



SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Basic Financial Statements and Schedules

June 30, 2012 and 2011

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

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KPMG LLP
Morgan Keegan Tower
Suite 900
50 North Front Street
Memphis, TN 38103-1194

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors
Shelby County Health Care Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Shelby County Health Care Corporation, a component unit of Shelby County, Tennessee (d/b/a The Regional Medical Center at Memphis –The Med) as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of The Med's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Med's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Shelby County Health Care Corporation as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2012 on our consideration of The Med's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.



Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise The Med's basic financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1, 2, and 3 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information, except for that portion marked "unaudited," on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

October 18, 2012

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Balance Sheets

June 30, 2012 and 2011

Assets	2012	2011
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,647,650	46,817,462
Investments	122,945,621	69,854,051
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowances for uncollectible accounts of \$119,208,000 in 2012 and \$88,469,000 in 2011	50,147,138	29,399,243
Other receivables	8,543,744	8,386,984
Other current assets	4,306,744	3,786,723
Total current assets	204,590,897	158,244,463
Restricted investments	3,323,723	5,840,419
Capital assets, net	63,111,622	53,815,538
Total assets	\$ 271,026,242	217,900,420
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 9,658,526	6,852,445
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	27,159,845	27,094,079
Total current liabilities	36,818,371	33,946,524
Accrued professional and general liability costs	6,018,000	6,500,000
Net postemployment benefit obligation	912,000	912,000
Total liabilities	43,748,371	41,358,524
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	63,111,622	53,815,538
Restricted for:		
Capital assets	2,572,798	3,301,588
Indigent care	750,925	687,422
Unrestricted	160,842,526	118,737,348
Total net assets	227,277,871	176,541,896
Commitments and contingencies		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 271,026,242	217,900,420

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
Operating revenues:		
Net patient service revenue (including additional incremental reimbursement from various state agencies for participation in TennCare/Medicaid programs of approximately \$80,997,000 in 2012 and \$97,917,000 in 2011)	\$ 325,541,073	328,120,318
Other revenue	10,225,345	10,217,937
Total operating revenues	335,766,418	338,338,255
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	146,617,414	135,198,480
Supplies and services	67,116,810	62,032,558
Physician and professional fees	25,813,984	24,366,820
Purchased medical services	22,226,761	21,887,191
Plant operations	13,171,232	12,994,559
Insurance	2,820,277	7,899,082
Administrative and general	22,734,934	14,883,262
Community services	1,380,063	2,080,755
Depreciation and amortization	11,391,621	11,028,768
Total operating expenses	313,273,096	292,371,475
Operating gain	22,493,322	45,966,780
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest expense	—	(104,172)
Investment income	1,423,480	1,175,199
Appropriations from Shelby County	26,816,511	26,816,000
Other	2,662	72,188
Total nonoperating revenues, net	28,242,653	27,959,215
Increase in net assets	50,735,975	73,925,995
Net assets, beginning of year	176,541,896	102,615,901
Net assets, end of year	\$ 227,277,871	176,541,896

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from and on behalf of patients and third-party payors	\$ 304,745,173	320,374,535
Other cash receipts	10,172,165	10,673,732
Payments to suppliers	(156,711,192)	(149,011,390)
Payments to employees and related benefits	(143,356,032)	(136,731,550)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>14,850,114</u>	<u>45,305,327</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activity:		
Appropriations received from Shelby County	<u>26,816,511</u>	<u>26,816,000</u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activity	<u>26,816,511</u>	<u>26,816,000</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Repayment of amounts payable to Shelby County	—	(677,113)
Capital expenditures	(20,703,680)	(11,770,222)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	18,637	16,521
Interest payments	—	(1,586,248)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	<u>(20,685,043)</u>	<u>(14,017,062)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of investments	(152,418,086)	(80,853,568)
Proceeds from sale of investments	101,347,058	13,248,929
Distributions received from joint venture	—	497,392
Investment income proceeds	1,919,634	2,243,760
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(49,151,394)</u>	<u>(64,863,487)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(28,169,812)</u>	<u>(6,759,222)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>46,817,462</u>	<u>53,576,684</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 18,647,650</u>	<u>46,817,462</u>

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Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
Reconciliation of operating gain to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating gain	\$ 22,493,322	45,966,780
Adjustment to reconcile operating gain to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	11,391,621	11,028,768
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Patients accounts receivable, net	(20,747,895)	(9,123,913)
Other receivables	(156,760)	1,615,101
Other current assets	(520,021)	570,799
Accounts payable	2,806,081	(113,682)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	65,766	(33,526)
Accrued professional and general liability costs	(482,000)	(4,582,000)
Net postemployment benefit obligation	—	(23,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 14,850,114	45,305,327
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities:		
Net (decrease) increase in the fair value of investments	\$ (486,447)	412,172
Equity in loss of joint ventures	—	441,193
Gain on capital asset disposals	2,662	15,991

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2012 and 2011

(1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Shelby County Health Care Corporation (d/b/a The Regional Medical Center at Memphis –The Med) was incorporated on June 15, 1981, with the approval of the Board of County Commissioners of Shelby County, Tennessee (the County). The Med is a broad continuum healthcare provider that operates facilities owned by the County under a long-term lease. The lease arrangement effectively provided for the transfer of title associated with operating fixed assets and the long-term lease (for a nominal amount) of related real property. The lease expires in 2031.

The Med is a component unit of the County as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The Med's component unit relationship to the County is principally due to financial accountability as defined in GASB Statement No. 14. The Med is operated by a 13-member board of directors, all of whom are appointed by the Mayor of the County and approved by the County Commission.

The Regional Medical Center at Memphis Foundation (The Med Foundation) is a component unit of The Med principally due to The Med's financial accountability for The Med Foundation as defined in GASB Statement No. 14. The Med Foundation is operated by a board of directors, all of whom are appointed by The Med's board. The Med Foundation is a blended component unit of The Med because it provides services entirely to The Med. The Med Foundation issues separate audited financial statements, which can be obtained by writing to The Regional Medical Center Foundation, 877 Jefferson Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee 38103 or by calling 901-545-7482.

GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, requires a management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of The Med's overall financial position and results of operations; however, The Med has chosen to omit the MD&A from these accompanying financial statements.

The significant accounting policies used by The Med in preparing and presenting its financial statements follow:

(a) *Presentation*

The financial statements include the accounts of The Med. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

(b) *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires that management make estimates and assumptions affecting the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, as well as disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant items subject to estimates and assumptions include the determination of the allowances for contractual adjustments and uncollectible accounts, reserves for professional and general liability claims, reserves for employee healthcare claims, net postretirement benefit cost and obligation, and estimated third-party payor settlements.

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In addition, laws and regulations governing the Medicare, TennCare, and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates related to these programs will change by a material amount in the near term.

(c) *Enterprise Fund Accounting*

The Med's financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Pursuant to and as permitted by GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, The Med has elected to not apply the provisions of any otherwise relevant pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued after November 30, 1989. The Med applies the provisions of all relevant pronouncements of the GASB and pronouncements of the FASB issued prior to November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with GASB pronouncements.

(d) *Cash Equivalents*

The Med considers investments in highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

(e) *Investments and Investment Income*

Investments are carried at fair value, principally based on quoted market prices. Investment income (including realized and unrealized gains and losses) from investments is reported as nonoperating revenue.

(f) *Inventories*

Inventories, consisting principally of medical supplies and pharmaceuticals, are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or replacement market.

(g) *Investments in Joint Ventures*

Investments in joint ventures consist of The Med's equity interests in joint ventures as measured by its ownership interest if The Med has an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture. The investments are initially recorded at cost and are subsequently adjusted for additional contributions, distributions, undistributed earnings and losses, and impairment losses.

(h) *Capital Assets*

Capital assets are recorded at cost, if purchased, or at fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation is provided over the useful life of each class of depreciable asset using the straight-line method. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations. Major renewals and betterments are capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the gain or loss, if any, is included in nonoperating revenues (expenses) in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

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The Med capitalizes interest cost on qualified construction expenditures, net of income earned on related trusteed assets, as a component of the cost of related projects. No such interest costs were capitalized in 2012 or 2011.

All capital assets other than land are depreciated using the following lives:

Land improvements	5 to 25 years
Buildings and improvements	10 to 40 years
Fixed equipment	5 to 25 years
Movable equipment	3 to 20 years
Software	3 years

(i) Impairment of Capital Assets

Capital assets are reviewed for impairment when service utility has declined significantly and unexpectedly. If such assets are no longer used, they are reported at the lower of carrying value or fair value. If such assets will continue to be used, the impairment loss is measured using the method that best reflects the diminished service utility of the capital asset. No charge related to impairment matters was required during 2012 or 2011.

(j) Compensated Absences

The Med's employees accumulate vacation, holiday, and sick leave at varying rates depending upon their years of continuous service and their payroll classification, subject to maximum limitations. Upon termination of employment, employees are paid all unused accrued vacation and holiday time at their regular rate of pay up to a designated maximum number of days. Since the employees' vacation and holiday time accumulates and vests, an accrual for this liability is included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the accompanying balance sheets. An accrual is recognized for unused sick leave expected to be paid to employees eligible to retire.

(k) Net Assets

Net assets of The Med are classified into the following components:

- *Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt*, consist of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets.
- *Restricted net assets* include those net assets with limits on their use that are externally imposed (by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws and regulations of other governments).
- *Unrestricted net assets* are remaining net assets that do not meet the definition of invested in capital assets, net of related debt, or restricted.

When The Med has both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance a particular program, it is The Med's policy to use restricted resources before unrestricted resources.

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The Med Foundation historically and to-date does not maintain donor-restricted endowment funds, or any Board-designated endowments. The Med Foundation's Board has interpreted Tennessee's State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds, absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. In all material respects, income from The Med Foundation's donor-restricted endowment funds is itself restricted to specific donor-directed purposes, and is, therefore, accounted for within restricted net assets until expended in accordance with the donor's wishes. The Med Foundation oversees individual donor-restricted endowment funds to ensure that the fair value of the original gift is preserved.

(l) *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets*

For purposes of presentation, transactions deemed by management to be ongoing, major, or central to the provision of healthcare services, other than financing costs, are reported as operating revenues and operating expenses. Other transactions, such as interest expense, investment income, appropriations from Shelby County, gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets, and equity in earnings and impairment losses of joint ventures, are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(m) *Net Patient Service Revenue*

Net patient service revenue is reported at estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to future audits, reviews, and investigations. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and such amounts are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as years are no longer subject to such audits, reviews, and investigations. Changes in estimates related to prior cost reporting periods resulted in an increase in net patient service revenue of approximately \$3,992,000 and \$613,000 in 2012 and 2011, respectively.

(n) *Charity Care*

The Med provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because The Med does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue.

When defining charity care, The Med employs the Federal Poverty Guideline (FPG) to determine the level of discount uninsured patients receive. The level by which assistance is determined is through the scale set by DHHS (Department of Health and Human Services), which includes factors such as residents per household and income. The Med's methodology includes all patients that fall at or below the 150% FPG baseline. The Med does not have a cap to which patients will not qualify for a discount. Additionally, The Med's charity care guidelines provide for an expansive definition of charity care patients, including an upfront discount from standard charges for uninsured patients.

(o) *Income Taxes*

The Med is a not-for-profit corporation organized by the approval of the Board of County Commissioners of the County and qualifies as a tax-exempt entity under Internal Revenue Code

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(IRC) Section 501(a) as organizations described in IRC Section 501(c)(3), and therefore, related income is generally not subject to federal or state income taxes, except for tax on income from activities unrelated to its exempt purpose as described in IRC Section 512(a). Thus, no provision for income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

(p) Appropriations

The County has historically appropriated funds annually to The Med to partially offset the cost of medical care for indigent residents of the County. Appropriations for indigent residents from the County for both 2012 and 2011 were approximately \$26.8 million. Appropriations from the County are reported as nonoperating revenue in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

(q) New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, (Statement No. 63) was published in June 2011. This new accounting pronouncement requires that amounts representing deferred outflows of resources be reported in a balance sheet in a separate section following assets. Similarly, amounts that are required to be reported as deferred inflows of resources should be reported in a separate section following liabilities. Statement No. 63 further requires that the balance sheet report the residual amount as “net position” rather than “net assets.” Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a balance sheet and should be displayed in three components – “net investment in capital assets,” “restricted,” and “unrestricted.” The provisions of Statement No. 63 are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011 (The Med’s fiscal year ending June 30, 2013). The adoption of Statement No. 63 will not have a material impact on The Med’s financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements* (Statement No. 62), was published in December 2010. The primary objective of the new pronouncement is to directly incorporate the applicable provisions of FASB and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 into the state and local government accounting and financial reporting standards. Statement No. 62 also eliminates the option provided in GASB Statement No. 20 to apply post-November 30, 1989 FASB pronouncements not in conflict with GASB pronouncements. Statement No. 62 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011 (The Med’s fiscal year ending June 30, 2013). The adoption of Statement No. 62 will not have a material impact on The Med’s financial statements.

(r) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the 2011 financial statements to conform to the 2012 presentation.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2012 and 2011

(2) Deposits and Investments

The composition of cash and cash equivalents follows:

	2012	2011
Cash	\$ 14,534,478	11,754,726
Money market funds	4,113,172	35,062,736
	\$ 18,647,650	46,817,462

Federal deposit insurance is unlimited on all noninterest bearing accounts as of June 30, 2012 and 2011. Therefore, The Med and The Med Foundation have no custodial credit risk for the periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Investments and restricted investments include amounts held by both The Med and The Med Foundation.

The composition of investments and restricted investments follows:

	2012	2011
U.S. agencies	\$ 77,644,977	50,027,209
Certificates of deposit	710,315	6,683,600
Corporate bonds	26,054,432	16,007,992
Discount notes	29,917	208,323
Demand deposit accounts and money market funds	19,052,649	—
U.S. government funds	173,931	434,413
Common stock	1,806,007	1,963,341
Accrued interest	797,116	369,592
	\$ 126,269,344	75,694,470

At June 30, 2012, The Med and The Med Foundation had investments in debt securities with the following maturities:

	Fair value	Investment and restricted investment maturities (in years)			
		Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 – 5 years	5+ years
U.S. agencies	\$ 77,644,977	1,241,430	51,623	41,544,954	34,806,970
Corporate bonds	26,054,432	454,424	7,522,726	14,719,645	3,357,637
Discount notes	29,917	29,917	—	—	—
	\$ 103,729,326	1,725,771	7,574,349	56,264,599	38,164,607

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At June 30, 2011, The Med and The Med Foundation had investments in debt securities with the following maturities:

	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Investment and restricted investment maturities (in years)</u>			
		<u>Less than 6 months</u>	<u>6 months to 1 year</u>	<u>1 – 5 years</u>	<u>5+ years</u>
U.S. agencies	\$ 50,027,209	1,604,820	203,096	48,219,293	—
Corporate bonds	16,007,992	1,114,484	1,639,353	13,145,279	108,876
Discount notes	208,323	109,716	—	98,607	—
	<u>\$ 66,243,524</u>	<u>2,829,020</u>	<u>1,842,449</u>	<u>61,463,179</u>	<u>108,876</u>

At June 30, 2011, The Med Foundation had one investment totaling \$434,413 in the SEI Daily Income Trust Government Fund that represents 5% or more of its total investments of \$5,840,428. There were no investments that represented 5% or more of total investments for The Med Foundation and The Med as of June 30, 2012.

The Med and The Med Foundation have separate investment policies that are included below. The summary of investments throughout the financial statements include the combined investment totals of The Med and The Med Foundation.

At June 30, 2012, The Med's and The Med Foundation's corporate bonds, collectively, had the following credit ratings per Standard and Poor's:

	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Credit rating</u>
\$	211,957	BBB-
	367,976	BBB
	838,849	BBB+
	16,800,217	A-
	3,696,146	A
	3,357,038	A+
	782,249	AA+
\$	<u>26,054,432</u>	

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At June 30, 2011, The Med's and The Med Foundation's corporate bonds, collectively, had the following credit ratings per Standard and Poor's:

	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Credit rating</u>
\$	163,054	BBB-
	315,156	BBB
	549,105	BBB+
	405,384	A-
	4,379,082	A
	5,310,862	A+
	4,263,703	AA-
	60,533	AA+
	561,113	AAA
\$	<u>16,007,992</u>	

The Med's and The Med Foundation's investments in discount notes at June 30, 2012 and 2011 were not rated.

As of June 30, 2012, The Med's investment strategy, per its investment policy, is to provide liquidity to fund ongoing operating needs and to act as a repository for both the accumulation of cash reserves needed to cushion economic down cycles and to provide cash earmarked for strategic needs.

The portfolio objectives of The Med, listed in order of importance, are as follows:

1. Preserve principal.
2. Maintain sufficient liquidity to meet forecasted cash needs.
3. Maintain a diversified portfolio in order to minimize credit risk.
4. Maximize yield subject to the above criteria.

The authorized investments are as follows:

1. *Commercial Paper* – Any commercial paper issued by a domestic corporation with a maturity of 270 or less days that carries at least the second highest rating by a recognized investor service, preferably Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. Commercial paper shall not represent more than 50% of the portfolio.
2. *U.S. Treasury Securities* – U.S. Treasury notes, bills, and bonds with remaining maturities not to exceed one year. There is no upper limit restriction as to the maximum dollar amount or percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in U.S. Treasury securities.
3. *Bank Obligations* – Any certificate of deposit, time deposit, Eurodollar CD issued by a foreign branch of a U.S. bank, bankers' acceptance, bank note, or letter of credit issued by a (U.S.) bank

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possessing at least the second highest rating by a recognized investor services, preferably Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. Bank obligations (excluding repurchase agreements, commercial paper, and investments held by money market and mutual funds) may not represent more than 30% of the portfolio. In addition, brokered CDs may be purchased from institutions, irrespective of the institutions' debt ratings, so long as the obligations are fully backed by the FDIC.

4. *Repurchase Agreements* – Any Repurchase Agreement purchased from one of the top 25 U.S. banks or one of the primary dealers regulated by the Federal Reserve that is at least 102% collateralized by U.S. government obligations. Repurchase Agreements may not represent more than 20% of the portfolio.
5. *Money Market Funds* – Any open-end money market fund regulated by the U.S. government under Investment Company Act Rule 2a-7. Any investment fund regulated by a Registered Investment Advisor under Rule 3c-7. Such fund investment guidelines must state that “the fund will seek to maintain a \$1 per share net asset value.” The Med's investment in any one fund may not exceed 30% of the assets of the fund into which it is invested.
6. *United States Government Obligations* – Any obligation issued or backed (federal agencies) by the U.S. government with a maturity of 24 months or less. No more than 25% may be invested in obligations of any one federal agency.
7. *Corporate Bonds* – Obligations of United States and foreign corporations (including trusts and municipalities of the United States) that carry at least the third highest rating by a recognized rating service, preferably Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service. Corporate bonds, held directly and initially qualifying in one of the above categories, which have been downgraded below the third highest rating, may be sold at the discretion of management. Corporate bonds may not represent more than 40% of the portfolio and foreign corporate bonds may not represent more than 20% of the portfolio.
8. *Bond Mutual Funds* – Any publicly available investment registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as an open-end mutual fund that is managing a portfolio or debt obligations. Each mutual fund should have a minimum of \$2 billion invested and hold at least 400 different debt obligations. Bond mutual funds can only hold the Authorized Investments meeting all the criteria described above. Additionally, bond mutual funds can hold corporate bonds in the fourth highest ratings category as long as such holdings do not exceed 20% of the portfolio. Corporate bonds, held via bond mutual funds and initially qualifying in one of the above categories, which have been downgraded below the fourth highest rating, may not exceed 2% of the portfolio.
9. *Debt Buy Back* – Any debt obligation backed directly by Regional Medical Center may be purchased so long as it is purchased at a discount.

The Finance Committee of the Board of Directors meets periodically to review asset allocation, portfolio performance, and overall adherence to the investment policy guidelines.

As of June 30, 2012, The Med Foundation utilized one investment manager. This manager is required to make investments in adherence to The Med Foundation's current investment policy and objectives.

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The Med Foundation follows an investment strategy focused on maximizing total return (i.e., aggregate return from capital appreciation and dividend and interest income) while adhering to certain restrictions designed to promote a conservative portfolio.

Specifically, the primary objective of The Med Foundation investment management strategy is to maintain an investment portfolio designed to generate a high level of current income with above-average stability.

Guidelines for investments and cash equivalents for The Med Foundation follow:

1. The Med Foundation’s assets may be invested only in investment grade bonds rated Baa (or equivalent) or better as determined by Moody’s Investors Service or by another acceptable rating agency.
2. The overall market-weighted quality rating of the bond portfolio shall be no lower than A.
3. The Med Foundation’s assets may be invested only in commercial paper rated P-2 (or equivalent) or better by Moody’s Investors Service or by another acceptable rating agency.
4. The market-weighted maturity of the base portfolio shall be no longer than 10 years.
5. Quality of the equity securities will be governed by the federal Employee Retirement and Income Security Act, the Tennessee guidelines for investing trust funds, and the “prudent man rule.”
6. Conservative option strategies may be used, with a goal of increasing the stability of the portfolio.

The Med Foundation limits investments in common stock to 40% of its investment portfolio. The remainder of the portfolio is to be invested in fixed income investments.

Investment income is comprised of the following:

	2012	2011
Dividend and interest income	\$ 1,909,927	763,027
Net (decrease) increase in the fair value of investments	(486,447)	412,172
	\$ 1,423,480	1,175,199

(3) Business and Credit Concentrations

The Med grants credit to patients, substantially all of whom are local area residents. The Med generally does not require collateral or other security in extending credit to patients; however, it routinely obtains assignment of (or is otherwise entitled to receive) patients’ benefits payable under their health insurance programs, plans, or policies (e.g. Medicare, Medicaid, Blue Cross, and commercial insurance policies).

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The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payors follows, before application of related valuation allowances:

	2012	2011
Commercial insurance	40%	35%
Patients	32	27
Medicaid/TennCare	12	24
Medicare	16	14
	100%	100%

(4) Other Receivables

The composition of other receivables follows:

	2012	2011
Accounts receivable from University of Tennessee Center for Health Services	\$ 1,508,011	1,452,436
Accounts receivable from the County	84,936	108,984
Accounts receivable from the State of Tennessee	4,998,611	4,950,606
Grants receivable	294,783	956,230
Other	1,657,403	918,728
	\$ 8,543,744	8,386,984

(5) Other Current Assets

The composition of other current assets follows:

	2012	2011
Inventories	\$ 3,320,733	3,322,659
Prepaid expenses	986,011	464,064
	\$ 4,306,744	3,786,723

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(6) Capital Assets

Capital assets and related activity consist of the following:

	<u>Balances at July 1, 2011</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Balances at June 30, 2012</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 1,297,077	12,478,213	—	(6,134,162)	7,641,128
Land	—	—	—	108,955	108,955
Total book value of capital assets not being depreciated	<u>1,297,077</u>	<u>12,478,213</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(6,025,207)</u>	<u>7,750,083</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	6,167,621	66,566	—	578,294	6,812,481
Buildings	65,236,701	—	—	—	65,236,701
Fixed equipment	107,454,124	1,909,677	(1,982)	986,208	110,348,027
Movable equipment	118,773,840	5,617,206	(141,092)	1,741,959	125,991,913
Software	14,379,245	632,018	—	2,718,746	17,730,009
Total book value of capital assets being depreciated	<u>312,011,531</u>	<u>8,225,467</u>	<u>(143,074)</u>	<u>6,025,207</u>	<u>326,119,131</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	(5,342,806)	(130,819)	—	—	(5,473,625)
Buildings	(54,871,455)	(902,170)	—	—	(55,773,625)
Fixed equipment	(86,752,175)	(3,321,810)	265	—	(90,073,720)
Movable equipment	(98,997,734)	(6,279,705)	126,834	—	(105,150,605)
Software	(13,528,900)	(757,117)	—	—	(14,286,017)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(259,493,070)</u>	<u>(11,391,621)</u>	<u>127,099</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(270,757,592)</u>
Capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>52,518,461</u>	<u>(3,166,154)</u>	<u>(15,975)</u>	<u>6,025,207</u>	<u>55,361,539</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 53,815,538</u>	<u>9,312,059</u>	<u>(15,975)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>63,111,622</u>

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	<u>Balances at July 1, 2010</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Balances at June 30, 2011</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ —	4,608,122	—	(3,311,045)	1,297,077
Total book value of capital assets not being depreciated	<u>—</u>	<u>4,608,122</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(3,311,045)</u>	<u>1,297,077</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	5,981,266	186,355	—	—	6,167,621
Buildings	65,236,701	—	—	—	65,236,701
Fixed equipment	105,021,720	2,413,817	—	18,587	107,454,124
Movable equipment	111,960,358	4,347,649	(498,002)	2,963,835	118,773,840
Software	13,836,343	214,279	—	328,623	14,379,245
Total book value of capital assets being depreciated	<u>302,036,388</u>	<u>7,162,100</u>	<u>(498,002)</u>	<u>3,311,045</u>	<u>312,011,531</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	(5,234,433)	(108,373)	—	—	(5,342,806)
Buildings	(53,941,911)	(929,544)	—	—	(54,871,455)
Fixed equipment	(83,453,969)	(3,298,206)	—	—	(86,752,175)
Movable equipment	(93,375,806)	(6,119,399)	497,471	—	(98,997,734)
Software	(12,955,654)	(573,246)	—	—	(13,528,900)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(248,961,773)</u>	<u>(11,028,768)</u>	<u>497,471</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(259,493,070)</u>
Capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>53,074,615</u>	<u>(3,866,668)</u>	<u>(531)</u>	<u>3,311,045</u>	<u>52,518,461</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 53,074,615</u>	<u>741,454</u>	<u>(531)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>53,815,538</u>

(7) Investments in Joint Ventures

The Med was a 50% owner in Memphis Managed Care Corporation (MMCC), a TennCare managed care organization, with which The Med contracted to provide services to MMCC enrollees. MMCC is subject to certain regulatory minimum capital requirements and, in that respect, The Med had guaranteed capital deficiencies funding for MMCC up to The Med's proportionate ownership interest in MMCC. No accrual for this obligation was required at either June 30, 2012 or 2011. During fiscal 2008, The Med and University of Tennessee Medical Group entered into a contract to sell the assets of MMCC to a publicly held managed care company and The Med received cash distributions of \$497,392 in fiscal 2011 from the liquidation of the assets of MMCC. A gain of approximately \$56,000 was recognized in 2011 related to the final liquidation of assets. No cash distributions were made or gains recognized in 2012.

Separate audited financial statements for MMCC are available and can be obtained by writing to the management of The Med at 877 Jefferson Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee 38103 or by calling 901-545-7482.

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(8) Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

The composition of accrued expenses and other current liabilities follows:

	2012	2011
Due to third-party payors	\$ 7,817,000	11,304,000
Compensated absences	6,932,972	6,521,686
Deferred grant revenue	46,942	16,558
Accrued payroll and withholdings	8,191,931	5,341,835
Accrued employee healthcare claims	1,821,000	1,510,000
Current professional and general liability costs	2,350,000	2,400,000
	\$ 27,159,845	27,094,079

(9) Net Patient Service Revenue

The Med has agreements with governmental and other third-party payors that provide for reimbursement to The Med at amounts different from its established rates. Contractual adjustments under third-party reimbursement programs represent the difference between billings at established rates for services and amounts reimbursed by third-party payors. A summary of the basis of reimbursement with major third-party payors follows:

- *Medicare* – Substantially all acute care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to patient classification systems that are based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Certain types of exempt services and other defined payments related to Medicare beneficiaries are paid based on cost reimbursement or other retroactive-determination methodologies. The Med is paid for retroactively determined items at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by The Med and audits thereof by the Medicare fiscal intermediary.

The Med’s classification of patients under the Medicare program and the appropriateness of their admission are subject to an independent review by a peer review organization. The Med’s Medicare cost reports have been audited and settled by the Medicare fiscal intermediary through June 30, 2006. Revenue from the Medicare program accounted for approximately 18% and 16% of The Med’s net patient service revenue for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

- *TennCare* – Under the TennCare program, patients traditionally covered by the State of Tennessee Medicaid program and certain members of the uninsured population enroll in managed care organizations that have contracted with the State of Tennessee to ensure healthcare coverage to their enrollees. The Med contracts with the managed care organizations to receive reimbursement for providing services to these patients. Payment arrangements with these managed care organizations consist primarily of prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, or prospectively determined per diem rates. Revenue from the TennCare program accounted for approximately 24% and 27% of The Med’s net patient service revenue for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

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The Med has historically received incremental reimbursement in the form of Essential Access payments through its participation in the TennCare Program. Amounts received by The Med under this program were approximately \$74.7 million and \$90.2 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively. These amounts have been recognized as reductions in related contractual adjustments in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets. There can be no assurance that The Med will continue to qualify for future participation in this program or that the program will not ultimately be discontinued or materially modified. Any material reduction in such funds has a correspondingly material adverse effect on The Med's operations.

- *Arkansas Medicaid* – Substantially all inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Arkansas Medicaid program beneficiaries are paid under prospective reimbursement methodologies established by the State of Arkansas. Certain other reimbursement items (principally inpatient nursery services and medical education costs) are based upon cost reimbursement methodologies. The Med is reimbursed for cost reimbursable items at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by The Med and audits thereof by the Arkansas Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). The Med's Arkansas Medicaid cost reports have been audited and settled by the Arkansas DHHS through June 30, 2007. Revenue from the State of Arkansas Medicaid program accounted for approximately 1% of The Med's net patient service revenue for both the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

The Med has historically received incremental reimbursement in the form of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) and Disproportionate Share payments through its participation in the State of Arkansas Medicaid program. The net benefit for The Med associated with this program, totaling approximately \$2.8 million and \$3.4 million for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, has been recognized as a reduction in related contractual adjustments in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets. There can be no assurance that The Med will continue to qualify for future participation in this program or that the program will not ultimately be discontinued or materially modified.

- *Mississippi Medicaid* – Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Mississippi Medicaid program beneficiaries are generally paid based upon prospective reimbursement methodologies established by the State of Mississippi. Revenue from the State of Mississippi Medicaid program accounted for approximately 3% and 2% of The Med's net patient service revenue for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The Med has historically received incremental reimbursement in the form of Disproportionate Share and additional appropriation payments through its participation in the State of Mississippi Medicaid program. The net benefit for The Med associated with this program, totaling approximately \$3.5 million and \$4.4 million for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, has been recognized as a reduction in related contractual adjustments in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

- *Other* – The Med has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The reimbursement methodologies under these agreements include prospectively determined rates per discharge, per diem amounts, and discounts from established charges.

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The composition of net patient service revenue follows:

	2012	2011
Gross patient service revenue	\$ 921,201,697	872,788,467
Less provision for contractual and other adjustments	516,648,494	465,982,310
Less provision for bad debts	79,012,130	78,685,839
Net patient service revenue	\$ 325,541,073	328,120,318

The composition of incremental reimbursement from various state agencies for participation in TennCare/Medicaid programs follows:

	2012	2011
TennCare Essential Access	\$ 74,695,475	90,176,479
Arkansas UPL/Disproportionate Share	2,770,773	3,374,913
Mississippi Disproportionate Share	3,531,107	4,365,373
Total payments	\$ 80,997,355	97,916,765

The Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act was enacted as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 and signed into law in February 2009. In the context of the HITECH Act, The Med must implement a certified Electronic Health Record (EHR) in an effort to promote the adoption and “meaningful use” of health information technology (HIT). The HITECH Act includes significant monetary incentives and payment penalties meant to encourage the adoption of EHR technology. The Med received approximately \$3.7 million of incentive payments related to EHR implementation for the year ended June 30, 2012 and this amount is included within net patient service revenue within the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Assets.

(10) Charity Care

The Med maintains records to identify and monitor the level of charity care it provides. These records include the amount of charges foregone for services and supplies furnished under its charity care policy. Charges foregone, based on established rates, were approximately \$297.2 million and \$257.0 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively. Included in the charges foregone is the upfront discount applied to all uninsured patients of approximately \$187.0 million and \$119.0 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively, as The Med does not pursue collection on these amounts.

(11) Retirement Plans

(a) Defined Benefit Plan

The Med contributes to the Shelby County Retirement System (the Retirement System), a cost-sharing single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) established by Shelby County, Tennessee. The Retirement System is administered by a board, the majority of whose members are nominated by the Shelby County Mayor, subject to approval by the Shelby

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County Board of Commissioners. The Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Shelby County Retirement System, Suite 950, 160 North Main, Memphis, Tennessee 38103 or by calling 901-545-3570.

Shelby County provides office space and certain administrative services at no cost to the Retirement System. All other costs to administer the plan are paid from plan earnings.

Substantially all full-time and permanent part-time employees of Shelby County (including The Med and Shelby County's other component units), other than the Shelby County Board of Education employees, employees who have elected to be covered by Social Security with the exception of The Med employees, employees designated as Comprehensive Employment Training Act employees after July 1, 1979, and certain employees of The Med are required, as a condition of employment, to participate in the Retirement System.

The Retirement System consists of three plans (Plans A, B, and C). In 1990, Plans A and B were merged into one reporting entity, whereby total combined assets of the merged plans are available for payment of benefits to participants of either of the two previously existing plans. In 2005, Plan C was added and merged with Plans A and B for funding purposes. While the plans were merged, the Retirement System has retained the membership criteria of the previous plans, which are as follows:

- Plan C, a contributory cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for employees who are also eligible for Plan A,
- Plan B, a contributory cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for employees hired prior to December 1, 1978, and
- Plan A, a contributory cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for employees hired on or after December 1, 1978, and those employees that elected to transfer to Plan A from Plan B before January 1, 1981. Plan A was noncontributory for all years prior to 2012.

The Shelby County Board of Commissioners establishes the Retirement System's benefit provisions. Once a person becomes a participant, that person will continue to participate as long as he or she is an employee of Shelby County or The Med. The Retirement System provides retirement, as well as survivor and disability defined benefits.

The Retirement System's funding policy for employee contribution requirements is established by the Board of Administration of the Retirement System (the Board). The Shelby County Board of Commissioners establishes the Retirement System's funding policy for employer contribution requirements. For fiscal years 2012, 2011, and 2010, the employer contribution requirements were based on the actuarially determined contribution rates, which were 12.01%, 9.21%, and 7.25%, respectively.

The actuarially determined contribution rate was calculated using a projected unit credit service pro rata cost method for Plan A, Plan B, and Plan C participants.

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For fiscal years 2012, 2011, and 2010, the following contributions were made to the defined benefit plans:

	2012	2011	2010
The Med's contributions:			
Plan A	\$ 365,157	317,039	495,711
Plan B	1,301	164	375
Plan C	108,501	134,580	224,122
Employee contributions:			
Plan A	\$ 8,608	—	—
Plan B	491	89	213
Plan C	33,251	48,938	119,831

The contributions as a percentage of earned compensation were the same as those for the Retirement System. The Med contributed 100% of its required contributions in 2012, 2011, and 2010.

(b) Defined Contribution Plan

Effective July 1, 1985, The Med established, under the authority of its Board of Directors, The Regional Medical Center at Memphis Retirement Investment Plan, a defined contribution pension plan covering employees 21 years of age and older who have completed one year of service, as defined, and are not participating in any other pension program to which The Med makes contributions. The plan provides for employee contributions of between 2% and 6% of compensation and for equal matching contributions made by The Med. Participants are immediately vested in their contributions plus actual earnings thereon. Participants vest 20% in the employers matching contributions after two years of service, 50% after three years, 75% after four years, and 100% after five years. Forfeitures are returned to The Med to reduce future matching contributions. The defined contribution plan ceased accepting contributions on September 30, 2009; therefore, there were no contributions by The Med or participants for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Effective October 1, 2009, The Med established, under the authority of its Board of Directors, The Regional Medical Center at Memphis 403(b) Retirement Plan, a defined contribution pension plan covering employees 21 years of age and older who have completed one year of service. The plan provides for a 50% employer match on employee contributions up to 6% of employee compensation. Participants are immediately vested in their contributions plus actual earnings thereon. Participants vest 20% in the employers matching contributions after two years of service, 50% after three years, 75% after four years, and 100% after five years. Forfeitures remain in the plan for the benefit of other participants. The Med contributed \$1.5 million and \$1.1 million to the 403(b) plan for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. 403(b) plan participants contributed approximately \$3.2 million and \$2.8 million to the 403(b) plan for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Effective December 1, 2010, The Med established, under the authority of its Board of Directors, The Regional Medical Center at Memphis Nonqualified Supplemental Retirement Plan (Supplemental Retirement Plan). The Supplemental Retirement Plan was formed under Section 457(f) of the IRC of

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1986, and management believes that it complies with all provisions applicable to a nonqualified deferred compensation plan under IRC Section 409A. Plan participants contributed approximately \$84,000 and \$235,000 to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

(12) Postretirement Benefit Plan

Regional Medical Center Healthcare Benefit Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan sponsored and administered by The Med. The Plan provides medical and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The Med’s Board of Directors is authorized to establish and amend all provisions. The Med does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan.

During fiscal year 2010, The Med’s Board of Directors approved a plan amendment that eliminated medical coverage for those employees who did not have 15 years of service as of December 31, 2009 and eliminated life insurance coverage for those employees retiring January 1, 2010 or later.

Per GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for financial reporting purposes an actuarial valuation is required at least biennially for postretirement benefit plans with a total membership of 200 or more. The Med’s postretirement benefit plan has approximately 715 members as of the last actuarial valuation of June 30, 2011. The Med did not obtain an actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2012. Therefore, all actuarial determined accounts shown below are as of June 30, 2011.

(a) Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of employees and the Plan are established and may be amended by The Med’s Board of Directors. Monthly contributions are required by retirees who are eligible for coverage. The Med pays for costs in excess of required retiree contributions. These contributions are assumed to increase based on future medical plan cost increases. For fiscal 2012 and 2011, The Med contributed approximately \$1,562,000 and \$1,171,000, respectively, net of retiree contributions, to the Plan. Plan members receiving benefits contributed approximately \$345,000 in fiscal 2012 and \$304,000 in fiscal 2011 through their required contributions. The following table summarizes the monthly contribution rates for the year beginning July 1, 2009:

	Single	Family
Pre-Medicare	\$ 1,343	1,498
Pre-Medicare Eligible	475	287

(b) Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Med’s annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of 30 years. The following table shows the components

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of The Med's annual OPEB cost for fiscal 2011, the amounts actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in The Med's net OPEB obligation:

	2011
Annual required contributions and annual OPEB cost	\$ 1,148,234
Contributions made	1,171,234
Decrease in net OPEB obligation	(23,000)
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	935,000
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 912,000

(c) *Three-Year Trend Information*

Fiscal year ended	Annual OPEB cost	Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	Net OPEB obligation
June 30, 2012	\$ N/A*	N/A	\$ N/A
June 30, 2011	1,148,234	102%	912,000
June 30, 2010	1,330,635	84	935,000

* As described above, The Med did not obtain an actuarial evaluation over the post retirement benefit plan for the year ended June 30, 2012.

(d) *Funded Status and Funding Progress – Required Supplementary Information*

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$24,469,273 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$24,469,273.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, as presented below as required supplementary information, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

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(e) Schedule of Funding Progress – Required Supplementary Information

Analysis of the Plan’s funding status follows:

<u>Actuarial valuation date*</u>	<u>Actuarial value of plan assets</u>	<u>Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)</u>	<u>Plan assets less than AAL</u>	<u>Funded ratio</u>	<u>Covered payroll</u>	<u>AAL as of a percentage of covered payroll</u>
July 1, 2010	\$ —	24,469,273	24,469,273	—%	\$ 21,995,253	111.0%
July 1, 2009	—	24,769,964	24,769,964	—	67,042,048	36.9
July 1, 2008	—	25,656,247	25,656,247	—	73,447,453	34.9

* All inputs for valuation is provided as of beginning of the fiscal year being actuarially valued.

(f) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 3% investment rate of return, which is a long-term rate of return on general account assets, and an annual inflation rate and annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.4%, reducing each year until it reaches an annual rate of 4.5% in 2027. The UAAL is being amortized, using a level percentage of pay method, over a 30-year period under the Projected Unit Credit Method.

(13) Transactions with University of Tennessee Center for Health Services

The Med contracts with University of Tennessee Center for Health Services (UTCHS) and University of Tennessee Medical Group (UTMG) to provide, among other things, The Med’s house staff, professional supervision of certain ancillary departments, and professional care for indigent patients. The Med also provides its facilities as a teaching hospital for UTCHS.

Operating expenses include approximately \$41.9 million in 2012 and \$40.0 million in 2011 for all professional and other services provided by UTCHS/UTMG.

(14) Risk Management

The Med has a self-insurance program for professional and general liability risks, both with respect to claims incurred after the effective date of the program and claims incurred but not reported prior to that date. The Med has not acquired any excess coverage for its self-insurance because The Med is afforded sovereign immunity in accordance with applicable statutes. Presently, sovereign immunity limits losses to \$300,000 per claim. The Med has recorded an accrual for self-insurance losses totaling approximately \$8.4 million and \$8.9 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2012 and 2011

Incurred losses identified through The Med's incident reporting system and incurred but not reported losses are accrued based on estimates that incorporate The Med's current inventory of reported claims and historical experience, as well as considerations such as the nature of each claim or incident, relevant trend factors, and advice from consulting actuaries.

The following is a summary of changes in The Med's self-insurance liability for professional and general liability costs for fiscal 2012 and 2011:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Balance at July 1	\$ 8,900,000	13,582,000
Provision for claims reported and claims incurred but not reported	956,000	5,338,000
Claims paid	<u>(1,488,000)</u>	<u>(10,020,000)</u>
	8,368,000	8,900,000
Amounts classified as current liabilities	<u>(2,350,000)</u>	<u>(2,400,000)</u>
Balance at June 30	<u>\$ 6,018,000</u>	<u>6,500,000</u>

Like many other businesses, The Med is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illness; and natural disasters. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters. Claims settled through June 30, 2012 have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The following is a summary of changes in The Med's self-insurance liability for employee health coverage (included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the accompanying balance sheets) for fiscal 2012 and 2011:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Balance at July 1	\$ 1,510,000	1,770,000
Claims reported and claims incurred but not reported	11,910,368	10,206,014
Claims paid	<u>(11,599,368)</u>	<u>(10,466,014)</u>
Balance at June 30	<u>\$ 1,821,000</u>	<u>1,510,000</u>

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2012 and 2011

(15) Commitments

The Med has outstanding service contracts for management services, equipment maintenance, and blood supply services. Estimated future payments under the contracts follow:

2013	\$	3,981,927
2014		1,059,583
2015		192,960
Thereafter		71,042
	\$	<u>5,305,512</u>

Expense under these contracts and other contracts was approximately \$9.1 million for both the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

(16) Leases

The Med has entered into noncancelable operating leases for certain buildings and equipment. Rental expense for all operating leases was approximately \$4.6 million and \$4.8 million for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The future minimum payments under noncancelable operating leases as of June 30, 2012 follow:

2013	\$	2,424,545
2014		2,111,155
2015		791,109
2016		200,593
	\$	<u>5,527,402</u>

(17) Current Economic Environment

Management at The Med monitors economic conditions closely, both with respect to potential impacts on the healthcare provider industry and from a more general business perspective. While The Med was able to achieve certain objectives of importance in the current economic environment, management recognizes that economic conditions may continue to impact The Med in a number of ways, including (but not limited to) uncertainties associated with U.S. financial system reform and rising self-pay patient volumes and corresponding increases in uncompensated care.

Additionally, the general healthcare industry environment is increasingly uncertain, especially with respect to the impacts of the federal healthcare reform legislation which was passed in the spring of 2010. Potential impacts of ongoing healthcare industry transformation include, but are not limited to:

- Significant (and potentially unprecedented) capital investment in healthcare information technology (HCIT);
 - Continuing volatility in the state and federal government reimbursement programs;

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2012 and 2011

- Lack of clarity related to the health benefit exchange framework mandated by reform legislation, including important open questions regarding the constitutionality of the legislation, exchange reimbursement levels, changes in combined state/federal disproportionate share payments, and impact on the healthcare “demand curve” as the previously uninsured enter the insurance system;
- Effective management of multiple major regulatory mandates, including achievement of meaningful use of HCIT and the transition to ICD-10; and
- Significant potential business model changes throughout the healthcare industry, including within the healthcare commercial payor industry.

The business of healthcare in the current economic, legislative, and regulatory environment is volatile. Any of the above factors, along with changes in appropriations from the County and City of Memphis and others both currently in existence and which may or may not arise in the future, could have a material adverse impact on The Med’s financial position and operating results.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Combining Schedule – Balance Sheet

June 30, 2012

Assets	Shelby County Health Care Corporation	The Regional Medical Center at Memphis Foundation	Combined
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,196,118	451,532	18,647,650
Investments	121,287,224	1,658,397	122,945,621
Patient accounts receivable, net	50,147,138	—	50,147,138
Other receivables	8,488,867	54,877	8,543,744
Other current assets	4,306,494	250	4,306,744
Total current assets	202,425,841	2,165,056	204,590,897
Restricted investments	—	3,323,723	3,323,723
Capital assets, net	63,111,622	—	63,111,622
Total assets	\$ 265,537,463	5,488,779	271,026,242
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 9,607,309	51,217	9,658,526
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	27,155,945	3,900	27,159,845
Total current liabilities	36,763,254	55,117	36,818,371
Accrued professional and general liability costs	6,018,000	—	6,018,000
Net postemployment benefit obligation	912,000	—	912,000
Total liabilities	43,693,254	55,117	43,748,371
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	63,111,622	—	63,111,622
Restricted for:			
Capital assets	—	2,572,798	2,572,798
Indigent care	—	750,925	750,925
Unrestricted	158,732,587	2,109,939	160,842,526
Total net assets	221,844,209	5,433,662	227,277,871
Commitments and contingencies			
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 265,537,463	5,488,779	271,026,242

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Combining Schedule – Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2012

	Shelby County Health Care Corporation	The Regional Medical Center at Memphis Foundation	Combined
Operating revenues:			
Net patient service revenue	\$ 325,541,073	—	325,541,073
Other revenue	9,228,265	997,080	10,225,345
Total operating revenues	<u>334,769,338</u>	<u>997,080</u>	<u>335,766,418</u>
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and benefits	146,617,414	—	146,617,414
Supplies and services	67,116,810	—	67,116,810
Physician and professional fees	25,813,984	—	25,813,984
Purchased medical services	22,226,761	—	22,226,761
Plant operations	13,171,232	—	13,171,232
Insurance	2,820,277	—	2,820,277
Administrative and general	22,734,934	—	22,734,934
Community services	—	1,380,063	1,380,063
Depreciation and amortization	11,391,621	—	11,391,621
Total operating expenses	<u>311,893,033</u>	<u>1,380,063</u>	<u>313,273,096</u>
Operating gain (loss)	<u>22,876,305</u>	<u>(382,983)</u>	<u>22,493,322</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Investment income (loss)	1,487,329	(63,849)	1,423,480
Appropriations from Shelby County	26,816,511	—	26,816,511
Other	2,662	—	2,662
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	<u>28,306,502</u>	<u>(63,849)</u>	<u>28,242,653</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets	51,182,807	(446,832)	50,735,975
Net assets, beginning of year	170,661,402	5,880,494	176,541,896
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 221,844,209</u>	<u>5,433,662</u>	<u>227,277,871</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Roster of Management Officials and Board Members

June 30, 2012

(Unaudited)

Management Officials

Reginald Coopwood, M.D., President and CEO

Fred Boyd, SPHR, Senior Vice President, Human Resources

Pam Castleman, MSN, Senior Vice President/Chief Nursing Officer

Carl Getto, M.D., Executive Vice President/Chief Medical Officer

Tammie Ritchey, CFRE, Vice President of Development/Foundation Executive Director

Robert Sumter, Ph.D., Executive Vice President/COO/CIO

Tish Towns, FACHE, Senior Vice President, External Relations

Rick Wagers, Senior Executive Vice President/CFO

Monica Wharton, Senior Vice President/Chief Legal Counsel

Board Members

Phil Shannon

Keith Norman

Pamela Brown

James Freeman, M.D.

Brenda Hardy, M.D.

Scott McCormick

Anthony D. McDuffie

Max Ostner

Heidi Shafer

Anthony Tate

John Vergos

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(a Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

OMB Circular A-133 Reports

June 30, 2012

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(a Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

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KPMG LLP
Morgan Keegan Tower
Suite 900
50 North Front Street
Memphis, TN 38103-1194

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

The Board of Directors
Shelby County Health Care Corporation:

We have audited the financial statements of Shelby County Health Care Corporation (d/b/a The Regional Medical Center at Memphis), a component unit of Shelby County, Tennessee (The Med), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2012. Our report states that the Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and that the supplementary information included in Schedules 1, 2, and 3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of The Med is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered The Med's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Med's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The Med's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The Med's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

* * * * *

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of The Med in a separate letter dated October 18, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Department of Audit of the State of Tennessee, the government of Shelby County, Tennessee, and federal awarding agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

October 18, 2012



KPMG LLP
Morgan Keegan Tower
Suite 900
50 North Front Street
Memphis, TN 38103-1194

**Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements
That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on
Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133**

The Board of Directors
Shelby County Health Care Corporation:

Compliance

We have audited Shelby County Health Care Corporation's (d/b/a The Regional Medical Center at Memphis), a component unit of Shelby County, Tennessee, (The Med) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (*OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement*) that could have a direct and material effect on each of The Med's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The Med's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of The Med's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on The Med's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about The Med's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of The Med's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, The Med complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of The Med is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered The Med's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the



purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The Med's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Schedule of Expenditures of State of Tennessee Financial Assistance

We have audited the basic financial statements of The Med as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2012 which contained an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. We have not performed any procedures with respect to the audited financial statements subsequent to October 18, 2012. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. In addition, the accompanying schedule of expenditures of State of Tennessee financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of Tennessee and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and expenditures of State of Tennessee financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

* * * * *

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Department of Audit of the State of Tennessee, the government of Shelby County, Tennessee, and federal awarding agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

October 18, 2012

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2012

<u>Federal Sponsor/Program Title</u>	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>Pass-through award number</u>	<u>Pass-through Entity</u>	<u>Direct Expenditures</u>	<u>Pass-through Expenditures</u>	<u>Total Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Outpatient Early Intervention Services with Respect to HIV: Grants to Provide Outpatient Early Intervention Services with Respect to HIV Disease	93.918	N/A	N/A	\$ 911,374	—	911,374
Coordinated Services and Access to Research for Women, Infants, Children, and Youth	93.153	N/A	Le Bonheur Community Health and Well-Being	—	171,814	171,814
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants*	93.914	N/A	Shelby County Government	—	2,576,047	2,576,047
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program*	93.889	GG 1236609	Tennessee Department of Health Bureau of Health Services Administration	—	178,900	178,900
Total federal expenditures				\$ <u>911,374</u>	<u>2,926,761</u>	<u>3,838,135</u>

N/A - not applicable

* Denotes a major program.

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report and notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Schedule of Expenditures of State of Tennessee Financial Assistance.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(A Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)
Schedule of Expenditures of State of Tennessee Financial Assistance
Year ended June 30, 2012

Program name	CFDA number	Contract number	Award amount	Deferred revenue July 1, 2011	Cash receipts	Transfers in	Disbursements	Refunds to grantors/ other	Transfers out	Deferred revenue June 30, 2012
Passed through Tennessee Department of Health:										
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	98.889	Z-07-036244-00	\$ 220,800	(475)	—	—	—	—	—	(475)
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889	G10-30871-00	468,336	(354)	—	—	—	—	—	(354)
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889	GG 1236609	178,900	—	(178,900)	—	178,900	—	—	—
Total passed through Tennessee Department of Health			\$ 868,036	(829)	(178,900)	—	178,900	—	—	(829)

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report and notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Schedule of Expenditures of State of Tennessee Financial Assistance.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION

(a Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and
Schedule of Expenditures of State of Tennessee Financial Assistance

Year ended June 30, 2012

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards summarizes the expenditures of Shelby County Health Care Corporation (d/b/a The Regional Medical Center at Memphis) (The Med) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2012. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State of Tennessee Financial Assistance summarizes the expenditures of The Med under programs of the state government that require an audit in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 (collectively with the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the Schedules). The amounts reported as federal and state expenditures were obtained from The Med's general ledger. Because the Schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of The Med, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, results of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows of The Med.

For purposes of the Schedules, federal awards include all grants, contracts, and similar agreements entered into directly between The Med and agencies and departments of the federal government and all subawards to The Med by nonfederal organizations pursuant to federal grants, contracts, and similar agreements. The information in the Schedules is presented in accordance with the provisions of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For the purposes of the Schedules, expenditures of federal and state award programs are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting.

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION
(a Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2012

(3) Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	_____ yes	x	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	_____ yes	x	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statement noted?	_____ yes	x	no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	_____ yes	x	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	_____ yes	x	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	_____ yes	x	no

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u>	<u>Name of federal program or cluster</u>
93.914	HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants
93.889	National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>300,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	_____ yes <u>x</u> no

SHELBY COUNTY HEALTH CARE CORPORATION

(a Component Unit of Shelby County, Tennessee)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2012

(1) Findings Related to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Accounting Standards*

There are no findings and questioned costs related to the financial statements reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for the year ended June 30, 2012.

(2) Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards

There are no findings and questioned costs related to federal awards for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Corrective Action Plan and Schedule of Prior Year Findings:

It should be noted that for the 2012 fiscal year The Regional Medical Center at Memphis had no findings related to their A-133 audit, which can be noted within the report. Therefore a corrective action plan is not applicable.

2011-1 Period of Availability – Audit finding were fully remediated during FY2012. Corrective action was taken.

2011-2 Reporting – Audit finding were fully remediated during FY2012. Corrective action was taken.