26,302,012	\$ 208,798,386

# NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	di	Balance une 30, 2018	100	ebt Issued or ransferred In		ebt Retired or ansferred Out	- 1	Balance une 30, 2019		Due in One Year		Due in More an One Year
Governmental Activities Debt, Continued: Internal Service Funds OPEB liability Compensated absences Estimated claims	7	18,728,001 4,681,561 36,757,128	\$	645,221 3,463,457 11,623,232	\$	(3,533,482)	\$	19,373,222 4,611,536 48,380,360	\$	3,501,038 14,435,360		19,373,222 1,110,498 33,945,000 162,192
Capital leases	-	1,152,528	\$	15.731.910	5	Part American	5	73,033,474	-	506,164 18,442,562	5	54,590,912
Total Internal Service Funds	=	61,319,218	<b>=</b>	15,731,910	-	(4,017,654)	-	73,033,474	=	10,442,502	=	54,590,912
Total Government-Wide Activities Compensated absences Estimated claims Other long-term liabilities: Bonds and loans payable	\$	28,464,539 36,757,128 67,274,942	\$	24,287,399 11,623,232	\$	(24,285,537) - (5,233,073)	\$	28,466,401 48,380,360 62,041,869	\$	24,135,695 14,435,360 5,215,450	\$	4,330,706 33,945,000 56,826,419
Capital leases		5,578,553		30,033		(1,511,428)	_	4,097,158	_	958,069	_	3,139,089
Subtotal other long-term liabilities	_	138,075,162	_	35,940,664	_	(31,030,038)	_	142,985,788	_	44,744,574	_	98,241,214
OPEB liability		159,705,369		5,442,715	_	-	_	165,148,084		-		165,148,084
<b>Total Government-Wide Activities</b>	\$	297,780,531	\$	41,383,379	\$	(31,030,038)	\$	308,133,872	\$	44,744,574	\$	263,389,298
Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds												
2014 Lease Revenue Bonds 2014 Unamortized bond premium	\$	6,045,000 250,018	\$	- 2	\$	(250,000) (14,708)	\$	5,795,000 235,310	\$	260,000 14,707	\$	5,535,000 220,603
Subtotal Bonds Payable	Ξ	6,295,018	Ξ	- 1-	Ξ	(264,708)	Ξ	6,030,310	Ξ	274,707	Ξ	5,755,603
Loans from direct borrowings Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12	_	43,890				(16,826)		27,064	_	17,264		9,800
Davenport Sanitation District		148,252				(32,349)		115,903		33,236		82,667
Subtotal Loans from direct borrowings Total Bonds and Loans from	-	192,142		3		(49,175)		142,967	_	50,500	Ξ	92,467
direct borrowings	\$	6,487,160	\$		\$	(313,883)	\$	6,173,277	\$	325,207	\$	5,848,070
Postclosure liability												
Enterprise Fund - County Disposal CSA 9	_	6,872,331	_	627,941	_		_	7,500,272	_	-	_	7,500,272
Capital leases	_	2,197		1,543,405	_	(1,424)	_	1,544,178	_	155,520	_	1,388,658
OPEB liability		3,267,421		123,119				3,390,540				3,390,540
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	16,629,109	\$	2,294,465	\$	(315,307)	\$	18,608,267	\$	480,727	\$	18,127,540
Component Unit - Santa Cruz County Sanitation District												
2004 Limited Obligation Refunding Improvement Bonds 2009 State Water Resources Control Board Ioan City of Santa Cruz Ioan		90,000 9,239,477 1,563,340		7,000,000		(90,000) (559,326) (1,563,340)		8,680,151 7,000,000		573,309		8,106,842 7,000,000
IBank loan Capital lease	_	2,586		- ,000,000		(1,073)		1,513		1,194		319

# NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Descriptions of the long-term liabilities at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

pe of Indebtedness (Purpose)	Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	0	Original Issue Amount		utstanding at ine 30, 2019
overnmental Activities: nancing Authorities							
Refunding Certificates of Participation							
1996 Issue (financed construction of the	County Emeline Avenue	Health Services					
building and an infirmary in the Coun		ntion Facility)					
Collateral: Health Services Administration		4.00-5.65%	**** *** *** ***	S	20,955,000	s	6,865,00
Serial certificates Term bonds	9/1/97-9/1/26 3/1/21-9/1/23	5.60%	\$190,000-\$1,065,000 \$1,230,000-\$1,370,000	4	3,900,000	•	3,900,00
Term bonds	3/1/21-9/1/23	0.0070	\$1,230,000-\$1,370,000	Tot	al 1996 Issue	_	10,765,00
2014 Issue (defeased 2001 Series B Le	ase Revenue Bonds and	refinanced existin	a leases)	100	al 1990 ISSUE	_	10,100,0
Collateral: Water Street Detention Facili							
Serial certificates	8/1/14-8/1/31	3.00-5.00%	\$280,000-\$485,000	\$	6,285,000		4,960,0
Unamortized bond premium					297,707	_	215,0
in the second				Tot	al 2014 Issue	_	5,175,0
2015 Issue (defeased 2004 Lease Reve Collateral: Main Administrative Building		the second secon	)				
Serial certificates	6/1/16-6/1/25	1.14-3.97%	\$185.000-\$1,520,000	\$	8,890,000		3,185,0
Term bonds	6/1/22-6/1/24	3.68%	\$1,570,000-\$1,685,000		4,880,000		4,880,0
				Tot	al 2015 Issue		8,065,0
2016 Issue (defeased certain outstandir	g lease obligations and p	repay the outstan	dina				
2002 Refunding Certificates of Partic							
and 2006 Certificates of Participation							
the Reserve Requirement for the Cer			Certificates)				
Collateral: Water Street Detention Facili Serial certificates	8/1/17-8/1/33	2.00-4.00%	\$340,000-\$920,000	S	8.865.000		7,200,0
Term bonds	8/1/34-8/1/36	3.00%	\$525,000-\$565,000		1,635,000		1,635,0
Unamortized bond premium	5,110,100		***************************************		950,674		808,0
				Tot	al 2016 Issue		9,643,0
			Total Refunding Certific	rates o	f Participation		32,625.0
					s/(Discounts)	_	1,023,0
			Total including Pr			\$	33,648,0
Lease Revenue Bonds			rotal including Fi	emun	is/(Discourits)	_	2-1-1-1-1
2014 Lease Revenue Bonds (financed of	anital improvements inclu	ıdina					
financial system and additional modu							
Collateral: Behavior Health Center and I	Buena Vista Gatehouse			- 2			1,020
Serial bonds	8/1/15-8/1/34	3.00-5.00%	\$170,000-\$360,000	\$	5,065,000	\$	4,350,0
Unamortized bond premium					220,377	\$	176,3 4,526,3
	sudayora di tana a			Tot	al 2014 Issue	-	4,526,3
2015 Lease Revenue Bonds (financed of various Santa Cruz County facilities a		doct)					
Collateral: Main Administrative Building							
Serial bonds	6/1/16-6/1/35	2.00-4.00%	\$180,000-\$395,000	\$	6,115,000	\$	5,210,0
Term bonds	6/1/36-6/1/40	4.00%	\$400,000-\$470,000		2,170,000		2,170,0
Term bonds	6/1/41-6/1/45	4.00%	\$305,000-\$360,000		1,660,000		1,660,0
Unamortized bond premium					60,130	-	52,1
00471	I			Tot	al 2015 Issue	\$	9,092,1
2017 Lease Revenue Bonds (financed a photovoltaic energy systems at various		1 01					
and pay the cost of issuance.)	o county racinges						
Collateral: Behavior Health Center and I	Buena Vista Gatehouse						
Serial bonds	6/1/19-6/1/27	1.833-3.00%	\$415,000-\$470,000	\$	4,075,000	\$	3,660,0
Term bonds	6/1/28-6/1/31	3.38%	\$470,000-\$480,000		1,900,000		1,900,0
Term bonds	6/1/32-6/1/35	3.63%	\$485,000-\$495,000		1,965,000 (63,415)		1,965,0
					(00,410)	_	(59,6
Unamortized bond discount				-	10011	*	
					al 2014 Issue	\$	
			Total Le		al 2014 Issue evenue Bonds	-	20,915,0
			1777	ase Re		\$	7,465,3 20,915,0 168,7 21,083,7

Type of Indebtedness (Purpose)  Governmental Activities, Continued:  Financing Authorities, Continued  Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	-	Original Issue Amount		ntstanding at ne 30, 2019
2012 Series A (refinanced construction a	nd equipment costs for the	ne Santa Cruz Coun	ty				
Consolidated Emergency Communica	tions Center)						
Collateral: Santa Cruz County Region Serial bonds Term Bonds Unamortized bond discount	al 911 Center 6/15/13-6/15/30 6/15/31-6/15/34	2.00-5.00% 5.000%	\$115,000-\$225,000	\$	1,402,135 482,430 (18,465)	\$	957,729 482,430 (12,592)
			Total Lease Reven	ue Re	funding Bonds	\$	1,427,567
Local Agency Revenue Bonds 1999 Issue (defeased 1992 Place de Me and financed construction of the Suns Local obligation bonds			\$20,000-\$85,000	\$	895,000	\$	35,000
Certificates of Participation							
2008 Series Issue (finance purchase of of for various County departments)  Collateral: Water Street Detention Facility							
Serial certificates	8/1/09-8/1/23	3.00-4.30%	\$215,000-\$405,000	\$	4,625,000	\$	1,160,000
Unamortized bond premium					102,244		30,676
				To	tal 2008 Issue	\$	1,190,676
2011 Series Issue (financed improvement	and the state of t	nd Main Jail roof)					
Collateral: Human Services Department A	A Contract of the Party and a contract of the	2.00-4.00%		s	1,495,000	S	550.000
Serial certificates Term certificates	8/1/12-8/1/21	4.25%	\$145,000-\$340,000	3	1,495,000	\$	1.080.000
Term certificates	8/1/22-8/1/26 8/1/27-8/1/31	4.625%			1,340,000		1,340,000
Term certificates	8/1/32-8/1/36	5.00%			1,690,000		1,690,000
Unamortized bond discount	0/1/02 0/1/00				(4,692)		(3,188)
				To	tal 2011 Issue		4,656,812
			Total Certific	ates o	f Participation		5,820,000
					ns/(Discounts)		27,488
			Total including Pr			\$	5,847,488

Type of Indebtedness (Purpose)	Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	0	riginal Issue Amount		utstanding at ine 30, 2019
Governmental Activities, Continued:							
Capital leases							
Energy efficient infrastructure	2008 - 2027	3.62%	\$135,989 - \$220,635	\$	5,989,594	\$	3,096,673
Elections equipment	2014 - 2017	6.82%	\$47,874 - \$56,225		263,175		
Parks & Open Spaces							
Mower	2013 - 2018	4.34%	\$11,796 - \$12,307		56,626		
Copy Machines	2012 - 2021	8.50% - 12.54%	\$7,260 - \$108,191		511,089		130,326
Phone System	2014 - 2020	5.25%	\$405,100 - \$529,301		2,929,280		647,446
Communications tower	2018 - 2023	7.58%	\$152,682-\$198,755		1,050,000		222,713
		То	tal Governmental Activi	ties		\$	66,139,027
Business-Type Activities:							
Lease Revenue Bonds Enterprise Fund - County Disposal Site CSA 9C 2014 Lease Revenue Bonds (financed capital i financial system and additional module at Co Collateral: Behavior Health Center and Buena V Serial bonds Unamortized bond premium	ounty's Buena Vista s		\$225,000-\$480,000	\$	6,745,000 294.138	\$	5,795,000 235,310
onamoruzed bond premium				To	tal 2014 Issue	\$	6,030,310
Loans from direct borrowings  Enterprise Fund - Davenport Sanitation District  California State Department of Water Resou	rces (upgrade existir 1/1/88-1/1/22	ng water facilities) 2.50%	\$4,550-\$10,575		250,000	\$	30,899
California Technology, Trade & Commerce A	Agency (fund sanitation 2/28/95-7/1/24	on system improvem 2.75%	ents) \$3,550-\$4,817		310,691		75,585
California State Water Resources Control Bo	pard - revolving loan 5/31/01-5/31/20	(fund sewer reconstr 2.60%	ruction project) \$5,940-\$9,429		151,547		9,419
Enterprise Fund - Septic Tank Maintenance CSA							
California State Water Resources Control Bo	ard 4/23/10-4/23/29	2.60%	\$10,753-\$17,512		277,467		27,064
	4120/10-4120/20		Subtotal Loans fro	m dire	et horrowings	\$	142,967
		Total Lease Reve	enue Bonds and Loans fro			\$	5,937,967
					ns/(Discounts)	-	235,310
			Total including Pr	remiun	ns/(Discounts)	\$	6,173,277
Capital leases Copy Machine Lease	3/7/16-12/7/19	11.17%	\$526-\$1,424		5,140		773
Equipment Lease	2019-2028	3.18%	\$154.747 - \$193.185		1,543,405		1,543,405
Landfill postclosure	2010 2020		*14-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1				7,500,272
Landin posicionio		Tot	tal Business-Type Activi	ities		s	15,217,727
Component Unit - Santa Cruz County Sanitation Dis	trict (SCCSD)						
Loans from direct borrowings 2009 State Water Resources Control Board Loan (Aptos Transmission Main Relocation Project)	2013-2032	2.50%	\$630,445-\$959,296	\$	11,981,910	\$	8,680,151
City of Santa Cruz Loan (construct treatment plant expansion)	2000-2019	1.60%	\$717,884-\$1,563,340		7,532,957		
Bank Loan (replace old and deteriorated sewer lines)	2019-2048	3.46%	\$144,025-\$1,745,807		7,000,000		7,000,000
Copy Machine Lease	10/22/16 - 7/22/20	10.94%	\$657-\$1,194		4,205		1,513
			Total Component Unit			\$	15,681,664

# A. Governmental Activities

At June 30, 2019, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

# Financing Authorities

		Refund Certificates of F		A Company of the Comp		Lease Revenue Bonds				Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds		
Year Ending June 30,		Principal	_	Interest	Ξ	Principal		Interest	$\equiv$	Principal	-	Interest
2020	\$	3,770,000	\$	1,351,237	\$	870,000	\$	742,776	\$	71,295	\$	64,385
2021		3,920,000		1,205,478		915,000		718,485		73,672		62,068
2022		3,450,000		1,057,043		955,000		691,201		76,048		59,490
2023		3,605,000		902,077		970,000		660,756		78,425		56,638
2024		3,755,000		740,067		990,000		629,288		83,178		53,501
2025-2029		8,705,000		1,822,691		5,290,000		2,624,331		468,171		211,226
2030-2034		3,785,000		580,253		5,845,000		1,635,088		589,370		91,109
2035-2039		1,635,000		74,775		2,950,000		708,544		1.74		-
2040-2044						1,770,000		275,400		-		-
2045-2049	_		_		_	360,000		14,400	_	1.4	_	1.9
Total	\$	32,625,000	\$	7,733,621	\$	20,915,000	\$	8,700,269	\$	1,440,159	\$	598,417

# Local Agency

		Revenu	e Bor	nds	Certificates o	f Par	ticipation
Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	_	Interest	Principal	_	Interest
2020	\$	35,000	\$	963	\$ 390,000	\$	254,325
2021		1		-	410,000		238,325
2022					420,000		221,725
2023		-		-	440,000		203,975
2024		-		-	455,000		184,894
2025-2029		-		-	1,175,000		753,363
2030-2034		1.		1.00	1,465,000		451,288
2035-2039		-		-	1,065,000		81,375
Total	\$	35,000	\$	963	\$ 5,820,000	\$	2,389,270

# A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

# Financing Authorities (Continued)

The Refunding Certificates of Participation, Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Certificates of Participation, and Lease Revenue Bonds retirements and related interest payments are paid from revenues from the General Fund. The Local Agency Revenue Bonds retirements and related interest payments are paid from revenues generated from property owners' assessments.

#### Defeasance of Bonds

On July 19, 2016, The County issued \$10,500,000 2016 Refunding Certificates of Participation ("2016 Certificates"), with interest rates ranging from 0.64% to 2.46%. The proceeds of the 2016 Certificates were used to refinance certain outstanding lease obligations of the County and to prepay on a current basis the County's outstanding 2002 Refunding Certificates of Participation (the "2002 Certificates"), 2005 Refunding Certificates of Participation (the "2005 Certificates") and 2006 Certificates of Participation (the "2006 Certificates"), to finance a variety of capital improvements, to satisfy the Reserve Requirement for the Certificates and to pay the delivery costs of the Certificates.

As a result of the current refunding of the 2002 Certificates, the 2005 Certificates and the 2006 Certificates, the County decreased its total debt service payments by \$2,274,309, net of the cost to finance the capital improvements, resulting in an economic gain of \$1,464,328.

The 2016 Certificates of \$10,500,000 were issued to refund the County's outstanding 2002 and 2005 Refunding Certificates of Participation and 2006 Certificates of Participation, which had principal amounts outstanding of \$1,830,000, \$4,105,000 and \$5,900,000 respectively. Net of the amount of 2016 Certificates issued to finance capital improvements, the reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$492,357 resulting in a deferred loss of refunding. This loss on refunding is amortized over the remaining life of the refunded bonds.

# B. Business-Type Activities

At June 30, 2019, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

	Lease Rev	enue Bonds	Loans from dir	rect borrowings
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 260,000	\$ 234,600	\$ 50,500	\$ 3,434
2021	270,000	224,000	34,207	2,285
2022	285,000	211,475	25,055	1,477
2023	295,000	196,975	14,917	811
2024	310,000	184,950	15,330	398
2025-2029	1,750,000	722,206	2,958	41
2030-2034	2,145,000	317,006	-	14
2035-2039	480,000	9,600		
Total	\$ 5,795,000	\$ 2,100,812	\$ 142,967	\$ 8,446

Loans payable principal and interest are paid from various enterprise fund revenues.

# C. Component Unit

At June 30, 2019, annual debt service requirements of the District to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Loans from di	rect b	orrowings
June 30,	Principal	_	Interest
2020	\$ 573,309	\$	217,004
2021	731,667		442,379
2022	751,342		422,619
2023	771,555		402,316
2024	792,324		381,455
2025-2029	4,293,689		1,573,703
2030-2034	3,305,266		978,667
2035-2039	1,242,427		667,206
2040-2044	1,472,765		432,883
2045-2049	1,745,807		155,120
Total	\$ 15,680,151	\$	5,673,352

#### **Special Assessment Bonds**

During 2004, the District issued Limited Obligation Refunding Improvement Bonds to refinance the 1994 Freedom Boulevard Sewer Special Assessment bonds, pay costs related to the issuance of the bonds and to make a deposit to a Reserve Fund. These were fully paid on September 2, 2018.

#### City of Santa Cruz Loan

The City of Santa Cruz loan represents 47% of the State Water Resources Control Board loan for which the District has an agreement to participate in the repayment. The total loan proceeds made available in fiscal year 1998/1999 was approximately \$48 million, of which the District's share was 47% or approximately \$24.4 million of the original principal amount. These funds were used to construct the treatment plant expansion of which the District has capacity rights. On December 12, 2013, the City refunded the existing \$2.7 million 2005 Wastewater Bonds and \$16.0 million in State Revolving Funds and issued \$18.7 million in 2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds. The District has fully paid this loan on August 1, 2018.

#### State Water Resources Control Board Loan

During 2009, the District entered into a Project Finance Agreement (Agreement) with the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) to finance the Aptos Transmission Main Relocation Project. Under this Agreement, the SWRCB has agreed to loan the District a total of \$16,725,699. As of June 30, 2019, the District has received a total of \$8,680,151 in loan disbursements pursuant to this Agreement. Pursuant to the Agreement, the interest rate is 2.5% and the District began making payments to repay the loan in the 2013/2014 fiscal year.

# California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (IBank) Loan

In April 2019, the District entered into an Installment Sale Agreement (Agreement) with IBank to reduce the frequency of Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSO) and, wherever possible, prevent SSA while meeting all applicable regulatory requirements by replacing old and deteriorated sewer lines prior to their failure. Under this Agreement, IBank has agreed to loan the District a total of \$7,000,000. Pursuant to the Agreement, the interest rate is 3.46% with the first principal payment due on August 1, 2020 with a loan maturity date of August 1, 2048. As of June 30, 2019, the District had a balance of \$7,000,000 in loan distributions pursuant to this Agreement.

# D. Legal Debt Limit

The County's legal annual debt service limit as of June 30, 2019, is \$2,381,000,717. The County's legal debt service limit is 5% of the total full cash valuation of all real and personal property within the County.

# E. Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service at least every five years. The County has hired a consultant to perform calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds and financings, and it is anticipated that the County will be determined to be in compliance with arbitrage regulations.

# **NOTE 11 - PLEDGE OF FUTURE REVENUES**

# 2015 & 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds

The 2015 and 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds, collectively referred to herein as "Bonds" are payable from the revenues pledged under the Indenture. The County is required to make the Lease Payments from legally available funds. The County has covenanted in the Lease Agreement to take such actions as may be necessary to include all Lease Payments in its annual budgets and to make the necessary annual appropriations for all such Lease Payments subject to complete or partial abatement of such Lease Payments resulting from a taking of the Leased Property (either in whole or in part) under the powers of eminent domain or resulting from title defect or damage or destruction of all or any portion of the Leased Property. Annual principal and interest payments on the 2015 bonds continue through 2045, while payments on the 2017 bonds continue through 2035. At June 30, 2019, total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$14,002,688 for the 2015 bonds and \$9,685,324 for the 2017 bonds.

# 2014 Lease Revenue Bonds

The bonds are payable from and secured by a pledge of revenues and certain funds and accounts established and held by the Trustee under the Indenture. Revenues, as defined in the Indenture, means (i) all lease payments and other amounts paid, or caused to be paid, by the County, and received by the Financing Authority pursuant to the Lease Agreement (but not additional payments), and (ii) all interest or other income from any investment of any money in any fund or account established pursuant to the Indenture (other than the Rebate Fund) to repay \$11,810,000 (\$5,065,000 financial management system software and \$6,745,000 County's Buena Vista Sanitary Landfill) in lease revenue bonds issued during April 2014. Proceeds from the bonds provided funds to finance capital improvements, including the County's new financial management system software and an additional module at the County's Buena Vista Sanitary Landfill, to fund capitalized interest for a portion of the bonds, to satisfy the Reserve Requirement for the bonds and to pay the costs of issuance of the bonds. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds continue through 2034. Total principal for the current year was \$440,000 (\$190,000 from governmental activities and \$250,000 from business-type activities). Total interest paid for the current year was \$428,538 (\$183,738 from governmental activities and \$244,800 from business type activities). At June 30, 2019, total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$13,823,069 (\$5,927,256 from governmental activities and \$7,895,813 from business type activities).

# NOTE 11 - PLEDGE OF FUTURE REVENUES (Continued)

#### 2012A Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

The revenues of the Santa Cruz Regional 911 (Regional 911) were pledged to repay \$3,965,000 in lease revenue refunding bonds issued in May 2012. The bonds were refunded on May 15, 2012. The Regional 911 was formed in a Joint Powers Authority Agreement with the cities of Santa Cruz, Watsonville, and Capitola and the County of Santa Cruz. Proceeds from the bonds provided funds to refinance an existing lease and to fund equipment purchases. The bonds were payable from use payments paid to the Regional 911 by the different governmental agencies. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds continue through 2034 and are expected to require less than 12 percent of revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$4,289,031. Pursuant to the Joint Powers Authority Agreement, the County is responsible for 47.53% of the total liability, or \$2,038,577. Total principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer revenues were \$284,994 and \$7,462,021 respectively. The County paid \$135,458 of the current year principal and interest.

#### NOTE 12 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

The County operates the Buena Vista Landfill for the disposal of municipal waste and a transfer station at the site of the closed Ben Lomond Landfill. State and Federal laws and regulations, including the California Integrated Waste Management Board Title 14, California State Water Resources Control Board Title 23, and the Environmental Protection Agency Subtitle D of the Codified Federal Regulations 40, require the County to place a final cover on its landfill sites when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that landfills stop accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on the County landfill's capacity used as of June 30 of each year.

As of June 30, 2019, a liability for closure and postclosure maintenance in the amount of \$7,500,272 is reflected in the County Disposal Sites CSA 9C Enterprise Fund based upon landfill capacity used to date. As of June 30, 2019, Ben Lomond Landfill was filled to 100% capacity, and the County estimates that the Buena Vista Landfill is filled to 70.88% of capacity with an estimated remaining useful life of 17 years. The Ben Lomond Landfill was closed during 1989 and the closure costs have been fully paid. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure maintenance of the Buena Vista Landfill of \$2,987,170 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2019. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The estimates will also be adjusted annually for inflation or deflation, in accordance with State guidelines.

The County is required by State and Federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a fund to finance closure and postclosure maintenance. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at June 30, 2019, cash of \$7,500,272 is held for this purpose, reported as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws and regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users.

Postclosure maintenance for both the Buena Vista and closed Ben Lomond Landfills are provided for through a "Pledge of Revenue." The Board adopted resolutions pledging future County Disposal Sites CSA 9C Fund's revenues annually through the prescribed postclosure maintenance period. An initial postclosure cost was estimated at the time of adoption of the Pledge of Revenue resolutions and is adjusted for inflation on an annual basis.

# NOTE 13 - DEFICIT NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

Individual proprietary fund deficit net position at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Internal Service Funds:

Central Duplicating \$225,311
Information Services \$6,729,470
Public Works \$39,640,903
Risk Management \$1,504,652
Liability and Property Insurance \$4,412,322
Workers' Compensation Insurance \$15,413,030
Employee Benefit Staffing \$642,870

The deficit net positions in the Central Duplicating, Information Services, Public Works, Risk Management Fund and Employee Benefit Staffing are primarily due to the reporting of the net pension and OPEB liabilities pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75. The County is committed to fully funding the actuarially determined contributions annually.

The Liability and Property Insurance and Workers' Compensation Insurance Funds had deficit net positions of \$4,412,322 and \$15,413,030, respectively. The deficits are related to losses payable for claims and the inclusion of estimates for IBNR claims. Management anticipates that the County will have sufficient funds to pay annual requirements. These funds will normally show up as deficits since the County is set up on a payas-you go program.

#### **NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS**

# A. General Information about the Pension Plans

**Plan Descriptions** – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the County's separate Miscellaneous (all other), Safety (police and fire), and Safety Sheriff Plans (the Plans), through agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and County resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

CalPERS GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting Valuation Report differs from the amounts recognized by the County due to Plan participants that are not part of the County. The amounts have been reduced based on payments within the Measurement Period of July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

**Benefits Provided** – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each Plan are applied as specified by the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The provisions and benefits of the Plans in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous	
		December 17, 2012	
Hire Date	Prior to December 17, 2012	to December 31, 2012 or reciprocal *	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years
Earliest Retirement Age	50	50	52
Maximum Benefit Factor	2.418% @ 63	2.418% @ 63	2.5% @ 67
Final Compensation	12 Months	36 Months	36 Months
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7.0%	7.0%	6.3%
Required Employer Contribution Rates	21.4%	21.4%	21.4%

# A. General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

		Safety	
	5	June 9, 2012	0 "
Him Bata	Prior to	to December 31, 2012	On or after
Hire Date	June 9, 2012	or reciprocal *	January 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 50	2% at 50	2.7% at 57
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years
Earliest Retirement Age	50	50	50
Maximum Benefit Factor	2.7% @ 55	2.7% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Final Compensation	12 Months	36 Months	36 Months
Required Employee Contribution Rates	9.0%	9.0%	11.0%
Required Employer Contribution Rates	30.1%	30.1%	30.1%
		Safety Sheriff	
		June 9, 2012	
	Prior to	to December 31, 2012	On or after
Hire Date	June 9, 2012	or reciprocal *	January 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	3% at 50	3% at 55	2.7% at 57
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years
Earliest Retirement Age	50	50	50
Maximum Benefit Factor	3% @ 55	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Final Compensation	12 Months	36 Months	36 Months
Required Employee Contribution Rates	9.0%	9.0%	12.0%
Required Employer Contribution Rates	43.0%	43.0%	43.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Reciprocal: Any employee who starts working for the County of Santa Cruz within six months of separating from another public agency in California that is either in the CalPERS retirement system or another public retirement system that has reciprocity with CalPERS, so long as the employee began employment with that agency prior to January 1, 2013.

*Employees Covered* – At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	Safety Sheriff
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	2,767	285	99
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	1,641	259	109
Active Employees	2,006	211	142
Total	6,414	755	350

# A. General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

**Contributions** – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

# B. Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The June 30, 2017 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2018 total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	Safety Sheriff
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	<b>Entry Age Normal</b>	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	A Y CANADA		
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies (1)	Varies (1)	Varies (1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% (2)	7.50% (2)	7.50% (2)
Mortality	Derived using Cal	PERS' Membership Dat	a for all Funds (3)
Post Retirement Benefit Increase		g Adjustment up to 2.75 wance Floor on Purchas 2.75% thereafter	

<sup>(1)</sup> Depending on Entry age and service

<sup>(2)</sup> Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses, includes Inflation

<sup>(3)</sup> The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.

# B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

**Changes of Assumptions** – In 2018, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the accounting discount rate.

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, each Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the Public Employees' Retirement Fund's (PERF) asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class.

Asset class (a)	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 (b)	Real Return Years 11+ (c)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	0.92%
Total	100.00%		

- (a) In the CalPERS System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

# B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability - The changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan follow:

Miscellaneous Plan		ncrease (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension ability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 1,156,334,068	\$ 807,148,611	\$	349,185,457
Changes in the year:				
Service Cost	24,150,259	-		24,150,259
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	84,049,445	-		84,049,445
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		•
Changes in Assumptions	(7,767,870)			(7,767,870)
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	10,391,498	10.5		10,391,498
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	3,748		(3,748)
Contribution - Employer	-	29,696,722		(29,696,722)
Contribution - Employee	-	10,680,415		(10,680,415)
Net Investment Income	-	69,528,113		(69,528,113)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of				
Employee Contributions	(57,081,704)	(57,081,704)		0.5
Administrative Expenses	4.	(1,297,010)		1,297,010
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense) 1		(2,463,046)		2,463,046
Net Changes	53,741,628	49,067,238		4,674,390
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 1,210,075,696	\$ 856,215,849	\$	353,859,847
Safety Plan		ncrease (Decrease)		
- m - 705.71	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	1	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	_Li	ability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2017	186,343,868	128,058,982	\$	58,284,886
Changes in the year:				
	7 20 7 70 7			
Service Cost	4,574,156			4,574,156
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability	4,574,156 13,301,864	12		4,574,156 13,301,864
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms	13,301,864			13,301,864
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions				
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and	13,301,864 (987,231)			13,301,864 (987,231)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	13,301,864			13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	13,301,864 (987,231)	- - - 5,196		13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement Contribution - Employer	13,301,864 (987,231)	4,922,020		13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196) (4,922,020)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement Contribution - Employer Contribution - Employee	13,301,864 (987,231)	4,922,020 1,845,744		13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196) (4,922,020) (1,845,744)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement Contribution - Employer Contribution - Employee Net Investment Income	13,301,864 (987,231)	4,922,020		13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196) (4,922,020)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement Contribution - Employer Contribution - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of	13,301,864 - (987,231) 3,844,045 - - -	4,922,020 1,845,744 10,848,222		13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196) (4,922,020) (1,845,744)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement Contribution - Employer Contribution - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	13,301,864 (987,231)	4,922,020 1,845,744 10,848,222 (8,907,017)		13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196) (4,922,020) (1,845,744) (10,848,222)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement Contribution - Employer Contribution - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expenses	13,301,864 - (987,231) 3,844,045 - - -	4,922,020 1,845,744 10,848,222		13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196) (4,922,020) (1,845,744)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement Contribution - Employer Contribution - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	13,301,864 - (987,231) 3,844,045 - - -	4,922,020 1,845,744 10,848,222 (8,907,017)		13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196) (4,922,020) (1,845,744) (10,848,222)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement Contribution - Employer Contribution - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expenses	13,301,864 - (987,231) 3,844,045 - - -	4,922,020 1,845,744 10,848,222 (8,907,017) (201,770)		13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196) (4,922,020) (1,845,744) (10,848,222)
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes in Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement Contribution - Employer Contribution - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expenses Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense) 1	13,301,864 - (987,231) 3,844,045 - - - (8,907,017) - -	4,922,020 1,845,744 10,848,222 (8,907,017) (201,770) (383,165)	<u> </u>	13,301,864 (987,231) 3,844,045 (5,196) (4,922,020) (1,845,744) (10,848,222) 201,770 383,165

# **B.** Net Pension Liability (Continued)

# Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Safety Sheriff Plan		Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension ability/(Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	168,519,858	\$	105,043,412	\$	63,476,446		
Changes in the year.						7 (27.77)		
Service Cost		4,674,676		-		4,674,676		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		12,876,163		-		12,876,163		
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-				
Changes in Assumptions		(600,321)		-		(600,321)		
Differences between Expected and								
Actual Experience		2,605,790				2,605,790		
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		1000		(11,582)		11,582		
Contribution - Employer				6,124,769		(6,124,769)		
Contribution - Employee		0.7		1,650,182		(1,650,182)		
Net Investment Income		-		9,329,278		(9,329,278)		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of								
Employee Contributions		(7,436,783)		(7,436,783)				
Administrative Expenses		- 10 m		(172,445)		172,445		
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense) 1				(327,476)	_	327,476		
Net Changes		12,119,525		9,155,943		2,963,582		
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	180,639,383	\$	114,199,355	\$	66,440,028		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions*, CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75.

Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18 CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

# C. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the County for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.15 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	 Miscellaneous		Safety		Safety Sheriff	
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$ 507,185,401	\$	90,843,173	\$	92,234,643	
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$ 353,859,847	\$	61,981,473	\$	66,440,028	
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$ 225,821,614	\$	38,315,226	\$	45,418,442	

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – The Plan's fiduciary net position disclosed in the County's CalPERS GASB Statement No. 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the Plan assets reported in the County's CalPERS funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. For example, for the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves and fiduciary self-insurance included as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the County's funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early Comprehensive Annual Financial Report closing and final reconciled reserves.

# C. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized a pension expense of \$85,188,460. At June 30, 2019, the County's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous			3
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date Changes in Assumptions Differences between Actual and Expected Experience Net Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on	\$	34,309,935 22,032,451 8,804,659	\$	5,262,106 -
Plan Investments		30,283,398		26,687,566
Total	\$	95,430,443	\$	31,949,672
		Sa	fety	
		erred Outflows f Resources		ferred Inflows f Resources
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date Changes in Assumptions Differences between Actual and Expected Experience Net Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on	\$	5,787,644 5,038,067 2,832,454	\$	727,434 102,596
Plan Investments	1	4,755,968		4,129,753
Total	\$	18,414,133	\$	4,959,783
		Safety	Sherif	f .
		erred Outflows f Resources	De	ferred Inflows f Resources
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date Changes in Assumptions Differences between Actual and Expected Experience Net Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on	\$	6,884,641 6,171,227 3,351,339	\$	980,725 -
Plan Investments		3,867,475		3,519,594
Total	\$	20,274,682	\$	4,500,319

# D. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

TOTAL				
			ferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	46,982,220	\$	3	
	33,241,745		6,970,265	
	14,988,452		102,596	
-	38,906,841	_	34,336,913	
\$	134,119,258	\$	41,409,774	
		Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 46,982,220 33,241,745 14,988,452 38,906,841	Deferred Outflows of Resources 0  \$ 46,982,220 \$ 33,241,745	

\$46,982,220 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Details for each of the Plan follow:

Miscellaneous		Safety	S	afety Sheriff	TOTAL		
\$	34,309,935	\$ 5.787.644	\$	6.884.641	\$	46.982.220	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Infl	Miscellaneous Deferred Inflows(Outflows) of Resources		Deferred Deferred Inflows(Outflows)		Deferred ows(Outflows)	Safety Sheriff Deferred Inflows(Outflows) of Resources		TOTAL Deferred Inflows(Outflows) of Resources	
2020 2021	\$	33,479,970 5,953,131	\$	5,226,583 3,441,771	\$	4,114,075 3,195,785	\$	42,820,628 12,590,687		
2022		(8,085,701)		(661,897)		1,433,909		(7,313,689)		
2023		(2,176,564)		(339,751)		106,633		(2,409,682)		
2024	_		_	14	_	39,320	_	39,320		
Total	\$	29,170,836	\$	7,666,706	\$	8,889,722	\$	45,727,264		

# E. Payable to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2019, there was no outstanding amount of contributions payable to the Plans required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# **NOTE 15 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

# A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. Employees of the County who retire through CalPERS, their spouse, and eligible dependents may receive health plan coverage through the Public Employees' Medical & Hospital Care Program Plan (OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by CalPERS which provides the retirees a monthly medical contribution that is not to exceed the cost of the plan selected. The cost of the OPEB Plan to the County for each bargaining group will be determined through CalPERS' regulations and requirements. For the Physicians Bargaining Unit, the County contributes fixed dollar amounts that vary by coverage [\$327.21 (single) and \$388.41 (for one or more dependents)]. For other bargaining units, the County contributions are based on longevity schedules with fixed dollar scaling that varies by bargaining unit. The OPEB Plan does not issue a financial report. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

*Eligibility.* All County employees became participants in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) as negotiated by each group or bargaining unit. In order to receive benefits, eligible employees must meet the minimum requirements defined in their MOU.

The OPEB Plan is eligible to plan members who retire directly from the County through CalPERS at age 50 with at least 5 years of service.

*Employees Covered* – At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Total
Active employees	1,943
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,259
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefit payments	
Total	3,202

**Contributions.** The contribution requirements for the County are established by a Memorandum of Understanding as negotiated by each group or bargaining unit. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2019, the County contributed \$7,014,009 to the Plan, \$1,305,426 of which is implicit subsidy.

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

# B. Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$168,538,624 was measured as of June 30, 2018. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability from the valuation date (June 30, 2017) to the measurement date (June 30, 2018).

**Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs.** Actuarial valuations are done every two years. The Total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation report was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date

Valuation Date

Measurement Date

Funding Policy

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

June 30, 2017

June 30, 2018

Pay -as-you-go

Entry Age Normal

Level percent of payroll

Amortization Period 18 years for discount sensitivity rate analysis

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Discount Rate 3.62% - No pre-funding

Inflation 2.75% per annum

Payroll Increases - Aggregate Increases - 3.00% Merit Increases - CALPERS

1997-2015 Experience Study

Mortality, Termination, Disability

and Retirement

CALPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational with

Scale MP-2017

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4.0% in 2076;

Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4.0% in 2076

PEMHCA\* Minimum Increase Rate 4.25% annually

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Municipal General Obligation AA 20 year bond index.

There was no experience study performed for the OPEB Plan. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on CalPERS experience studies, since covered employees are also in CalPERS plans. Mortality Improvement is the most recent Society of Actuaries table. Inflation is based on actuary's estimate for the OPEB Plan's very long-time horizon. Short-term healthcare trend was developed in consultation by actuary with Axene Health Partners' healthcare actuaries. Long-term healthcare trend was developed using Society of Actuaries' Getzen Model of Long-Run Medical Cost Trends.

<sup>\*</sup>Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA)

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

# B. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - The changes in the Total OPEB Liability follow:

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	162,972,790		
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost		7,732,196		
Interest		5,955,259		
Changes of Benefit Terms				
Differences between Actual and				
Expected Experience				
Changes in Assumptions		(1,276,771)		
Benefit Payments		(6,844,850)		
Net Changes		5,565,834		
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	168,538,624		

Change of Assumptions – In 2018, the accounting discount rate increased from 3.56 percent to 3.62 percent.

**Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** – The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.62 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.62 percent) than the current rate:

		Tota	al OPEB Liability				
2.62%			3.62%	4.62%			
(1% Decrease)		(Current Discount Rate)			(1% Increase)		
\$	192,056,939	\$	168,538,624	\$	149,354,424		

**Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates** – The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Tota	al OPEB Liability				
(1% Decrease)		(Current Healthcare Trend)			(1% Increase)		
\$	156,574,966	\$	168,538,624	\$	187,806,013		

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

# C. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$11,467,262. At June 30, 2019, the County's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	7.53	Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$	7,014,009	\$	- 4
Changes in Assumptions or other inputs				10,981,011
Total	\$	7,014,009	\$	10,981,011

\$7,014,009 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows (Inflows of Resources						
2020	\$	(2,248,760)					
2021		(2,248,760)					
2022		(2,248,760)					
2023		(2,248,760)					
2024		(1,835,760)					
Thereafter		(150,211)					
Total	\$	(10,981,011)					

# **NOTE 16 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The County offers all of its full-time employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The deferred compensation plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or emergency. Employees direct the investment of deferred compensation plan assets into certificates of deposits and various mutual funds. The County has insignificant administrative duties.

As of June 30, 2019, the deferred compensation plan's assets of \$193,807,248 are not recorded in the County's financial statements as they are deposited with a third party administrator independent of the County.

# **NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

# A. Contracts

As of June 30, 2019, the County has construction contract commitments in the Department of Public Works (all funds types) and in Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds in the amount of \$18,672,888 and \$4,517,985, respectively.

# B. Litigation

There are several lawsuits and unresolved disputes involving the County or its employees in which the County is represented by the County Counsel. However, in the opinion of the County Counsel these actions will not, in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect upon the operations or financial position of the County.

#### C. Federal and State Grants

The County participates in a number of Federal and State grant programs subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. However, management does not believe that audit disallowances, if any, would have a significant effect on the financial position of the County.

#### D. Medicare and Medi-Cal Reimbursements

The County's Medicare and Medi-Cal cost reports for certain prior years are in various stages of review by the third-party intermediaries and have not been settled as a result of certain unresolved reimbursement issues. The County believes that it has adequately provided for any potential liabilities that may arise from the intermediaries' review.

#### **NOTE 18 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; medical malpractice; unemployment coverage; and dental benefits to employees. The County is self-insured for its general and automobile liability, workers' compensation, property, unemployment insurance and employees' dental coverage. The County has chosen to establish risk-financing internal service funds, where assets are set aside for claim settlements associated with the above risk of loss up to certain limits. Excess coverage is provided by the California State Association of Counties (CSAC) Excess Insurance Authority (Insurance Authority), a joint powers authority whose purpose is to develop and fund programs of excess insurance for its member counties. The Insurance Authority is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of representatives of the member counties. Self-insurance limits per occurrence and Insurance Authority limits per year are as presented in the Statistical Section of this report.

Amounts in excess of these limits are self-insured. None of the insurance settlements over the past three years has exceeded the amount of insurance coverage. As of June 30, 2019, the workers' compensation liability limit per occurrence was \$500,000.

The unpaid claims liability included in each of the Self-Insurance Internal Service Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for claims incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. It is the County's practice to obtain full actuarial studies bi-annually for the Liability/Property and Workers Compensation program. Annual premiums are charged by each Self-Insurance fund using various allocation methods which include actual costs, claims experience, and number of participants.

# NOTE 18 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The change in the balance of claims liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and two prior years for all Self-Insurance Internal Service Funds combined is as follows:

	2019	2018	2017
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, beginning of the fiscal year	\$ 36,757,128	\$ 36,757,128	\$ 39,004,128
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	16,022,236	10,380,265	15,815,693
Increase (decrease) in provision of insured events for prior years	9,373,232		(2,247,000)
Claim payments	(13,772,236)	(10,380,265)	(15,815,693)
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, end of the fiscal year	\$ 48,380,360	\$ 36,757,128	\$ 36,757,128

At June 30, 2019, the Self-Insurance Funds held a total of \$22,186,020 in cash for the payment of these claims.

# A. Workers' Compensation

The Workers' Compensation self-insurance program is funded on a cash flow plus contingency reserve basis. The County is liable for the first \$500,000 and carries catastrophic insurance coverage. At June 30, 2019, the estimated future liabilities were \$32,539,000. As permitted by State and Federal guidelines, the Workers' Compensation program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding is closely monitored to ensure that claims are paid when due or required by law.

#### B. Dental and Medical

The County provides a self-funded indemnity dental program for employees and their dependents and is funded by the various County departments through charges to their salary and benefits budgets. At June 30, 2019, the County had an estimated future liability of \$408,610 for dental benefits. The County is fully insured for its alternative capitation dental program and for medical coverage for employees represented by the Santa Cruz County Deputy Sheriffs' Association and the Santa Cruz County Lieutenants' Association.

# C. Liability and Property

The County has a self-insured retention of \$1 million with excess insurance coverage for the general liability program. At June 30, 2019, the County had estimated future liabilities totaling \$15,366,000 which included estimates for known claims and losses incurred but not reported (IBNR).

#### D. Unemployment Insurance

The Unemployment Insurance self-insurance program is considered a "reimbursable" program by the Employment Development Department (EDD), since EDD provides benefits and bills the County quarterly after the fact. As billings are always one quarter in arrears, the estimated future liabilities are based on 25% of the amount budgeted for the new fiscal year. At June 30, 2019, estimated future liabilities were \$66,750.

# **NOTE 19 - FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned (see Note 1 for a description of these categories). A detailed schedule of fund balances at June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	General F	und	F	f Highway, Road and nsportation Fund	Н	ousing Fund	Ca	pital Projects Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnment al Funds
Nonspendable: Inventory, prepaids and imprest cash	s 1.578	.963	s	1.0	s	1	s		s		s	1,578,963
Advances and loans		,000		- 3.		-				2		128,000
Total nonspendable fund balance	1,706	,963		15		-		-		-		1,706,963
Restricted for:												
Purpose of fund				2,676,157		76,672,274		-		23,754,380		103,102,811
Debt service						-		8.903.939		2,197,931 6,883,523		2,197,931 15,787,462
Capital asset acquisition		_	_	2,676,157	_	76 670 074	_	8,903,939	_	32.835.834	_	121.088.204
Total restricted fund balance		- 5	_	2,676,137		76,672,274	_	0,903,939		32,035,034	_	121,000,204
Committed to: Natural Disasters	400	.000										400.000
Working Capital	6.000											6.000.000
Economic Uncertainty	10,000											10,000,000
MHSA Prudent Reserve	3,557											3,557,098
Total committed fund balance	19,957	,098		-14	_	- (				- 4		19,957,098
Assigned to:	200				9 1							The section of
Federally qualified health program	15,051	4.7				-		-		-		15,051,869
Budgeted Structural Deficit	6,363	,992		- 5		-		-		-		6,363,992
Eliminate projected budgetary deficit in subsequent year's budget	11,414	.946		42		4.		- 3		4		11,414,946
Unanticipated liabilities	2,000	,000				-				2		2,000,000
Human services programs	4,537	,533		1.14						-		4,537,533
Salary Savings	8,794	,085						-				8,794,085
Total assigned fund balance	48,162	,425		-		5		-				48,162,425
Total fund balances	\$ 69,826	,486	\$	2,676,157	\$	76,672,274	\$	8,903,939	\$	32,835,834	\$	190,914,690

# **NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On July 1, 2019, the County paid the principal and interest of the 2018-2019 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes in the total amount of \$46,795,000. On July 2, 2019, the County issued the 2019-2020 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes in the amount of \$45,000,000. The 2019-2020 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bear interest at the rate of 4.0% and matures on July 1, 2020. The County issues tax and revenue anticipation notes annually to meet current expenses, capital expenditures, and other obligations or indebtedness until sufficient taxes or revenues are collected to fund the County's operations.

In September 2019, the Board of Directors of the Freedom County Sanitation District adopted a resolution authorizing and providing for the execution and delivery of a Certificate of Participation (COP) evidencing a loan in the amount of \$4,497,000 from the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), and related installment sale financing agreements between the County and the Santa Cruz County Capital Financing Authority. The loan will finance the design, construction, and other costs associated with the first phase of the Freedom Sewer Rehabilitation project which will remove and replace deteriorating sanitary sewer pipes and upsize an undersized trunk line. The COP will bear interest at a rate not to exceed 2.375% and be payable over 40 years.

#### **NOTE 21 – TAX ABATEMENTS**

The County provides property tax abatements through the Williamson Act program (the California Land Conservation Act of 1965), which allows eligible property owners to enter into a contract to preserve commercial agricultural land. Applications to enter into a new contract or to not renew or cancel an existing contract requires approval from the County Board of Supervisors with recommendations from the Agricultural Policy Advisory Commission and the Planning Commission.

Contracts are usually approved for a term of 10 or 20 years and automatically renew every year. The contract is maintained at the original term until the contract is not renewed by the property owner or the County, or until the contract is cancelled by the property owner. In the past, the State reimbursed counties to partially offset the loss of property tax revenue, but they discontinued the subvention payments in 2009. In response, the County resolved to not accept or take action on applications for new contracts.

To be eligible for the tax abatement, the parcels must be located within an Agricultural Preserve as Type 1, 2, or 3, and zoned Commercial Agriculture, Agriculture Preserve, or Timber Production. They must also be designated as Agriculture, Mountain Residential, Parks and Open Space, or Resource Conservation. Parcels must be at least 10 acres if designated as Type 1 or 3 and at least 40 acres if designated as Type 2.

Properties under contract will often be eligible for a reduced land value assessment. The Assessor's office values the parcels under contract annually using the lowest of three value calculations: the Proposition 13 value, the Fair Market value, or the Restricted value. The Restricted value is calculated based on the potential income the land could produce based on the land classification and type of agriculture it could support.

No other commitments were made by the County as part of the Williamson Act. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Agricultural Preserve Program tax abatements were \$349,139.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY PRINCIPLES

# General Budget Policies

In accordance with Chapter 1, Division 3, Title 3, of the Government Code of the State of California, known as the "Budget Act," the County of Santa Cruz (County) prepares and adopts a budget for each fiscal year. The budget is a compilation of operating budgets from: individual functional units within the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Fund, and Proprietary Funds (operating plans). Budgets are adopted for all funds except for Debt Service Funds and certain Special Revenue Funds, namely, the Financing Authorities, and Health Services, and Geological Hazard Abatement Districts funds.

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before June 10, each official in charge of a budget provides the County Administrative Officer an itemized request detailing the estimate of financing sources, financing uses, and any other matters required by the Board of Supervisors (Board). The auditor provides the estimates for bonded debt service requirements.
- 2. Prior to July 1, the County Administrative Officer submits to the Board a recommended budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. By formal action, the Board approves the recommended budget, including the revisions it deems necessary.
- 3. On or before September 8, the Board publishes a notice in a newspaper of general circulation stating that the recommended budget documents are available to the public, and the dates of the public hearings at which any member of the public may attend and be heard on any item in the recommended budget.
- 4. On or before October 2, public hearings are conducted to obtain public comments, and the budget is legally adopted through the passage of a resolution. The public hearings shall be concluded within 14 calendar days.
- 5. On or before December 1, the Auditor-Controller publishes a final budget as recommended by the County Administrative Officer and adopted by the Board, in a format prescribed by the State Controller.
- 6. Budget units are expenditure classifications which identify accounting or cost centers necessary or desirable for control of the County financial operation.
- 7. The County uses formal budgetary integration as a management control device during the year for the primary government and all blended component units, except the Financing Authorities and certain Special Revenue Funds, which do not annually adopt a budget.
- 8. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) except for the following different classifications:
  - Interfund transfers are reported as revenues or expenditures for budgetary purposes, however, for GAAP purposes are reported as other financing sources or uses.
  - Proceeds from the sale of assets and the issuance of new debt are reported as revenues for budgetary purposes, however, for GAAP purposes they are reported as other financing sources.
- 9. Budgetary control is maintained at the character level, except for capital assets and other charges which are controlled by line item. Character levels are appropriation totals for salaries and employee benefits, and services and supplies. The Board approves all transfers of budgeted appropriation amounts between budget units within any fund or between expenditures outside of budgetary control limits. Unencumbered appropriations at year-end lapse into fund balance. See the following paragraph for encumbered appropriations at year-end.

#### **BUDGETARY PRINCIPLES** (Continued)

# General Budget Policies (Continued)

The Board made several supplementary budgetary appropriations throughout the year, primarily to the Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Other supplemental budgetary appropriations in other funds were not considered material.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary accounting in the General and Special Revenue Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as commitments of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances at year-end are re-budgeted in the new year.

	Budget			Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$ 55,790,885	55,790,885	\$ 60,408,265	\$ 4,617,380	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)				-	
Taxes	131,935,787	128,141,073	129,859,218	1,718,145	
Licenses and permits	16,094,375	16,094,375	12,547,996	(3,546,379)	
Fines, forfeits and penalties	5,540,587	11,131,852	10,755,614	(376,238)	
Use of money and property	4,489,110	4,489,110	4,998,934	509,824	
Aid from other governments	256,073,380	261,602,627	261,544,845	(57,782)	
Charges for services	77,650,630	83,219,116	64,226,435	(18,992,681)	
Other	14,300,784	16,470,997	17,014,591	543,594	
Inception of capital lease	1,022,926	600,948	30,033	(570,915)	
Transfers in	26,701,066	26,768,586	2,629,243	(24,139,343)	
Amount Available for Appropriation	533,808,645	548,518,684	503,606,909	(44,911,775)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)					
General Government:					
Board of Supervisors					
Salaries and employee benefits	2,810,522	2,804,522	2,691,896	112,626	
Services and supplies	163,064	163,352	163,439	(87)	
Total	2,973,586	2,967,874	2,855,335	112,539	
Administrative Office	State State	Cost Varidad	26.002.00	E statistico	
Salaries and employee benefits	5,032,107	5,143,107	4,856,746	286,361	
Services and supplies	3,160,365	9,558,288	2,970,605	6,587,683	
Other charges	252,811	403,811	403,382	429	
Intrafund transfers	(713,450)	(617,120)	(1,306,230)	689,110	
Appropriations for contingencies		44,311	100000	44,311	
Total	7,731,833	14,532,397	6,924,503	7,607,894	
Auditor-Controller					
Salaries and employee benefits	4,051,084	5,454,015	5,002,958	451,057	
Services and supplies	1,512,450	1,895,640	1,550,650	344,990	
Capital assets	162,815	162,815	37,089	125,726	
Intrafund transfers	(1,826,674)	(1,803,490)	(1,562,526)	(240,964)	
Appropriations for contingencies		5,268		5,268	
Total	3,899,675	5,714,248	5,028,171	686,077	
				(Continued)	

	Budget					Variance with		
		Original		Final	_	Actual	Fin	al Budget
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS), Cor	ntinued							
General Government, Continued:								
Treasurer - Tax Collector Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Intrafund transfers	\$	1,402,931 1,008,370 23,184	\$		\$		\$	
Total		2,434,485			_	-		- 9
Assessor Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other charges Intrafund transfers Total	_	2,904,114 803,009 153,025 (253,803) 3,606,345		2,904,114 502,356 153,025 (253,803) 3,305,692	_	2,741,800 472,950 119,414 (194,595) 3,139,569	_	162,314 29,406 33,611 (59,208)
Purchasing Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Intrafund transfers		236,988 143,505 (43,270)		253,257 127,236 (43,270)		242,936 107,270 (32,445)		10,321 19,966 (10,825)
Total		337,223		337,223		317,761		19,462
County Counsel Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Intrafund transfers Total	) <u>-</u>	3,928,678 185,796 (1,029,477) 3,084,997	_	3,928,678 180,742 (1,029,477) 3,079,943	_	3,813,760 157,862 (979,485) 2,992,137		114,918 22,880 (49,992) 87,806
A A-76								
Personnel Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Intrafund transfers	<u>,</u>	3,794,758 2,524,952 (1,133,225)		3,794,758 2,319,230 (1,133,225)		3,514,529 2,233,118 (1,133,225)		280,229 86,112
Total	_	5,186,485		4,980,763		4,614,422	_	366,341
County Clerk/Elections Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies	_	2,147,828 1,596,975		2,162,412 1,611,991		2,162,412 1,311,589		300,402
Total		3,744,803	_	3,774,403	_	3,474,001	-	300,402
							(	Continued)

	Buc	laet		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual		
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOY	VS), Continued				
General Government, Continued:					
Communications Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other charges Capital assets	\$ 1,001,861 1,908,388 258,824 997,730	\$ 1,001,861 2,468,862 258,824 574,359	\$ 674,645 1,783,774 258,800 574,359	\$ 327,216 685,088 24	
Intrafund transfers	(1,119,748)	(1,119,748)	(768,139)	(351,609)	
Total	3,047,055	3,184,158	2,523,439	660,719	
General Services Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Capital assets Intrafund transfers Total	5,451,711 4,714,889 - (7,325,649) 2,840,951	5,447,253 4,866,868 8,000 (7,325,649) 2,996,472	5,129,443 4,597,616 7,743 (6,925,525) 2,809,277	317,810 269,252 257 (400,124) 187,195	
Real Property Management	-			-	
Services and supplies	172,000	372,000	343,964	28,036	
Total	172,000	372,000	343,964	28,036	
Finance: Revenue-General Fund Services and supplies Other charges Intrafund transfers Appropriations for contingencies	332,919 1,038,310 (2,152,641)	525,651 1,038,310 (2,152,641) 17,268	273,135 340,158 (730,338)	252,516 698,152 (1,422,303) 17,268	
Total	(781,412)	(571,412)	(117,045)	(454,367)	
Surveyor Services and supplies Intrafund transfers	188,560	223,560	71,468 (308)	152,092 308	
Total	188,560	223,560	71,160	152,400	
DPW Engineering Services and supplies	184,000	184,000	78,408	105,592	
Total	184,000	184,000	78,408	105,592	
				(Continued)	

	Bue	Budget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOW	S), Continued				
General Government, Continued:					
Central Stores Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies	\$ 204,722 76,429	\$ 204,722 76,429	\$ 215,043 75,752	\$ (10,321 677	
Intrafund transfers	(243,723)	(243,723)	(246,326)	2,603	
Total	37,428	37,428	44,469	(7,041)	
Plant Acquisition		-			
Intrafund transfers	975,445	130,302		130,302	
Total	975,445	130,302		130,302	
Total General Government	39,663,459	45,249,051	35,099,571	10,149,480	
Public Protection:					
Courts					
Services and supplies	270,300	270,300	160,632	109,668	
Other charges	1,737,863	1,737,863	1,737,863		
Total	2,008,163	2,008,163	1,898,495	109,668	
Grand Jury Services and supplies	50,244	51,734	47,180	4,554	
Total	50,244	51,734	47,180	4,554	
Child Support					
Salaries and employee benefits	6,175,625	6,175,625	5,337,617	838,008	
Services and supplies	678,919	678,919	630,595	48,324	
Other charges	160,384	160,384	160,384	4	
Total	7,014,928	7,014,928	6,128,596	886,332	
District Attorney		37.121.1			
Salaries and employee benefits	16,411,452	16,497,352	16,315,484	181,868	
Services and supplies	1,759,463 450,634	2,211,460 450,634	2,142,284 273,071	69,176 177,563	
Other charges	(424,401)	(424,401)	(426,499)	2,098	
Intrafund transfers Total	18,197,148	18,735,045	18,304,340	430,705	
Public Defender					
Services and supplies	12,373,262	12,268,209	11,532,808	735,401	
Appropriations for contingencies		105,053		105,053	
Total	12,373,262	12,373,262	11,532,808	840,454	
Sheriff-Coroner					
Salaries and employee benefits	33,329,833	32,666,063	32,349,571	316,492	
Services and supplies	7,865,788	8,240,750	7,892,598	348,152	
Other charges	250,180	250,206	239,813	10,393	
Capital assets	76,216	75,795	69,761	6,034	
Intrafund transfers	(292,396)	(292,396)	(390,152)	97,756	
Appropriations for contingencies		51,868		51,868	
Total	41,229,621	40,992,286	40,161,591	830,695	

	Bu	Budget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS), C	ontinued				
Public Protection, Continued:					
Jail and Rehabilitation Center Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other charges Capital assets Appropriations for contingencies	\$ 26,007,714 9,104,239 290,651	\$ 27,155,400 10,131,192 290,651 38,000 9,175	\$ 26,360,646 9,945,968 181,330 33,784	\$ 794,754 185,224 109,321 4,216 9,175	
Total	35,402,604	37,624,418	36,521,728	1,102,690	
Probation Department Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other charges Capital assets Intrafund transfers Appropriations for contingencies	16,621,672 6,971,550 37,196 - (146,883)	17,221,939 6,953,391 37,196 2,226 (146,883) 77,851	16,722,645 6,369,115 33,563 2,226 (145,392)	499,294 584,276 3,633 - (1,491) 77,851	
Total	23,483,535	24,145,720	22,982,157	1,163,563	
State Correctional Schools Services and supplies Other charges	40,140 24,000	40,140 24,000	36,427	40,140 (12,427)	
Total	64,140	64,140	36,427	27,713	
Agricultural Commissioner/ Weights and Measures Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other charges Intrafund transfers Appropriations for contingencies	2,151,787 363,719 - (209,942)	2,221,308 415,970 277,336 (209,942) 86	2,203,820 402,983 277,336 (209,942)	17,488 12,987 - - - 86	
Total	2,305,564	2,704,758	2,674,197	30,561	
Public Works - Other Construction Inspection Services and supplies Total	90,000	180,000	4,475	175,525 175,525	
Recorder			-		
Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other charges Appropriations for contingencies	958,226 822,462 134,714	958,226 791,570 134,714 30,892	913,940 670,000 134,714	44,286 121,570 - 30,892	
Total	1,915,402	1,915,402	1,718,654	196,748	
				(Continued)	

	Buc	Budget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS),	Continued				
Public Protection, Continued:					
County Emergency Office Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies	\$ 264,419 312,896	\$ 264,419 360,410	\$ 257,481 350,487	\$ 6,938 9,923	
Total	577,315	624,829	607,968	16,861	
Local Agency Formation Commission Other charges	128,800	128,800	128,800		
Total	128,800	128,800	128,800	- 4	
Planning Department Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other charges Intrafund transfers Appropriations for contingencies	10,310,392 2,571,962 2,126,384 (383,760)	10,247,392 2,478,181 2,177,252 (383,760) 12,132	9,529,452 1,905,888 2,035,476 (188,003)	717,940 572,293 141,776 (195,757) 12,132	
Total	14,624,978	14,531,197	13,282,813	1,248,384	
Animal Services Other charges Total	1,568,125 1,568,125	1,568,125 1,568,125	1,568,125 1,568,125		
	1,000,120	1,000,120	1,000,120		
Association of Monterey Bay Area Govts. Other charges	33,046	33,046	33,046	· .	
Total	33,046	33,046	33,046		
Total Public Protection	161,066,875	164,695,853	157,631,400	7,064,453	
Public Ways and Facilities:					
Public Ways - DPW Services and supplies	213,330	213,330	209,586	3,744	
Total	213,330	213,330	209,586	3,744	
Total Public Ways and Facilities	213,330	213,330	209,586	3,744	
				(Continued)	

	Bud	get		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOW	/S), Continued				
Health and Sanitation:					
Health Services Agency Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies	\$ 80,590,562 69,893,491	\$ 79,368,491 70,758,939	\$ 72,883,605 59,096,676	\$ 6,484,886 11,662,263	
Other charges Capital assets Intrafund transfers	25,027,897 10,468 (17,687,105)	26,677,497 35,359 (17,732,851)	25,687,506 23,681 (16,830,362)	989,991 11,678 (902,489)	
Total	157,835,313	159,107,435	140,861,106	18,246,329	
Mosquito Abatement Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Capital assets	1,208,698 474,490 83,000	1,208,698 474,490 83,000	1,170,721 386,690 35,269	37,977 87,800 47,731	
Total	1,766,188	1,766,188	1,592,680	173,508	
Air Pollution Other charges	57,714	57,714	57,714		
Total	57,714	57,714	57,714		
Total Health and Sanitation	159,659,215	160,931,337	142,511,500	18,419,837	
Public Assistance:					
Human Services Department Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other charges Capital assets	60,461,093 19,667,354 14,702,032 50,000	60,219,740 21,035,790 15,560,699 71,374	58,127,323 19,613,015 14,407,021 69,363	2,092,417 1,422,775 1,153,678 2,011	
Intrafund transfers	(168,860)	(183,860) 86,561	(194,477)	10,617 86,561	
Appropriations for contingencies  Total	94,711,619	96,790,304	92,022,245	4,768,059	
Community Programs Other charges	4,365,000	4,365,000	4,160,781	204,219	
Total	4,365,000	4,365,000	4,160,781	204,219	
	Y =			(Continued)	

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Bu	ıdget		Variance with			
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget			
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS), Con	tinued						
Public Assistance, Continued:							
Categorical Aids Services and supplies Other charges	\$ 196,000 35,878,473	\$ 196,000 35,467,148	\$ 94,661 32,918,591	\$ 101,339 2,548,557			
Total	36,074,473	35,663,148	33,013,252	2,649,896			
General Assistance Services and supplies Other charges	1,000 685,292	1,000 685,292	438,169	1,000 247,123			
Total	686,292	686,292	438,169	248,123			
Burial of Indigents Services and supplies	42,000	42,000	24,980	17,020			
Total	42,000	42,000	24,980	17,020			
Family Relations Services and supplies Other charges	7,025 79,810	43,350 183,545	43,350 83,545	100,000			
Total	86,835	226,895	126,895	100,000			
Wards of Court Services and supplies Other charges	30,000 224,100	30,000 224,100	150,110	30,000 73,990			
Total	254,100	254,100	150,110	103,990			
Veterans Service Officer Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies	451,559 73,604	453,173 120,989	453,173 66,333	54,656			
Total	525,163	574,162	519,506	54,656			
Total Public Assistance	136,745,482	138,601,901	130,455,938	8,145,963			
				(Continued)			

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Bu	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS), Contin	nued			
Education:				
Agricultural Extension Services	£ 00.000	f 400.042	6 400.040	•
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 99,689 32,040	\$ 100,013 35,321	\$ 100,013 35,329	\$ -
Services and supplies			· <del></del>	(8)
Total	131,729	135,334	135,342	(8)
Total Education	131,729	135,334	135,342	(8)
Recreation and Culture:				
Recreation and Cultural Services			1.01.24	
Salaries and employee benefits	6,183,634	6,283,649	6,026,749	256,900
Services and supplies	3,254,703	3,281,892	2,694,220	587,672
Other charges	401,290	401,290	401,290	
Intrafund transfers	(367,788)	(367,788)	(367,788)	4.050
Appropriations for contingencies		1,258		1,258
Total	9,471,839	9,600,301	8,754,471	845,830
<b>Total Recreation and Culture</b>	9,471,839	9,600,301	8,754,471	845,830
Debt Service:				
Debt Service	100000	527550	7.5.5.15.5	2.5 277
Services and supplies	154,666	154,666	727,468	(572,802)
Intrafund transfers	(723,135)	(723,135)		(106,679)
Principal	656,970	663,146	551,940	111,206
Interest	1,035,116	1,032,936	794,395	238,541
Total	1,123,617	1,127,613	1,457,347	(329,734)
Total Debt Service	1,123,617	1,127,613	1,457,347	(329,734)
Total Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)	508,075,546	520,554,720	476,255,155	44,299,565
				(Continued)

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Bu		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Transfers Out:				
Cannabis	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 69,378	\$ 10,622
Plant	3,600,795	4,953,197	3,453,197	1,500,000
Planning Department	35,000	35,000	31,373	3,627
Sheriff-Coroner		162,511	51,836	110,675
Jail and Rehabilitation Center	60,000	60,000	58,652	1,348
Health Services Agency	17,174,250	20,772,596	7,091,472	13,681,124
Human Services Department	-	140,000	140,000	1,000,000
Debt Service to Financing Authorities	7,037,626	7,037,626	7,037,625	1
Total transfers out	27,987,671	33,240,930	17,933,533	15,307,397
Total Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)	536,063,217	553,795,650	494,188,688	59,606,962
Net change in fund balance	(2,254,572)	(5,276,966)	9,418,221	14,695,187
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 53,536,313	\$ 50,513,919	\$ 69,826,486	\$ 19,312,567
Sources/Inflows of Resources:				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation	on" from the budgetar	y comparison schedule	е	\$ 503,606,909
Differences - budget to GAAP:				
Inception of capital leases are not revenues for financial re	porting purposes			(30,033)
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resour purposes	rces but are not reve	nues for financial repo	orting	(2,629,243)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues,	Expenditures and C	hanges in Fund Balan	ces -	
Governmental Funds				\$ 500,947,633
Uses/Outflows of Resources:				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriation	s" from the budgetary	comparison schedule	in .	\$ 494,188,688
Differences - budget to GAAP:				
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary res reporting purposes	ources but are not	expenditures for fina	ncial	(17,933,533)
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Ro	evenues, Expenditur	es and Changes in I	Fund	6 470 055 455
Balances - Governmental Funds				\$ 476,255,155

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OFF HIGHWAY, ROAD, AND TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Buc		V	ariance with			
		Original	_	Final	_	Actual	F	inal Budget
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	77,850,206	\$	77,850,206	\$	77,850,206	\$	-
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Taxes		2,648,392		2,648,392		3,243,303		594,911
Use of money and property		(24,300)		(24,300)		(273,805)		(249,505)
Aid from other governments		59,423,524		62,465,006		31,454,190		(31,010,816)
Charges for services		4,077,198		4,077,198		2,586,525		(1,490,673)
Other		3,031,708		3,031,708		1,692,598		(1,339,110)
Transfers in		560,000	_	660,160	_	660,160		
Amounts available for appropriation	1	69,716,522		72,858,164	_	39,362,971	_	(33,495,193)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Services and supplies		64,852,878		67,678,820		31,698,154		35,980,666
Appropriations for contingencies				315,700				315,700
Total charges to appropriations		64,852,878		67,994,520		31,698,154	Ξ	36,296,366
Net change in fund balance	_	4,863,644		4,863,644		7,664,817		2,801,173
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	82,713,850	\$	82,713,850	\$	85,515,023	\$	2,801,173
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflo	ws and	Outflows and	GAA	P Revenues a	nd E	xpenditures		
Sources/Inflows of Resources:								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for approschedule	priation'	from the budg	etary	comparison			\$	39,362,971
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary financial reporting purposes	resourc	es but are not r	even	ues for				(660,160)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Rever Balances - Governmental Funds	nues, Ex	openditures and	Cha	inges in Fund			\$	38,702,811

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Buc	dget				V	ariance with
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	F	inal Budget
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	77,850,206	\$	77,850,206	\$	77,850,206	\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Use of money and property		259,400		259,400		458,079		198,679
Aid from other governments		1,178,905		1,178,905		558,671		(620,234)
Charges for services		500,000		500,000		831,618		331,618
Other		1,105,900		1,105,900		682,639	_	(423,261)
Amounts available for appropriation	-	3,044,205		3,044,205		2,531,007	Ξ	(513,198)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Services and supplies		3,327,790		3,416,819		914,402		2,502,417
Other charges		15,482,718		15,383,287		2,794,537		12,588,750
Appropriations for contingencies				10,402		4		10,402
Total charges to appropriations		18,810,508		18,810,508	_	3,708,939	_	15,101,569
Net change in fund balance	1,2	(15,766,303)	_	(15,766,303)	_	(1,177,932)		14,588,371
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	62,083,903	\$	62,083,903	\$	76,672,274	\$	14,588,371

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF June 30, 2019 LAST 10 YEARS\*

	Ξ	2017-18		2016-17	7	2015-16		2014-15		2013-14
Total Pension Liability			Т						Π	
Service Cost	\$	24,150,259	\$	22,555,385	\$	20,403,352	\$	18,761,846	\$	19,489,676
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		84,049,445		77,995,878		78,852,555		71,962,162		68,452,545
Changes of Benefit Terms						-				
Changes in Assumptions		(7,767,870)		62,091,454		-		(16,868,274)		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		10,391,498		4,974,813		3,966,020		(13,201,310)		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(57,081,704)		(51,229,871)		(50,461,359)		(44,263,142)		(40,206,837)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		53,741,628		116,387,659		52,760,568		16,391,282		47,735,384
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	ā	1,156,334,068		1,039,946,409	_	987,185,841	_	970,794,559	2	923,059,175
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	1,210,075,696	\$	1,156,334,068	\$	1,039,946,409	\$	987,185,841	\$	970,794,559
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contribution - Employer	\$	29,696,722	\$	28,166,164	\$	24,836,370	\$	20,788,368	\$	18,466,079
Contribution - Employee		10,680,415		10,534,891		9,898,794		9,264,211		8,586,012
Net Investment Income		69,528,113		82,225,749		4,227,340		16,986,820		112,250,826
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(57,081,704)		(51,229,871)		(50,461,359)		(44,263,142)		(40,206,837)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		3,748		(61,373)		2,727		(29,360)		
Administrative Expenses		(1,297,010)		(1,092,049)		(482,672)		(855,524)		- 4
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense) 1		(2,463,046)	_	-			-			1,2
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		49,067,238		68,543,511		(11,978,800)		1,891,373		99,096,080
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning <sup>2</sup>	_	807,148,611	_	738,605,100	_	750,583,900		748,692,527	_	649,596,447
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	856,215,849	\$	807,148,611	\$	738,605,100	\$	750,583,900	\$	748,692,527
Net Pension Liability - [(a) - (b)]	\$	353,859,847	\$	349,185,457	\$	301,341,309	\$	236,601,941	\$	222,102,032
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability		70.76%		69.80%		71.02%		76.03%		77.12%
Covered Payroll	\$	154,561,652	\$	143,976,672	\$	142,900,632	\$	129,365,289	\$	128,891,451
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered		208 048		040 500		240.970		400.000		470 200
Payroll		228.94%		242.53%		210.87%		182.89%		172.32%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions*, CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75.

Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18 CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes any beginning of year adjustment

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018-19 was the 5<sup>th</sup> year of GASB Statement No. 68 implementation; therefore, only five years are shown.

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (CONTINUED)

#### AS OF June 30, 2019 LAST 10 YEARS\*

						Safety				
		2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2013-14
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	\$	4,574,156	\$	4,308,824	\$	3,699,113	\$	3,634,483	\$	3,669,984
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		13,301,864		12,144,727		12,245,682		10,356,153		10,663,258
Changes of Benefit Terms				40.4						
Changes in Assumptions		(987,231)		10,635,917		(4)		(2,711,954)		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		3,844,045		(170,518)		(115,359)		2,154,731		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee		(8,907,017)		(9.472.074)		(7 920 764)		(5,050,435)		(6,316,966)
Contributions	-	(0,307,017)	-	(8,473,271)	-	(7,830,764)	-	(3,030,433)	_	(0,310,300)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		11,825,817		18,445,679		7,998,672		8,382,978		8,016,276
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		186,343,868		167,898,189		159,899,517	11	151,516,539	_	143,500,263
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 1	198,169,685	\$	186,343,868	\$	167,898,189	\$	159,899,517	\$	151,516,539
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contribution - Employer	\$	4,922,020	\$	4,636,859	\$	3,731,613	\$	4,503,776	\$	2,833,995
Contribution - Employee		1,845,744		1,731,239		1,613,925		1,200,032		1,364,228
Net Investment Income		10,848,222		12,764,280		588,970		2,087,758		17,564,582
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(8,907,017)		(8,473,271)		(7,830,764)		(5,050,435)		(6,316,966)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		5,196		3,626		(106,353)				-
Administrative Expenses		(201,770)		(170,140)		(75,328)		(107,841)		-
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense) 1	_	(383,165)	_		_	-	_	-	_	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		8,129,230		10,492,593		(2,077,937)		2,633,290		15,445,839
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning <sup>2</sup>	_	128,058,982	- 1	117,566,389		119,644,326	2	117,011,036		101,565,197
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 1	136,188,212	\$	128,058,982	\$	117,566,389	\$	119,644,326	\$	117,011,036
Net Pension Liability - [(a) - (b)]	\$	61,981,473	\$	58,284,886	\$	50,331,800	\$	40,255,191	\$	34,505,503
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability		68.72%		68.72%		70.02%		74.82%		77.23%
Covered Payroll	\$	18,204,149	\$	17,259,459	\$	16,451,469	\$	15,444,933	\$	15,601,682
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered		010.10**								
Payroll		340.48%		337.70%		305.94%		260.64%		221.17%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions*, CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75.

Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18 CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes any beginning of year adjustment

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018-19 was the 5<sup>th</sup> year of GASB Statement No. 68 implementation; therefore, only five years are shown.

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (CONTINUED)

#### AS OF June 30, 2019 LAST 10 YEARS\*

					Sa	afety Sheriff				
		2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2013-14
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	s	4,674,676	\$	4,330,397	\$	3,942,199	\$	3,490,555	\$	3,589,667
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		12,876,163		11,690,824		11,528,363		11,193,336		9,442,627
Changes of Benefit Terms				9.00 Y		-				
Changes in Assumptions		(600,321)		10,427,243				(2,818,825)		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		2,605,790		1,105,968		531,702		(2,577,906)		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	_	(7,436,783)	_	(6,321,116)	_	(5,816,534)	_	(7,060,615)	_	(4,529,774)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		12,119,525		21,233,316		10,185,730		2,226,545		8,502,520
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1	68,519,858		147,286,542		137,100,812		134,874,267		126,371,747
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 1	80,639,383	\$	168,519,858	\$	147,286,542	\$	137,100,812	\$	134,874,267
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contribution - Employer	\$	6,124,769	\$	5,773,111	\$	5,279,477	\$	3,212,095	\$	3,752,346
Contribution - Employee		1,650,182		1,417,068		1,383,847		1,434,076		1,538,338
Net Investment Income		9,329,278		10,827,138		509,520		2,674,451		13,619,878
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(7,436,783)		(6,321,116)		(5,816,534)		(7,060,615)		(4,529,774)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		(11,582)		53,634		(3,877)		100		-
Administrative Expenses		(172,445)		(141,537)		(60,831)		(133,531)		-
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense) 1	_	(327,476)	_	1.11	_	-	_		_	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		9,155,943		11,608,298		1,291,602		126,476		14,380,788
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning <sup>2</sup>	_1	05,043,412	_	93,435,114	_	92,143,512		92,017,036	_	77,636,247
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 1	14,199,355	\$	105,043,412	\$	93,435,114	\$	92,143,512	\$	92,017,035
Net Pension Liability - [(a) - (b)]	\$	66,440,028	\$	63,476,446	\$	53,851,428	\$	44,957,300	\$	42,857,232
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		63.22%		62.33%		63.44%		67.21%		68.22%
Covered Payroll	\$	15,575,504	\$	14,344,287	\$	14,432,887	\$	13,136,050	\$	12,367,504
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		426.57%		442.52%		373.12%		342.24%		346.53%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions*, CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75.

Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18 CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes any beginning of year adjustment

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018-19 was the 5<sup>th</sup> year of GASB Statement No. 68 implementation; therefore, only five years are shown.

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (CONTINUED)

#### AS OF June 30, 2019 LAST 10 YEARS\*

						TOTAL				
		2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2013-14
Total Pension Liability		717								
Service Cost	\$	33,399,091	\$	31,194,606	\$	28,044,664	\$	25,886,884	\$	26,749,327
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		110,227,472		101,831,429		102,626,600		93,511,651		88,558,430
Changes of Benefit Terms		7		•						
Changes in Assumptions		(9,355,422)		83,154,614				(22,399,053)		-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		16,841,333		5,910,263		4,382,363		(13,624,485)		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(73,425,504)		(66,024,258)		(64,108,657)		(56,374,192)		(51,053,577)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		77,686,970		156,066,654		70,944,970		27,000,805		64,254,180
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	1,511,197,794		1,355,131,140		1,284,186,170		1,257,185,365	_ 1	1,192,931,185
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	1,588,884,764	\$	1,511,197,794	\$	1,355,131,140	\$	1,284,186,170	\$	1,257,185,365
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contribution - Employer	\$	40,743,511	\$	38,576,134	\$	33,847,460	\$	28,504,239	\$	25,052,420
Contribution - Employee		14,176,341		13,683,198		12,896,566		11,898,319		11,488,578
Net Investment Income		89,705,613		105,817,167		5,325,830		21,749,029		143,435,286
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(73,425,504)		(66,024,258)		(64, 108, 657)		(56,374,192)		(51,053,577)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		(2,638)		(4,113)		(107,503)		(29,360)		-
Administrative Expenses		(1,671,225)		(1,403,726)		(618,831)		(1,096,896)		-
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense) 1	_	(3,173,687)			_		_	-		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		66,352,411		90,644,402		(12,765,135)		4,651,139		128,922,707
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning <sup>2</sup>	_	1,040,251,005	_	949,606,603	_	962,371,738	_	957,720,599		828,797,891
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	1,106,603,416	\$	1,040,251,005	\$	949,606,603	\$	962,371,738	\$	957,720,598
Net Pension Liability - [(a) - (b)]	\$	482,281,348	\$	470,946,789	\$	405,524,537	\$	321,814,432	\$	299,464,767
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability		69.65%		68.84%		70.07%		74.94%		76.18%
Covered Payroll	\$	188,341,305	\$	175,580,418	\$	173,784,988	\$	157,946,272	\$	156,860,637
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered		256 070/		269 220/		222 250/		202 750/		100.040/
Payroll		256.07%		268.22%		233.35%		203.75%		190.91%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions*, CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75.

Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18 CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes any beginning of year adjustment

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018-19 was the 5<sup>th</sup> year of GASB Statement No. 68 implementation; therefore, only five years are shown.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (CONTINUED) AS OF June 30, 2019 LAST 10 YEARS\*

#### Notes to Schedule:

**Benefit changes.** The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2017 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

**Changes in assumptions.** In 2018, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the accounting discount rate. In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administration expense. In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

#### **COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ** AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN **SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF June 30, 2019 LAST 10 YEARS\***

						Miscell	ane	eous				
		2018-19		2017-18	_	2016-17	=	2015-16	Ē	2014-15	-	2013-14
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	29,778,415	\$	29,696,722	\$	28,166,164	\$	24,836,370	\$	20,788,368	\$	18,466,079
Contributions in Relation to the Actuaria	ally											
Determined Contribution	=	29,778,415	_	29,696,722	_	28,166,164	_	24,836,370		20,788,368	_	18,466,079
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	191	\$		\$		\$		\$	- 4
Covered Payroll	\$	159,361,674	\$	154,561,652	\$	143,976,672	\$	142,900,632	\$	129,365,289	\$	128,891,450
Contributions as a Percentage of Cove	red											
Payroll		18.69%		19.21%		19.56%		17.38%		16.07%		14.33%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018-19 was the 5<sup>th</sup> year of GASB Statement No. 68 implementation.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

Valuation date: June 30, 2016, June 30, 2015, June 30, 2014,

June 30, 2013, June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011,

respectively.

Methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contribution rates:

Entry Age Normal Actuarial cost method Amortization method Level Percent of payroll Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets Inflation 2.75%.

Salary increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Payroll growth 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment and

administrative expenses, including inflation.

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 Retirement age CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

to 2011.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014

> CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the

Society of Actuaries.

#### **COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ** AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED) AS OF June 30, 2019 **LAST 10 YEARS\***

					Sa	fety					
Ξ	2018-19		2017-18	=	2016-17	=	2015-16		2014-15	Ē	2013-14
\$	4,855,310	\$	4,855,310	\$	4,636,859	\$	3,731,613	\$	4,503,776	\$	2,833,995
ally											
_	4,855,310	_	4,855,310	_	4,636,859	_	3,731,613	_	4,503,776	_	2,833,995
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	100	\$	74.
\$	18,581,700	\$	18,204,149	\$	17,259,459	\$	16,451,469	\$	15,444,933	\$	15,601,682
red											
	26.13%		26.67%		26.87%		22.68%		29.16%		18.16%
	s \$	\$ 4,855,310 ally 4,855,310 \$ - \$ 18,581,700 red	\$ 4,855,310 \$ ally 4,855,310 \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ 18,581,700 \$	\$ 4,855,310 \$ 4,855,310 ally 4,855,310 4,855,310 \$ - \$ - \$ 18,581,700 \$ 18,204,149	\$ 4,855,310 \$ 4,855,310 \$ ally 4,855,310 4,855,310  \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 18,581,700 \$ 18,204,149 \$ red	2018-19 2017-18 2016-17  \$ 4,855,310 \$ 4,855,310 \$ 4,636,859  ally 4,855,310 4,855,310 4,636,859  \$ - \$ - \$ -  \$ 18,581,700 \$ 18,204,149 \$ 17,259,459  red	\$ 4,855,310 \$ 4,855,310 \$ 4,636,859 \$ ally 4,855,310 4,855,310 4,636,859  \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$  \$ 18,581,700 \$ 18,204,149 \$ 17,259,459 \$  red	2018-19         2017-18         2016-17         2015-16           \$ 4,855,310         \$ 4,855,310         \$ 4,636,859         \$ 3,731,613           ally         4,855,310         4,855,310         4,636,859         3,731,613           \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           \$ 18,581,700         \$ 18,204,149         \$ 17,259,459         \$ 16,451,469	2018-19         2017-18         2016-17         2015-16           \$ 4,855,310         \$ 4,855,310         \$ 4,636,859         \$ 3,731,613         \$ ally           4,855,310         4,855,310         4,636,859         3,731,613         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2018-19         2017-18         2016-17         2015-16         2014-15           \$ 4,855,310         \$ 4,855,310         \$ 4,636,859         \$ 3,731,613         \$ 4,503,776           ally         4,855,310         4,855,310         4,636,859         3,731,613         4,503,776           \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           \$ 18,581,700         \$ 18,204,149         \$ 17,259,459         \$ 16,451,469         \$ 15,444,933	2018-19         2017-18         2016-17         2015-16         2014-15           \$ 4,855,310         \$ 4,855,310         \$ 4,636,859         \$ 3,731,613         \$ 4,503,776         \$ ally           4,855,310         4,855,310         4,636,859         3,731,613         4,503,776           \$ -<

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018-19 was the 5<sup>th</sup> year of GASB Statement No. 68 implementation.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2016, June 30, 2015, June 30, 2014,

June 30, 2013, June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011,

respectively.

Methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Level Percent of payroll Amortization method Market Value of Assets Asset valuation method Inflation 2.75%.

Varies by Entry Age and Service Salary increases Payroll growth 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment and

administrative expenses, including inflation.

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 Retirement age

CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

to 2011.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014

CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the

Society of Actuaries.

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#### **COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ** AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED) AS OF June 30, 2019 **LAST 10 YEARS\***

						Safety	She	eriff				
	=	2018-19		2017-18		2016-17	-	2015-16	-	2014-15	-	2013-14
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	6,109,786	\$	6,109,786	\$	5,773,111	\$	5,279,477	\$	3,212,095	\$	3,752,346
Contributions in Relation to the Actuar Determined Contribution	ially	6,109,786	_	6,109,786	_	5,773,111	_	5,279,477	_	3,212,095	_	3,752,346
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	•	\$		\$		\$		\$	- 4
Covered Payroll	\$	16,185,721	\$	15,575,504	\$	14,344,287	\$	14,432,887	\$	13,136,045	\$	12,367,504
Contributions as a Percentage of Cove	ered											
Payroll		37.75%		39.23%		40.25%		36.58%		24.45%		30.34%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018-19 was the 5<sup>th</sup> year of GASB Statement No. 68 implementation.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2016, June 30, 2015, June 30, 2014,

June 30, 2013, June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011,

respectively.

Methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Level Percent of payroll Amortization method Market Value of Assets Asset valuation method Inflation 2.75%.

Varies by Entry Age and Service Salary increases

Payroll growth 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment and

administrative expenses, including inflation.

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 Retirement age

CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

to 2011.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014

CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the

Society of Actuaries.

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#### **COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ** AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED) AS OF June 30, 2019 **LAST 10 YEARS\***

						TO'	TAL					
	2	2018-19		2017-18		2016-17	=	2015-16	=	2014-15		2013-14
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 4	10,743,511	\$	40,661,818	\$	38,576,134	\$	33,847,460	\$	28,504,239	\$	25,052,420
Contributions in Relation to the Actuar	ially											
Determined Contribution	4	10,743,511	_	40,661,818	_	38,576,134	_	33,847,460	_	28,504,239	_	25,052,420
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$	
Covered Payroll	\$ 19	94,129,095	\$	188,341,305	\$	175,580,418	\$	173,784,988	\$	157,946,267	\$	156,860,636
Contributions as a Percentage of Cove	ered											
Payroll		20.99%		21.59%		21.97%		19.48%		18.05%		15.97%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018-19 was the 5<sup>th</sup> year of GASB Statement No. 68 implementation.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Mortality

Valuation date: June 30, 2016, June 30, 2015, June 30, 2014,

June 30, 2013, June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011,

respectively.

Methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Level Percent of payroll Amortization method Market Value of Assets Asset valuation method Inflation 2.75%.

Varies by Entry Age and Service Salary increases Payroll growth 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment and

administrative expenses, including inflation.

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 Retirement age CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

to 2011.

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the

Society of Actuaries.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ A SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF June 30, 2019 LAST 10 YEARS\*

		2017-18		2016-17
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	7,732,196	\$	8,738,882
Interest		5,955,259		5,117,000
Changes of Benefit Terms				
Changes in Assumptions Differences between Actual and		(1,276,771)		(14,014,000)
Expected Experience		· ·		-
Benefit Payments	0	(6,844,850)	-	(6,773,092)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		5,565,834		(6,931,210)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	<u> </u>	162,972,790	_	169,904,000
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	168,538,624	\$	162,972,790
Covered Payroll	\$	203,044,467	\$	195,374,299
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered				
Payroll		83.01%		83.42%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2017-18 was the 1st year of GASB Statement No.75 implementation.

#### Notes to Schedule:

**Change in assumptions.** In 2018, the accounting discount rate increased from 3.56 percent to 3.62 percent.

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ A SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF June 30, 2019 LAST 10 YEARS\*

	_	2018-19	_	2017-18	_	2016-17
Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$	7,014,009	\$	6,873,540	\$	6,773,092
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	_	7,014,009		6,873,540	_	6,773,092
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$	14
Covered Payroll	\$	213,716,345	\$	203,044,467	\$	195,374,299
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		3.28%		3.39%		3.47%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2017-18 was the 1st year of GASB Statement No. 75 implementation.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level Percent of payroll

Discount rate 3.62% in 2017-18; 3.56% in 2016-17- No prefunding

Based on the Fidelity Municipal General Obligation

AA 20 year bond index

Inflation 2.75% per annum

Payroll increases - 3.00%; Merit Increases -

CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Retirement The probabilities of retirement are based on the

CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the

CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study. Postretirement mortality projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries mortality improvement Scale

MP-2017.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget						V	ariance with
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	6,732,465	\$	6,732,465	\$	6,732,465	\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	-							
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		4		-		(679)		(679)
Use of money and property		39		8,039		93,025		84,986
Aid from other governments		23,742,939		25,643,387		7,531,836		(18,111,551)
Charges for services		346,457		528,163		315,984		(212,179)
Other		472,790		1,988,950		522,119		(1,466,831)
Transfers in	-	19,409,793	_	23,704,292	_	12,061,354	_	(11,642,938)
Amounts available for appropriation	_	43,972,018	_	51,872,831	_	20,523,639	_	(31,349,192)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Transfers out		810,059		1,435,340		581,776		853,564
Appropriations for contingencies				3,330				3,330
Capital assets		50,064,465		57,335,989		17,770,389		39,565,600
Total charges to appropriations	_	50,874,524	_	58,774,659	_	18,352,165	_	40,422,494
Net change in fund balance	-	(6,902,506)		(6,901,828)		2,171,474		9,073,302
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	(170,041)	\$	(169,363)	\$	8,903,939	\$	9,073,302
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflo	ws and	Outflows and	GAA	P Revenues a	nd Ex	cpenditures		
Sources/Inflows of Resources:								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for approschedule	priation"	from the budge	etary	comparison			\$	20,523,639
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary financial reporting purposes	resource	es but are not r	even	ues for			_	(12,061,354)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues - Governmental Funds	nues, Ex	penditures and	Cha	nges in Fund			\$	8,462,285
Uses/Outflows of Resources:								
A struct annumber (broduction) basis \ Valuetana ta annum	0.50 - 2.3	- NA- V-2-5						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropositions and appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis)" charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis)" charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis)" charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis)" charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis)" charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriate the schedule amounts (budgetary basis)" charges the schedule amount the schedule amounts (budgetary basis) "charges the schedule amounts (budgetary basis)" charges (budgetary basis) "charges (budgetary basi	riation" fi	rom the budget	ary c	omparison			\$	18,352,165
							\$	18,352,165 (581,776)

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



# SUMMARY OF NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Special Revenue Funds** – The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

		Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other funds	\$	25,326,176 9,280,584 1,004,478 612,324
Total assets	\$	36,223,562
LIABILITIES		
Payables Due to other funds Advances from grantors and third parties	\$	2,967,098 362,511 58,119
Total liabilities		3,387,728
FUND BALANCES		20 025 024
Restricted	1.5	32,835,834
Total fund balances		32,835,834
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	36,223,562



#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	
Taxes	\$ 20,055,482
Licenses and permits	43,248
Fines, forfeits and penalties	41,069
Use of money and property	653,613
Aid from other governments	1,600,757
Charges for services	10,642,575
Other	32,675
Total revenues	33,069,419
EXPENDITURES:	
Current:	
General government	450,916
Public protection	14,604,681
Public ways and facilities	5,296,181
Health and sanitation	32,351
Education	5,617,801
Recreation and culture	1,705,617
Debt service:	111.00
Fiscal charges	101,796
Principal	5,025,348
Interest	1,925,303
Total expenditures	34,759,994
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,690,575)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Transfers in	7,138,564
Transfers out	(4,641,734)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,496,830
Net change in fund balances	806,255
FUND BALANCES:	
Beginning of year	32,029,579
Beginning of year, as restated	32,029,579
End of year	\$ 32,835,834

#### **NONMAJOR**

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds:**

**Library Fund** – The Library Fund finances library services in the unincorporated area of the County through contracts with the cities of Santa Cruz and Watsonville. Revenue is collected from property taxes in the unincorporated area of the County and from the cities of Scotts Valley and Capitola and is dedicated to the Santa Cruz County Library Joint Powers Authority for library operations.

**Fire Fund** – The Fire Fund provides support for coordinating fire protection and prevention activities with local fire protection agencies, County departments, and advisory bodies. Revenues consist of taxes and charges for services.

**Financing Authorities** – The Financing Authorities are legal entities separate from the County, although they are not reported as component units of the County. The Financing Authorities facilitate financing for the County and the County of Santa Cruz Redevelopment Successor Agency.

**Fish and Game Fund** – The Fish and Game Fund provides for expenditures, which are used for the protection and propagation of fish and game. Revenues are from the County's share of fines collected for violations of fish and game laws.

**Park Dedication and State Park Bonds Fund** – The Park Dedication and State Park Bonds Fund finances park land acquisition and park development. Revenues come from development impact fees charged on new residential development and major residential remodeling.

**Health Services Fund** – The Health Services Fund provides for future purchases of health facilities.

**Santa Cruz Flood Control and Water Conservation Zone 7** – The Santa Cruz Flood Control and Water Conservation Zone 7 Fund supports a special purpose district fund administered by the Department of Public Works. It is governed by an independent Board of Directors. Revenues consist largely of service charges.

Districts Governed by the Board of Supervisors: Public Protection, Health and Sanitation, Recreation and Culture, and Public Ways and Facilities Funds – The Public Protection, Health and Sanitation, Recreation and Culture, and Public Ways and Facilities Funds support a number of special purpose district funds administered by the Department of Public Works. Revenues consist of tax levies and service charges.

**Districts Governed by the Board of Supervisors: Geologic Hazard Abatement Districts Fund** – The Geologic Hazard Abatement Districts Fund provides for financing and maintaining improvements necessary or incidental to the prevention, mitigation, abatement, or control of geologic hazards.

#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2019

										Park		
						Financing		Fish and		edication and State Park		Health
		Library	1	Fire		Authorities		Game		Bonds	_	Services
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	781,045	\$	7,425,324	\$		\$	24,735	\$	2,212,820	\$	13,904
Restricted cash and investments						9,280,584						
Receivables, net				1.5		1000				165,343		
Due from other funds						612,324		*				-
Loans Receivable	-	- 507.77	_	2000	_	- 1 751 271	_		-		_	
Total assets	\$	781,045	\$	7,425,324	\$	9,892,908	\$	24,735	\$	2,378,163	\$	13,904
LIABILITIES												
Payables	\$		\$	1,944,253	\$		s	-	\$	23,361	\$	-
Due to other funds		-				199,130		1.4		163,381		-
Advances from grantors and third parties	_	- 4		75		100.0		- 4	_		_	
Total liabilities	_			1,944,253	_	199,130	_		_	186,742	_	-
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted		781,045		5,481,071		9,693,778		24,735		2,191,421		13,904
Total fund balances		781,045		5,481,071		9,693,778		24,735		2,191,421		13,904
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	781,045	\$	7,425,324	\$	9,892,908	\$	24,735	\$	2,378,163	\$	13,904

					Board	ofS	upervisors Go	verne	d				
Flo	eanta Cruz cod Control and Water ervation Zone 7	1	Public Protection		Health and Sanitation	Re	creation and Culture	F	Public Ways and Facilities	Geologic Haz Abatemen Districts		Spe	Total Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds
\$	787,664 - 664,987	\$	5,692,567 - 8,153 -	\$	1,114,317	\$	1,609,646	\$	5,467,696 - 165,995	\$	196,458	\$	25,326,176 9,280,584 1,004,478 612,324
\$	1,452,651	\$	5,700,720	\$	1,114,317	\$	1,609,646	\$	5,633,691	\$	196,458	\$	36,223,562
\$	274,757	\$	558,774 - - 558,774	\$		\$	*	\$	165,953 - 58,119 224,072	\$		\$	2,967,098 362,511 58,119 3,387,728
\$	1,177,894 1,177,894 1,452,651	s	5,141,946 5,141,946 5,700,720	s	1,114,317 1,114,317 1,114,317		1,609,646 1,609,646 1,609,646	s	5,409,619 5,409,619 5,633,691		196,458 196,458 196,458	5	32,835,834 32,835,834 36,223,562

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

										Park		
										dication and		
						Financing		Fish and		State Park		Health
		Library		Fire		Authorities	_	Game	_	Bonds	s	Services
REVENUES:												
Taxes	\$	6,717,840	\$	2,394,286	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	
Licenses and permits		. 4				4		100				- 1
Fines, forfeits and penalties		989		350				9,182				1.2
Use of money and property				122,555		211,331		354		44,279		275
Aid from other governments		120,044		122,841		167,314		7.		302,871		
Charges for services				1,514,090						151,984		
Other				10,704								1.9
Total revenues	Ξ	6,838,873		4,164,826	Ξ	378,645		9,536		499,134		275
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government										450,916		-
Public protection				3,694,612				131				
Public ways and facilities		- 4										-
Health and sanitation		-		- 60		110						1.5
Education		5,617,801				3						-
Recreation and culture				-						26,961		1.2
Debt service:												
Principal		9				5,019,390				-		
Interest				-		1,919,442		-		-		- 1
Fiscal charges		-				101,796		- 6				-
Total expenditures	Ξ	5,617,801	_	3,694,612		7,040,628	Ξ	131	$\equiv$	477,877		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	1,221,072		470,214		(6,661,983)	_	9,405		21,257		275
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers in				3,776		7,037,625				18,000		
Transfers out		(962,875)				(791,631)				(11,999)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(962,875)		3,776	Ξ	6,245,994	Ξ	- 9	Ξ	6,001		-
Net change in fund balances		258,197		473,990		(415,989)		9,405		27,258		275
Fund balances - beginning		522,848		5,007,081		10,109,767		15,330		2,164,163		13,629
Fund balances - ending	\$	781,045	\$	5,481,071	\$	9,693,778	\$	24,735	\$	2,191,421	s	13,904
rund balances - ending	_ <u>~</u>		_	51 15 115 1	_	5,555,1176	÷	- 41.00	<u> </u>	-91.011.01	_	75057

	-			Board	of Su	pervisors Gove	rne	1								
Santa Cruz Flood Control and Water Conservation Zone 7		Public Protection		Health and Sanitation	Re	ecreation and Culture		Public Ways and Facilities		Geologic Hazard Abatement Districts		Abatement		Abatement		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ -	\$	8,119,600	\$		\$	1,821,352	\$	1,002,404	\$	4	\$	20,055,482				
		9,360						33,888		-		43,248				
		1,037				67		29,444		100		41,069				
9,247		129,494		22,801		34,297		75,091		3,889		653,613				
201,428		482,164				8,772		195,323		-		1,600,757				
1,966,906		1,243,780		1,459,347		1		4,306,468		9		10,642,575				
		5.771		9		-		16,200				32,675				
2,177,581		9,991,206	-	1,482,148	-	1,864,488	-	5,658,818		3,889		33,069,419				
												450,916				
2,127,465		8,782,473				Ī						14,604,681				
2,127,405		6,762,473				- 1		5,296,181				5,296,181				
				32,351		- 9		3,230, 101				32,351				
		2		02,007								5,617,801				
1.		2		(4)		1,678,656				1		1,705,617				
104						- 1		5,958				5,025,348				
		+				-		5,861		9		1,925,303				
		-		-								101,796				
2,127,465		8,782,473	Ξ	32,351		1,678,656	Ξ	5,308,000				34,759,994				
50,116	_	1,208,733	_	1,449,797	_	185,832	_	350,818	_	3,889	_	(1,690,575)				
		1.1						79,163				7,138,564				
(265,000)		(879,163)		(1,666,216)		(64,850)						(4,641,734)				
(265,000)	_	(879,163)	Ξ	(1,666,216)		(64,850)		79,163	Ξ	-	Ξ	2,496,830				
(214,884)		329,570		(216,419)		120,982		429,981		3,889		806,255				
1,392,778		4,812,376		1,330,736		1,488,664		4,979,638		192,569		32,029,579				
\$ 1,177,894	\$	5,141,946	\$	1,114,317	\$	1,609,646	\$	5,409,619	\$	196,458	\$	32,835,834				

#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget						Va	Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual		Fi	nal Budget		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	522,848	\$	522,848	\$	522,848	\$	-		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)										
Taxes		6,505,146		6,503,646		6,717,840		214,194		
Fines, forfeits and penalties				1,500		989		(511)		
Aid from other governments	-	70,144		75,527	_	120,044	_	44,517		
Amounts available for appropriation	_	6,575,290		6,580,673	_	6,838,873	_	258,200		
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)										
Services and supplies		5,121,531		5,126,914		5,126,913		1		
Other charges		490,888		490,888		490,888				
Transfers out	1	962,871	_	962,871	-	962,875	-	(4)		
Total charges to appropriations	_	6,575,290		6,580,673		6,580,676		(3)		
Net change in fund balance	_	9	_	- 4	_	258,197		258,197		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	522,848	\$	522,848	\$	781,045	\$	258,197		
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflo	ows and	Outflows and	GAAP	Revenues and	i Expe	enditures				
	riotions"	from the hudge	tonion	mnarican						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to approp	mations	nom the budge	lary co	imparison			S	6 580 676		

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule

Differences - budget to GAAP:

Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes

Total expenditures as reported on the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

\$ 5,617,801

#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Bu				Variance with		
		Original		Final	_	Actual	F	inal Budget
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	5,007,081	\$	5,007,081	\$	5,007,081	\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Taxes		2,276,670		2,276,670		2,394,286		117,616
Fines, forfeits and penalties		4.4				350		350
Use of money and property		35,300		35,300		122,555		87,255
Aid from other governments		102,788		102,788		122,841		20,053
Charges for services		1,403,347		1,403,347		1,514,090		110,743
Other		-				10,704		10,704
Transfers in		15.		4		3,776		3,776
Amounts available for appropriation	_	3,818,105		3,818,105	_	4,168,602		350,497
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Salaries and employee benefits		126,915		126,915		99,116		27,799
Services and supplies		5,780,323		4,371,781		2,952,408		1,419,373
Other charges		302,211		302,211		230,253		71,958
Capital assets		931,290		931,290		412,835		518,455
Appropriations for contingencies		200,000		1,608,542	_			1,608,542
Total charges to appropriations		7,340,739		7,340,739		3,694,612		3,646,127
Net change in fund balance		(3,522,634)		(3,522,634)		473,990		(3,295,630
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	1,484,447	\$	1,484,447	\$	5,481,071	\$	3,996,624

Sources/Inflows of Resources:

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 4,168,602
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(3,776)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$ 4,164,826

#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISH AND GAME SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget				Variance with			
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	15,330	\$	15,330	\$	15,330	\$	2
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Fines, forfeits and penalties		7,000		7,073		9,182		2,109
Use of money and property		100		100	_	354		254
Amounts available for appropriation	_	7,100	_	7,173	_	9,536		2,363
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Other charges		15,000		15,073		131		14,942
Total charges to appropriations		15,000		15,073		131		14,942
Net change in fund balance		(7,900)		(7,900)		9,405		17,305
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	7,430	\$	7,430	\$	24,735	\$	17,305

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARK DEDICATION AND STATE PARK BONDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budget				V	ariance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	2,164,163	\$	2,164,163	\$	2,164,163	\$	- 1
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Use of money and property		20,870		20,870		44,279		23,409
Aid from other governments		727,102		1,365,710		302,871		(1,062,839)
Charges for services		121,690		146,690		151,984		5,294
Transfers in		-	_	18,000		18,000		-
Amounts available for appropriation	_	869,662	-	1,551,270	_	517,134	_	(1,034,136)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Services and supplies		59,718		59,718		38,892		20,826
Other charges		41,867		41,867		3,150		38,717
Capital assets		2,841,877		3,523,485		435,835		3,087,650
Transfers out		11,999		11,999		11,999		
Total charges to appropriations	_	2,955,461	_	3,637,069	_	489,876	_	3,147,193
Net change in fund balance	_	(2,085,799)	-	(2,085,799)	_	27,258		2,113,057
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	78,364	\$	78,364	\$	2,191,421	\$	2,113,057
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflo	ws and	Outflows and	GAA	Revenues a	nd Ex	penditures		
Sources/Inflows of Resources:								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for approschedule	priation	" from the budg	getary	comparison			\$	517,134
Differences - budget to GAAP:								
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary financial reporting purposes	resourc	es but are not	reven	ues for			_	(18,000)
Total revenues as reported on the Combining Statemer Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Rever			nditur	es and			s	499,134
Uses/Outflows of Resources:								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to approprischedule	riation" t	from the budge	tary c	omparison			s	489,876
Differences - budget to GAAP:								
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary refinancial reporting purposes	esource	s but are not e	xpend	itures for				(11,999)
Total expenditures as reported on the Combining Stat Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Reve			xpend	itures and			s	477,877

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HEALTH SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budget				Variance with			
	Original			Final		Actual		Budget
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	13,629	\$	13,629	\$	13,629	\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Use of money and property		175		×		275		275
Amounts available for appropriation		-	_			275		275
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)	_		_	- 1	_	+		71
Net change in fund balance	-			-	_	275		275
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	13,629	\$	13,629	\$	13,904	\$	275

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SANTA CRUZ FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION ZONE 7 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Bu	dget				V	ariance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING	\$	1,392,778	\$	1,392,778	\$	1,392,778	\$	100	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)									
Use of money and property				177.00		9,247		9,247	
Aid from other governments		1,652,570		1,866,156		201,428		(1,664,728)	
Charges for services		1,916,075		1,916,075	_	1,966,906		50,831	
Amounts available for appropriation		3,568,645	_	3,782,231	_	2,177,581	_	(1,604,650)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)									
Services and supplies		727,990		960,025		938,246		21,779	
Capital assets		3,768,433		3,749,984		1,189,219		2,560,765	
Transfers out		265,000		265,000		265,000			
Appropriations for contingencies		200,000		200,000				200,000	
Total charges to appropriations	_	4,961,423		5,175,009	_	2,392,465		2,782,544	
Net change in fund balance		(1,392,778)		(1,392,778)		(214,884)		1,177,894	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	- 4	\$	1	\$	1,177,894	\$	1,177,894	

#### Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

Uses/Outflows of Resources:

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	2,392,465
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes	_	(265,000)
Total expenditures as reported on the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$	2,127,465

#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

#### DISTRICTS GOVERNED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS - PUBLIC PROTECTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget					Variance with			
		Original		Final Actual			Final Budget		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	4,812,376	\$	4,812,376	\$	4,812,376	\$		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)									
Taxes		7,647,541		7,721,664		8,119,600		397,936	
Licenses and permits		11,400		11,400		9,360		(2,040)	
Fines, forfeits, and penalties		-		821		1,037		216	
Use of money and property		31,515		42,965		129,494		86,529	
Aid from other governments		547,113		1,335,080		482,164		(852,916)	
Charges for services		1,035,817		1,091,817		1,243,780		151,963	
Other	_			-		5,771		5,771	
Amounts available for appropriation	_	9,273,386		10,203,747	_	9,991,206	_	(212,541)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)									
Salaries and employee benefits		58,705		58,705		49,571		9,134	
Services and supplies		9,353,133		9,855,953		7,349,171		2,506,782	
Other charges		1,207,527		1,207,527		1,207,527		-	
Capital assets		1,517,853		1,832,658		176,204		1,656,454	
Transfers out		800,000		800,000		879,163		(79,163)	
Appropriations for contingencies		302,843		730,891				730,891	
Total charges to appropriations	_	13,240,061		14,485,734	2	9,661,636	_	4,824,098	
Net change in fund balance		(3,966,675)		(4,281,987)		329,570	_	4,611,557	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	845,701	\$	530,389	\$	5,141,946	\$	4,611,557	
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflo	ws and	Outflows and	GAA	P Revenues a	nd E	xpenditures			
Uses/Outflows of Resources:									
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriations	" from th	ne budgetary con	paris	on schedule			\$	9,661,636	
Differences - budget to GAAP:									
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resource	es but a	re not expenditur	es for	financial reportir	g pur	poses		(879,163)	
Total expenditures as reported on the Combining Statement Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	of Reve	nues, Expenditur	es an	d Changes in			\$	8,782,473	

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DISTRICTS GOVERNED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS - HEALTH AND SANITATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDED	JUNE	30,	2019
----------------------------------	-----	-----	------	-------	------	-----	------

		Buc	dget				Variance with	
		Original		Final	_	Actual	Fin	al Budget
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	1,330,736	\$	1,330,736	\$	1,330,736	\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Use of money and property		16,948		16,948		22,801		5,853
Charges for services	_	1,471,488		1,471,488	_	1,459,347		(12,141)
Amounts available for appropriation		1,488,436	_	1,488,436	_	1,482,148	_	(6,288)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Services and supplies		745		745		695		50
Other charges		31,656		31,656		31,656		
Transfers out		1,766,188	_	1,766,188	_	1,666,216		99,972
Total charges to appropriations	_	1,798,589	_	1,798,589	_	1,698,567	_	100,022
Net change in fund balance	_	(310,153)	_	(310,153)	_	(216,419)		93,734
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	1,020,583	\$	1,020,583	\$	1,114,317	\$	93,734
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflo	ows and	Outflows and	GAA	P Revenues a	ind E	xpenditures		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to approp	riations'	from the budg	etary	comparison				

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	s	1,698,567
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes		(1,666,216)
Total expenditures as reported on the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$	32,351

#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

#### DISTRICTS GOVERNED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS - RECREATION AND CULTURE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget						Va	ariance with
		Original		Final	Actual			nal Budget
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	1,488,664	\$	1,488,664	\$	1,488,664	\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Taxes		1,714,062		1,714,062		1,821,352		107,290
Fines, forfeits, and penalties				1.9		67		67
Use of money and property		12,200		12,200		34,297		22,097
Aid from other governments		4,927		4,927		8,772		3,845
Charges for services		(367,816)		(367,816)		4		367,816
Transfers in	-			64,850	_			(64,850)
Amounts available for appropriation		1,363,373		1,428,223		1,864,488		436,265
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Services and supplies		1,662,238		1,662,238		1,618,977		43,261
Other charges		4,332		4,332		4,332		50.7.2
Capital assets		364,846		364,846		55,347		309,499
Transfers out		64,619		349,196		64,850		284,346
Total charges to appropriations		2,096,035		2,380,612		1,743,506		637,106
Net change in fund balance	_	(732,662)		(952,389)		120,982		1,073,371
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	756,002	\$	536,275	\$	1,609,646	\$	1,073,371
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflo Uses/Outflows of Resources:	ws and (	Outflows and C	SAAP I	Revenues and	Expe	enditures		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to approp schedule	riations"	from the budge	tary co	mparison			\$	1,743,506
Differences - budget to GAAP:								
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary reporting purposes	resources	s but are not ex	penditu	ires for financia	al			(64,850)
Total expenditures as reported on the Combining Sta	tement of	Revenues, Ex	penditu	ures and				
Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Reve	enue Fund	ds					\$	1,678,656

#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

#### DISTRICTS GOVERNED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS-PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_		dget					ariance with
	-	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	F	inal Budget
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	4,979,638	\$	4,979,638	\$	4,979,638	\$	[2
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Taxes		801,883		801,874		1,002,404		200,530
Licenses and permits		38,500		38,500		33,888		(4,612
Fines, forfeits and penalties		26,000		26,009		29,444		3,435
Use of money and property		36,400		36,875		75,091		38,216
Aid from other governments		6,200		1,395,735		195,323		(1,200,412
Charges for services		4,232,334		4,232,334		4,306,468		74,134
Other		-		15,000		16,200		1,200
Transfers in		22,000		22,000		79,163		57,163
Amounts available for appropriation		5,163,317		6,568,327		5,737,981		(830,346)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Services and supplies		8,159,287		9,632,599		5,141,426		4,491,173
Other charges		15,000		15,000		15,000		
Capital assets		540,490		350,106		139,755		210,351
Principal						5,958		(5,958
Interest				4		5,861		(5,861
Transfers out		22,000		22,000		100		22,000
Appropriations for contingencies		975,106		998,988				998,988
Total charges to appropriations		9,711,883		11,018,693		5,308,000		5,710,693
Net change in fund balance		(4,548,566)		(4,450,366)		429,981	_	4,880,347
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	431,072	\$	529,272	\$	5,409,619	\$	4,880,347
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Infle	ows and	Outflows and 0	BAAP	Revenues and	Expe	enditures		
Sources/Inflows of Resources:								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appr schedule	opriation'	from the budge	tary c	omparison			\$	5,737,981
Differences - budget to GAAP:								
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetar	y resourc	es but are not re	evenue	es for financial				(70.163)

Total revenues as reported on the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

(79, 163)

5,658,818

reporting purposes

in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds



#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Boulder Creek CSA 7, Rolling Woods CSA 10, Place de Mer CSA 2, Sand Dollar Beach CSA 5, Trestle Beach CSA 20, and Summit West CSA 54 – These County Service Areas provide sewage collection, treatment, and disposal services to residents within each district's area. User fees are the principal source of revenue.

**Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12** – This County Service Area provides maintenance for septic tanks in unincorporated areas of the County. User fees are the principal source of revenue.

**Freedom County Sanitation District** – This district provides sewage collection, treatment, and disposal services for the residents of the Freedom area. User fees are the principal source of revenue.

**Davenport Sanitation District** – This district provides sewage collection, treatment, and disposal services as well as the supplying and treatment of water to Davenport, Newtown, and San Vicente. User fees and contributions from the principal commercial customer are the principal sources of revenue.

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Boulder Creek CSA 7	Rolling Woods CSA 10	Place de Mer CSA 2	Sand Dollar Beach CSA 5
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,167,833	\$ 794,386	\$ 394,928	\$ 307,415
Receivables	¥		÷	ę
Deposits with others	4			
Total current assets	1,167,833	794,386	394,928	307,415
Noncurrent assets:				
Loans receivable	-	-5	¥	
Capital assets:				
Construction in progress	212,139	-	65,363	-
Buildings and structures	1,947,300	360,778	188,209	908,969
Equipment	46,448			
Accumulated depreciation	(1,594,842)	(259,775)	(130,910)	(461,472)
Capital assets, net	611,045	101,003	122,662	447,497
Total noncurrent assets	611,045	101,003	122,662	447,497
Total assets	1,778,878	895,389	517,590	754,912
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Payables	28,746	165	792	5,430
Current portion of long-term liabilities				-
Accrued interest payable		-		
Total current liabilities	28,746	165	792	5,430
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Long-term liabilities				
Total noncurrent liabilities				
Total liabilities	28,746	165	792	5,430
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	611,045	101,003	122,662	447,497
Restricted for:				
Debt service	40.00		· 10.00	1.1.1
Unrestricted	1,139,087	794,221	394,136	301,985
Total net position	\$ 1,750,132	\$ 895,224	\$ 516,798	\$ 749,482

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Trestle Beach CSA 20	Sun We	est	Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12	Freedom County Sanitation District	Davenport Sanitation District	Total
\$	35,237	\$	1.0	\$ 1,521,208	\$ 2,005,124	\$ (1,473,888)	\$ 4,752,243
			(*)	357		1,612,678	1,613,035
_	-		•		-	16,836	16,836
_	35,237		-	1,521,565	2,005,124	155,626	6,382,114
				32,729		+	32,729
	102		1.2		803,022		1,080,524
					9,186,629	11,881,212	24,473,097
	-		1.5	35,138		1	81,586
_	1/4		- 12	(25,871)	(4,931,161)	(2,816,092)	(10,220,123)
				9,267	5,058,490	9,065,120	15,415,084
			- ¥	41,996	5,058,490	9,065,120	15,447,813
	35,237		T÷	1,563,561	7,063,614	9,220,746	21,829,927
	1,992			145,480	541,422	69,599	793,626
	1,992		- 12	17,264	541,422	33,236	50,500
				17,204		558	558
	1,992		4	162,744	541,422	103,393	844,684
	- 4		- (2)	9,800	- 4	82,667	92,467
				9,800		82,667	92,467
	1,992		-	172,544	541,422	186,060	937,151
			112	-	5,058,490	8,949,217	15,289,914
					1.5	43,427	43,427
	33,245		- 2	1,391,017	1,463,702	42,042	5,559,435
\$	33,245	\$	-	\$ 1,391,017	\$ 6,522,192	\$ 9,034,686	\$ 20,892,776

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Boulder Creek CSA 7		Rolling Woods CSA 10		Place de Mer CSA 2		Sand Dollar Beach CSA 5
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services Other	\$	510,949	\$	104,130	\$	94,340	\$	285,556
Total operating revenues	=	510,949	Ξ	104,130	=	94,340	Ξ	285,556
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Services and supplies		475,679		11,889		159,871		298,667
Depreciation and amortization		70,517		9,019		5,542		31,503
Total operating expenses		546,196	Ξ	20,908		165,413		330,170
Operating income (loss)	_	(35,247)	_	83,222	_	(71,073)	_	(44,614)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Intergovernmental		1.0				59		
Interest and investment income		21,815		14,506		8,741		5,694
Property taxes						-		-
Interest expense		¥		1.		-		- 2
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	21,815	_	14,506	_	8,800	-	5,694
Change in net position		(13,432)		97,728		(62,273)		(38,920)
Net position - beginning		1,763,564		797,496	_	579,071		788,402
Net position - ending	\$	1,750,132	\$	895,224	\$	516,798	\$	749,482

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Beach		West	Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12	Freedom County Sanitation District		Davenport  n Sanitation  District			Total
50,521	\$	139	\$ 1,191,292 574	\$	988,340	\$	523,019 1.413,168	\$	3,748,286 1,413,742
50,521	=	139	1,191,866		988,340	=	1,936,187	=	5,162,028
51,340		2,135	1,121,078		560,803		379,832		3,061,294 497,686
51,340	51,340 2,1		1,122,713	770,787		169,486			3,558,980
(819)	_	(1,996)	69,153	_	217,553	_	1,386,869	_	1,603,048
1							816,122		816,181
637		21	35,442		38,160		(39,928)		85,088
7			-		-		39,924		39,924
637	_	21		-	38 160	_		_	(5,642) 935,551
037		21	34,301		30,100	_	011,017		933,331
(182)		(1,975)	103,454		255,713		2,198,486		2,538,599
33,427		1,975	1,287,563		6,266,479		6,836,200		18,354,177
33,245	\$		\$ 1,391,017	\$	6,522,192	\$	9,034,686	\$	20,892,776
	50,521 51,340 51,340 (819) 	50,521 \$ 50,521 \$ 51,340	Beach CSA 20 CSA 54  50,521 \$ 139  50,521 139  51,340 2,135  51,340 2,135  (819) (1,996)  637 21  637 21  (182) (1,975)  33,427 1,975	Beach CSA 20         West CSA 54         Maintenance CSA 12           50,521         \$ 139         \$ 1,191,292           -         -         574           50,521         139         1,191,866           51,340         2,135         1,121,078           -         -         1,635           51,340         2,135         1,122,713           (819)         (1,996)         69,153           -         -         -           637         21         35,442           -         -         (1,141)           637         21         34,301           (182)         (1,975)         103,454           33,427         1,975         1,287,563	Trestle Summit Septic Tank Beach West Maintenance S CSA 20 CSA 54 CSA 12  50,521 \$ 139 \$ 1,191,292 \$ - 574  50,521 139 1,191,866  51,340 2,135 1,121,078 - 1,635  51,340 2,135 1,122,713  (819) (1,996) 69,153  (819) (1,996) 69,153  (1,141) 637 21 34,301  (182) (1,975) 103,454  33,427 1,975 1,287,563	Trestle Beach         Summit West West Maintenance CSA 20         Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12         County Sanitation District           50,521         \$ 139         \$ 1,191,292         \$ 988,340           -         -         574         -           50,521         139         1,191,866         988,340           51,340         2,135         1,121,078         560,803           -         -         1,635         209,984           51,340         2,135         1,122,713         770,787           (819)         (1,996)         69,153         217,553           -         -         -         -           637         21         35,442         38,160           -         -         (1,141)         -           637         21         34,301         38,160           (182)         (1,975)         103,454         255,713           33,427         1,975         1,287,563         6,266,479	Trestle Summit Septic Tank County Beach West Maintenance Sanitation SSA 20 CSA 54 CSA 12 District  50,521 \$ 139 \$ 1,191,292 \$ 988,340 \$ - 574	Trestle Beach CSA 20         Summit West CSA 54         Septic Tank CSA 12         County Sanitation District         Davenport Sanitation District           50,521         \$ 139         \$ 1,191,292         \$ 988,340         \$ 523,019           -         -         -         574         -         1,413,168           50,521         139         1,191,866         988,340         1,936,187           51,340         2,135         1,121,078         560,803         379,832           -         -         1,635         209,984         169,486           51,340         2,135         1,122,713         770,787         549,318           (819)         (1,996)         69,153         217,553         1,386,869           -         -         -         -         39,924           -         -         (1,141)         -         (4,501)           637         21         34,301         38,160         811,617           (182)         (1,975)         103,454         255,713         2,198,486           33,427         1,975         1,287,563         6,266,479         6,836,200	Trestle Beach Beach CSA 20         Summit Vest CSA 54         Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12         County Sanitation District         Davenport Sanitation District           50,521         \$ 139         \$ 1,191,292         \$ 988,340         \$ 523,019         \$ 1,413,168           50,521         139         1,191,866         988,340         1,936,187           51,340         2,135         1,121,078         560,803         379,832           -         -         1,635         209,984         169,486           51,340         2,135         1,122,713         770,787         549,318           (819)         (1,996)         69,153         217,553         1,386,869           -         -         -         816,122           637         21         35,442         38,160         (39,928)           -         -         -         -         39,924           -         -         (1,141)         -         (4,501)           637         21         34,301         38,160         811,617           (182)         (1,975)         103,454         255,713         2,198,486           33,427         1,975         1,287,563         6,266,479         6,836,200

#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Boulder Creek CSA 7	Rolling Woods CSA 10	Place de Mer CSA 2	Dollar Beach CSA 5
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 510,949	\$104,130	\$ 94,340	\$285,556
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(449,453)	(11,724)	(175,419)	(294,908)
Payments to other funds for services provided	-		-	
Other receipts	-	-	1.27	14
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	61,496	92,406	(81,079)	(9,352)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating grants	-	2.	-	-
Property taxes	4	1.		4
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	-			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(4,998)		(26,338)	
Principal paid on capital debt	9	-	-	
Interest paid on capital debt	-	-		- 1±
Net cash provided (used) by capital and				
related financing activities	(4,998)		(26,338)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest on investments	21,815	14,506	8,741	5,694
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	21,815	14,506	8,741	5,694
Net increase (decrease) in	78,313	106,912	(98,676)	(3.659)
cash and cash equivalents				(3,658)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,089,520	687,474	493,604	311,073
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$1,167,833	\$794,386	\$394,928	\$307,415

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total	Davenport Sanitation District	Freedom County Sanitation District	Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12	Summit West CSA 54	Trestle Beach CSA 20	
\$3,748,981	\$ 523,013	\$ 988,340	\$1,191,993	\$ 139	\$ 50,521	
(561,603)	1,193,137	337,568	(1,108,670)	(2,135)	(49,999)	
(603,391)	(231,608)	(371,783)		-	-	
1,413,168	1,413,168		-	- W		
3,997,155	2,897,710	954,125	83,323	(1,996)	522	
(887,456)	(887,456)					
39,929	39,929	- 0	<u>+</u>			
(847,527)	(847,527)					
(3,464,234)	(2,537,477)	(895,421)	5	4	.,	
(49,176)	(32,350)		(16,826)	+	-	
(5,642)	(4,501)		(1,141)			
(3,519,052)	(2,574,328)	(895,421)	(17,967)		-	
85,088	(39,928)	38,160	35,442	21	637	
85,088	(39,928)	38,160	35,442	21	637	
(284,336)	(564,073)	96,864	100,798	(1,975)	1,159	
5,036,579	(909,815)	1,908,260	1,420,410	1,975	34,078	
\$4,752,243	\$ (1,473,888)	\$2,005,124	\$1,521,208	\$ -	\$ 35,237	
(Continued)						

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		creek	Rolling Woods CSA 10	Place de Mer CSA 2	Sand Dollar Beach CSA 5
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(35,247)	\$ 83,222	\$ (71,073)	\$ (44,614)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  Changes in assets and liabilities:		70,517	9,019	5,542	31,503
(Increase) decrease in:  Receivables Increase (decrease) in:		4.	-	-	4
Payables		26,226	165	(15,548)	3,759
Total adjustments		96,743	9,184	(10,006)	35,262
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	61,496	\$ 92,406	\$(81,079)	\$ (9,352)
Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities  Purchase of machinery, equipment and vehicles on account	:	4,998			

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total	Davenport Sanitation District	Freedom County Sanitation District	ptic Tank intenance CSA 12	Summit West CSA 54	Trestle Beach CSA 20
\$ 1,603,048	\$ 1,386,869	\$ 217,553	69,153	\$ (1,996)	\$ (819)
497,686	169,486	209,984	1,635	- 2	2
128		-	128	1.2	÷
1,896,293	1,341,355	526,588	12,407	- 1	1,341
2,394,107	1,510,841	736,572	14,170	- 12	1,341
\$ 3,997,155	\$ 2,897,710	\$ 954,125	83,323	\$ (1,996)	\$ 522
3,437,896	2,537,477	895,421	12.		



#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

**Internal Service Funds** are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

**Central Duplicating Fund** – The Central Duplicating Fund accounts for the County print shop, copy center, and mail room.

**Information Services Fund** – The Information Services Fund accounts for data processing and telecommunications services provided to County departments.

**Public Works Fund** – The Public Works Fund accounts for such County functions as construction and maintenance of the County road system and management of certain special districts and other related activities.

**Service Center Fund** – The Service Center Fund accounts for the maintenance of the County fleet of vehicles and for related services to other County departments.

**Self-Insurance Funds** – The Self-Insurance Funds account for the County's self-insured risk management, dental and health insurance, liability and property insurance, workers' compensation insurance, employee benefit staffing, and State unemployment insurance program.

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Central Duplicating	Information Services	Public Works	Service Center
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 88,038	\$ 4,239,549	\$ -	\$ 1,313,904
Receivables		169,697	23,845	70
Due from other funds			7,399,872	1
Deposits with others			449,957	12,433
Inventory Prepaid items	26,394	28,985	-	-
Total current assets	114,432	4,438,231	7,873,674	1,326,407
Capital assets:			210.010.1	
Land	1.2	P 12	62,914	34,173
Construction in progress		5,750		
Buildings and structures	0	225,763	3,334,516	438,121
Equipment	253,757	11,505,854	8,641,464	12,581,195
Accumulated depreciation	(149,178)		(9,185,118)	(8,832,080)
Capital assets, net	104,579	4,470,436	2,853,776	4,221,409
Total assets	219,011	8,908,667	10,727,450	5,547,816
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	74,996	3,193,467	9,980,213	244,376
Deferred pension	6,397	156,720	594,895	15,992
Deferred OPEB	De			
Total deferred outflows of resources	81,393	3,350,187	10,575,108	260,368
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:	40.070	470.400	4 700 000	00.044
Payables	13,879	478,169	1,780,902	90,314
Capital leases		497,108	4,821	2
Claims liabilities	16,579	670,641	2,611,053	23,878
due within one year	Di-	7.50.00		C. C. C.
Total current liabilities	30,458	1,645,918	4,396,776	114,192
Noncurrent liabilities:		150,338	5,859	
Capital leases	3	130,336	3,033	
Claims liability Compensated absences,				
due in more than one year	22,337	482,008	536,856	
Net OPEB liability	152,739	3,671,405	14,327,168	381,847
Net pension liability	282,541	11,736,574	37,192,542	913,193
Total noncurrent liabilities	457,617	16,040,325	52,062,425	1,295,040
Total liabilities	488,075	17,686,243	56,459,201	1,409,232
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pension	27,699	1,063,951	3,550,413	90,884
Deferred OPEB	9,941	238,130	933,847	24,851
Total deferred inflows of resources	37,640	1,302,081	4,484,260	115,735
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	104,579	3,822,990	2,843,096	4,221,409
Restricted for:				
Debt service			1,338,808	
Unrestricted	(329,890)	(10,552,460)	(43,822,807)	61,808
Total net position	\$ (225,311)	\$ (6,729,470)	\$ (39,640,903)	\$ 4,283,217

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2019

Risk Management	Dental and Health	Self-Ins Liability and Property Insurance	Workers' Compensation	Employee Benefit	State Unemployment	Total
wanagement	Insurance	Insurance	Insurance	Staffing	Insurance Program	Total
491,231	\$ 1,382,688	\$ 11,308,559	\$ 8,545,945	\$ 232,431	\$ 225,166	27,827,511
	95,497		4			289,109
			9,108,770			16,508,642
1.2	14		150,000		2	150,000
	-				-	462,39
-	-					55,37
491,231	1,478,185	11,308,559	17,804,715	232,431	225,166	45,293,03
						97,08
						5,75
				3		3,998,40
16 605						
16,605		-		7		32,998,87
(7,265)			-			(25,440,57
9,340	1122.132	1.74		1 442-141	-	11,659,54
500,571	1,478,185	11,308,559	17,804,715	232,431	225,166	56,952,57
312,637				257,236		14,062,92
25,587				9,595		809,18
338,224	-			266,831	-	14,872,11
52,377	44.920	354,881	678,745	22.441	4	3,516,62
4,235		turnit	Catali.		4404	506,16
400.050	408,610	6,252,000	7,708,000	40.025	66,750	14,435,36
160,652		200000		18,235		3,501,03
217,264	453,530	6,606,881	8,386,745	40,676	66,750	21,959,19
5,995	3		- 2		(3)	162,19
-	7	9,114,000	24,831,000	-	4	33,945,00
				10.00		
16,472				52,824		1,110,49
540,258 1,345,536			1	299,805 726,306		19,373,22 52,196,69
1,908,261	-	9,114,000	24,831,000	1,078,935		106,787,60
2,125,525	453,530	15,720,881	33,217,745	1,119,611	66,750	128,746,79
183,573				2,197	-	4,918,71
34,349				20,324		1,261,44
217,922	-			22,521		6,180,15
			4			10,992,07
			150,000			1 400 00
(1,504,652)	1,024,655	(4,412,322)	150,000 (15,563,030)	(642,870)	158,416	1,488,80 (75,583,15
(1,004,002)	1,024,000	(7,712,022)	(10,000,000)	(042,070)	100,410	(, 0,000, 10
(1,504,652)	\$ 1.024,655	\$ (4,412,322)	\$ (15,413,030)	\$ (642,870)	\$ 158,416	\$ (63,102,27

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Central ouplicating		Information Services		Public Works		Service Center
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services Other revenues	\$	177,584	\$	14,044,294 51,852	\$	43,250,763 6,346	\$	2,912,542 39,925
Total operating revenues		177,584	Ξ	14,096,146	Ξ	43,257,109		2,952,467
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and employee benefits		231,596		8,793,174		34,897,727		520,736
Services and supplies		316,590		4,183,586		7,876,771		1,316,250
Insurance and compensation claims								
Depreciation and amortization		25,985		1,281,532		171,237		789,808
Total operating expenses	_	574,171	Ξ	14,258,292	Ξ	42,945,735		2,626,794
Operating income (loss)		(396,587)	_	(162,146)	Ξ	311,374	_	325,673
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Interest and investment income		1.40		1		49,173		
Gain on disposal of capital assets		2,				34,413		25,643
Loss on disposal of capital assets		- C-		(20,846)		- 1		
Interest expense				(79,710)		(1,670)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)				(100,556)	_	81,916		25,643
Income (loss) before transfers		(396,587)		(262,702)		393,290		351,316
Transfers in				252,242		632,494		193,104
Transfers out								
Change in net position		(396,587)		(10,460)		1,025,784		544,420
Net position - beginning	1	171,276		(6,719,010)		(40,666,687)		3,738,797
Net position - ending	\$	(225,311)	\$	(6,729,470)	\$	(39,640,903)	\$	4,283,217

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Self	Ins	urance						
M	Risk anagement		Dental and Health Insurance		Liability and Property Insurance	C	Workers' compensation Insurance		Employee Benefit Staffing		State Inemployment urance Program	_	Total
\$	1,500,000	\$	2,405,394	\$	5,649,796 794,173	\$	8,520,966 3,516	\$	1,050,564	\$	400,058	\$	79,911,961 895,812
	1,500,000	Ξ	2,405,394		6,443,969	Ξ	8,524,482	Ξ	1,050,564		400,058		80,807,773
	1,290,213 888,548		30,542 2,323,480		2,673,780 13,372,846		1,525,582 9,277,847		352,200 772,916		2,514 421,295		46,085,646 19,587,079 25,395,468
	4,151				-		-						2,272,713
-	2,182,912	Ξ	2,354,022		16,046,626	Ξ	10,803,429	Т	1,125,116		423,809		93,340,906
	(682,912)	_	51,372	_	(9,602,657)		(2,278,947)		(74,552)	=	(23,751)	_	(12,533,133)
	21,956		28,612		207,029		372,829		3,845		5,831		689,275
	2		1 1 2		7.174		-		-		-		60,056
	-				-		-		4		(4)		(20,846)
	(1,413)		-		1,01						9		(82,793)
	20,543	T	28,612		207,029		372,829	_	3,845		5,831		645,692
	(662,369)		79,984		(9,395,628)		(1,906,118)	ī	(70,707)		(17,920)		(11,887,441)
	-		-		1.0				9		-		1,077,840
					(410,118)						÷		(410,118)
	(662,369)		79,984		(9,805,746)		(1,906,118)	Ī	(70,707)		(17,920)		(11,219,719)
	(842,283)		944,671		5,393,424		(13,506,912)		(572,163)		176,336		(51,882,551)
\$	(1,504,652)	\$	1,024,655	\$	(4,412,322)	\$	(15,413,030)	\$	(642,870)	\$	158,416	\$	(63,102,270)

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Central Duplicating	Information Services	Public Works	Service Center
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund charges for services	\$ 177,584	\$ 13,874,598	\$ 43,415,048 (7,399,872)	\$ 2,912,472
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(271,708)	(3,982,788)	(8,012,574)	(1,296,574)
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(197,637)	(7,792,965)	(27,337,620)	(438,304)
Payments for judgments and claims	(6,830)	(63,918)	-	(25,616)
Other receipts	-	51,852	6,346	39,925
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(298,591)	2,086,779	671,328	1,191,903
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfers from other funds	- 5	252,242	632,494	193,104
Transfers to other funds				
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	-	252,242	632,494	193,104
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(119,520)	(719,191)	(1,296,486)	(1,103,404)
Principal paid on capital debt	100	(507,264)	(5,666)	
Interest paid on capital debt	-	(79,710)	(1,670)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			-	25,643
Net cash provided (used) by capital and	-			
related financing activities	(119,520)	(1,306,165)	(1,303,822)	(1,077,761)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest on investments				
Net increase (decrease) in				
cash and cash equivalents	(418,111)	1,032,856	-	307,246
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	506,149	3,206,693	-	1,006,658
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 88,038	\$ 4,239,549	\$ -	\$ 1,313,904

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Sel	f-Insurance						
M	Risk anagement	Dental and Health Insurance	Liability and Property Insurance	Workers' Compensation Insurance	_	Employee Benefit Staffing		State nemployment rance Program		Total
\$	1,500,000	\$ 2,309,897	\$ 5,649,796	\$ 8,520,966	\$	1,050,565	\$	400,058	\$	79,810,984
	(007.045)	(05.000)	(44.4.007)	40,000,754		(775 000)				(7,399,872)
	(867,945)	(35,688)	(414,807)	(10,363,754)		(775,336)		(2,514)		(26,023,688)
	(1,094,242) (18,647)	(2,320,990)	(6,751,846)	(6,532,847)		(351,478)		(416,553)		(37,212,246) (16,137,247)
	(10,047)	(2,520,550)	794,173	16,955,021		14		(410,555)		17,847,317
	(480,834)	(46,781)	(722,684)	8,579,386		(76,249)	=	(19,009)	_	10,885,248
										1,077,840
	- 9		(410,118)	(8,475,753)		- 14		-		(8,885,871)
_			(410,118)	(8,475,753)		-				(7,808,031)
				4.						(3,238,601)
	(3,793)									(516,723)
	(1,413)	-				- 2		- 7		(82,793)
				-		•		-		25,643
_	(5,206)	<u> </u>			_	-	_		_	(3,812,474)
	21,956	28,612	207,029	372,829		3,845		5,831		640,102
	21,956	28,612	207,029	372,829	=	3,845		5,831		640,102
	40.00	12272	المناعات الورا	Yan dia		200 100		202000		1,07124
	(464,084)	(18,169)	(925,773)	476,462		(72,404)		(13,178)		(95,155)
_	955,315	1,400,857	12,234,332	8,069,483	_	304,835	_	238,344	_	27,922,666
\$	491,231	\$ 1,382,688	\$ 11,308,559	\$ 8,545,945	\$	232,431	\$	225,166	\$	27,827,511

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	D	Central Suplicating	-	nformation Services		Public Works	Service Center
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(396,587)	\$	(162,146)	\$	311,374	\$ 325,673
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  Changes in assets and liabilities:		25,985		1,281,532		171,237	789,808
(Increase) decrease in:  Receivables				(169,697)		115,112	(70)
Due from other funds				(100,001)		(7,399,872)	(10)
Inventory						(449,957)	2,376
Prepaid items		40,706				-	-,-,-,-
Increase (decrease) in:		- F. S. A.					
Payables		(2,654)		136,880		363,327	(8,316)
Accrued salaries and benefits Compensated absences		33,959		1,000,210		7,560,107	82,432
Total adjustments		97,996		2,248,925	_	359,954	866,230
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(298,591)	\$	2,086,779	\$	671,328	\$ 1,191,903
Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing active	ities:						
Contributions of capital assets							
Purchase of machinery, equipment and vehicles on account		119,520		719,191		1,296,486	1,103,404

## COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				surance	-Ins	Self			
Total	State Unemployment Insurance Program		Employee Benefit Staffing	Workers' Compensation Insurance	c	Liability and Property Insurance	Dental and Health Insurance	Risk nagement	Ma
(12,533,13	\$ \$ (23,751)	2)	(74,552)	\$ (2,278,947)	\$	(9,602,657)	\$ 51,372	\$ (682,912)	3
2,272,71		-	10.8	ž		-	-	4,151	
(150,15	- (0.2)	5	2.5			12	(95,497)		
9,551,63	0.00	-		16,951,505		3.5	7.5	1.0	
(447,58		-	16			-	-	-	
40,70		3		-		Ö	2	9	
3,277,66	4,742	0)	(2,420)	(6,093,172)		8,879,973	(2,656)	1,956	
8,873,40			723			-	-	195,971	
23,418,38	4,742	7)	(1,697)	10,858,333		8,879,973	(98,153)	202,078	
10,885,24	\$ \$ (19,009)	9)	(76,249)	\$ 8,579,386	\$	(722,684)	\$ (46,781)	\$ (480,834)	5

3,238,601



#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**Agency Funds** – Agency Funds are used to account for the receipt and disbursement of various taxes, deposits, deductions, and property collected by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent for distribution to other governmental entities or other organizations.

**Intergovernmental Agency Funds** – Intergovernmental Agency Funds are used to account for deposits which are under the control of various single county officers. Disbursements are made from these funds by the Auditor-Controller based on a properly written authorization from the responsible officer.

**Payroll Funds** – The Payroll Funds are used to account for various employee payroll deductions, tax withholdings, and employer contributions for fringe benefits.

**Property Tax Collections Funds** – The Property Tax Collections Funds are used to account for the collection and distribution of property taxes and interest on bank deposits of other local governmental agencies.

**Private Purpose Trust Fund** – The Private Purpose Trust Fund reports resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. This fund is used to report the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and activities of the County of Santa Cruz Redevelopment Successor Agency.



### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	9	Inter- governmental Agency	_	Payroll		Property Tax Collections	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	32,899,906	\$	6,755,663	\$	11,093,869	\$ 50,749,438
Receivables	_	-		41,005		12,161,372	12,202,377
Total assets	\$	32,899,906	\$	6,796,668	\$	23,255,241	\$ 62,951,815
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$		\$	6,796,668		1,708	\$ 6,798,376
Due to other governmental units		4		-		23,253,533	23,253,533
Agency funds held for others	_	32,899,906		3	_	-	32,899,906
Total liabilities	\$	32,899,906	\$	6,796,668	\$	23,255,241	\$ 62,951,815

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019
Intergovernmental_Agency				
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 31,961,920 22,467	\$3,785,297,194	\$3,784,359,208 22,467	\$ 32,899,906
Total assets	\$ 31,984,387	\$3,785,297,194	\$3,784,381,675	\$ 32,899,906
Liabilities: Accounts payable Agency funds held for others	\$ 31,984,387	\$2,432,296,119 250,175,652	\$2,432,296,119 249,260,133	\$ - 32,899,906
Total liabilities	\$ 31,984,387	\$2,682,471,771	\$2,681,556,252	\$ 32,899,906
Payroll				
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 6,625,623	\$ 376,892,324 41,005	\$ 376,762,284	\$ 6,755,663 41,005
Total assets	\$ 6,625,623	\$ 376,933,329	\$ 376,762,284	\$ 6,796,668
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 6,625,623	\$1,099,614,222	\$1,099,443,177	\$ 6,796,668
Total liabilities	\$ 6,625,623	\$1,099,614,222	\$1,099,443,177	\$ 6,796,668
Property Tax Collections				
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 6,164,119 11,059,157	\$1,210,655,299 566,930,773	\$1,205,725,549 565,828,558	\$ 11,093,869 12,161,372
Total assets	\$ 17,223,276	\$1,777,586,072	\$1,771,554,107	\$ 23,255,241
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other governmental units	\$ 17,223,276	\$ 7,639,374 1,777,980,065	\$ 7,637,666 1,771,949,808	\$ 1,708 23,253,533
Total liabilities	\$ 17,223,276	\$1,785,619,439	\$1,779,587,474	\$ 23,255,241
Total Agency Funds				
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 44,751,662 11,081,624	\$5,372,844,817 566,930,778	\$5,366,847,041 565,851,025	\$ 50,749,438 12,161,377
Total assets	\$ 55,833,286	\$5,939,775,595	\$5,932,698,066	\$ 62,910,815
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Agency funds held for others	\$ 6,625,623 17,223,276 31,984,387	\$3,539,549,715 1,777,980,065 250,175,652	\$3,539,376,962 1,771,949,808 249,260,133	\$ 6,798,376 23,253,533 32,899,906
Total liabilities	\$ 55,833,286	\$5,567,705,432	\$5,560,586,903	\$ 62,951,815

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ SANTA CRUZ COUNTY REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND June 30, 2019

	Sar	nta Cruz County
	Re	edevelopment
	Suc	ccessor Agency
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	14,449,294
Total current assets:		14,449,294
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash with fiscal agent		4,502
Prepaid insurance		1,531,097
Capital assets, net		9,114,559
Total noncurrent assets:		10,650,158
Total assets	\$	25,099,452
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Loss on refunding of debt	\$	272,471
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	272,471
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable - claims	\$	7,295
Interest payable		2,860,730
Long-term debt - due within one year		8,925,429
Total current liabilities:	-	11,793,454
Long-term Liabilities:		
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		200,124,983
Total long-term liabilities:	\	200,124,983
Total liabilities	\$	211,918,437
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred tax increment revenue	\$	563,927
Gain on refunding of debt		1,122,557
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,686,484
NET POSITION		
Net position held in trust	\$	(188,232,998)

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ SANTA CRUZ COUNTY REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Santa Cruz County  Redevelopment
ADDITIONS:	Successor Agency
Investment income	\$ 228,383
Incremental property taxes	17,287,620
Other revenue	59,615
Total additions	17,575,618
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments in accordance with enforceable obligations	7,748,568
Total deductions	7,748,568
Change in net position held in trust	9,827,050
Net position held in trust - beginning	(198,060,048)
Net position held in trust - ending	\$ (188,232,998)

# STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the County of Santa Cruz's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	192-196
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	197-200
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	201-204
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	205-209
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	210-214

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

#### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Reported in Thousands)

										Fiscal	Yea	ar								
		2019	_	2018	_	2017		2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012		2011	_	2010
Governmental activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	546,806	S	509,726	\$	476,456	S	468,999	\$	484,646	s	439,466	\$	448,657	\$	455,726	s	215,172	\$	212,557
Restricted		66,391		55,333		57,360		63,880		55,856		75,773		67,014		96,980		117,713		40,865
Unrestricted		(471,054)	_	(423,493)		(396,329)		(374,141)		(399,332)		(72,239)		(65,133)		(66,913)		(61,396)		36,955
Total governmental activities net position	\$	142,143	s	141,566	\$	137,487	\$	158,738	\$	141,170	\$	443,000	S	450,538	\$	485,793	\$	271,489	\$	290,377
Business-type activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	24,615	\$	21,690	\$	20,724	\$	28,466	\$	28,585	\$	24,033	\$	25,023	\$	25,442	\$	24,677	\$	26,662
Restricted		43		634		381		390		260		476		44		256		253		317
Unrestricted	_	1,304	_	3,255	_	2,062	1	(1,962)	_	3,620		8,130	_	7,634		6,520	_	5,803	_	6,553
Total business-type activities net position	\$	25,962	S	25,579	\$	23,167	S	26,894	\$	32,465	\$	32,639	s	32,701	\$	32,218	s	30,733	\$	33,532
Total primary government																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	571,421	s	531,416	\$	497,180	S	497,465	\$	513,231	s	463,499	\$	473,680	\$	481,168	\$	239,849	\$	239,219
Restricted		66,434		55,967		57,740		64,270		56,116		76,249		67,058		97,236		117,966		41,182
Unrestricted	_	(469,750)	_	(420,238)	_	(394,267)	1	(376,103)	_	(395,712)	_	(64, 109)		(57,499)	_	(60,393)		(55,593)	_	43,508
Total primary government net position	\$	168,105	\$	167,145	\$	160,653	\$	185,632	\$	173,635	\$	475,639	\$	483,239	\$	518,011	\$	302,222	\$	323,909

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The 2017 reported unrestricted balances have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions"

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ GOVERNMENT-WIDE CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Reported in Thousands)

	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	Fisca 2015	Ye	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010
	_	2019	-	2018	_	2017	_	2016	-	2015	-	2014	-	2013	_	2012		2011	_	2010
Expenses																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	42,773	\$	39,812	\$	43,566	\$	35,068	\$	33,544	\$	25,451	\$	17,725	\$	27,417	\$	39,206	\$	30,407
Public protection		195,327		177,636		157,415		141,370		131,718		133,932		127,640		124,721		125,065		122,743
Public ways and facilities		27,258		29,193		24,716		28,271		32,900		18,961		47,167		32,192		36,694		45,826
Health and sanitation		154,536		141,327		123,519		114,209		108,999		108,571		111,441		113,242		107,497		105,239
Public assistance		144,066		132,801		129,000		126,834		116,902		112,840		104,889		105,835		101,990		108,121
Education		5,996		5,884		5,746		6,005		5,537		4,915		5,005		5,033		5,194		5,140
Recreation and culture		11,772		11,549		10,784		8,900		7,202		6,870		5,867		6,670		6,386		6,617
Interest on long-term debt		2,157		1,746		2,210		2,764		3,307		8,126		3,321		10,262		17,144		15,782
Total government activities expenses	-	583,885		539,948	=	496,956		463,421		440,109		419,666		423,055	_	425,372		439,176		439,875
Business-type activities:	4					42.004		1200		12-17	÷	12 12/		12-55						42.5
County Disposal Site CSA 9C	S	17,873	\$	14,859	S	13,283	\$	12,018	\$	11,785	S	11,464	\$	10,904	S	10,506	\$	14,792	\$	12,283
Boulder Creek CSA 7		542		401		308		362		332		310		344		295		299		298
Rolling Woods CSA 10		21		31		32		15		12		14		14		14		12		44
Septic Tank Maintenance CSA 12		1,124		923		1,016		1,090		1,058		1,114		1,017		943		1,050		951
Freedom County Sanitation CSA		766		1,123		1,090		808		965		607		441		857		825		551
Davenport County Sanitation District CSA		551		581		556		518		656		557		458		532		477		701
Place de Mer CSA 2		164		157		30		38		50		23		21		37		70		32
Sand Dollar Beach CSA 5		328		323		247		237		275		243		260		265		315		252
Trestle Beach CSA 20		51		56		62		45		51		59		36		41		43		71
Summit West CSA 54		2				-						1		1		1		1		1
Graham Hill CSA 57				0		8		11		35		53		35		33		27		27
Total business-type activities expenses		21,421		18,454		16,632		15,142		15,219		14,445	8	13,531		13,524		17,911		15,211
Total primary government expenses	\$	605,306	\$	558,402	\$	513,588	\$	478,563	\$	455,328	\$	434,111	\$	436,586	\$	438,896	\$	457,087	\$	455,086
Drawens Davissusa																				
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Governmental activities: Charges for services	•	26 717	9	19 799	•	21 379	•	19.053	•	18 605	•	19 150		18 071	•	17 605	9	18 305	•	17.093
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government	\$	26,717	\$	19,799	s	21,379	\$	19,053	\$	18,605	\$	19,150	\$	18,071	\$	17,695	\$	18,305	\$	
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance	\$	40,934	\$	42,643	\$	38,828	\$	34,628	\$	28,088	\$	25,830	\$	23,238	\$	33,029	\$	27,635	\$	24,754
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection	\$	40,934 23,899	s	42,643 23,357	\$	38,828 22,877	\$	34,628 22,514	\$	28,088 22,913	\$	25,830 21,426	\$	23,238 20,742	\$	33,029 20,623	\$	27,635 20,954	s	24,754 20,961
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection Public ways & facilities, and recreation	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439	s	42,643	S	38,828 22,877 9,408	\$	34,628	\$	28,088	s	25,830	\$	23,238	\$	33,029	\$	27,635	s	24,754 20,961
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection Public ways & facilities, and recreation Education	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439	s	42,643 23,357 9,545	S	38,828 22,877 9,408	\$	34,628 22,514 8,051	\$	28,088 22,913 8,217	S	25,830 21,426 8,286	\$	23,238 20,742 8,869	S	33,029 20,623 9,412	\$	27,635 20,954 8,453	s	24,754 20,961 8,555
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection Public ways & facilities, and recreation Education Operating grants and contributions	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861	s	42,643 23,357 9,545 - 259,972	\$	38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567	\$	34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016	s	28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896	\$	25,830 21,426 8,286 - 227,863	\$	23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341	\$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264	S	27,635 20,954 8,453 - 199,689	\$	24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932
Governmental activities:  Charges for services  General government  Health, sanitation & public assistance  Public protection  Public ways & facilities, and recreation  Education  Operating grants and contributions  Capital grants and contributions	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829	s	42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532	\$	38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567 8,193	\$	34,628 22,514 8,051 - 244,016 8,798	\$	28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006	s	25,830 21,426 8,286 - 227,863 10,541	\$	23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341 10,678	\$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016	S	27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298	s	24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673
Governmental activities:  Charges for services  General government  Health, sanitation & public assistance  Public protection  Public ways & facilities, and recreation  Education  Operating grants and contributions  Capital grants and contributions  Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861	\$	42,643 23,357 9,545 - 259,972	\$	38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567	\$	34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016	\$	28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896	\$	25,830 21,426 8,286 - 227,863	\$	23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341	\$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264	\$	27,635 20,954 8,453 - 199,689	s	
Governmental activities:  Charges for services  General government  Health, sanitation & public assistance  Public protection  Public ways & facilities, and recreation  Education  Operating grants and contributions  Capital grants and contributions	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829 404,680	\$	42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532 374,848	\$	38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567 8,193 362,252	\$	34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016 8,798 337,060	\$	28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006 328,725	\$	25,830 21,426 8,286 227,863 10,541 313,096	\$	23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341 10,678 300,939	\$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016 296,039	\$	27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298 286,334	\$	24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673 289,958
Governmental activities:  Charges for services  General government  Health, sanitation & public assistance  Public protection  Public ways & facilities, and recreation  Education  Operating grants and contributions  Capital grants and contributions  Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829 404,680	\$	42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532 374,848	\$	38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567 8,193 362,252	\$	34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016 8,798 337,060	\$	28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006 328,725	\$	25,830 21,426 8,286 - 227,863 10,541 313,096	\$	23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341 10,678 300,939	\$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016 296,039	\$	27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298 286,334	\$	24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673 289,958
Governmental activities:  Charges for services  General government  Health, sanitation & public assistance  Public protection  Public ways & facilities, and recreation  Education  Operating grants and contributions  Capital grants and contributions  Total governmental activities program revenues  Business-type activities:	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829 404,680 18,506 1,232	\$	42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532 374,848	\$	38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567 8,193 362,252 15,638 342	\$	34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016 8,798 337,060 14,763 490	\$	28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006 328,725 13,933 226	\$	25,830 21,426 8,286 227,863 10,541 313,096	\$	23,238 20,742 8,869 - 219,341 10,678 300,939 13,137 208	\$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016 296,039 13,313 573	\$	27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298 286,334 13,058 289	\$	24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673 289,958 13,166 964
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection Public ways & facilities, and recreation Education Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829 404,680 18,506 1,232 0	\$	42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532 374,848 18,022 2,856	\$	38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567 8,193 362,252 15,638 342 327	\$	34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016 8,798 337,060 14,763 490 129	\$	28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006 328,725 13,933 226 118	\$	25,830 21,426 8,286 227,863 10,541 313,096 13,350 382	s	23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341 10,678 300,939 13,137 208 60	\$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016 296,039 13,313 573 345	\$	27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298 286,334 13,058 289 1,097	\$	24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673 289,958 13,166 964
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection Public ways & facilities, and recreation Education Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions	= =	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829 404,680 18,506 1,232 0		42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532 374,848 18,022 2,856		38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567 8,193 362,252 15,638 342 327 16,307		34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016 8,798 337,060 14,763 490 129 15,382		28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006 328,725 13,933 226 118 14,277		25,830 21,426 8,286 227,863 10,541 313,096 13,350 382 - 13,732		23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341 10,678 300,939 13,137 208 60 13,405		33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016 296,039 13,313 573 345 14,231		27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298 286,334 13,058 289 1,097		24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673 289,958 13,166 964 15
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection Public ways & facilities, and recreation Education Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829 404,680 18,506 1,232 0	\$	42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532 374,848 18,022 2,856	\$	38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567 8,193 362,252 15,638 342 327	\$	34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016 8,798 337,060 14,763 490 129	\$	28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006 328,725 13,933 226 118	\$	25,830 21,426 8,286 227,863 10,541 313,096 13,350 382	\$	23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341 10,678 300,939 13,137 208 60	\$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016 296,039 13,313 573 345	\$	27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298 286,334 13,058 289 1,097	\$	24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673 289,958 13,166 964 15
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection Public ways & facilities, and recreation Education Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	= =	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829 404,680 18,506 1,232 0		42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532 374,848 18,022 2,856		38,828 22,877 9,408 261,567 8,193 362,252 15,638 342 327 16,307		34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016 8,798 337,060 14,763 490 129 15,382		28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006 328,725 13,933 226 118 14,277		25,830 21,426 8,286 227,863 10,541 313,096 13,350 382 - 13,732		23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341 10,678 300,939 13,137 208 60 13,405		33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016 296,039 13,313 573 345 14,231		27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298 286,334 13,058 289 1,097		24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673 289,958 13,166 964 15
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection Public ways & facilities, and recreation Education Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829 404,680 18,506 1,232 0 19,738 424,418	\$	42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532 374,848 18,022 2,856		38,828 22,877 9,408 	<u> </u>	34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016 8,798 337,060 14,763 490 129 15,382 352,442	- s	28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006 328,725 13,933 226 118 14,277 343,002	\$	25,830 21,426 8,286 227,863 10,541 313,096 13,350 382 - 13,732 326,828	\$	23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341 10,678 300,939 13,137 208 60 13,405 314,344	\$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016 296,039 13,313 573 345 14,231 310,270	\$	27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298 286,334 13,058 289 1,097 14,444 300,778	\$	24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673 289,958 13,166 964 15 14,145 304,103
Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Health, sanitation & public assistance Public protection Public ways & facilities, and recreation Education Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues Net (expense)/revenue	\$	40,934 23,899 10,439 1 279,861 22,829 404,680 18,506 1,232 0 19,738 424,418	\$	42,643 23,357 9,545 259,972 19,532 374,848 18,022 2,856 20,878 395,726		38,828 22,877 9,408 	\$ \$	34,628 22,514 8,051 244,016 8,798 337,060 14,763 490 129 15,382 352,442		28,088 22,913 8,217 243,896 7,006 328,725 13,933 226 118 14,277 343,002	\$ \$	25,830 21,426 8,286 227,863 10,541 313,096 13,350 382 - 13,732 326,828	\$ \$	23,238 20,742 8,869 219,341 10,678 300,939 13,137 208 60 13,405 314,344	\$ \$	33,029 20,623 9,412 207,264 8,016 296,039 13,313 573 345 14,231 310,270	s s	27,635 20,954 8,453 199,689 11,298 286,334 13,058 289 1,097 14,444 300,778	\$	24,754 20,961 8,555 209,932 8,673 289,958

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### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ GOVERNMENT-WIDE CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Reported in Thousands)

										Fisca	I Ye	ar							
	ΗΞ	2019	=	2018	_	2017		2016	, -	2015		2014		2013	_	2012	2011	Ξ	2010
General Revenue and Other	_																		
Changes in Net Position																			
Governmental activities:																			
Property taxes	\$	118,051	S	117,337	S	107,283	\$	100,143	S	93,563	\$	88,178	\$	84,795	\$	97,716	\$ 109,837	\$	111,224
Other taxes		35,107		31,143		27,410		24,256		21,831		19,046		17,201		16,044	15,265		12,978
Grants and contributions not restricted																			
for specific purposes		-		-		-				-		15		117					
Use of money and property		6,619		4,454		3,741		4,096		3,473		3,652		1,254		2,741	2,827		3,373
Miscellaneous		19,945		16,253		7,960		9,460		4,306		751		(156)		52,099	6,033		4,606
Gain (Loss) on sale of assets		60		(7)		6		98				(4)		26		1,005	(6)		101
Total governmental activities		179,782		169,180	3	146,400	Ξ	138,053		123,173		111,623		103,237		169,605	133,956	Ξ	132,282
Business-type activities:																			
Property taxes		40		35		32		29		27		25		25		25	25		24
Use of money and property		366		(25)		(232)		(170)		49		95		(24)		45	12		13
Miscellaneous		1,608		70		333		332		6,539		531		609		705	631		760
Gain (Loss) on sale of assets		52		(91)		-		-		-		-				2	-		3
Total business-type activities		2,066		(11)		133		191		6,615		651		610		777	668		800
Total primary government	\$	181,848	\$	169,169	\$	146,533	\$	138,244	\$	129,788	\$	112,274	\$	103,847	\$	170,382	\$ 134,624	\$	133,082
Extraordinary Item:	\$	- 2	\$		\$	-	\$	- (-	\$	-	\$	- 4	\$	(16,377)	\$	174,033	\$ 	\$	
Change in Net Position																			
Governmental activities	\$	577	\$	4,080	\$	11,696	\$	11,692	\$	11,789	\$	5,053	\$	(35,256)	\$	214,305	\$ (18,887)	\$	(17,635
Business-type activities		383		2,413		(192)		431		5,673		(62)		484		1,484	(2,799)		(266
Total primary government	\$	960	S	6,493	S	11,504	\$	12,123	\$	17,462	\$	4,991	\$	(34,772)	\$	215,789	\$ (21,686)	\$	(17,901
A *** *** ****************************							_		-		-		-					10	Continued

(Continued)

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Reported in Thousands)

									Fi	scal Year					
		2019	_	2018	2017	2016	Ξ	2015		2014	2013	2012		2011	2010
General Fund <sup>1</sup>															
Nonspendable	S	1,707	\$	1,758	\$ 703	\$ 751	\$	1,135	\$	872	\$ 3,544	\$ 3,739	\$	4,118	\$ 1,525
Restricted				-	(+)			1		2	2	1		+1	4
Committed		19,957		21,557	18,000	17,251		20,081		21,627	16,166	13,706		12,847	11,748
Assigned		48,162		37,094	37,159	33,767		29,059		18,214	20,857	24,722		22,231	15,430
Unassigned		-			(71)	(33)		(71)		-		-		171	
Total General Fund	\$	69,826	\$	60,409	\$ 55,791	\$ 51,736	\$	50,205	\$	40,715	\$ 40,569	\$ 42,168	\$	39,367	\$ 28,703
All other governmental funds															
Nonspendable			\$	-	\$ 61,558	\$ -	\$	61,184	\$	60,226	\$ 56,077	\$ 49,883	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted		121,088		116,612	54,594	124,769		55,820		69,455	67,030	97,824		166,676	183,044
Unassigned				(4,989)		1 - 1 -		-		-	(17)	(22)	0	(37)	-
	\$	121,088	\$	111,623	\$ 116,152	\$ 124,769	\$	117,004	\$	129,681	\$ 123,090	\$ 147,685	S	166,639	\$ 183,044
	_		-												

	Fiscal Year
	2009
General Fund	
Reserved	\$ 2,919
Unreserved	14,674
Total General Fund	\$ 17,593
All other governmental funds	
Reserved	\$ 38,930
Unreserved, reported in:	
Special revenue funds	121,946
Capital project funds	10,273
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 171,149

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In fiscal year 2010-2011 the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

### COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Reported in Thousands)

	201	9		2018		2017		2016		Fiscal 2015	Yea	2014		2013		2012	_	2011	_	2010
Revenues		_	-	2010	-	2011		2010	-	2010		2014	_	2010	-	2012	_	2011	-	2010
Taxes	\$ 15	3,158	s	148,480	\$	134,693	\$	124,399	S	115,394	\$	107,224	s	101,997	s	113,760	\$	125,101	\$	123,718
Licenses and permits		2,591		12,665		13,268		11,881		11,053		9,847		9,819		10,356		9,046		9,247
Fines, forfeits and penalties	1	796		3,870		4,101		3,630		4,720		4,758		4,474		4,737		5,200		5,231
Use of money and property		5,930		4,197		3,623		4,083		3,417		3,480		1,264		2,635		2,718		3,197
Aid from other governments	30	2,690		279,504		269,760		252,814		250,902		238,404		230,019		215,280		210,987		219,090
Charges for services		3,603		78,809		75,124		68,734		62,050		60,087		56,626		65,666		61,115		56,845
Other		9,945		16,720		8,313		9,685		10,168		12,927		5,320		2,274		5,341		4,617
Total revenues	_	3,713		544,245	Ξ	508,882	Ξ	475,226	=	457,704	Ξ	436,727	_	409,519	Ξ	414,708	Ξ	419,508	Ξ	421,945
Expenditures																				
Current																				
General government	3	5,550		36,225		33,189		31,414		32,532		29,206		28,311		26,747		29,084		26,198
Public protection	17	2,236		161,157		156,582		146,434		137,893		134,296		129,562		118,671		117,531		118,848
Public ways and facilities		7.204		37,324		34,217		20,249		24,440		18,730		41,232		32,074		37,534		53,095
Health and sanitation	14	2,544		133,424		122,842		117,041		111,509		108,967		108,688		107,810		104,191		102,048
Public assistance		1,165		125,796		129,505		130,035		119,199		112,967		101,437		101,204		99,120		100,294
Education		5,753		5,655		5,535		5,793		5,325		4,915		4,781		4,810		4,974		4,921
Recreation and culture		0,460		10,471		10,014		8,667		7,156		6,951		6,900		7,004		6,928		7,345
Capital outlay		7,770		35,287		14,862		7,607		9,306		18,875		0,000		7,007		35,417		769
Debt service		1		00,201		. ,,,,,,,,		, 100.		0,000		10,010						00,111		
Principal		5,577		4,592		4,857		4,744		3,992		3,797		3,815		7,790		7,603		6,958
Bond issue costs		,011		4,002		4,001		4,144		0,002		0,101		0,010		7,700		1,127		0,500
Interest and fiscal charges		2,933		2,276		2,904		2,770		3,239		3,151		3,318		10,482		15,677		15,742
Total expenditures	_	1,192	-	552,207	-	514,507	-	474,754	-	454,591	-	441,855	_	428,044	_	416,592	-	459,186	Ξ	436,218
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1	9,521		(7,962)		(5,625)		472		3,113		(5,128)		(18,525)		(1,884)		(39,678)		(14,273)
						4345						34243		**********		3 12- 2				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				0.4				00								4.400				
Sale of capital assets				24		6		98		17		7		(%)		1,139		-		57
Gain/(Loss) on land held for resale																(137)		(9)		
Debt issue cost								100				-		7		(248)		-		
Escrow transfers in								-								-		29,876		
Escrow transfers out										1		1000						(29,876)		
Proceeds from long-term debt								9,945				11,810				7,490		4.50		
Contributed capital								-		-				233		45,701		35,410		- 1
Bond premium/discount				(63)		951		60				812		-		(23)		(914)		-
Gain on conversion of receivables										-		-				5,024				
Proceeds from refunding bonds				7,940		10,500		13,770		19						-		1		1
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent						(10,620)		(13,097)				(6,362)				(1,399)				-
Transfers in	2	2,489		28,411		21,582		17,489		12,312		36,185		17,620		24,252		145,035		29,843
Transfers out	(2	3,157)		(28,496)		(21,750)		(17,701)		(18,706)		(37,268)		(18,379)		(24,282)		(145,709)		(30,551)
Inception of capital lease		30		92		129		70		93		403		36		80		123		-
Miscellaneous			_	144	_	- 10	_	-			_		_	-	_	-	_	- 4	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(638)	_	8,052	_	798	_	10,634	_	(6,301)	_	5,580	_	(490)	_	57,597	_	33,936	_	(651)
Extraordinary Item			_		_	10	_	-	_		_	-	_	(7,179)	_	(71,866)	_		_	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1	3,883	s	90	\$	(4,827)	\$	11,106	\$	(3,188)	\$	452	s	(26,194)	S	(16,153)	s	(5,742)	\$	(14,924)
Debt service as a percentage																				
of noncapital expenditures	1.	65%		1.40%		1.63%		1.64%		1.69%		1.64%		1.79%		4.59%		5.76%		5.57%

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ GENERAL FUND TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Reported in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Current Property Taxes	Prior Property Taxes <sup>1</sup>	Delinquent Penalties and Costs	Sales and Use Tax	Occupancy Tax	Business Tax <sup>2</sup>	Property Transfer Tax	Other Taxes	Total Tax Revenues
2010	69,970	89	4,671	7,212	3,511	4	1,630	74	87,157
2011	69,606	118	5,156	7,892	4,101	2	1,709	72	88,654
2012	69,497	77	4,249	8,378	4,605	-	1,528	72	88,406
2013	69,152	65	3,522	9,129	4,515	1.5	1,936	72	88,391
2014	71,929	41	3,656	9,840	5,514	1.5	1,906	72	92,958
2015	77,497	146	2,017	10,248	6,482	978	2,243	76	99,687
2016	82,863	260	2,436	10,071	7,084	2,504	2,267	82	107,567
2017	88,414	174	3,210	11,863	8,002	2,805	2,321	85	116,874
2018	94,000	135	6,780 3	11,514	8,385	3,138	2,609	83	126,644
2019	100,409	153	4,243	13,971	9,217	3,440	2,586	83	134,102

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The County uses the Alternative Tax Apportionment Method, which treats prior taxes as payments against an outstanding taxes receivable balance. Amounts shown are either past adjustments or present delinquent payments applicable to the supplemental tax roll.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The County began collecting Cannibus Business Tax during 2014-2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Amounts have been corrected to reflect actual amounts.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Reported in Thousands)

Collections within the Fiscal Year of

		the Le	evy <sup>2</sup>		Total Collecti	ions to Date
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Secured Tax Levy for Fiscal Year 1	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years <sup>3</sup>	Total Tax Collections	Percentage of Levy
2010	395,628	383,707	97.0%	13,142	396,849	100.3%
2011	394,498	385,099	97.6%	12,706	397,805	100.8%
2012	395,546	388,135	98.1%	7,241	395,376	100.0%
2013	399,146	393,223	98.5%	6,212	399,435	100.1%
2014	418,414	413,276	98.8%	6,767	420,043	100.4%
2015	443,002	437,476	98.8%	4,534	442,010	99.8%
2016	470,552	465,411	98.9%	5,831	471,242	100.1%
2017	503,093	496,571	98.7%	4,739	501,310	99.6%
2018	536,687	530,953	98.9%	5,226	536,179	99.9%
2019	560,534	554,765	99.0%	3,547	558,312	99.6%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Secured tax levy for the County itself, school districts, cities and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Included are amounts collected by the County on behalf of itself, school districts, cities and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Under the Alternative Method of Tax Apportionment (the Teeter Plan) the County allocates to all taxing jurisdictions under the County, 100% of the secured property taxes billed, even if not yet collected. In return, the County retains the subsequent delinquent payments and associated penalties and interest. Refer to schedule of General Fund Tax Revenues by Source for property tax collections applicable to the County.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Amounts restated to reflect collected taxes in the current fiscal year from all prior years delinquencies.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY AND ACTUAL VALUE OF PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Reported in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Beginning July 1,	Secured <sup>2</sup>	Unsecured	Total Taxable  Assessed Value <sup>3</sup>	Total Direct Tax Rate <sup>4</sup>
2010	32,390,765	801,371	33,192,136	1.00%
2011	32,332,271	767,714	33,099,985	1.00%
2012	32,033,769	767,064	32,800,833	1.00%
2013	33,625,169	764,939	34,390,108	1.00%
2014	35,996,363	823,369	36,819,732	1.00%
2015	38,321,843	873,141	39,194,984	1.00%
2016	40,296,052	876,810	41,172,862	1.00%
2017	42,608,504	936,890	43,545,394	1.00%
2018	45,265,422	982,250	46,247,672	1.00%
2019	47,620,014	1,021,496	48,641,510	1.00%

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Assessed value of taxable property represents all taxable property within the County except as excluded or exempted by the State Constitution and the Legislature.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes unitary properties (e.g., railroads, utilities), which are assessed by the State Board of Equalization.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties due in part to the manner in which assessed value is calculated following the passage of California Proposition 13. Thus, the total taxable assessed value reported represents all property within the County.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The maximum tax rate is 1% of the full cash value or \$1/\$100 of the assessed value, excluding the tax rate for debt service.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Reported in Thousands)

# Property Tax Rates Per \$100 of

Fiscal	Assessed	Valuation			School	Special	
Year	Low	High	County	Cities	Districts	Districts	Total
2010	1.059	1.174	26.5	5.0	56.0	12.5	100.0
2011	1.065	1.190	26.5	5.0	56.0	12.5	100.0
2012	1.067	1.195	26.5	5.0	56.0	12.5	100.0
2013	1.064	1.197	26.5	5.0	56.0	12.5	100.0
2014	1.058	1.189	26.0	5.0	56.5	12.5	100.0
2015	1.058	1.189	25.5	5.0	57.0	12.5	100.0
2016	1.056	1.178	25.5	5.0	57.0	12.5	100.0
2017	1.051	1.163	25.5	5.0	57.0	12.5	100.0
2018	1.064	1.118	25.5	5.0	57.0	12.5	100.0
2019	1.060	1.174	25.5	5.0	57.0	12.5	100.0

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Reported in Thousands, Except Per Capita Information)

	Fiscal Year																	
	2019 2018		7 5	2017		2016		2015		2014	 2013	4	2012	2.3	2011 201		2010	
Governmental activities		Т			_				77.5									
Capital leases	\$ 4,097	\$	5,579	\$	5,968	\$	6,739	\$	4,731	\$	5,077	\$ 5,075	\$	5,337	\$	5,544	\$	5,673
Refunding Certificates of Participation - 1996	10,765		11,825		12,830		19,770		21,440		23,025	24,534		25,959		27,334		28,634
Lease Revenue Bonds	21,083		21,948		14,504		14,927		12,325		12,325	6,450		6,670		6,885		7,090
Refunding Certificates of Participation - 2015	8,065		9,505		10,915		12,305		-		-							7
Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds - 2012	1,428		1,496		1,561		1,627		1,690		1,751	1,812		1,866		1,404		1,535
Revenue Bonds	-		-		-		1		-		- 6	1.2		405		785		1,145
Local Agency Revenue Bonds - 1999	35		70		105		135		165		195	225		250		275		295
Certificates of Participation	5,847		6,429		6,991		13,390		27,266		29,307	31,278		33,024		29,110		30,746
Refunding Certificates of Participation - 2014	5,175		5,467		5,748		6,020		6,286		6,583	-		2				- 4
Refunding Certificates of Participation - 2016	9,643		10,536		11,403													
City of Scotts Valley Writ of Mandate	-		-		-		1.5		1,5		725	1,450		2,175				-
McGaffigan Mill Road HOA	-		-		-		-8		-		8	1		33		63		91
and Development Commission	-		-		16		58		6		-	-		-				- 2
RDA Tax Allocation Bonds	-		-		-		-		1 -		(-	-				247,995		217,472
Internal Service Funds	-						18		26		19	16		29		22		1
Business-type activities																		
Lease Revenue Bonds	6,030		6,295		6,550		6,799					-		1		-		-
Loans Payable	143		192		240		287		449		490	531		570		608		646
Capital leases	1,544		2		3		4				2	3				-		-
Total Primary government <sup>1</sup>	\$ 73,855		\$79,344	Ξ	\$76,834		\$82,061		\$74,378		\$79,499	\$71,375		\$76,318		\$320,025	-	\$293,327
Percentage of personal income <sup>2,4</sup>	0.39%		0.44%		0.46%		0.50%		0.47%		0.54%	0.50%		0.55%		2.44%		2.33%
Per capita <sup>3,4</sup>	\$269		\$288		\$279 \$	5	\$299 5	5	\$271		\$293	\$265		\$286		\$1,208		\$1,114

<sup>1</sup> Excludes Component Unit. Total primary government, percentage of personal income and per capita data for prior periods were restated here to exclude amounts related to the Component Unit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Percentage of personal income is calculated from personal income data for the preceding calendar year (e.g. percentage of personal income for Fiscal Year 2019 is based on 2018 calendar year personal income data). Personal income data is provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Per capita data is calculated from per capita income data for the preceding calendar year (e.g. per capita for Fiscal Year 2019 is based on 2018 calendar year per capita income data). Per capita income data is provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Some prior period personal and per capita income data was revised by the Bureau of Economic Analysis and thus some prior period calculations have been restated here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Personal income percentages & per capita calculations corrected to incorporate published estimates by the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	_Assessed Value <sup>1</sup>	Legal Debt Limit <sup>283</sup>	Total Net Applicable Debt	Legal Debt Margin	Debt Margin/ Debt Limit
2010	32,390,764,838	1,619,538,242		404,884,560	100%
2011	32,332,270,918	1,616,613,546		404,153,386	100%
2012	32,033,769,082	1,601,688,454		400,422,114	100%
2013	33,625,169,225	1,681,258,461		420,314,615	100%
2014	35,996,363,446	1,799,818,172		449,954,543	100%
2015	38,321,843,499	1,916,092,175		479,023,044	100%
2016	40,296,052,356	2,014,802,618		503,700,654	100%
2017	42,608,503,591	2,130,425,180		2,130,425,180	100%
2018	45,265,421,591	2,263,271,080		2,263,271,080	100%
2019	47,620,014,333	2,381,000,717		2,381,000,717	100%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total Assessed Value includes exempt property.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 29909 of the California Government Code limits the General Obligation Bond indebtedness to 5 percent of the total full cash valuation of all real and personal property within the County. The Legal Debt Margin is the Legal Debt Limit reduced by the General Bonded Debt. The County does not have any General Bonded Debt.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Amounts were misreported in prior years and have been restated here.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATEMENT OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT JUNE 30, 2019

(Reported in Thousands)

2018-2019 Total Net Assessed Valuation

\$ 48,382,546

	Percentage Applicable <sup>1</sup>		Net Debt utstanding
Overlapping Tax and Assessment and General Obligation Debt			
SCHOOL DISTRICTS			
Elementary School Districts			
Live Oak Elementary	100%	\$	10,696
Santa Cruz City Elementary	100%		38,818
Soquel Union Elementary	100%		47,905
Mountain Elementary	100%		2,300
Santa Cruz City High	100%		78,904
Scotts Valley Unified	100%		42,425
San Lorenzo Valley Unified	100%		23,645
Pacific	100%		817
Pajaro Valley Unified	100%		173,384
Cabrillo College	100%		106,005
SPECIAL DISTRICTS			
Zayante Fire	100%		
Lompico Water	100%		-
Rolling Woods Water	100%		910
Rolling Woods Sewer Improvements	100%		485
North Polo Drive Sewer Extension	100%		135
Orchard Drive	100%		695
Felton Community Facilities - District No. 1	100%		7,770
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment and General Obligation Debt		_	
8: 18:11		-	534,894
<u>Direct_Debt</u>	- 1 Gayar		
Santa Cruz County <sup>2</sup>	100%		
Total Direct Debt			66,139
			66,139
Total Combined Overlapping and Direct Debt			
		\$	601,033
Ratio to 2017-2018 Assessed Valuation			
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment and General Obligation Debt	1.11%		
Total Direct Debt	0.14%		
Total Combined Direct Debt and Overlapping Debt	1.24%		
10 4 2,55 70 4,75 0 11 10 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the County.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Governmental activities debt excluding tax and revenue anticipation notes, compensated absences and estimated claims, business-type activities and debt related to the Santa Cruz County Sanitation District.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ OUTSTANDING DEBT OF THE FINANCING AUTHORITIES<sup>1</sup> JUNE 30, 2019

(Reported in Thousands)

YEAR OF ISSUANCE	PF	RINCIPAL	IN	TEREST	 TOTAL
Debt <sup>2</sup>					
1996	\$	10,765	\$	2,590	\$ 13,355
1999		35		1	36
2008		1,160		125	1,285
2011		4,660		2,264	6,924
2012A		1,440		598	2,038
2014		4,960		1,512	6,472
2014		4,350		1,577	5,927
2015		8,065		906	8,971
2015		9,040		4,963	14,003
2016		8,835		2,726	11,561
2017		7,525		2,160	9,685
Total debt outstanding for					
the Public Financing Authority	\$	60,835	\$	19,422	\$ 80,257

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Public Financing Authority is a separate legal entity for whose debt the County is not liable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Certificates of Participation, Refunding Certificates of Participation, Lease Revenue Bonds, Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Revenue Bonds, and Local Agency Revenue Bonds.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ GENERAL INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Santa Cruz County is the second smallest county in the State of California, with an area of 440 square miles. It is also one of the original 27 counties formed in 1850, and prior to California's independence it was one of three Spanish Pueblos in California.

Santa Cruz County is located in the northern crescent of Monterey Bay, 74 miles south of San Francisco, 375 miles north of Los Angeles, 159 miles southwest of Sacramento, and 164 miles northwest of Fresno.

Fiscal Year		Population <sup>1</sup> n thousands)	Budget equirements <sup>2</sup> n thousands)		Budget Per Capita	Pro	Current perty Taxes thousands)	Taxes Per Capita
2010		272	\$ 411,120	\$	1,511	\$	69,970	\$ 257
2011		264	422,464		1,600		69,606	264
2012		266	432,514		1,626		69,497	261
2013		267	447,006		1,674		69,152	259
2014		272	458,496		1,686		71,929	264
2015		272	505,725		1,859		77,497	285
2016		276	539,798		1,956		82,863	300
2017		277	552,333		1,994		88,414	319
2018		276	590,759		2,140		94,000	341
2019		275	646,197		2,350		100,409	365
		Assessed	Per Capita		Personal		School	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	(ir	Valuation thousands)	Income <sup>3</sup>	(i	Income <sup>3</sup> n thousands)	E	nrollment <sup>4</sup>	Rate <sup>5</sup>
2010	\$	32,390,765	\$ 42,616	\$	11,080,626		69,958	11.1%
2011		32,332,271	42,808		11,267,634		68,543	13.3%
2012		32,033,769	45,770		12,125,514		69,336	13.1%
2013		33,625,169	49,195		13,116,916		69,194	11.8%
2014		35,996,363	49,942		13,456,565		69,342	10.3%
2015		38,321,843	52,280		14,209,814		70,516	8.7%
2016		40,296,052	59,598		16,347,740		70,411	7.5%
2017		42,608,504	60,924		16,766,106		70,282	6.9%
2018		45,265,422	64,901		17,854,678		70,702	6.7%
2019		47,620,014	69,355		19,021,010		70,328	6.1%

#### SOURCES

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on information compiled by the California Department of Finance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Santa Cruz County Final/Adopted Budgets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). Figures are for the preceding calendar year (e.g., Fiscal Year 2019 is 2018 calendar year data). All prior period numbers have been revised by the BEA and have been restated here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Total includes data obtained from the California Department of Education, the University of California at Santa Cruz, and Cabrillo College.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Data reflects the annual average rate for the calendar year (e.g., Fiscal Year 2019 is annual average for 2018 calendar year) as calculated by the California Employment Development Department. Calendar year 2013 was revised by the EDD and has been restated here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Amounts have been corrected to reflect actual amounts.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

line.	Ne	ew Dwelling Units <sup>1</sup>		Valuation	of New Units1 (in the	ousands)	Deposits <sup>2</sup>
Calendar Year	Single Family	Multiple Family	Total Units	Residential	Non- Residential	Total Valuation	Amount (in thousands)
2009	107	2	109	54,300	50,809	105,109	4,224,669
2010	92	23	115	61,446	40,841	102,287	4,172,547
2011	79	111	190	58,010	40,165	98,175	4,235,090
2012	80	173	253	68,932	51,671	120,603	4,308,423
2013	94	32	126	69,559	44,708	114,267	4,441,443
2014	113	5	118	70,444	79,182	149,626	4,729,351
2015	101	62	163	72,860	42,430	115,290	5,439,646
2016	116	202	318	102,393	93,011	195,404	6,076,534
2017	222	156	378	120,210	36,810	157,020	6,133,076
2018	170	129	299	110,871	47,434	158,305	6,269,787

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Compiled by the California Department of Finance - Economic Research Unit. Calendar year 2019 new construction and property valuation data is not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Complied by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as reported in the Deposit Market Share Report reflecting deposits as of June 30, 2019.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	Debt Sen	vice Funds	s		Enterp	rise Funds	
Year Ended June 30,		Special sessment Billed	Special Assessment Collected		Special Assessment Billed		As	Special sessment ollected / efunded)
2010	\$	206,325	\$	203,641	\$	90,075	\$	90,139
2011		201,300		201,300		92,629		92,653
2012		199,146		223,739		89,947		89,946
2013		195,230		199,209		92,052		92,171
2014		197,814		221,247		93,061		93,062
2015		195,882		185,882		90,298		90,298
2016		193,708		204,728		91,601		91,598
2017		264,054		275,353		91,707		91,703
2018		211,083		246,813		92,271		91,349
2019		212,413		248,062		2		(129,567)

Note: The billings and collections shown are for those special assessment bonds for which the County has established redemption funds for the purpose of facilitating bond payment in the case of delinquent accounts.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND TEN YEARS AGO

Taxpayer	Type of Business	A:	ssessed Value 2018-2019	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 2018-20 <sup>1</sup> 91
Pacific Gas & Electric Company	Gas & Electric Utility	\$	328,810,212	0.68 %
Santa Cruz Seaside Company	Amusement Park		132,585,341	0.27
Capitola Mall, LLC	Property management		97,396,446	0.20
Watsonville Hospital	Hospital		61,917,088	0.13
363 Western Drive LLC	Real Estate		56,242,800	0.12
S Martinelli & Co	Consumer Goods		54,089,585	0.11
Cypress Point Real Estate Investors	Real Estate		48,543,532	0.10
Ow Family LLCC	Real Estate		48,543,532	0.10
Rancho Del Mar Center	Property management		46,728,840	0.10
Safeway	Grocery Store		43,762,094	0.09
Totals		\$	918,619,470	1.90 %

Taxpayer	Type of Business	A:	ssessed Value 2008-2009	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 2008-20 <sup>0</sup> 92
Pacific Gas and Electric	Gas & Electric Utility	\$	178,105,113	0.52 %
Lonestar California Inc	Cement Manufacturer		74,634,608	0.22
NNN Enterprise Way LLF et al	Software producer		66,226,064	0.19
Macerich Partnership L P	Commercial Real Estate		65,878,888	0.19
AT&T California	Telephone Utility		61,859,072	0.18
Watsonville Hospital Corp	Hospital		59,008,298	0.17
Santa Cruz Seaside Company	Amusement Park		55,693,126	0.16
George Ow, Jr. et al	Real Estate		45,497,831	0.13
Cypress Point RE Investors LLC	Apartment Complex		41,404,723	0.12
Seagate Technology	Electronic Manufacturer	_	40,874,406	0.12
Totals		\$	689,182,129	2.00 %

Note: Principal taxpayer data for fiscal year 2018-2019 is derived from the 2018 tax roll, which was billed and collected during 2019.

Data for fiscal year 2008-2009 is derived from the 2008 tax roll, which was billed and collected during 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Percentage of total assessed valuation for 2018-2019 is calculated from the total net assessed valuation of \$48,382,546,102

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Percentage of total assessed valuation for 2008-2009 is calculated from the total net assessed valuation of \$34,450,640,511.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND TEN YEARS AGO

Employer	Product/Service	Number of Employees 2018-2019 <sup>1</sup>	Percentage of Total Employment 2018-2019 <sup>2</sup>
University of California at Santa Cruz	Education	1,000-4,999	1.84 %
Pajaro Valley Unified School District	Education	1,000-4,999	1.84
County of Santa Cruz	County Services	1,000-4,999	1.84
Dominican Hospital	Hospital	1,000-4,999	1.84
Santa Cruz Beach Boardwalk	Amusement/Recreation	1,000-4,999	1.84
Granite Rock	<b>Excavating Contractors</b>	500-999	0.19
Poly Inc (formely Plantronics)	Telephone Apparatus Mfg.	500-999	0.19
Watsonville Community Hospital	Hospital	500-999	0.19
Source Naturals	Vitamin Manufacturer	500-999	0.19
Santa Cruz Health Center	Clinics	500-999	0.19
Monterey Mushrooms	Agriculture	500-999	0.19
Larse Farms Inc	Agriculture	500-999	0.19

Employer <sup>3</sup>	Product/Service <sup>3</sup>	Number of Employees 2008-2009 <sup>3</sup>	Percentage of Total Employment 2008-2009 <sup>3</sup>
University of California, Santa Cruz	Education	1,000-4,999	2.04 %
Pajaro Valley Unified School District	Education	1,000-4,999	2.04
County of Santa Cruz	County Services	1,000-4,999	2.04
Dominican Hospital	Hospital	1,000-4,999	2.04
Santa Cruz Beach Boardwalk	Amusement/Recreation	1,000-4,999	2.04
Cabrillo College	Education	500-999	0.51
Santa Cruz City School District	Education	500-999	0.51
City of Santa Cruz	City Services	500-999	0.51
Seagate Technology	Disc Drives	500-999	0.51
Watsonville Hospital	Hospital	500-999	0.51
West Marine	Retail	500-999	0.51
Plantronics	Telephone Apparatus Mfg.	500-999	0.51

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Number of employees reflects a range provided by California Employment Development Department (EDD) data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Average of the reported range divided by total civilian employment of 138,900 as reported by the EDD for June 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Public Assistance										
Human Services Department										
Adult Protective Services										
Referrals received	1,764	1,406	1,011	936	754	630	603	626	547	542
Investigations completed	1,649	1,098	906	816	601	444	420	386	352	320
Family and Children's Services										
Annual referrals (families)	2,699	2,788	2,770	2,635	2,727	2,591	2,457	3,200	2,870	2,624
Finalized adoptions	40 2	37	52	50	45	72	58	51	41	32
Licensed foster homes (monthly average)	100 2	60	139	130	125	113	106	112	105	100
Benefit Services										
Average number of Medi-Cal recipients	71,077	73,041	76,713	73,060	64,344	44,600	37,971	31,624	30,786	28,998
Public Ways and Facilities										
Public Works										
Roads										
Miles of road maintained	596	596	596	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
Potholes repaired	1,756	4,295	4,013	3,750	3,994	4,130	3,700	4,500	3,552	2,500
Minor culverts maintained	404	2,262	2,262	2,262	2,262	2,262	2,262	2,262	1,010	2,000
Bridges and major culverts maintained	137	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160
Traffic signs replaced/repaired	2,938	2,657	1,047	1,377	1,238	1,452	1,463	1,516	1,850	1,029
Miles of street swept	186	112	285	518	381	1,607	1,800	1,555	1,465	4,000
Sanitation										
Miles of pipe maintained	245	245	245	245	244	236	236	230	230	230
Maintenance call responses	279	401	150	209	319	100	138	168	182	238
Landfill										
Waste generated (tons)						166,594	139,529	138,448	139,365	153,873
Waste disposed (tons)				91,399	83,642	79,292	60,974	61,503	71,470	71,701
Recreation and Cultural Services										
Parks, Open Space and Cultural Services										
Facility bookings	7,409	7,602	6,927	6,716	7,621	7,532	6,877	6,114	5,545	5,942
Recreation registrations	7,144	7,025	7,591	7,295	6,720	6,831	6,218	6,165	6,273	5,518
Swim admissions	200,628	188,127	184,064	178,882	178,289	158,573	130,059	77,022	76,334	90,771

Sources: Various County Departments

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Prior period reported an estimate which has been restated here to reflect actual data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Prior period restated here consistent with Capital Assets Statistics by Function.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$  New reporting system with more precise tracking capabilities was implemented.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION, CONTINUED LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Ye	ear				
Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Public Protection										
Agricultural Commissioner										
High risk quarantine inspections	943	1,228	1,394	1,468	1,347	1,293	1,569	1,450	1,669	1,900
District Attorney										
Criminal Prosecution										
Felony filings	2,022	1,859	2,379	1,757	2,113	2,703	2,322	2,164	2,169	2,457
Juvenile filings	414	385	591	817	413	652	709	799	503	594
Consumer Affairs										
Number of calls received	226	412	2,198	1,821	2,143	2,040	2,410	2,345	2,410	2,622
Number of written complaints received	163	243	148	127	129	121	195	272	302	462
Planning										
Building permits issued	4,424	4,452	4,463	4,072	4,097	3,487	3,446	2,899	2,787	2,463
Building permit inspection sites visited	9,924	11,979	10,998	9,503	10,084	9,081	8,700	8,601	7,620	7,093
Code compliance cases resolved	216	251	114	102	105	77	112	249	228	400
Probation										
Juvenile division referrals	n/a 2	765	913	980	1,220	1,074	1,160	1,453	1,613	1,649
Juvenile division petitions filed	n/a 2	327	362	430	569	430	445	637	851	880
Juvenile court investigations	n/a 2	69	54	53	60	62	54	96	110	116
Public Defender										
Total cases	11,038	10,955	10,900	10,800	10,445	10,910	11,268	10,731	10,311	10,805
Sheriff/Coroner (Investigation Division)										
Total cases reviewed	n/a	10,990	11,072	10,481	10,471	10,425	10,686	10,989	11,660	12,535
Total arrests	n/a 2	64	85	86	168	216	188	98	269	307
Detention										
Main jail bookings	9,404	9,208	10,641	11,305	10,964	10,487	9,658	10,699	12,274	12,716
Weights and Measures										
Establishments visited	1,537	1,348	1,200	1,200	1,039	1,237	1,043	1,027	1,139	1,500
Special District										
Mosquito Abatement/Vector Control CSA #53										
Mosquito inspections	7,104	7,228	8,423	8,859	6,440	2,995	3,342	3,885	4,500	5,515

Sources: Various County Departments

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Prior period reported an estimate which has been restated here to reflect actual data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data is presented on a calendar year basis, which is not yet available.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ BUDGETED POSITIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

DEPARTMENT/FUNCTION	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE	17.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
CLERK OF THE BOARD (5 added to CAO)	5.00	5.00	5.00							- 1
AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER <sup>1</sup>	18.40	16.40	16.40	16.40	20.40	19.40	19.40	19.60	19.70	19.75
MOSQUITO ABATEMENT/VECTOR CONTROL	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00
AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.75
ASSESSOR	26.00	26.00	26.00	29.00	33.25	33.25	33.25	33.25	33.50	35.50
AUDITOR-CONTROLLER-TREASURER-TAX										
COLLECTOR <sup>2</sup>	45.75	44.75	42.75	42.75	30.00	29.00	29.00	29.00	29.00	29.00
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
CANNABIS LICENSING	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RECORDER	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
COUNTY CLERK/ELECTIONS	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
COUNTY COUNSEL	19.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50
DISTRICT ATTORNEY	103.00	99.00	97.00	94.00	90.50	89.50	89.50	89.50	90.50	92.50
CHILD SUPPORT SERVICES	49.00	51.00	59.00	59.00	61.00	64.00	63.00	62.00	65.50	66.50
EMERGENCY SERVICES	2.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
GENERAL SERVICES	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	9.00	9.00
FACILITIES MAINTENANCE	42.00	42.00	42.00	42.00	44.00	44.00	44.00	44.00	44.00	47.00
CENTRAL STORES/DUPLICATING	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
PURCHASING	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00
SERVICE CENTER	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00
HEALTH SERVICES	568.20	550.45	531.85	534.30	526.95	512.40	508.05	522.00	498.25	486.50
HOMELESS SERVICES COORDINATION	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HUMAN SERVICES	532.50	530.50	570.00	574.50	515.00	489.50	441.00	435.50	434.50	445.50
VETERANS SERVICES	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
INFORMATION SERVICES/TELEPHONE	56.00	56.00	56.00	57.00	64.50	64.50	64.50	64.00	65.00	65.00
INFORMATION SERVICES/COMM. TECH.	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
PARKS OPEN SPACE & CULTURAL SERVICES	49.25	47.50	45.75	44.75	40.80	33.80	34.80	29.80	42.10	47.50
PERSONNEL	27.00	27.00	27.00	25.00	26.50	24.50	24.25	24.25	24.50	25.50
RISK MANAGEMENT	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	12.00
PLANNING	71.00	66.50	65.25	64.00	65.25	66.00	66.00	63.25	75.60	87.25
PROBATION	97.50	97.25	96.25	91.25	93.25	98.25	93.75	77.50	77.00	81.00
JUVENILE HALL	30.00	30.00	31.00	30.50	30.50	30.50	30.50	30.50	30.50	30.50
PUBLIC WORKS	267.80	262.80	256.80	256.00	267.50	267.50	267.50	272.50	272.50	274.00
RDA	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	22.00	22.00
SHERIFF-CORONER	180.00	175.00	175.00	173.00	173.00	170.00	171.00	171.00	170.75	173.75
CORRECTIONS	152.00	151.00	150.00	151.00	149.00	145.00	164.50	156.50	155.00	165.25
COURT SECURITY	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	25.00	26.00
TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR <sup>3</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.75	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	14.75
TOTAL	2,481.90	2,437.65	2,452.05	2,443.95	2,398.45	2,350.90	2,311.80	2,292.95	2,318.90	2,370.00

Source: Annual Adopted County Budget

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Weights and Measures was incorporated into the Agricultural Commissioner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> On July 1, 2005, the Public Guardian was transferred to Health Services Agency. Its positions are incorporated into Health Services Agency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> On January 5, 2015, the County began consolidating of the offices of Auditor-Controller and Treasurer-Tax Collector.

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN EFFECT JUNE 30, 2019

DETAILS OF COVERAGE	LIMITS
CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority  Blanket buildings and equipment including EDP, Vehicles, Contractors'  Equipment, Boiler & Machinery. All Risk, flood, replacement cost-agreed amount including earthquake at scheduled locations	
All Risk & Flood Limits Earthquake Limits Deductible	\$ 600,000,000 640,000,000 5,000
CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority Faithful Performance Bond (covers failure to faithfully perform duties and employee dishonesty). Includes all employees and Treasurer	15,000,000
Deductible	2,500
Wells Fargo National Union Fire Includes passengers' bodily injury, terrorism and property damage combined each occurrence	5,000,000
CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority Workers' Compensation	
Employer's Liability \$500,000 Self-Insured Retention Deductible (per occurrence) Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability	Statuatory Limits
CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority  Comprehensive hospital professional and general liability for HSA	21,500,000
staff and operations and Jail Medical Unit	10,000
Wells Fargo/Travelers Includes fossils and fine arts for all County locatoins	125,000
Deductible	500
CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority	
Excess Liability Insurance \$1,000,000 Self-Insured Retention to \$25,000,000	25,000,000
CSAC - Excess Insurance Authority \$25,000,000 excess of \$25,000,000	25,000,000
Wells Fargo/American Alternative Insurance Corp. Includes property insurance for County owned fire stations including	
	3,000,000
Auto Liability	1,000,000
Deductible Equipment Deductible	1,000
CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority	40.000.000
Pollution Program Self-Insured Retention Deductible	10,000,000 250,000
CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority	2 200 200
	2,000,000
Self-Insurance Retention Deductible	50,000
CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority	742/00
Protection and Indemnity Deductible	1,000,000
	CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority Blanket buildings and equipment including EDP, Vehicles, Contractors' Equipment, Boiler & Machinery. All Risk, flood, replacement cost-agreed amount including earthquake at scheduled locations All Risk & Flood Limits Earthquake Limits Deductible  CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority Faithful Performance Bond (covers failure to faithfully perform duties and employee dishonesty). Includes all employees and Treasurer Deductible  Wells Fargo National Union Fire Includes passengers' bodily injury, terrorism and property damage combined each occurrence  CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority Workers' Compensation Employer's Liability \$500,000 Self-Insured Retention Deductible (per occurrence) Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability  CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority Comprehensive hospital professional and general liability for HSA staff and operations and Jail Medical Unit Deductible  Wells Fargo/Travelers Includes fossils and fine arts for all County locatoins Deductible  CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority Excess Liability Insurance \$1,000,000 Self-Insured Retention to \$25,000,000  CSAC - Excess Insurance Authority \$25,000,000 excess of \$25,000,000  Wells Fargo/American Alternative Insurance Corp. Includes property insurance for County owned fire stations including contents, business interruption, money & securities, boiler & machinery Fire Liability Auto Liability Deductible  CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority Pollution Program Self-Insured Retention Deductible  CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority Pollution Program Self-Insured Retention Deductible  CSAC-Excess Insurance Retention Deductible

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal '	Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function										
Public protection										
Jail facilities	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Rehabilitation center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Juvenile center <sup>2</sup>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Courthouses	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Morgue	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Center for Public Safety	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	~	
Public assistance										
Child day care center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Elder day care center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Residential care facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Volunteer center	1	- 1	1	1	- 1	1	1	1	1	1
Veterans centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Behavioral Health Unit	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	
Recreation and culture										
Parks acreage	236	236	228	228	228	228	226	225	223	223
Sites	65	65	63	60	60	60	59	59	57	57
Athletic fields	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Swimming pools	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public ways and facilities										
Roads										
Pavement (miles)	596	596	596	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
Junction structures	15,884	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Minor culverts	404	2,262	2,262	2,262	2,262	2,262	2,262	2,262	1,010	2,000
Bridges and major culverts	137	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160
Sanitation										
Pipe (miles)	245	245	245	245	244	236	236	230	230	230
Pump stations/treatment plants	60	61	61	63	64	63	63	62	62	62
General government										
Administrative/other facilities 1,3	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	10	10

Sources: Various County Departments

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes buildings and centers utilized by various departments within different functions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2,3</sup> Figures for 2018 & 2017 have been restated.

# GLOSSARY (UNAUDITED)

**ACCOUNTS PAYABLE.** A short-term liability account reflecting amounts owed to private persons or organizations for goods and services received by a government.

**ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE.** An asset account reflecting amounts due from private persons or organizations for goods and services furnished by a government (but not including amounts due from other funds or other governments).

**ACCRUAL BASIS.** The recording of the financial effects on a government of transactions and other events and circumstances that have cash consequences for the government in the periods in which those transactions, events, and circumstances occur, rather than only in the periods in which cash is received or paid by the government.

**ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION.** A contra-asset account used to report the accumulation of periodic credits to reflect the expiration of the estimated service life of capital assets.

**ADVANCE FROM OTHER FUNDS.** A liability account used to record noncurrent portions of a long-term debt owed by one fund to another fund within the same reporting entity. See DUE TO OTHER FUNDS and INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE.

**ADVANCE TO OTHER FUNDS**. An asset account used to record noncurrent portions of a long-term loan from one fund to another fund within the same reporting entity. See DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS.

**AGENCY FUND.** A fund normally used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and/or other funds.

**AMORTIZATION.** (1) The portion of the cost of a limited-life or intangible asset charged as an expense during a particular period. (2) The reduction of debt by regular payments of principal and interest sufficient to retire the debt by maturity.

**APPROPRIATION**. A legal authorization granted by a legislative body to make expenditures and to incur obligations for specific purposes. An appropriation usually is limited in amount and time it may be expended.

**ASSESSED VALUATION**. A valuation set upon real estate or other property by a government as a basis for levying taxes.

**ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE**. Amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making authority or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. This is also the classification for residual funds in the County's special revenue funds.

**AUDITOR'S REPORT.** In the context of a financial audit, a statement by the auditor describing the scope of the audit and the auditing standards applied in the examination, and setting forth the auditor's opinion on the fairness of presentation of the financial information in conformity with GAAP or some other comprehensive basis of accounting.

**BALANCE SHEET.** The financial statement disclosing the assets, liabilities, and equity of an entity at a specified date in conformity with GAAP.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (BFS).** The minimum combination of financial statements and note disclosures required for fair presentation in conformity with GAAP. Basic financial statements have three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

**BASIS OF ACCOUNTING.** A term used to refer to *when* revenues, expenditures, expenses, and transfers and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the *timing* of the measurements made, regardless of the nature of the measurement, on either the cash or the accrual basis.

**BUDGET.** A plan of financial operation embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures for a given period and the proposed means of financing them. Used without any modifier, the term usually indicates a financial plan for a single fiscal year. The term "budget" is used in two senses in practice. Sometimes it designates the financial plan presented to the appropriating governing body for adoption, and sometimes, the plan finally approved by that body.

**BUDGETARY CONTROL.** The control or management of a government or enterprise in accordance with an approved budget to keep expenditures within the limitations of available appropriations and available revenues.

**CAPITAL ASSETS.** Long-lived tangible assets obtained or controlled as a result of past transactions, events or circumstances. Capital assets include buildings, equipment, improvements other than buildings, land and infrastructure. In the private sector, these assets are referred to most often as property, plant, and equipment.

**CAPITAL EXPENDITURES.** Expenditures resulting in the acquisition of or addition to the government's general capital assets.

**CAPITALIZATION POLICY.** The criteria used by a government to determine which outlays should be reported as capital assets.

**CAPITAL LEASE.** An agreement that conveys the right to use property, plant, or equipment, usually for a stated period of time. See LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENTS.

**CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND.** A fund created to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**CASH BASIS.** A basis of accounting under which transactions are recognized only when cash is received or disbursed.

**CASH WITH FISCAL AGENT.** An asset account reflecting deposits with fiscal agents, such as commercial banks, for the payment of bond principal and interest

**CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING PROGRAM.** A voluntary program administered by the GFOA to encourage governments to publish efficiently organized and easily readable CAFRs and to provide technical assistance and peer recognition to the finance officers preparing them.

**CHANGE IN THE FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS.** The difference between the fair value of investments at the beginning of the year and at the end of the year, taking into consideration investment purchases, sales, and redemptions.

**COMMITTED FUND BALANCE.** Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Supervisors), and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

**COMPENSATED ABSENCES.** Absences, such as vacation and illness, for which it is expected employees will be paid. The term does not encompass severance or termination pay, postretirement benefits, deferred compensation, or other long-term fringe benefits, such as group insurance and long-term disability pay.

**COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (CAFR).** A financial report that encompasses all funds and component units of the government. The CAFR should contain (a) the basic financial statements and required supplementary information, (b) combining statements to support columns in the basic financial statements that aggregate information from more than one fund or component unit, and (c) individual fund statements as needed. The CAFR is the governmental unit's official annual report and also should contain introductory information, schedules necessary to demonstrate compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions, and statistical data.

**CONTINGENT LIABILITY.** Items that may become liabilities as a result of conditions undetermined at a given date, such as guarantees, pending lawsuits, judgments under appeal, unsettled disputed claims, unfilled purchase orders and uncompleted contracts. Contingent liabilities should be disclosed within the financial statements (including the notes) when there is a reasonable possibility a loss may have been incurred. Guarantees, however, should be disclosed even though the possibility of loss may be remote.

**COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN.** A single plan with pooling (cost-sharing) arrangements for the participating employers. All risks, rewards, and costs, including benefit costs, are shared and are not attributed individually to the employers. A single actuarial valuation covers all plan members and the same contribution rate(s) applies for each employer.

**CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES MEASUREMENT FOCUS.** Measurement focus according to which the aim of a set of financial statements is to report the near-term (current) inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable (spendable) financial resources. The current financial resources measurement focus is unique to accounting and financial reporting for State and local governments and is used solely for reporting the financial position and results of operations of governmental funds.

**DEBT.** An obligation resulting from the borrowing of money or from the purchase of goods and services. Debts of governments include bonds, time warrants, and notes.

**DEBT SERVICE FUND.** A fund established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

**DEFERRED CHARGES.** Expenditures that are not chargeable to the fiscal period in which they were made but that are carried as an asset on the balance sheet, pending amortization or other disposition (e.g., bond issuance costs). Deferred charges differ from prepaid items in that they usually extend over a long period of time (more than five years) and are not regularly recurring costs of operation.

**DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES.** The consumption or acquisition of net position in one period that is applicable to future periods.

**DEFICIT.** (1) The excess of the liabilities of a fund over its assets. (2) The excess of expenditures over revenues during an accounting period or, in the case of proprietary funds, the excess of expenses over revenues during an accounting period.

**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN.** A pension plan having terms that specify the amount of pension benefits to be provided at a future date or after a certain period of time; the amount specified usually is a function of one or more factors such as age, years of service, and compensation.

**DEPRECIATION.** (1) Expiration in the service life of capital assets, other than wasting assets, attributable to wear and tear, deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy, and obsolescence. (2) The portion of the cost of a capital asset, other than a wasting asset, charged as an expense during a particular period. In accounting for depreciation, the cost of a capital asset, less any salvage value, is prorated over the estimated service life of such an asset and each period is charged with a portion of such cost. Through this process, the entire cost of the asset is ultimately charged off as an expense.

**DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS.** An asset account used to indicate amounts owed to a particular fund by another fund for goods sold or services rendered. This account includes only short-term obligations on open account, not interfund loans.

**DUE TO OTHER FUNDS.** A liability account reflecting amounts owed by a particular fund to another fund for goods sold or services rendered. These amounts include only short-term obligations on open account, not interfund loans.

**ECONOMIC RESOURCES MEASUREMENT FOCUS.** Measurement focus under which the aim of a set of financial statements is to report all inflows, outflows, and balances affecting or reflecting an entity's net position. The economic resources measurement focus is used for proprietary and fiduciary funds, as well as for government-wide financial reporting. It is also used by business enterprises in the private sector.

**ENCUMBRANCES.** Commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services. Used in budgeting, encumbrances are not GAAP expenditures or liabilities, but represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in process are completed.

**ENTERPRISE FUND.** Proprietary fund type used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

**EXPENDITURE-DRIVEN GRANTS.** Government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions in which expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Also referred to as reimbursement grants.

**EXCHANGE-LIKE TRANSACTION.** Transaction in which there is an identifiable exchange between the reporting government and another party, but the values exchanged may not be quite equal or the direct benefits of the exchange may not be exclusively for the parties to the exchange.

**EXPENDITURES.** Decreases in net financial resources. Expenditures include current operating expenses requiring the present or future use of net position, debt service and capital outlays, and intergovernmental grants, entitlement, and shared revenues.

**EXPENSES.** Outflows or other using up of assets or incurrences of liabilities (or a combination of both) from delivering or producing goods, rendering services, or carrying out other activities that constitute the entity's ongoing major or central operations.

**EXTERNAL AUDITORS.** Independent auditors typically engaged to conduct an audit of a government's financial statements.

**EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL.** An arrangement that commingles (pools) the moneys of more than one legally separate entity and invests, on the participants' behalf, in an investment portfolio; one or more of the participants is not part of the sponsors reporting entity. An external investment pool can be sponsored by an individual government, jointly by more than one government, or by a nongovernmental entity. An investment pool that is sponsored by an individual State or local government is an external investment pool if it includes participation by a legally separate entity that is not part of the same reporting entity as the sponsoring government. If a government-sponsored pool includes only the primary government and its component units, it is an internal investment pool and not an external investment pool.

**FAIR VALUE.** The amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

**FIDUCIARY FUNDS.** The trust and agency funds used to account for assets held by a government unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other government units, and/or other funds.

**FINANCIAL RESOURCES.** Resources that are or will become available for spending. Financial resources include cash and resources ordinarily expected to be converted to cash (e.g., receivables, investments). Financial resources may also include inventories and prepaids (because they obviate the need to expend current available resources).

**FISCAL AGENT**. A fiduciary agency, usually a bank or county treasurer, who performs the function of paying debt principal and interest when due.

**FUND.** A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts in which cash and other financial resources, all related liabilities and residual equities, or balances, and changes therein, are recorded and segregated to carry on specific activities or attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

**FUND BALANCE.** The difference between fund assets and fund liabilities of governmental and similar trust funds.

**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.** Basic financial statements presented on the basis of funds. Term used in contrast with *government-wide financial statements*.

**FUND TYPE.** Anyone of seven categories into which all funds are classified in governmental accounting. The seven fund types are: general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, enterprise, internal service, and trust and agency.

**GENERAL REVENUES.** All revenues that are not required to be reported as program revenues. All taxes, even those that are levied for a specific purpose, are general revenues and should be reported by type of tax – for example, property tax, sales tax, transient occupancy tax. All other nontax revenues (including interest, grants and contributions) that do not meet the criteria to be reported as program revenues should also be reported as general revenues.

**GENERAL FUND.** The General Fund is one of five governmental fund types and typically serves as the chief operating fund of the government. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP).** The conventions, rules, and procedures that serve as the norm for the fair presentation of financial statements. The various sources of GAAP for State and local governments are set forth by Statements of Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 69, The Meaning of "Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" in the Independent Auditor's Report.

**GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING.** The composite activity of analyzing, recording, summarizing, reporting, and interpreting the financial transactions of governments.

**GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB).** The ultimate authoritative accounting and financial reporting standard-setting body for State and local governments. The GASB was established in June 1984 to replace the National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA).

**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS.** Funds generally used to account for tax-supported activities. There are five different types of governmental funds: the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.** Financial statements that incorporate all of a government's governmental and business-type activities, as well as its nonfiduciary component units. There are two basic government-wide financial statements: the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Both basic governmental financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

**INFRASTRUCTURE.** Long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples of infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, tunnels, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, dams, and lighting systems.

**INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE.** Short-term loans made by one fund to another, or the current portion of an advance to or from another fund.

**INTERFUND TRANSFERS.** Flow of assets (such as cash or goods) between funds and blended component units of the primary government without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for payment.

**INTERNAL SERVICE FUND.** A fund used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of a government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

**JOINT VENTURE.** A legal entity or other contractual arrangement in which a government participates as a separate and specific activity for the benefit of the public or service recipients and in which the government retains an ongoing financial interest.

**LAPSE.** As applied to appropriations, the automatic termination of an appropriation. Except for indeterminate appropriations and continuing appropriations, an appropriation is made for a certain period of time. At the end of the period, any unexpended or unencumbered balance thereof lapses, unless otherwise provided by law.

**LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENTS.** Contractual agreements that are termed leases, but that in substance are purchase contracts.

**LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL**. The level at which spending in excess of budgeted amounts would be a violation of law.

**LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL.** The level at which a government's management may not reallocate resources without special approval from the legislative body.

**LIABILITIES.** Probable future sacrifices of economic benefits, arising from present obligations of a particular entity to transfer assets or provide services to other entities in the future as a result of past transactions or events.

**LOANS RECEIVABLE.** An asset account reflecting amounts loaned to individuals or organizations external to a government, including notes taken as security for such loans. Loans to other funds and governments should be recorded and reported separately.

**MAJOR FUND.** A governmental fund or enterprise fund reported as a separate column in the basic fund financial statements. The General Fund is always a major fund. Otherwise, major funds are funds whose revenues/expenditures, assets, or liabilities are at least 10 percent of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds for the same item. Any other governmental or enterprise fund may be reported as a major fund if the government's officials believe that fund is particularly important to financial statement users.

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS.** A component of required supplementary information used to introduce the basic financial statements and to provide an analytical overview of the entity's financial activities.

**MEASUREMENT FOCUS.** A way of presenting an entity's financial performance and position by considering which *resources* are measured (financial or economic) and *when* the effects of transactions or events involving those resources are recognized (the basis of accounting). The measurement focus of government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements is economic resources. The measurement focus of governmental fund financial statements is current financial resources.

MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS. The accrual basis of accounting adapted to the governmental fund-type measurement focus. Under it, revenues and other financial resource increments (e.g., bond issue proceeds) are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, that is when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period." "Available" means collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Generally, expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred. All governmental funds, expendable trust funds, and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

**NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS.** Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

**NET POSITION.** The residual of all other elements of the statement of financial position. In other words, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

**NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCE.** Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not spendable in form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES.** An increase in current financial resources that is reported separately from revenues to avoid distorting revenue trends. The use of the other financing sources category is limited to items so classified by GAAP.

**OTHER FINANCING USES.** A decrease in current financial resources that is reported separately from expenditures to avoid distorting expenditure trends. The use of other financing uses category is limited to items so classified by GAAP.

**OVERLAPPING DEBT.** The proportionate share that property within each government must bear of the debts of all local governments located wholly or in part within the geographic boundaries of the reporting government. Except for special assessment debt, the amount of debt of each unit applicable to the reporting unit is arrived at by (1) determining what percentage of the total assessed value of the overlapping jurisdiction lies within the limits of the reporting unit, and (2) applying this percentage to the total debt of the overlapping jurisdiction. Special assessment debt is allocated on the basis of the ratio of assessment receivable in each jurisdiction, which will be used wholly or in part to pay off the debt, to total assessments receivable, which will be used wholly or in part for this purpose.

**PROGRAM REVENUES.** Term used in connection with the government-wide statement of activities. Revenues that derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; they reduce the net cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues.

**PROPRIETARY FUNDS.** Funds that focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. There are two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds.

**PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND.** Trust fund used to report resources of other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

**REBATABLE ARBITRAGE.** A term used in connection with the reinvestment of the proceeds of tax-exempt debt. A requirement to remit to the Federal government interest revenue in excess of interest costs when the proceeds from the sale of tax-exempt securities are reinvested in a taxable money market instrument with a materially higher yield.

**REPORTING ENTITY.** The oversight unit and all of its component units, if any, that are combined in the CAFR/BFS.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.** Consists of statements, schedules, statistical data, or other information which, according to the GASB, is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements.

**RESERVED FUND BALANCE.** The portion of a governmental fund's net position that is not available for appropriation.

**RESTRICTED ASSETS.** Assets whose use is subject to constraints that are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE.** Amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**RESTRICTED NET POSITION.** A component of net position calculated by reducing the carrying value of restricted assets by the amount of any related debt outstanding.

**REVENUE BONDS.** Bonds whose principal and interest are payable exclusively from earnings of an enterprise fund. In addition to a pledge of revenues, such bonds sometimes contain a mortgage on the enterprise fund's property.

**RISK MANAGEMENT.** All the ways and means used to avoid accidental loss or to reduce its consequences if it does occur.

**SELF-INSURANCE.** A term often used to describe the retention by an entity of a risk of loss arising out of the ownership of property or from some other cause, instead of transferring that risk to an independent third party through the purchase of an insurance policy. It is sometimes accompanied by the setting aside of assets to fund any related losses. Because no insurance is involved, the term self-insurance is a misnomer.

**SINGLE AUDIT.** An audit performed in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1997 and Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* The Single Audit Act allows or requires governments (depending on the amount of Federal assistance received) to have one audit performed to meet the needs of all Federal agencies.

**SPECIAL DISTRICT.** An independent unit of local government organized to perform a single government function or a restricted number of related functions. Special districts usually have the power to incur debt and levy taxes; however, certain types of special districts are entirely dependent upon enterprise earnings and cannot impose taxes. Examples of special districts are water districts, drainage districts, flood control districts, hospital districts, fire protection districts, transit authorities, port authorities, and electric power authorities.

**SPECIAL REVENUE FUND.** A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

**TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES (TRANS).** Notes issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes and revenues, usually retireable only from tax collections, and frequently only from the proceeds of the tax and revenues levy whose collection they anticipate.

**TRUST FUNDS.** Funds used to account for assets held by a government in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

**UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE.** The residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

**UNMODIFIED OPINION.** An opinion rendered without reservation by the independent auditor that financial statements are fairly presented.

**UNRESERVED FUND BALANCE.** That portion of a fund balance available for spending or appropriation in the future.

**UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION.** That portion of net position that is neither restricted nor invested in capital assets (net of related debt).



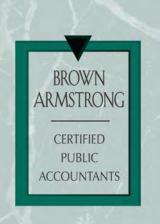
# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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# BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Cruz, California Santa Cruz, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Santa Cruz (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

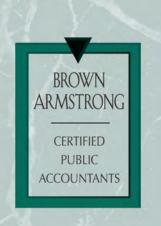
# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Grown Armstrong Secountancy Corporation

Bakersfield, California December 17, 2019



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# BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Cruz, California Santa Cruz, California

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Santa Cruz's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

# **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

# Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# **Restriction on Use**

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, County Board of Supervisors, others within the County, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BROWN ARMSTRONG ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Brown Armstrong Secountainey Corporation

Bakersfield, California December 17, 2019

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract or Program Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through CA Department of Food and Agriculture	40.005	40 0005 000 05	•	•
Phytophtora Ramorum Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter	10.025 10.025	18-0295-032-SF 17-0453-032-SF	\$ -	\$ 43,883 55,095
Enhanced Exotic Pest Survey	10.025	18-0222	-	205.158
Subtotal			-	304,136
CalFRESH Employment and Training (CFET)	10.561		_	223,094
CalFRESH Enhanced	10.561		-	90,022
CalFRESH & Staff Development	10.561		-	6,739,602
Passed through California Department of Public Health				
Nutrition Education and Obesity Prevention	10.561	16-10162		336,898
Subtotal				7,389,616
Passed through California Department of Education				
National School Lunch and Breakfast Program	10.555	44-3447-90003419-01		28,330
Subtotal				28,330
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				7,722,082
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Direct Programs HUD Supportive Housing Program - Match I	14.267	CA0231L9T081710		469,929
HUD Supportive Housing Program - Match I	14.267	CA0231L9T081710	-	85,521
HUD Supportive Housing Program - Match II	14.267	CA0960L9T081603	-	30,039
HUD Supportive Housing Program - Match II	14.267	CA0960L9T081704	-	39,515
HUD Supportive Housing Program - Match III	14.267	CA1074L9T081604	-	35,053
HUD Supportive Housing Program - Match III HUD Supportive Housing Program - Bonus Housing	14.267 14.267	CA1074L9T081705 CA1310L9T081702	-	62,969 29,757
HUD Supportive Housing Program - Bonus Housing	14.267	CA1310L9T081803	-	105,236
		0711010201001000		100,200
Passed through California Department of Housing and Community Development Homeless Action Partnership	14.267	CA1555L9T081701HUD2018	56.417	56,417
Homeless Action Partnership	14.267	CA1555L9T081701110D2018	2,318	2,318
Homeless Action Partnership	14.267	CA1656L9T081700HUD	68,857	68,857
HUD Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program	14.267	CA1636Y9T081600	44,372	44,372
Subtotal			171,964	1,029,983
Passed through California Department of Housing and Community Development				
Community Development Block Grant Subtotal	14.228	15-CDBG-10561	106,048 106,048	1,244,599 1,244,599
Subtotal			100,046	1,244,599
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	15-HOME-10632	230,779	243,279
Home Investment Partnerships Program - Ioan Subtotal	14.239	19-HM15-16/ 16-HM16-17	230,779	373,810 617,089
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			508,791	2,891,671
Total 0.3. Department of Housing and Orban Development			308,791	2,091,071
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs				
SSCO Sheriff's Quality Improvement Medical Examiner-Coroner Accredi Proj	16.560		-	10,778
Bulletproof Vest Partnership	16.607			5,419
Subtotal				16,197
Passed through California Emergency Management Agency				
Victim Witness Assistance Program	16.575	VW17360440	-	98,741
Victim Witness Assistance Program Child Advocacy Center Program	16.575 16.575	VW18370440 KC17010440	-	271,716 161,011
Child Advocacy Center Program	16.575	KC18020440		45,453
County Victim Services Program	16.575	XC16010440	-	106,571
Unserved/Underserved Victim Advocacy and Outreach Program	16.575	UV1602 0440		49,120
Unserved/Underserved Victim Advocacy and Outreach Program Subtotal	16.575	UV1803 0440		129,734 862,346
				002,040
Passed through Justice Reinvestment Initiative Technical Assistance and Maximizing Local Reforms	16.827	2015-ZB-BX-0006		25 622
Subtotal	16.627	2013-2B-BX-0006	<del></del>	35,623 35,623
Passed through Office for Victims of Crime Supporting Male Survivors of Violence	16 502	2015-VF-GX-K042	209,235	294.979
Subtotal	16.582	2015-VF-GX-R042	209,235	294,979
				20.,0.0
Passed through California Board of State and Community Corrections  Shortffic Office SCCO, Residential Abuse Treatment (RSAT)	16 500			44 000
Sheriff's Office SCCO - Residential Abuse Treatment (RSAT) Title II Juvenile Delinguency Prevention and Intervention Grant Program	16.593 16.540	PODER	- 87,531	41,238 211.149
Subtotal	. 3.0 10		87,531	252,387
Total II S. Danartment of Justice			200 700	4 404 500
Total U.S. Department of Justice			296,766	1,461,532

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract or Program Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Labor Passed through California Department of Employment Development				
WIOA Cluster Programs				
Title I - A Adult Formula	17.258		344,248	1,203,762
High Performing Boards	17.258	<del></del>	740,000	17,355
WIOA Youth Activities - Title I Youth Formula Title I-D Dislocated Worker Formula	17.259 17.278	 	746,806 338,965	998,186 941,816
Title I Rapid Response for RA & PGM - Business Retention Survey WIOA Cluster	17.278		66,197 1,496,216	164,692 3,325,811
Total U.S. Department of Labor			1,496,216	3,325,811
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through California Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BPMPL-5936(107)	-	2,608
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	BPMPL-5936(117) BPMPL-5936(119)	-	2,828 4,084
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BRLO-5936(086)	-	170,753
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BRLO-5936(089)	-	6,926
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BRLO-5936(091)	-	5,541
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	BRLO-5936(093) BRLO-5936(094)	-	3,016 2,880
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BRLO-5936(094)	-	4,730
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BRLO-5936(096)	-	10,781
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BRLO-5936(097)	-	2,105,598
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BRLO-5936(112)	-	5,656
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BRLO-5936(127)	-	7,143
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	BRLO-5936(132) DR-1968-HPMG	-	7,195 105,095
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-20E0-5936(010)	-	39,740
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-20E0-5936(011)	-	203,593
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-20E0-5936(012)	-	275,473
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-30R0-5936(003)	-	16,811
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-30R0-5936(004) ER-30R0-5936(005)	-	24,951 285
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-30R0-5936(006)	-	22,773
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32D0-5936(002)	-	105,705
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32D0-5936(003)	-	155
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32D0-5936(004)	-	18,546
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32D0-5936(011) ER-32D0-5936(014)	-	60,463 171,608
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(002)	-	810,139
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(004)	-	1,685
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(005)	-	16,524
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(006)	-	48,414
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(007) ER-32L0-5936(008)	-	91,915 68,206
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(009)	-	1,343,014
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(011)	-	402,415
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(013)	-	23,052
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(014)	-	90,203
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(015) ER-32L0-5936(016)	-	60,233
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(016) ER-32L0-5936(020)	-	73,340 12,615
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(021)	-	73,579
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(046)	-	15,021
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(050)	-	55,770
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(052)	-	60,895
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(056) ER-32L0-5936(057)	-	77,140 35,860
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(057)	-	59,913
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(059)	-	55,486
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(060)	-	98,930
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(062)	-	41,052
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(064) ER-32L0-5936(065)	-	1,153
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(066)		66,833 102,538
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(067)	-	58,219
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(068)	-	125,170
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(069)	-	57,078
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(071)	-	2,971
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(072) ER-32L0-5936(079)	-	38,288 2,448
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(079)	-	69,103
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(081)	-	1,402
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(082)	-	19,121

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract or Program Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation (Continued)				
Passed through California Department of Transportation (Continued)				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(083)	-	42,501
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(084)	-	264
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(088)	-	7,973
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(093) ER-32L0-5936(094)	-	205,892 24,113
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(095)	-	66,541
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(097)	-	78,103
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(103)	-	939
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(104)	-	13,300
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(106)	-	62,209
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(149)	-	55,074
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(150) ER-32L0-5936(199)	-	772 31,530
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(200)	-	5,434
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(201)	_	19,318
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(202)	-	63,013
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(205)	-	63,830
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(207)	-	14,654
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(208)	-	11,700
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(209)	-	86,604
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(210)	-	17,409
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(220) ER-32L0-5936(222)	-	43,404 20,589
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(223)	-	1,684
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(227)	-	7,663
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(229)	-	15,782
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(257)	-	12,176
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(258)	-	78,520
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(259)	-	26,973
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(260)	-	39,393
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(262)	-	36,510
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(263) ER-32L0-5936(264)	-	1,068
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(265)		131,716 19,134
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(266)	-	52,419
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(335)	-	1,895
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(336)	-	2,336
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(337)	-	56,583
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(339)	-	157,664
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(340)	-	7,408
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(341)	-	14,161
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	ER-32L0-5936(342) ER-32L0-5936(343)	-	28,295 69,354
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(344)	-	28,540
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(345)	-	31,829
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(412)	-	40,837
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(413)	-	20,868
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(414)	-	30,892
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(415)	-	63,148
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(425)	-	11,559
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	ER-32L0-5936(463)	-	5,156
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	HSIPL-5936(120) HSIPL-5936(122)	-	266,185 854,617
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	HSIPL-5936(123)	-	870.484
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	HSIPL-5936(129)	_	89,028
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		,		11,553,705
U.S. National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Passed through California Office of Traffic Safety				
Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Program	20.600	PS19020	-	145,216
Occupant Protection Incentive Grant - Tulare County Office of Education	20.602		-	9,000
Highway Safety Cluster	_0.002			154,216
National Priority Safety Programs - Child Passenger Safety	20.616	OP190111		45,026
Subtotal				45,026
National Driggity Cofety Programs   Inserted Inserted Drigits	20.000	AI 40000	0.000	05.070
National Priority Safety Programs - Impacted Impaired Driving Subtotal	20.608	AL18023	6,399	85,270 85,270
Gubiolai			0,388	05,210
Total U.S. National Highway Traffic Safety Administration			6,399	284,512

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract or Program Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Direct Programs	00.004	11000000040	00.404	2 220 240
Health Center Cluster Subtotal	93.224	H80CS00048	23,424	3,236,316 3,236,316
Drug Free Communities	02.276	5H79SP018550-07 / 6H79SP018550-08	14 246	04.251
Subtotal	93.276	6H793F016550-06	14,346 14,346	94,351 94,351
Capital Development Subtotal	93.526	C8DS29778		925,363 925,363
Subtotal				925,363
Early Intervention Services	93.918	H76HA00153	21,023	481,680
Subtotal			21,023	481,680
Passed through California Department of Social Services				
KinGap IV-E - Administration	93.090			10,697
Subtotal				10,697
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families				
CalWORKS - Assistance	93.558		-	5,323,963
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families - CalWorks Program and Staff	02.550			44 400 400
Development Temporary Assistance for Needy Families - EA - ER, ESC, CR	93.558 93.558		-	14,193,102 1,817,612
CALWIN	93.558			329,571
Subtotal				21,664,248
RCA Refugee Assistance	93.566		_	4,892
Subtotal	30.000			4,892
Foster Care - Title IV-E				
Emergency Child Care Bridge	93.658		-	37,574
Foster Care - Assistance	93.658		-	1,045,682
Foster Care - Title IV-E - AB2129	93.658		-	21,454
Case Record Review Child Welfare Services - CWS Title IV-E & Staff Development	93.658 93.658	 	-	130,670 767,917
Foster Parent Recruitment Retention and Support	93.658		-	28,378
Foster Care - Licensing Foster Family & Staff Development	93.658		-	11,830
Foster Care - Title IV-E - Administration & Staff Development Foster Care - Kinship & Foster Care Emergency Fund	93.658 93.658		-	163,341 746
Probation - CSEC (Pass Through)	93.658	 	-	53,958
Probation - CWS - IV-E & GHMV (Pass Through)	93.658		-	378,097
Probation - CWS - OIP (Pass Through) Child Welfare Services - Group Home Monthly Visits	93.658 93.658		-	608 10,015
Substance Abuse Disorder	93.658	 	-	16,584
Foster Care - EA - FC Emergency Assistance	93.658		-	370,151
Resource Family Support Child Family Team	93.658 93.658		-	297,160 61,192
SACWIS - CWS - NS	93.658	 	-	11,347
Public Agency IV-E Pass-Through (SCCOE)	93.658		-	182,505
Licensing - Title XX	93.658		-	6,654
FPP: Family Preservation (FED) SA/HIV Infant Program	93.658 93.658		-	47,716 12,095
Commercially Exploited Children - CSEC	93.658		-	10,811
Passed through California Department of Health Services				
Family Preservation - DHS Title XIX	93.658		-	17,626
Child Welfare Services - CWS Title IV-E (DHS Title XIX)	93.658			3,951,144
Subtotal				7,635,255
Adoption Assistance	02.050			4 400 704
Adoption Assistance - Assistance Adoption Assistance - Other Public Assistance & Staff Development	93.659 93.659		-	4,183,704 181,860
Adoption Assistance - Social Services & Staff Development	93.659		-	150,112
Adoption Incentive	93.659			37,067
Subtotal				4,552,743
Child Welfare Services - Title XX	93.667		-	157,986
Title XX-FC	93.667			23,632
Subtotal	ac			181,618
Promoting Safe and Stable Families - PSSF & Staff Development Promoting Safe and Stable Families - PSSF Case Worker Visits	93.556 93.556		-	156,529 16,309
Subtotal	33.330			172,838
OUTLINE CONTROL THE IMPROPRIES	ac - :-			
Child Welfare Services - Title IV-B & Staff Development Subtotal	93.645		<del>-</del> -	143,632 143,632
Gubiolal			<u>_</u>	143,032

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract or Program Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (Continued) Passed through California Department of Health Services (Continued) Independent Living Program & Staff Development Subtotal	93.674			56,557 56,557
Passed through California Department of Child Support Services Child Support Enforcement - Santa Cruz County Child Support Enforcement - San Benito County Subtotal	93.563 93.563	Ξ	<u>:</u>	4,040,932 1,164,951 5,205,883
Passed through California Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs				
Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant Subtotal	93.959	DHCS #17-94200 A01 & 17- 94161 A01	919,534 919,534	1,693,539 1,693,539
Passed through California Department of Health Services Adult Protective Services-Title XIX & Staff Development Subtotal	93.569	-		1,096,799 1,096,799
California Children's Services Admin - Optional Targeted Low Income (OTLICP) Subtotal	93.767	CCS Information Notice 18-05		131,800 131,800
In Home Support Services - Title XIX & Staff Development MEDI CAL 50% & Staff Development California Children's Services Admin - Medical Child Health and Disability Prevention (CHDP) Health Care Program for Children in Foster Care (HCPCFC) Health Care Program for Children in Foster Care - Psychotropic Med (PMM&O) Health Care Program for Children in Foster Care - Caseload Relief Medicaid Administrative Activities - Targeted Case Management	93.778 93.778 93.778 93.778 93.778 93.778 93.778 93.778	CCS Information Notice 18-05 CHDP Information Notice 18-02 CHDP Information Notice 18-03 CHDP Information Notice 18-03 CHDP Information Notice 18-03 19-96022	- - - - - -	3,202,894 19,037,654 359,182 240,401 78,747 12,862 23,775 2,658,111
Passed through California Department of Social Services Public Authority	93.778		-	1,888,670
Passed through the California Department of Mental Health Medical Assistance Program Medical Assistance Program - MediCal Administrative Activities (MAA) Subtotal	93.778 93.778	Ξ	- -	1,715,462 722,697 29,940,455
Passed through the California Department of Mental Health Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH) Substance Abuse & Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)	93.150 93.958	68-0317191 SM010005-17	41,076 155,073	41,076 282,288
Passed through the California Department of Public Health Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) California Personal Responsibilities Tuberculosis Prevention and Control Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Projects (CLPPP) Immunization Assistance Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) HIV Care Program Medication Assisted Treatment Hub and Spoke Federal Maternal & Child Health Basic Grant Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.069 93.092 93.116 93.197 93.268 93.889 93.917 93.958 93.994	17-10195 15-10320 5NU52PS004656 17-10245 17-10072 17-10195 10891 17-94467/8 201844	51,289	266,515 124,946 16,293 39,740 112,385 146,376 472,224 173,902 263,685 79,168,096
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			1,220,700	73,100,030
Passed through Governor's Office of Homeland Security State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program Emergency Management Performance Grant - FY2018 Subtotal	97.042	2018-0008	<u>-</u>	180,870 180,870
Homeland Security Grant Program FY2017 Homeland Security Grant Program FY2016 Homeland Security Grant Program FY2015 Subtotal	97.067 97.067 97.067	2017-0083 2016-0102 2015-00078	<u> </u>	69,725 133,231 22,577 225,533
Passed through California Emergency Management Agency Public Assistance Grants Disaster Grant - 2017 Storm Disaster Recovery Disaster Grant - FEMA - General County Disaster Grant - FEMA - PSDMD Disaster Grant - FEMA - CSA'S Subtotal	97.036 97.036 97.036 97.036	 087-00000 087-91003 087-91052	:	39,270 2,162,535 6,472 148,505 2,356,782
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				2,763,185
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards Excluding Prior Year Loans			\$ 3,533,937	\$ 109,170,594

Federal Grantor/Program Title Prior Federal Loan Balances With a Contin	Federal CFDA Number	Contract or Program Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	otal Federal xpenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Community Development Block Grant	14.228			\$ 194,552
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239			1,820,169
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Passed through California Environmental Protection Agency				
State Water Resource Control Board	66.458			748,129
Prior Federal Loan Balances with a Continuing Compliance Requirement				2,762,850
• • • •				 _
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards Including Loans				\$ 111,933,444

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### **NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY**

The County of Santa Cruz (County) was established by an act of the State Legislature of California in 1850 and is governed by a five-member elected Board of Supervisors (Board). The Board is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. The County provides various services on a countywide basis including law and justice, education, detention, social, health, hospital, fire protection, road construction, road maintenance, transportation, park and recreation facilities, elections and records, communications, planning, zoning, and tax collection.

The financial reporting entity consists of: (1) the County; (2) organizations for which the County is financially accountable; and (3) organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The following entities are component units of the County:

### **Blended Component Units**

Santa Cruz Flood Control and Water Conservation District – Zone 7 Santa Cruz County Public Financing Authority

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> Santa Cruz County Sanitation District

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Consistent with the County's method of filing federal financial reports, the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

# A. Basis of Accounting

Funds received under the various grant programs have been recorded within the general, special revenue, and enterprise funds of the County. The County utilizes the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general fund and special revenue funds. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the enterprise funds. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

#### B. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule presents the activity of all Federal financial assistance programs of the County. Federal financial assistance received directly from Federal agencies as well as Federal financial assistance passed through from the State of California is included in the Schedule. The Schedule was prepared only from the accounts of various grant programs and, therefore, does not present the financial position or results of operations of the County.

### C. Indirect Cost Rate

The County has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# **NOTE 3 - SUBRECIPIENTS**

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, the County provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Name of Program	CFDA No.		Amount	
Homeless Action Partnership	14.267	\$	127,592	
HUD Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program	14.267		44,372	
Community Development Block Grant	14.228		106,048	
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239		230,779	
Supporting Male Survivors of Violence	16.582		209,235	
Title II Juvenile Delinquency Prevention and Intervention Grant Program	16.540		87,531	
Title I-A Adult Formula	17.258		344,248	
WIOA Youth Activities - Title I Youth Formula	17.259		746,806	
Title I-D Dislocated Worker Formula	17.278		338,965	
Title I Rapid Response for RA & PGM - Business Retention Survey	17.278		66,197	
National Priority Safety Programs - Impacted Impaired Driving	20.608		6,399	
Health Center Cluster	93.224		23,424	
Drug Free Communities	93.276		14,346	
Early Intervention Services	93.918		21,023	
Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant	93.959		919,534	
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH)	93.150		41,076	
Substance Abuse & Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)	93.958		155,073	
HIV Care Program	93.917		51,289	
Total		ф.	2 522 027	
Total		\$	3,533,937	

# NOTE 4 - PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES' IDENTIFYING NUMBERS

When federal awards were received from a pass-through entity, the Schedule shows, if available, the identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity. When no identifying number is shown, the County determined that no identifying number is assigned for the program or the County was unable to obtain an identifying number from the pass-through entity.

# NOTE 5 - LOANS OUTSTANDING

The following programs had federally-funded loans outstanding at June 30, 2019:

CFDA No.	Federal Grantor	County Department Administering Loans	Outstanding Balance at June 30, 2019	Outstanding Balance at June 30, 2018
14.228 14.239	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME)	Planning Planning	\$ 194,552 2,193,979	\$ 224,052 1,820,169
66.458	State Water Resource Control Board (SWRCB)	Public Works	748,129	797,433
			\$ 3,136,660	\$ 2,841,654

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

None in current year.

Financial Statements:				
Type of auditor's report issued			Unmodified	I
<ul> <li>Internal control over financial reporting:</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknes</li> </ul>	ses?		_yes _yes	<u>x</u> no <u>x</u> no
Noncompliance material to financial statemen	its noted?		yes	<u>x</u> no
Federal Awards:				
Internal control over major programs:	ses?		_yes _yes	<u>x</u> no <u>x</u> no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance major programs:	for		Unmodified	I
Any audit findings disclosed that are required reported in accordance with the Uniform G			_yes	<u>x</u> no
Identification of major programs:				
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.551/10.561 20.205/20.219/20.224/23.003 93.224/93.527 93.658	Name of Federal Program or SNAP Cluster Highway Planning & Constru- Health Center Program Clust Foster Care Title IV-E	ctior		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between and Type B programs:	Гуре А	\$	3,000,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Х	yes	no
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDIN	IGS			
None in current year.				
SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS A	ND QUESTIONED COSTS			

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

## Finding 2018-001 – Accounts Payable Accruals (Significant Deficiency)

### Criteria

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, internal controls should be suitably designed over the financial reporting process to ensure ending account balances are materially correct.

# Condition

During our search for unrecorded liabilities testing, we noted 4 out of 72 samples were not properly accrued; 2 should have been fully accrued and 2 should have been partially accrued as of year-end. We determined the amounts for 3 out of the 4 exceptions were material. Per discussion with the client, the 2 that should have been fully accrued were missed, and the 2 that should have been partially accrued were not recorded because they were deemed immaterial based on judgement. We noted there were no policies or procedures in place for determining materiality.

# Cause of Condition

Lack of written policies and procedures on determining materiality thresholds used in the accrual process.

### Effect or Possible Effect of Condition

Accounts payable and expenses may be understated.

### Recommendation

We recommend the County develop policies and procedures on determining reasonable materiality thresholds to use when determining amounts to accrue at year-end.

### Management Response and Corrective Action Plan

See separate corrective action plan provided by management.

#### **Current Year Status**

Implemented.

# Finding 2018-002 – Property Tax Homeowner's Exemption Records (Other Matter)

### Criteria

Homeowner's exemption forms should be retained for a period of 7 years after the termination date per the County's retention policy.

# Condition

For 3 out of the 10 samples we tested for property taxes, the County was not able to provide a copy of the homeowner's exemption form. These forms are generally filed only once and are active until the property changes ownership or the homeowner no longer lives there. All 3 claims were terminated between 2015-2016, of which a copy should have been retained for a period of 7 years after the termination dates. We

were informed by the Assessor's department of an instance where a former employee misunderstood the retention requirements and inadvertently destroyed some active claims filed prior to 2002 (all 3 claims were filed prior to this date). The County made an effort to identify any active claims to ask that a new form be filed, however the 3 samples were missed and terminated thereafter, so that never happened.

# Cause of Condition

Lack of training to staff responsible for the destruction of records.

#### Effect or Possible Effect of Condition

The County is not in compliance with its own retention policy as it relates to property tax records. In addition, the California State Board of Equalization requires the Assessor maintain homeowner's exemption records in case of inspection by state auditors.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the County provide adequate training to staff responsible for the destruction of records on the County's current retention policies and procedures. We further recommend, if resources allow for it, the County's internal audit test of a sample of properties with homeowner's exemptions filed prior to 2002, to verify there is either a homeowner's exemption form on file, or a new form was properly obtained for any active claims destroyed during the instance noted above.

# Management Response and Corrective Action Plan

See separate corrective action plan provided by management.

### **Current Year Status**

Implemented.

#### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Finding 2018-003 – Subrecipient Monitoring (Significant Deficiency)

Program: Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse

**CFDA No.:** 93.959

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Passed Through: State of California Department of Health Care Services/State of California Department

of Alcohol and Drug Programs **Award Year:** Fiscal Year 2017-2018

Compliance Requirement: Subrecipient Monitoring

**Questioned Costs: None** 

# Criteria

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations section 200.331 states a pass-through entity (the County) with subrecipients is required to evaluate each subrecipient's risk of noncompliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward for purposes of determining the appropriate subrecipient monitoring. Depending upon the pass-through entity's assessment of risk posed by the subrecipient, the entity must develop techniques/tools to ensure proper accountability and compliance with program requirements and achievement of performance goals by the subrecipient. In addition, the County is required to verify that every subrecipient is audited that expends federal awards during the respective fiscal year equal to or greater than thresholds set forth in the Uniform Guidance.

# Condition

For 1 out of 3 subrecipients selected for testing, there were no monitoring procedures performed by the County's Health Services Agency (HSA). In addition, the HSA did not verify if the subrecipient was expected to be audited as required by the Uniform Guidance.

### Cause of Condition

Monitoring of the subrecipient was not assigned due to personnel changes, and it was delayed because of internal dispute over responsibility.

# Effect or Possible Effect of Condition

There is increased risk of noncompliance with the subrecipient monitoring requirement as set forth in the OMB *Compliance Supplement*, which can jeopardize future federal funding as well as result in the payback of federal awards.

## Repeat Finding

No.

# Recommendation

We recommend management of the HSA implement policies and procedures on how to re-delegate subrecipient monitoring activities during periods of transition with employees. Said policies and procedures should require new employees that are taking on monitoring duties receive proper and adequate training.

# Management Response and Corrective Action Plan

See separate corrective action plan provided by management.

# **Current Year Status**

Implemented.